

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: Haydin\_Plan Lamco Custom Homes

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource (Albermarle,NC).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E12952425 thru E12952449

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2019.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



April 24,2019

Gilbert, Eric

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** Truss Engineer's responsibility is solely for design of individual trusses based upon design parameters shown on referenced truss drawings. Parameters have not been verified as appropriate for any use. Any location identification specified is for file reference only and has not been used in preparing design. Suitability of truss designs for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, not the Truss Engineer, per ANSI/TPI-1, Chapter 2.



LOADING (ps TCLL (roof) Snow (Pf/Pg) TCDL BCLL BCDL	5t) 20.0 15.4/20.0 10.0 0.0 * 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.15 BC 0.11 WB 0.14 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in (loc) -0.01 2-37 -0.01 2-37 0.01 20 -0.00 20-22	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 242 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3		BF TC BC WI	RACING- OP CHORD OT CHORD EBS	Structural wood Rigid ceiling dire 1 Row at midpt	sheathing ectly applied	directly app d or 10-0-0 10-31, 9-3	blied or 6-0-0 oc purlins oc bracing. 32, 12-29, 13-28	

REACTIONS.	All bearings 33-6-0

ACTIONS. All bearings 33-6-0. (lb) - Max Horz 2=194(LC 13)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 28, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 2, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 29, 28, 26, 25, 24, 23, 20 except 37=302(LC 26), 22=301(LC 27)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 16-9-8, Corner(3) 16-9-8 to 19-9-8, Exterior(2) 19-9-8 to 34-5-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 28, 26, 25, 24, 23, 22.



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### April 24,2019

Engineering by EREENCO A MiTek Affiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

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7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



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**ERENCO** A MiTek Affiliate 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932



 $6)^{\circ}$  This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10.

8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



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Max Grav 2=662(LC 2), 6=614(LC 26)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

2-3=-733/0 BOT CHORD 2-7=-101/564, 6-7=-101/564

WEBS 3-7=0/351, 3-6=-668/119

### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 15-2-4 zone; cantilever left exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

3) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6.

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON TIPS ON MICLODED MITER REFERENCE PAGE mit-14/3 at building component, not besign valid for use only with MITeK exconnectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component** fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qua Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.







	0-Q-8	15-4-0			1		
	0-0-8	15-3-8					
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.13 BC 0.08 WB 0.13 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in (loc) -0.00 2-16 -0.01 2-16 0.00 10 -0.00 2-16	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d PLATES 360 MT20 240 n/a 240 Weight: 113 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2		BR/ TOF	ACING- P CHORD S	Structural wood	sheathing	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins	 3.

BOT CHORD

WEBS

except end verticals.

1 Row at midpt

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

9-10, 8-11

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 15-4-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=237(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 2, 2, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 except 16=258(LC 26)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-343/295, 3-4=-270/222

#### NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 15-2-4 zone; cantilever left exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16.



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REACTIONS. All bearings 15-9-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-96(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 15, 16, 17, 13, 12

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 2, 10, 15, 16, 17, 14, 13, 12

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 7-10-8, Corner(3) 7-10-8 to 10-10-8, Exterior(2) 10-10-8 to 16-7-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15, 16, 17, 13, 12.



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- to 16-7-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat
- 3) TOLL: ASCE 7-10; PI=20.0 psi (root live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); rg=20.0 psi (ground show); PI=15.4 psi (hat root snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp; Ct=1.10
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- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



TENSINEERING BY AMITEK Affiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

[	Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Lamco Custom Homes	
						E	12952434
	Haydin_Plan	B3-3	COMMON GIRDER	1	2		
					3	Job Reference (optional)	
	Builders FirstSource, A	Ibemarle, NC 28001		8.	220 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Apr 23 15:12:56 2019	Page 2
			ID:kO:	zx4Xrom80	Qq9xfmRX	hjM6zPsDN-fl9btdVskcQ65Csb0Ui5C7WoM6PlyzhsCG_ILb	zNoQr

#### LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (Ib)

Vert: 10=-1257(F) 12=-1169(F) 13=-1256(F) 14=-1256(F) 15=-1256(F) 16=-1256(F) 17=-1256(F) 18=-1256(F) 19=-1168(F)

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OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-119(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 19, 20, 21, 16, 15, 14

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 2, 18, 19, 20, 21, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 10-0-0, Corner(3) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Exterior(2) 13-0-0 to 20-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs

non-concurrent with other live loads.6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 19, 20, 21, 16, 15, 14.



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2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 10-0-0, Exterior(2) 10-0-0 to 13-0-0, Interior(1) 13-0-0 to 20-0-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



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	0-0-8								
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pf/Pg)         15.4/20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.15 BC 0.10 WB 0.06 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in -0.00 -0.01 0.00 -0.00	(loc) 2-10 2-10 7 2-10	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 57 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

BOT CHORD

REACTIONS. All bearings 9-4-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=147(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 10, 9, 8 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 2, 2, 9, 8 except 10=290(LC 26)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 9-2-4 zone; cantilever left exposed :C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 10, 9, 8.



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SEAL 036322 A. GILBER April 24,2019

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent ocllapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

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2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 8-4-4, Exterior(2) 8-4-4 to 11-4-4, Interior(1) 11-4-4 to 16-2-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat

roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9, 6.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

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SEAL 036322 April 24,2019



#### NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 6-4-4, Exterior(2) 6-4-4 to 9-4-4, Interior(1) 9-4-4 to 12-2-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

 TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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<sup>1)</sup> Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 1-2=-297/86, 2-3=-297/86

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;

- MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 4-4-4, Exterior(2) 4-4-4 to 7-4-4, Interior(1) 7-4-4 to 8-2-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.



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2x4 🥢

2x4 📎

		<u>4-8-2</u> 4-8-2					4-8 <sub>1</sub> 8 0-0-6	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [2:0-2-0,E	dge]							
LOADING (psf)           TCLL (roof)         20.0           Snow (Pt/Pg)         15.4/20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.06 BC 0.17 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) n/a - n/a - 0.00 3	l/defl n/a n/a n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 14 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2		BR. TOI BO	ACING- P CHORD St T CHORD Ri	tructural wood	d sheathin ectly appl	g directly app ied or 10-0-0	blied or 4-8-8 oc purlir oc bracing.	าร.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=132/4-7-12, 3=132/4-7-12 Max Horz 1=20(LC 13) Max Grav 1=149(LC 2), 3=149(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.



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REACTIONS. All bearings 18-0-10.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=228(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 11, 12, 13

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 1 except 9=307(LC 25), 11=475(LC 25), 12=419(LC 25), 13=389(LC 25)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-279/288

WEBS 5-11=-266/117, 2-13=-276/120

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 16-7-8, Exterior(2) 16-7-8 to 17-11-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 11, 12, 13.



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TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 16-1-2.

(lb) -Max Horz 1=199(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 10, 11

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 1 except 8=329(LC 25), 10=410(LC 25), 11=563(LC 25)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 3-11=-367/155

### NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 14-8-0, Exterior(2) 14-8-0 to 15-11-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat

roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7, 10, 11.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

6-7, 5-8

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

except end verticals.

1 Row at midpt

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#### NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 12-8-0, Exterior(2) 12-8-0 to 13-11-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat

roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 8, 9.



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- Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 6 except 7=589(LC 25)
- FORCES. (Ib) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 10-8-0, Exterior(2) 10-8-0 to 11-11-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed (C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 TCUL + 00CE 7.400 Pt; 200 ext (methe left) + 14 C Plate DOL=1.60 Pt; ACCE 4.60 Pt; ACCE 4.60 Pt; ACCE 7.60 Pt; ACCE 7.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat

roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

2-7=-386/175

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 7.



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FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 8-8-0, Exterior(2) 8-8-0 to 9-11-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat

roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

2-7=-294/143

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 7.



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BCDL	10.0				5
LUMBER-		BF	ACING-		
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TC	P CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly app	lied or 6-0-0 oc purlins
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2			except end verticals.	
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3	BC	OT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 o	c bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3				-

REACTIONS. All bearings 8-2-10.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=81(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 5, 7

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 6 except 7=312(LC 25)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-5-14, Interior(1) 3-5-14 to 6-9-8, Exterior(2) 6-9-8 to 8-1-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

 TCLL: ASCE 7-10; PI=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 7.



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REACTIONS. All bearings 8-9-8.

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 6, 8, 9

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6, 7, 8, 9

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph (3-second gust) Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-14 to 3-4-0, Interior(1) 3-4-0 to 7-4-0, Exterior(2) 7-4-0 to 8-7-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 8, 9.



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<sup>(</sup>lb) - Max Horz 1=90(LC 14)

