

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: J0620-2664 Lot 2 Properties of BC

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E14497252 thru E14497276

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2020.

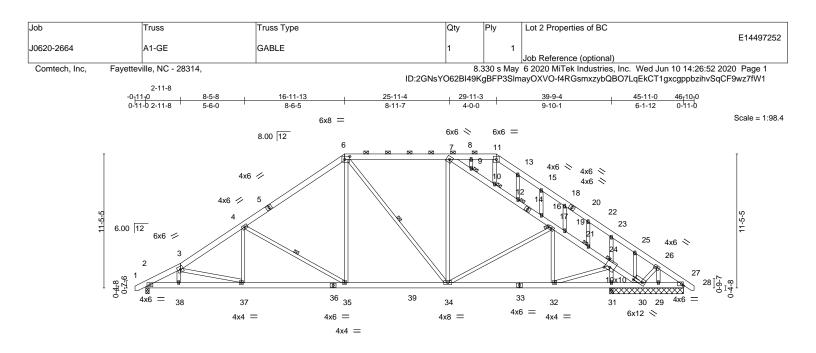
North Carolina COA: C-0844



June 10,2020

# Gilbert, Eric

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



	2-11-8 8-5-8 2-11-8 5-6-0	<u> </u>	<u>29-11-3</u> 12-11-7	<u>39-7-8</u> 9-8-5	<u>39-9-4</u> 45-11-0 0-1-12 6-1-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [6:0	-5-4,0-3-0], [24:0-5-0,0-3-0],	[30:0-9-3,0-2-12]				
LOADING      (psf)        ICLL      20.0        ICDL      10.0        3CLL      0.0        3CDL      10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	TC 0.35 BC 0.38	Vert(LL) -0.09 Vert(CT) -0.17 Horz(CT) 0.06	n (loc) I/defi L/d 34-35 >999 360 34-35 >999 240 5 27 n/a n/a 35-37 >999 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 425 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
UMBER- OP CHORD 2x6 SP No OT CHORD 2x6 SP No VEBS 2x4 SP No	.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathin 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 ma	g directly applied or 4-7-0	oc purlins, except
		9=6-3-8, 27=6-3-8, 30=6-3-8.	WEBS JOINTS	6-0-0 oc bracing: 31-32,3 1 Row at midpt 1 Brace at Jt(s): 17, 24, 9	30-31. 4-35, 6-34	

(lb) - Max Horz 2=340(LC 11)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except 2=-304(LC 12), 30=-357(LC 22), 31=-248(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 29, 30 except 2=1645(LC 1), 27=261(LC 1), 31=1849(LC 1), 31=1849(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2891/739, 3-4=-2528/697, 4-6=-1873/613, 6-7=-1389/578, 7-8=-329/212,

8-11=-322/211, 11-13=-332/200, 13-15=-329/164, 15-18=-300/77, 18-22=-293/0,

- 22-23=-340/0, 23-25=-299/0, 25-26=-345/25, 26-27=-311/33, 7-9=-1364/452, 9-10=-1362/449, 10-12=-1358/438, 12-16=-1380/458, 16-17=-1458/530, 17-19=-1227/440, 19-21=-1300/508, 21-24=-1326/530, 24-30=0/396
- BOT CHORD 2-38=-588/2477, 37-38=-593/2478, 35-37=-440/2082, 34-35=-264/1438, 32-34=-130/1298 WEBS 3-37=-416/174, 4-37=0/423, 4-35=-855/401, 17-32=-346/201, 24-32=-303/1430, 24-31=-1704/535. 6-35=-96/710. 6-34=-284/156. 7-34=-13/408. 23-24=-281/184

# NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

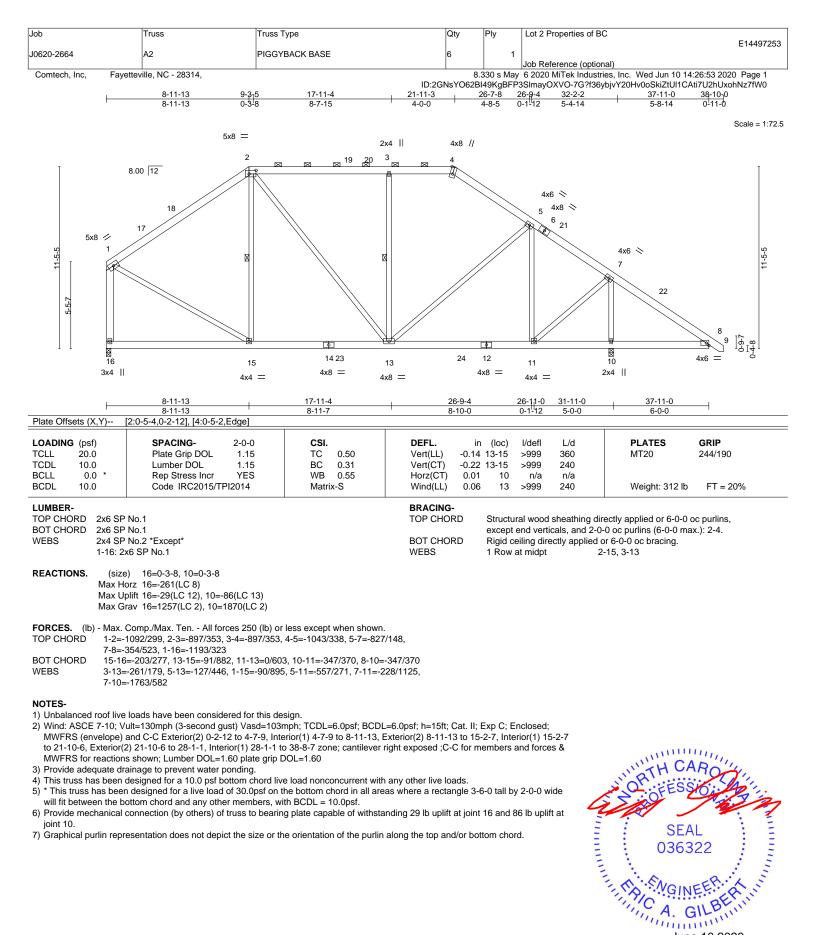
6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 304 lb uplift at joint 2, 357 lb uplift at joint 30 and 248 lb uplift at joint 31.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not Design Valid for Use only with with exe connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is to an invitude building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designe. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see AMS/TP/11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qua Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



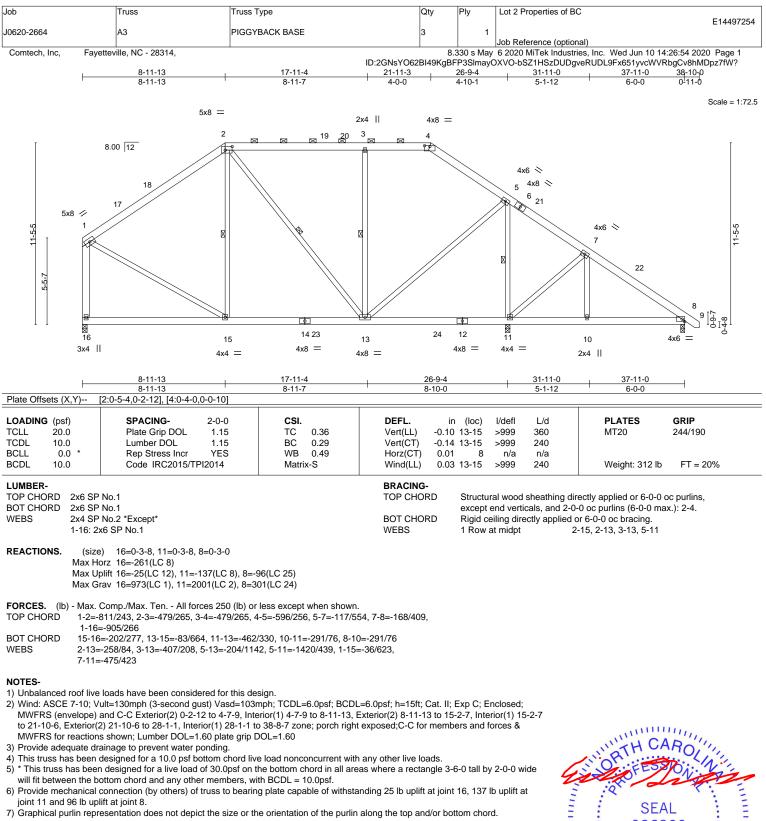




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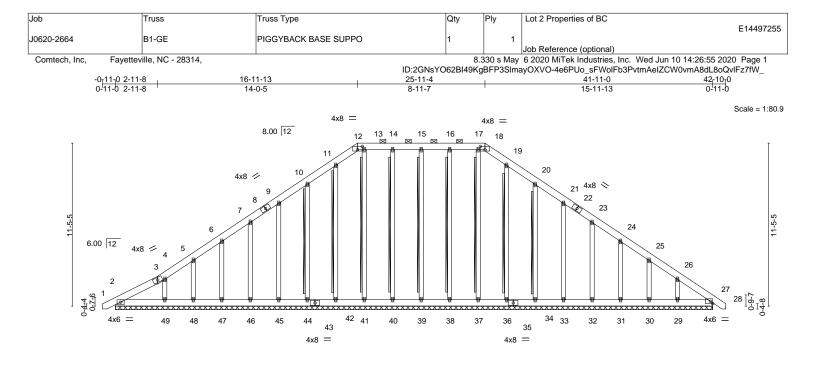
June 10,2020





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H			<u>41-11-0</u> 41-11-0		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[12:0-4-0,0-2-13], [18:0-4-0,0-2-13]				
LOADING      (psf)        TCLL      20.0        TCDL      10.0        BCLL      0.0        BCDL      10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.05 BC 0.03 WB 0.13 Matrix-S	DEFL.      ir        Vert(LL)      0.00        Vert(CT)      0.00        Horz(CT)      0.01	) 27 n/r 120 ) 27 n/r 120	PLATES      GRIP        MT20      244/190        Weight: 410 lb      FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP BOT CHORD 2x6 SP DTHERS 2x4 SP	No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dir 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): Rigid ceiling directly applied o	
			WEBS	T-Brace: 2	x4 SPF No.2 - 17-37, 16-38, 15-39, 14-40 13-41, 11-42, 10-44, 19-36, 20-34 o narrow edge of web with 10d

**REACTIONS.** All bearings 41-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=340(LC 11)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 27, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 36, 33, 32, 31, 30, 2 except 34=-101(LC 13), 29=-134(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 27, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 36, 34, 33, 32, 31, 30, 29, 2 except 49=270(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-316/243, 3-4=-302/250, 10-11=-244/292, 11-12=-271/312, 12-13=-251/296,
  - 13-14=-251/296, 14-15=-251/296, 15-16=-251/296, 16-17=-251/296, 17-18=-251/297,
    - 18-19=-271/312, 19-20=-244/277, 26-27=-251/175

# NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

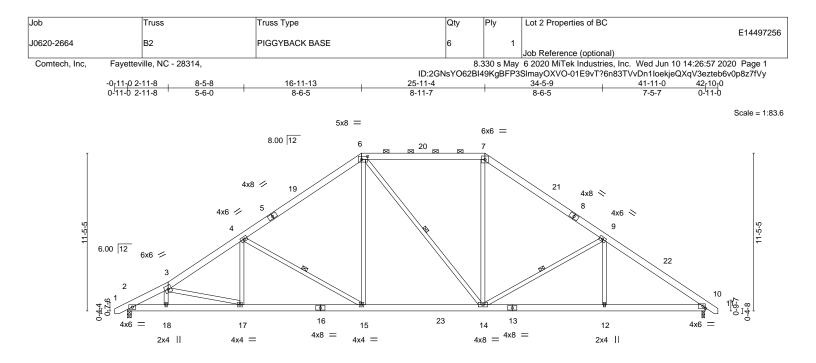
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 27, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 36, 33, 32, 31, 30, 2 except (jt=lb) 34=101, 29=134.
- 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 27.
- Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
  Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Brace must cover 90% of web length.





	2-11-8	8-5-8	16-11-13	25-11-4	34-5-9		-1 <mark>1</mark> -0
	2-11-8	5-6-0	8-6-5	8-11-7	8-6-5	7-4-14 0	)-d-9
Plate Offsets (X,Y)-	- [6:0-5-4,0-2-1	2]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	Lumbe	Grip DOL      1.15        er DOL      1.15	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.53 BC 0.42	Vert(LL) -0.14 Vert(CT) -0.23	(loc) l/defl L/d 14-15 >999 360 14-15 >999 240		<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0		tress Incr YES IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.40 Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.08 Wind(LL) 0.06	10 n/a n/a 15-17 >999 240	Weight: 321 lb	FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2x6 WEBS 2x4	5 SP No.1 5 SP No.1 5 SP No.2			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood sheathing 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-6-15 ma Rigid ceiling directly applied 1 Row at midpt	ax.): 6-7.	c purlins, except
Ma Ma							
TOP CHORD 2			(lb) or less except when sl 017/542, 6-7=-1529/530, 7				
	-18=-464/2710, 17 0-12=-318/2013	7-18=-469/2710, 15	-17=-344/2299, 14-15=-100	0/1634, 12-14=-318/2013,			
	-17=-429/141, 4-1 -14=-717/254, 9-1	,	//284, 6-15=-37/765, 7-14=	-37/633,			
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof 2) Wind: ASCE 7-1			0	BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; I	Exp C; Enclosed;		

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0pst; BCDL=6.0pst; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-2 to 2-11-8, Interior(1) 2-11-8 to 16-11-13, Exterior(2) 16-11-13 to 21-4-9, Interior(1) 21-4-9 to 25-11-4, Exterior(2) 25-11-4 to 30-4-0, Interior(1) 30-4-0 to 42-8-7 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

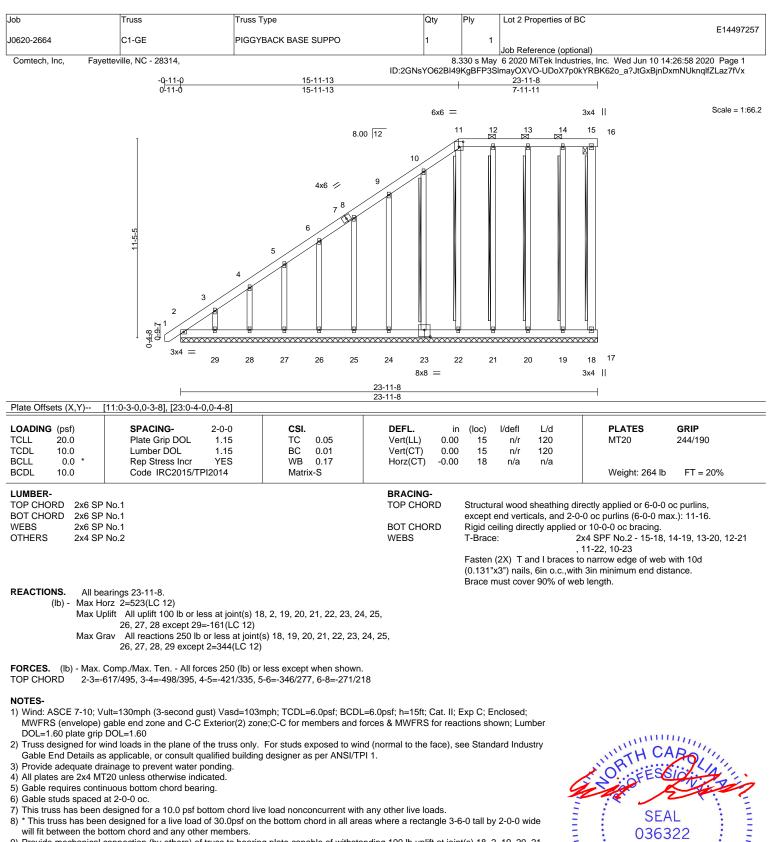
3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 10.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28 except (it=lb) 29=161.

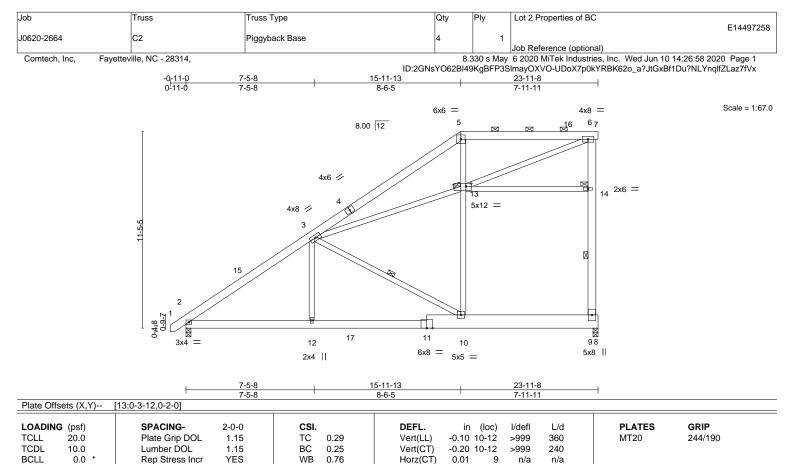
10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

11) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



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BCDL 1	0.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL) 0.0	8 10-12 >999 240	Weight: 234 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-				BRACING-		
TOP CHORI	D 2x6 SP	No.1		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di	rectly applied or 5-3-14 oc purlins,
BOT CHORI	D 2x6 SP	No.1 *Except*			except end verticals, and 2-0	-0 oc purlins (5-11-2 max.): 5-7.
	8-11: 2	x10 SP No.1		BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied	or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS	2x4 SP	No.2 *Except*		WEBS	1 Row at midpt 9	9-14, 3-10
	6-9: 2x	6 SP No.1		JOINTS	1 Brace at Jt(s): 13, 14	
REACTIONS	S. (size	e) 9=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8				
	Max H	orz 2=364(LC 12)				
		the second second second second				

Max Uplift 9=-116(LC 9), 2=-15(LC 12) Max Grav 9=1163(LC 2), 2=1062(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1444/106, 3-5=-2054/499, 5-6=-1666/510, 9-14=-866/324, 6-14=-866/324

BOT CHORD 2-12=-420/1199, 10-12=-422/1192

WEBS 3-12=0/360, 3-10=-1308/474, 10-13=-87/938, 5-13=-28/704, 6-13=-539/1834, 3-13=-513/1628

#### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-7 to 3-7-6, Interior(1) 3-7-6 to 15-11-13, Exterior(2) 15-11-13 to 22-2-7, Interior(1) 22-2-7 to 23-11-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=116.

6) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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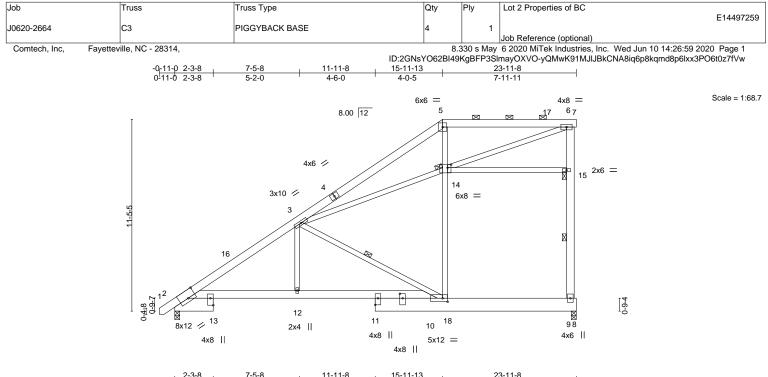


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-5-8,Edge], [1	0:0-3-8,0-2-8], [11:I	dge,0-2-0], [11:	0-3-4,0-2-0], [1	13:Edge,0-2-0], [1	14:0-2-8,0-2-4]		
			2-0	4-6-0	4-0-5	7-11-11		
		200	00	11 11 0	10 11 10	20110		

LOADING      (psf)        TCLL      20.0        TCDL      10.0        BCLL      0.0        BCDL      10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.29 BC 0.60 WB 0.87 Matrix-S	Vert(CT) -0.22 Horz(CT) 0.05	10-12 >999 360 10-12 >999 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 252 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
2-10: 2 WEBS 2x4 SP	<sup>2</sup> No.1 P No.1 *Except* x6 SP No.1 <sup>2</sup> No.2 *Except* 6 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS JOINTS	Structural wood sheathing dir except end verticals, and 2-0- Rigid ceiling directly applied of 1 Row at midpt 9 1 Brace at Jt(s): 14, 15	-0 oc purlins (5-10-6 ma	
Max U	e) 9=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 orz 2=363(LC 12) plift 9=-114(LC 9), 2=-18(LC 12) rav 9=1123(LC 2), 2=996(LC 19)					

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1559/210, 3-5=-2108/586, 5-6=-1717/586, 9-15=-829/332, 6-15=-829/332

BOT CHORD 2-12=-509/1355, 10-12=-510/1339

WEBS 3-10=-1419/561, 10-14=-108/891, 5-14=-78/739, 3-12=-30/491, 6-14=-611/1863, 3-14=-581/1586

#### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-7 to 3-7-6, Interior(1) 3-7-6 to 15-11-13, Exterior(2) 15-11-13 to 22-2-7, Interior(1) 22-2-7 to 23-11-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

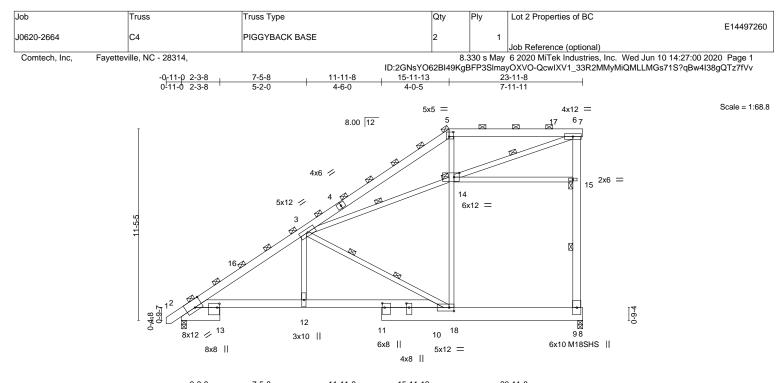
4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=114.

6) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



	2-3-8	7-5-8	11-11-8	15-11-13	23-11-8	1			
	2-3-8	5-2-0	4-6-0	4-0-5	7-11-11				
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-5-8,Edge], [5:0-3-0,0	)-3-4], [10:0-3-8	0-2-8], [11:0-3-1,0-1-11]	, [11:0-3-0,0-2-0],	[13:0-2-12,0-1-11], [1	4:0-3-12,0-3-0]			
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	4-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc) l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC 0.89	Vert(LL)	-0.20 10-12 >999	360	MT20	244/190	

TCLL      20.0        TCDL      10.0        BCLL      0.0 *        BCDL      10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	TC 0.89 BC 0.73 WB 0.96 Matrix-S	Vert(CT) -0.42 Horz(CT) 0.09	0 10-12 >999 360 2 10-12 >664 240 9 9 n/a n/a 0 10-12 >999 240	MT20 244/190 M18SHS 244/190 Weight: 252 lb FT = 20%	
2-10: 2	P No.1 *Except* x6 SP 2400F 2.0E	· /	BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	2-0-0 oc purlins (2-11-4 ma (Switched from sheeted: S Rigid ceiling directly applie	pacing > 2-8-0). d or 9-9-0 oc bracing.	
6-9: 2x	9 No.2 *Except* 6 SP No.1		WEBS JOINTS	1 Row at midpt 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 1 Brace at Jt(s): 5, 14, 15	9-15, 6-14, 3-14 3-10	
Max H Max U	e) 9=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 orz 2=726(LC 12) plift 9=-229(LC 9), 2=-36(LC 12) rav 9=2247(LC 2), 2=1991(LC 19)					

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-3124/422, 3-5=-4185/1161, 5-6=-3408/1161, 9-15=-1646/661, 6-15=-1646/661

BOT CHORD 2-12=-1019/2711, 10-12=-1021/2680

WEBS 3-10=-284/21123, 10-14=-209/1762, 5-14=-150/1460, 3-12=-68/1003, 6-14=-1212/3697, 3-14=-1152/3148

### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-7 to 3-7-6, Interior(1) 3-7-6 to 15-11-13, Exterior(2) 15-11-13 to 22-2-7, Interior(1) 22-2-7 to 23-11-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

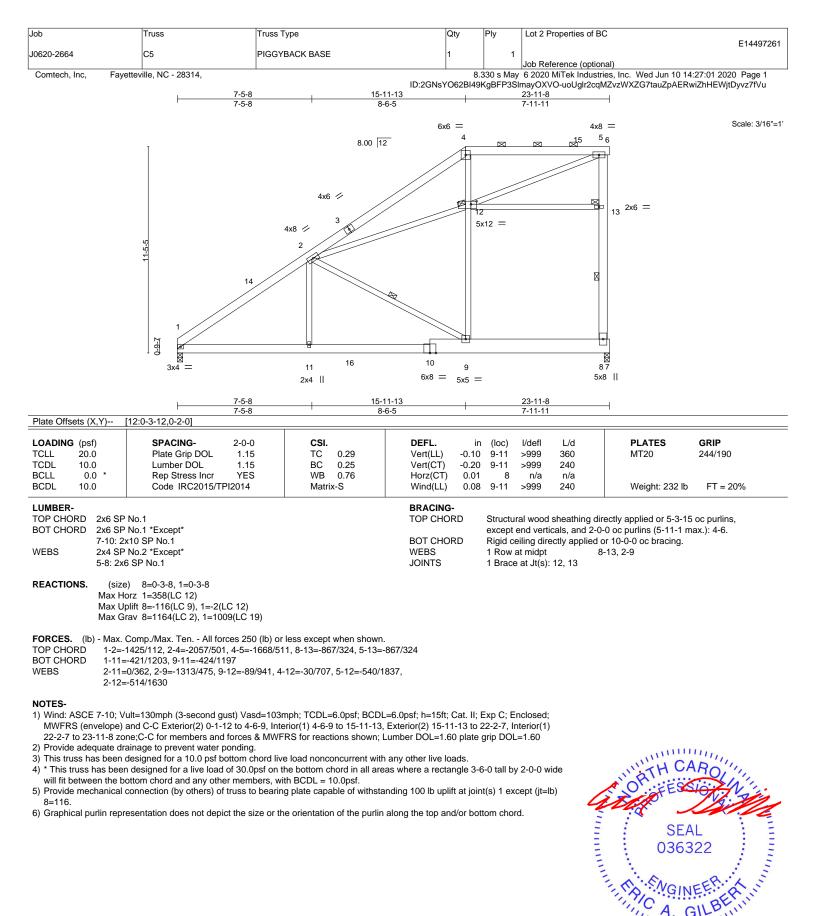
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 9=229.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent oulapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TP17 Quality criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

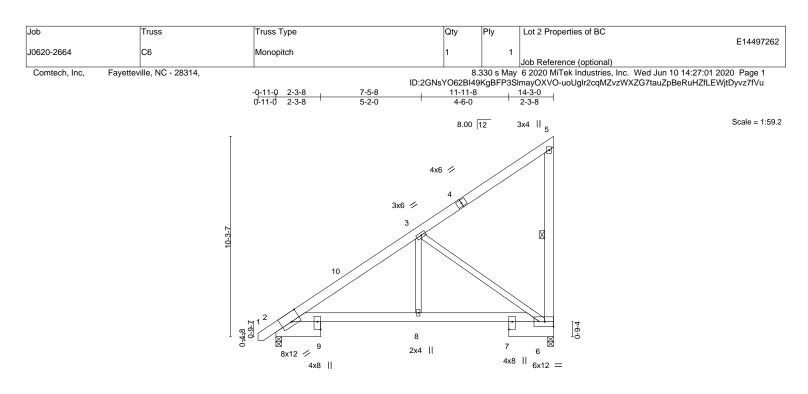




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June 10,2020

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



		2-3-8 7-5-8	11-11-			14-3-0	-		
		2-3-8 5-2-0	4-6-0			2-3-8	1		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-5-8,Edge], [7:Edge,0-2-0], [9:Edge	e,0-2-0]							
LOADING      (psf)        TCLL      20.0        TCDL      10.0        BCLL      0.0      *        BCDL      10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.20 BC 0.34 WB 0.88 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) -0.0 Vert(CT) -0.0 Horz(CT) 0.0 Wind(LL) 0.0	)2 )6 )2	(loc) 2-8 2-8 6 2-8	l/defl >999 >999 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 129 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2x10 2-6: 2 WEBS 2x4 S	P No.1 SP No.1 *Except* x6 SP No.1 P No.2 *Except* x6 SP No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	e) R	except ( Rigid ce	end verti	cals. ectly applied of	rectly applied or 6-0-0 o or 10-0-0 oc bracing. i-6	oc purlins,
Max Max	ze) 6=0-3-8, 2=0-3-8 Horz 2=319(LC 12) Uplift 6=-176(LC 12) Grav 6=606(LC 19), 2=594(LC 1)								
TOP CHORD 2-3= BOT CHORD 2-8=	:. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) c 735/0 241/622, 6-8=-233/622 -0/384, 3-6=-779/288	r less except when shown.							

### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-7 to 3-7-6, Interior(1) 3-7-6 to 14-0-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

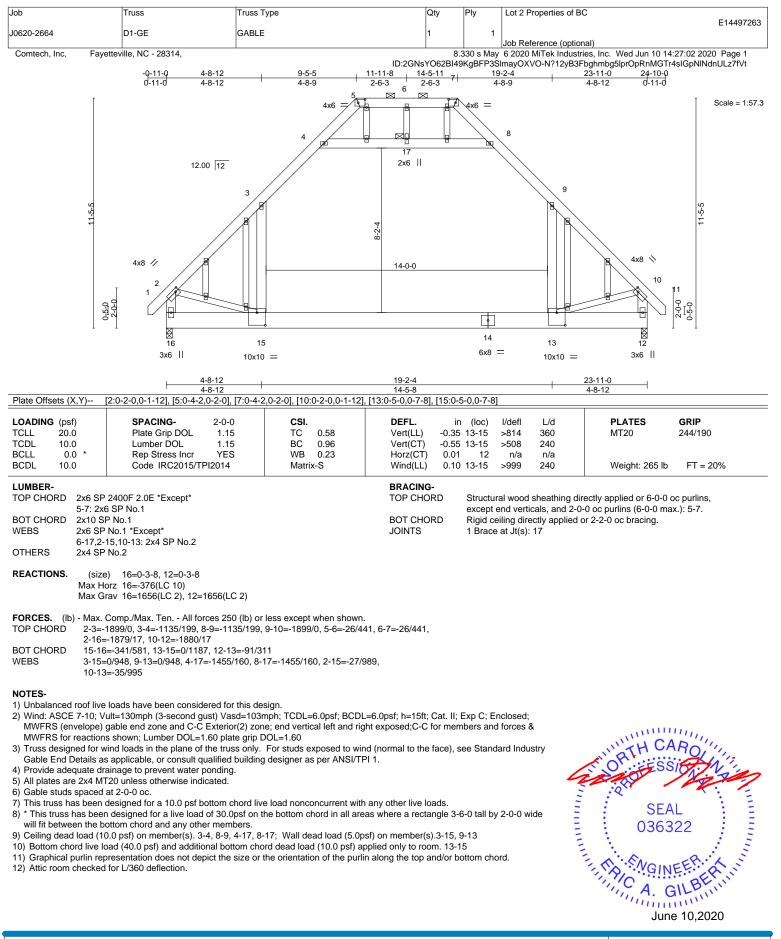
3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 6=176.



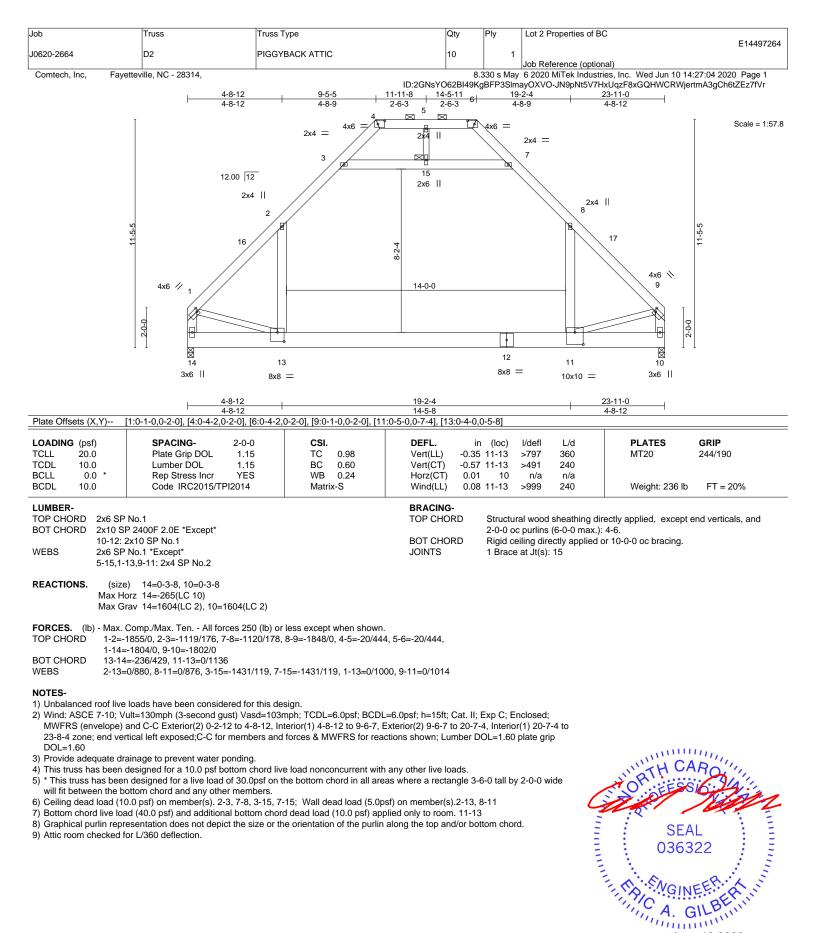
WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





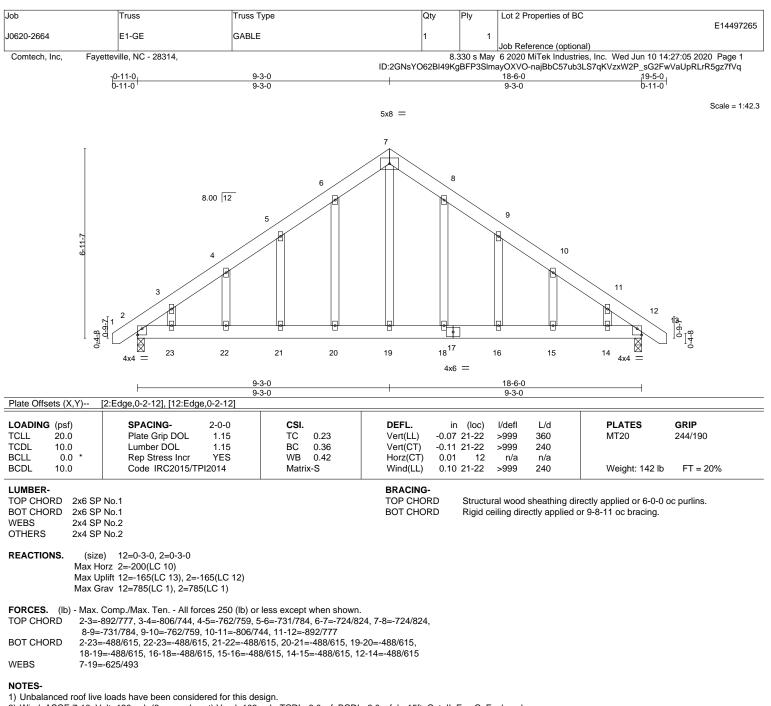
🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not besign valid for use only with with every connectors. This design is based only upon parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safey Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314. June 10,2020



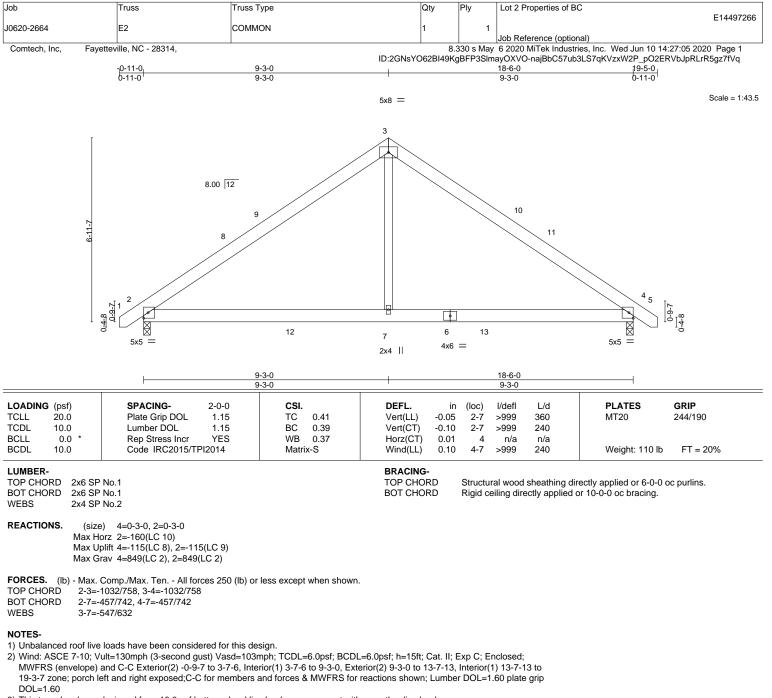


- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 12=165, 2=165.



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A MiTek A 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

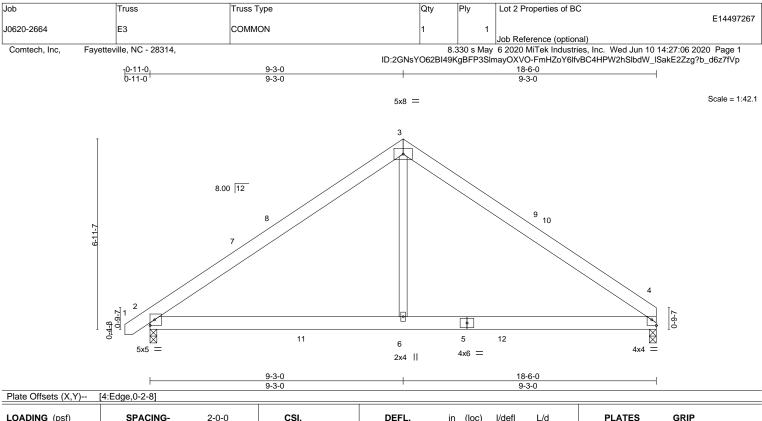
4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 4=115, 2=115.



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LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.44	Vert(LL)	-0.05	2-6	>999	360	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.39	Vert(CT)	-0.10	2-6	>999	240	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.37	Horz(CT)	0.01	4	n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	Wind(LL)	0.10	2-6	>999	240	Weight: 108 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-					

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No 1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (size) 4=0-3-0, 2=0-3-0 Max Horz 2=159(LC 11) Max Uplift 4=-111(LC 8), 2=-115(LC 9) Max Grav 4=803(LC 2), 2=850(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1034/758 3-4=-1031/761

BOT CHORD 2-6=-470/744, 4-6=-470/744

WEBS 3-6=-546/633

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-9-7 to 3-7-6, Interior(1) 3-7-6 to 9-3-0, Exterior(2) 9-3-0 to 13-7-13, Interior(1) 13-7-13 to 18-4-8 zone; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

() \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 4=111, 2=115.

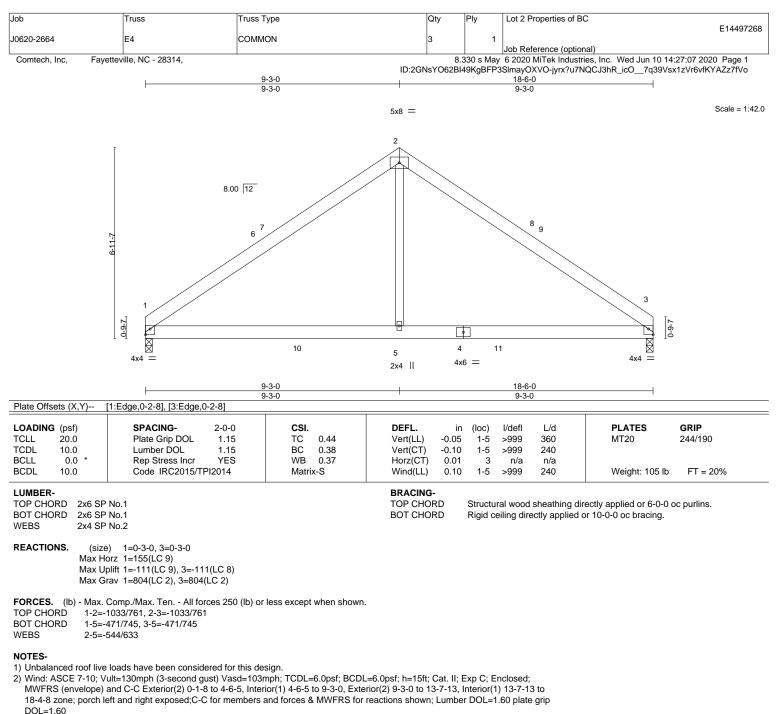


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE ARXING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLODED WITER REFERENCE PAGE MIL-14's rev. Invozens Derrore USE. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

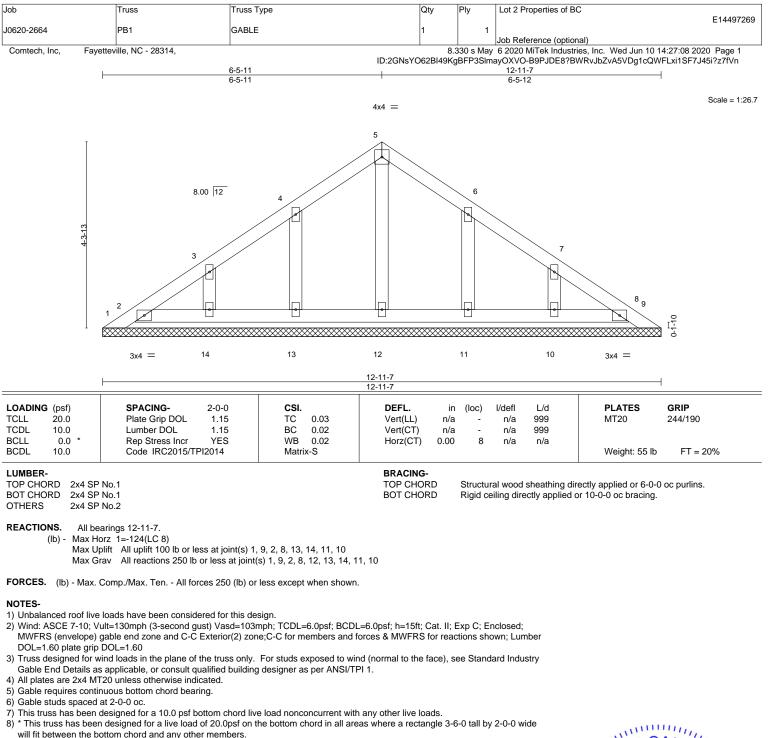
4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=111, 3=111.



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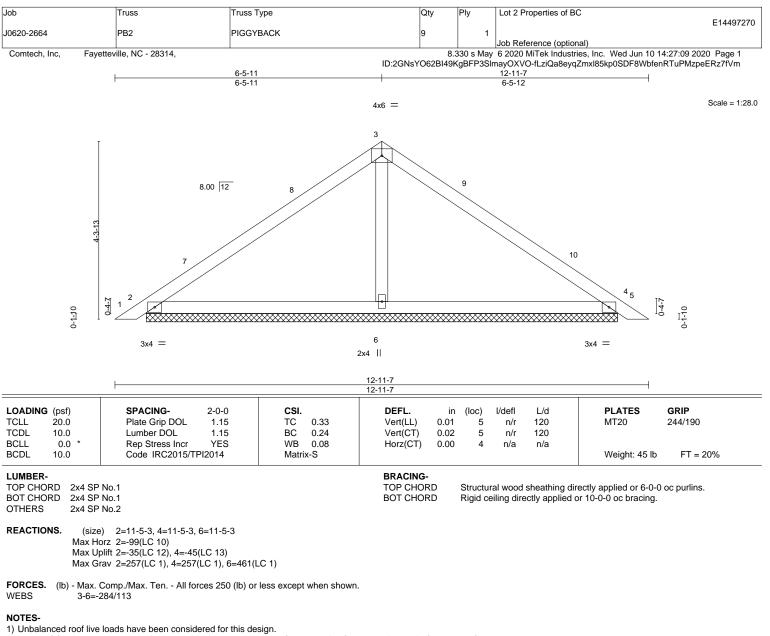


- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 9, 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-3-2 to 4-7-15, Interior(1) 4-7-15 to 6-5-11, Exterior(2) 6-5-11 to 10-10-8, Interior(1) 10-10-8 to 12-8-5 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

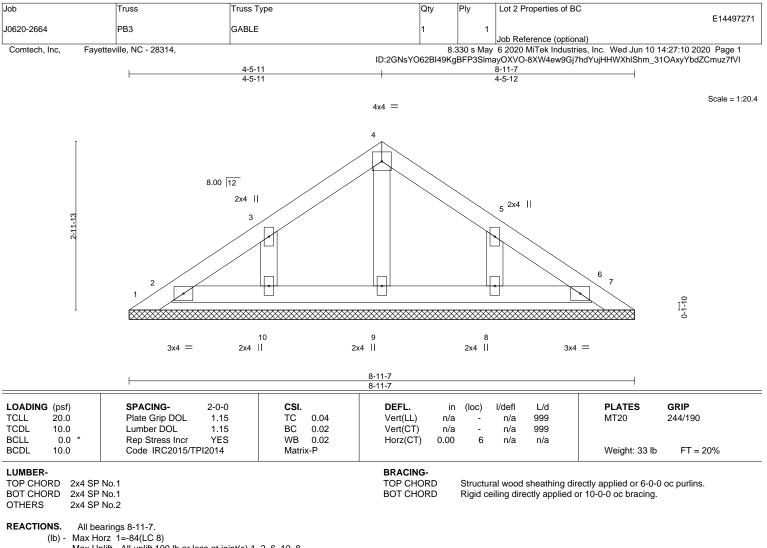
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 2, 6, 10, 8

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7, 2, 6, 9, 10, 8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

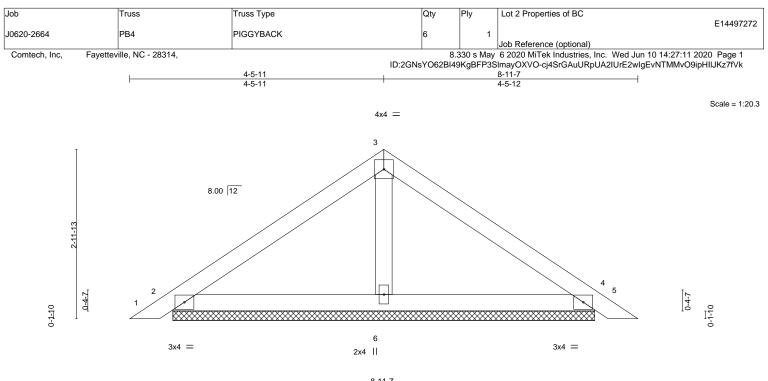
### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 2, 6, 10, 8.
- 9) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/ITPI fourality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





	8-11-7 8-11-7									1	
LOADING (psf	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.19	Vert(LL)	0.01	5	n/r	120	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.10	Vert(CT)	0.01	5	n/r	120		
BCLL 0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.03	Horz(CT)	0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/7	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 30 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1OTHERS2x4 SP No.2

**REACTIONS.** (size) 2=7-5-3, 4=7-5-3, 6=7-5-3

Max Horz 2=67(LC 11)

Max Uplift 2=-34(LC 12), 4=-40(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=193(LC 1), 4=193(LC 1), 6=267(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

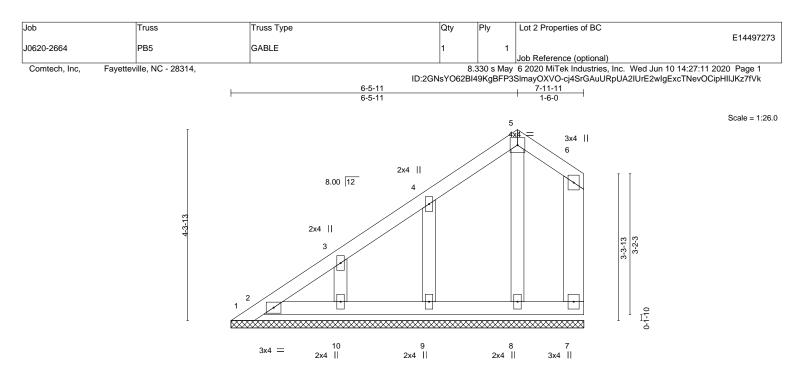


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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	L		7-11-11				
	1		7-11-11				1
LOADING (psf)	<b>SPACING-</b> 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.04	Vert(LL)	n/a -	n/a	999	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.02	Vert(CT)	n/a -	n/a	999	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.02	Horz(CT) -0	0.00 7	/ n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	( )				Weight: 42 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-				

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.1
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.1
WEBS	2x6 SP No.1
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.2

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 7-11-11.

(lb) -Max Horz 1=171(LC 12)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7, 2, 8, 10 except 9=-102(LC 12) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7, 2, 8, 9, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

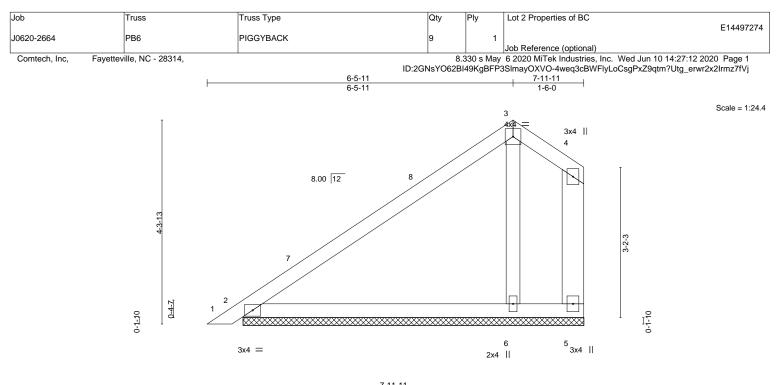
#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 7) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 7, 2, 8, 10 except (jt=lb) 9=102.
- 10) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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OADING (psf) CLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.48	Vert(LL) 0.00	l/defl L/d n/r 120	PLATES      GRIP        MT20      244/190
TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	BC 0.21 WB 0.06 Matrix-P	Vert(CT) 0.02 Horz(CT) 0.00	n/r 120 n/a n/a	Weight: 37 lb FT = 20%

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.2 **REACTIONS.** (size) 5=7-2-10, 2=7-2-10, 6=7-2-10

CTIONS. (size) 5=7-2-10, 2=7-2-10, 6=7-2-10 Max Horz 2=116(LC 12)

2x6 SP No.1

Max Uplift 5=-69(LC 3), 2=-8(LC 12), 6=-8(LC 12)

Max Grav 5=1(LC 20), 2=248(LC 1), 6=355(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

WFBS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-3-2 to 4-7-15, Interior(1) 4-7-15 to 6-5-11, Exterior(2) 6-5-11 to 7-8-15 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

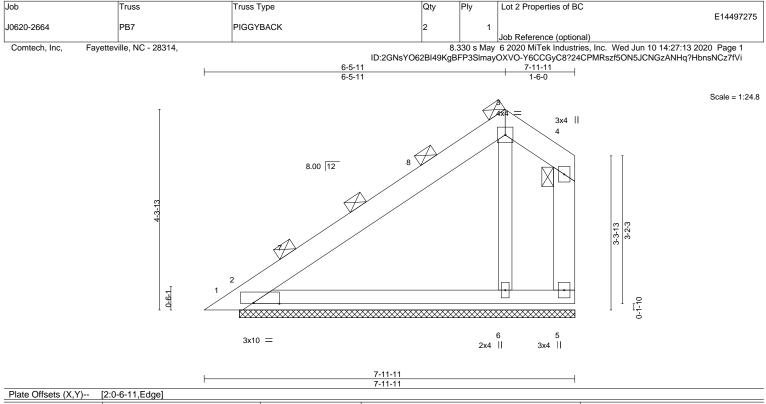
6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 2, 6.

7) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 4-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.35 BC 0.40 WB 0.08 Matrix-P	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) n/a Vert(CT) n/a Horz(CT) -0.00	ı -	l/defl n/a n/a n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 45 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x6 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP WEBS 2x6 SP OTHERS 2x4 SP	No.1 No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	(Switch	ned from	sheeted: Spac	except end verticals cing > 2-8-0). r 10-0-0 oc bracing.	
(Ib) - Max H Max U Max G	arings 7-2-10. orz 1=229(LC 12) plift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) e rav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint	(s) 5 except 1=463(LC 12		,				

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-552/586 WEBS 3-6=-344/212

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-15 to 4-9-12, Interior(1) 4-9-12 to 6-5-11, Exterior(2) 6-5-11 to 7-8-15 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 671 lb uplift at joint 1, 114 lb uplift at joint 5 and 516 lb uplift at joint 2.

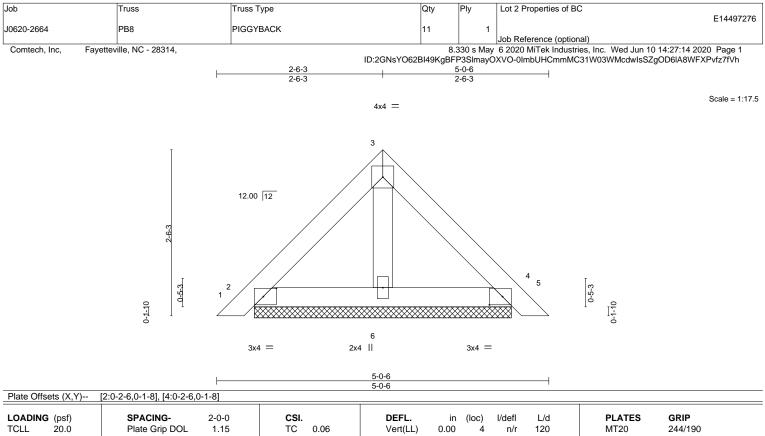
 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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LOADING      (psf)        TCLL      20.0        TCDL      10.0        BCLL      0.0        BCDL      10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCodeIRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.06 BC 0.03 WB 0.01 Matrix-P	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in 0.00 0.00 0.00	(loc) 4 5 4	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 19 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP OTHERS 2x4 SP	No.1		BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR					lirectly applied or 5-0-6 l or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins.

**REACTIONS.** (size) 2=3-10-12, 4=3-10-12, 6=3-10-12

Max Horz 2=-69(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-39(LC 13), 4=-46(LC 13)

Max Grav 2=118(LC 1), 4=118(LC 1), 6=121(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 39 lb uplift at joint 2 and 46 lb uplift at joint 4.

 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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