

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: B0419-1566 Vantage B

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Comtech, Inc - Fayetteville.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E12869065 thru E12869075

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2019.

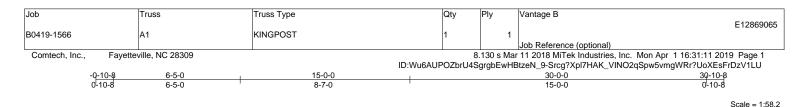
North Carolina COA: C-0844

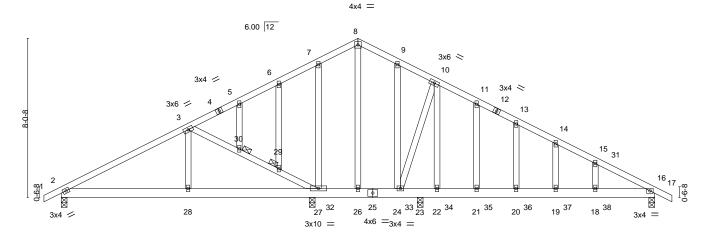


April 2,2019

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: Truss Engineer's responsibility is solely for design of individual trusses based upon design parameters shown on referenced truss drawings. Parameters have not been verified as appropriate for any use. Any location identification specified is for file reference only and has not been used in preparing design. Suitability of truss designs for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, not the Truss Engineer, per ANSI/TPI-1, Chapter 2.





1	6-5-0	12-6-8	18-3-8	3	0-0-0	1
	6-5-0	6-1-8	5-9-0	1	1-8-8	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.60 BC 0.85 WB 0.73 Matrix-S	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.24 Vert(CT) -0.44 Horz(CT) 0.01 Wind(LL) 0.32	19 >596 360 19 >317 240 16 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 211 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x6 SP WEBS 2x4 SP	No.1		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD JOINTS	Structural wood sheathin, Rigid ceiling directly appl 1 Brace at Jt(s): 29, 30) oc purlins.
(Ib) - Max H Max U	earings 0-3-8. orz 2=-161(LC 13) plift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(9) rav All reactions 250 lb or less at j 1)					
TOP CHORD 2-3=- 11-13 BOT CHORD 2-28= 20-21 WEBS 3-30=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (II 857/201, 3-5=-289/188, 7-8=-253/2 8=-632/294, 13-14=-638/244, 14-15: -179/682, 27-28=-179/682, 23-24= -63/565, 19-20=-63/565, 18-19=-6 582/298, 29-30=-590/302, 27-29= 2=-379/742, 10-24=-1070/570	57, 9-10=-337/237, 10-11=-56 663/206, 15-16=-727/151 63/565, 22-23=-63/565, 21-2 3/565, 16-18=-63/565	85/326, 2=-63/565,			
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof live 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) 3) All plates are 2x4 M 4) This truss has been 5) * This truss has been between the bottom 6) Provide mechanical joint 27, 286 lb uplift 7) Hanger(s) or other or 27-7-4 on top chord, 69 lb down and 43 lb up at 25-7-4, and 75 responsibility of othe	e loads have been considered for thi ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd= gable end zone; Lumber DOL=1.60 T20 unless otherwise indicated. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chou n designed for a live load of 20.0psf chord and any other members, with connection (by others) of truss to be at joint 16 and 281 lb uplift at joint 2 onnection device(s) shall be provide and 69 lb down and 43 lb up at 13 0 up at 19-7-4, 69 lb down and 43 lb 8 lb down and 48 lb up at 27-7-4 on	103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCD plate grip DOL=1.60 d live load nonconcurrent wit on the bottom chord in all are BCDL = 10.0psf. aring plate capable of withst 3. d sufficient to support concei 7-4, 69 lb down and 43 lb up o up at 21-7-4, 69 lb down ar bottom chord. The design/s	h any other live loads. eas with a clearance great anding 145 lb uplift at join ntrated load(s) 48 lb down at b at 15-7-4, 69 lb down at nd 43 lb up at 23-7-4, and election of such connection	ter than 6-0-0 t 2, 319 lb uplift at n and 49 lb up at nd 43 lb up at 17-7-4, t 69 lb down and 43 lb		SEAL 36322
LOAD CASE(S) Stand			., .,		THE BIC	GINEER

- 23-7-4, and 69 lb dowr up at 21-7) id down and 43 id up at up at 25-7-4, and 78 lb down and 48 lb up at 27-7-4 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 8) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-8=-60, 8-17=-60, 2-16=-20

Continued on page 2

🛦 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIT-1473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932

GI

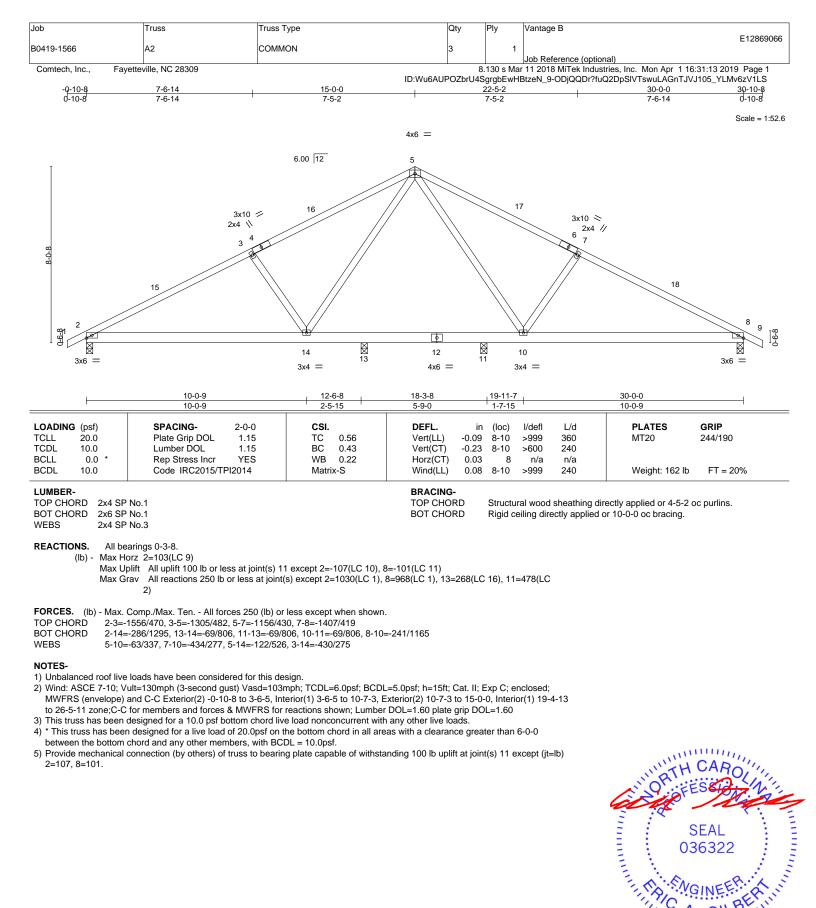
-	Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Vantage B
						E12869065
	30419-1566	A1	KINGPOST	1	1	
						Job Reference (optional)
	Comtech, Inc., Fayette	ville, NC 28309		8	130 s Ma	r 11 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Apr 1 16:31:12 2019 Page 2
	-		ID:Wu6A	UPOZbrU	4SgrgbEw	/HBtzeN_9-w1A2CtqNualBcftZxmLhM7d4V3sfaSkxmuboNgzV1LT

LOAD CASE(S) Standard Concentrated Loads (Ib)

Vert: 25=-69 31=-8(F) 32=-69 33=-69 34=-69 35=-69 36=-69 37=-69 38=-78(F)

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

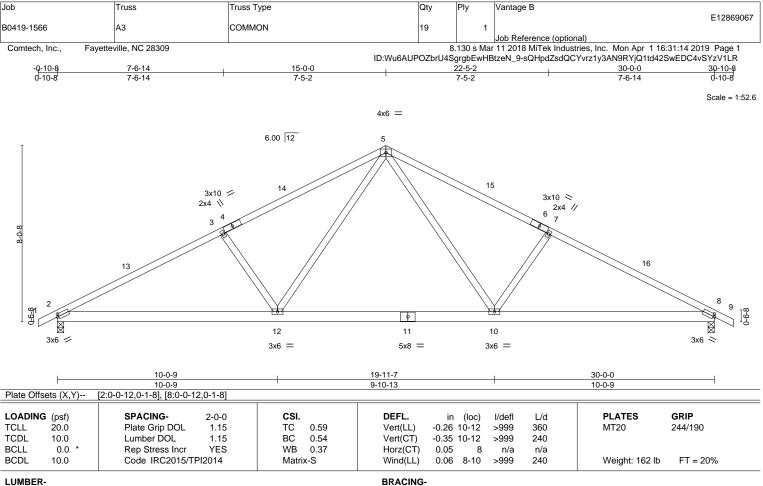




WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



A. GILP April 2,2019



TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1

2x4 SP No.3 WEBS REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1250/0-3-8, 8=1250/0-3-8

Max Horz 2=-103(LC 8) Max Uplift 2=-115(LC 10), 8=-115(LC 11) Max Grav 2=1314(LC 2), 8=1314(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2315/587, 3-5=-2110/599, 5-7=-2110/599, 7-8=-2315/587

BOT CHORD 2-12=-389/2017, 10-12=-156/1344, 8-10=-389/1976

WEBS 5-10=-155/900, 7-10=-416/271, 5-12=-155/899, 3-12=-416/271

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 10-7-3, Exterior(2) 10-7-3 to 15-0-0, Interior(1) 19-4-13 to 26-5-11 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0 between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=115, 8=115.

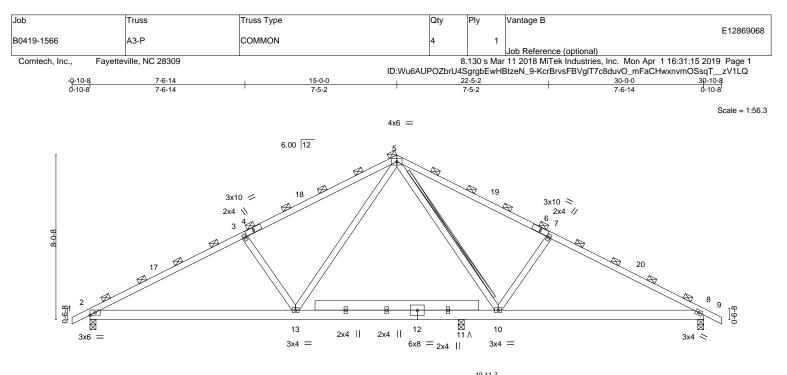


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-6-5 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





		10-0-9		11-0-0	19-11-7 11-0-0, 18-3-8 10-0-0, 1							
10-0-9		0-11-7	0-11-7 7-3-8			0-8-8			10-0-9			
LOADING (ps	sf)	SPACING-	2-1-8	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20		Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.70	Vert(LL)	-0.10		>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10 BCLL 0	.0 .0 *	Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	1.15 NO	BC WB	0.69 0.33	Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	-0.25 0.03	8-10 8	>562 n/a	240 n/a		
BCDL 10	.0	Code IRC2015/TF	PI2014	Matrix	-S	Wind(LL)	0.08	8-10	>999	240	Weight: 181 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	
---------	--

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.1
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.1
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*
	14-15: 2x6 SP No.1

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

2-0-0 oc purlins (4-1-8 max.) (Switched from sheeted: Spacing > 2-0-0). Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. T-Brace: 2x4 SPF No.2 - 5-10 Fasten (2X) T and I braces to narrow edge of web with 10d (0.131"x3") nails, 6in o.c., with 3in minimum end distance. Brace must cover 90% of web length.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1126/0-3-8, 8=1018/0-3-8, 11=511/0-3-8 Max Horz 2=110(LC 9) Max Uplift 2=-123(LC 10), 8=-123(LC 11), 11=REL Max Grav 2=1126(LC 1), 8=1018(LC 1), 11=875(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

- TOP CHORD 2-3=-1733/624, 3-5=-1467/636, 5-7=-1205/636, 7-8=-1472/624
- BOT CHORD 2-13=-413/1464, 11-13=-166/874, 10-11=-166/874, 8-10=-413/1217
- WEBS 5-10=-165/315, 7-10=-462/288, 5-13=-165/796, 3-13=-453/288

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Interior(1) 3-6-5 to 10-7-3, Exterior(2) 10-7-3 to 15-0-0, Interior(1) 19-4-13 to 26-5-11 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0 between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=123, 8=123.

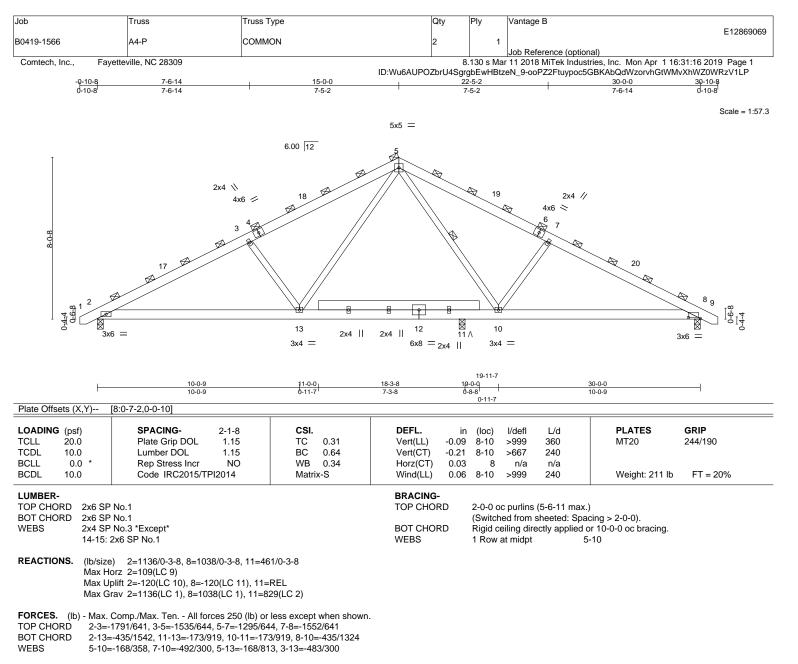
6) "//" indicates Released bearing: allow for upward movement at joint(s) 11.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

8) Warning: Additional permanent and stability bracing for truss system (not part of this component design) is always required.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-8-10 to 3-8-3, Interior(1) 3-8-3 to 10-7-3, Exterior(2) 10-7-3 to 15-0-0, Interior(1) 19-4-13 to 26-3-13 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 30.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0 between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=120, 8=120.

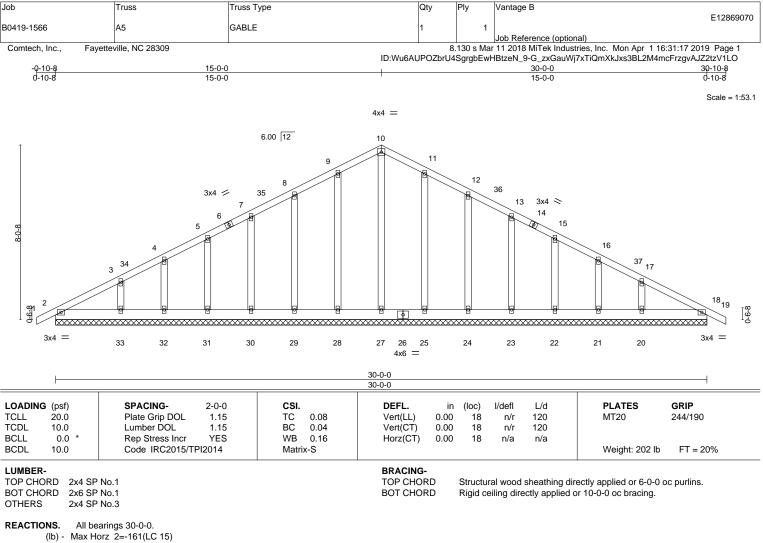
6) "//" indicates Released bearing: allow for upward movement at joint(s) 11.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21 except 33=-117(LC 10), 20=-114(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 9-10=-98/324, 10-11=-98/324

NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 3-6-5, Exterior(2) 3-6-5 to 10-7-3, Corner(3) 10-7-3 to 15-0-0, Exterior(2) 19-4-13 to 26-5-11 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

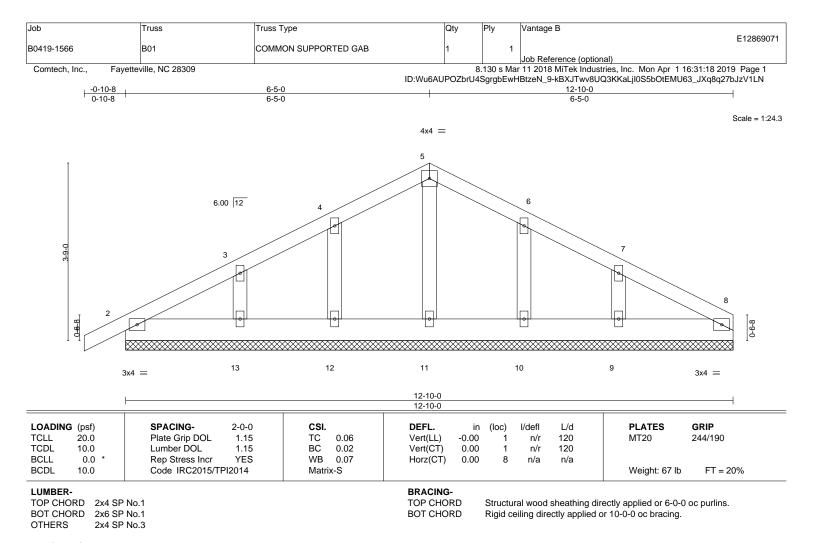
8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0 between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 18, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21 except (jt=lb) 33=117, 20=114.



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



REACTIONS. All bearings 12-10-0. (lb) - Max Horz 2=79(LC 14)

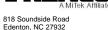
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

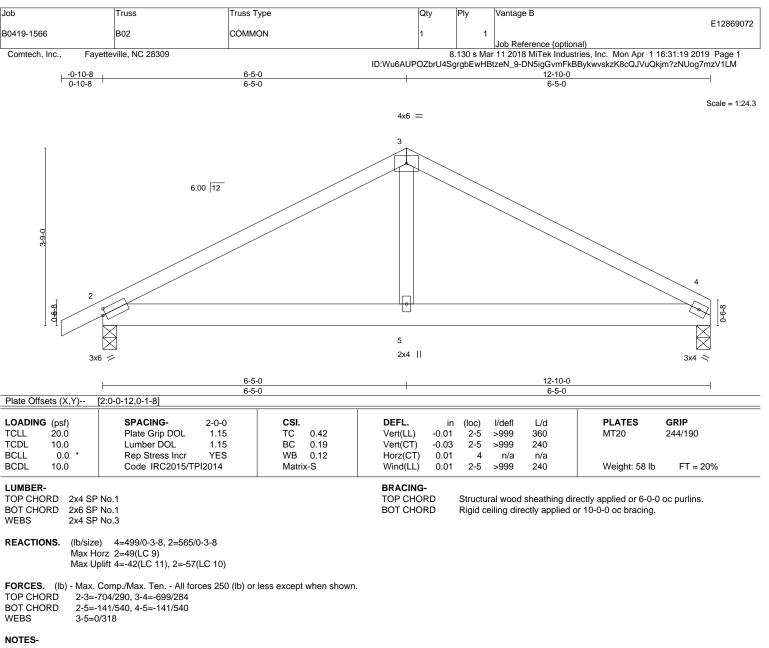
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0
- between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 2, 12, 13, 10, 9.
 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Max Horz 2=/9(LC 14) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 2, 12, 13, 10, 9 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 2, 11, 12, 13, 10, 9



1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate

grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

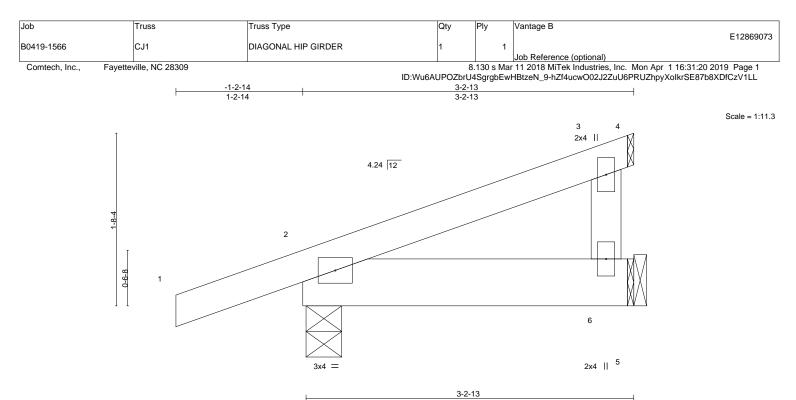
4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0 between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 2.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





-						3-2-7							
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.19	Vert(LL)	-0.00	2	>999	360	MT20	244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.26	Vert(CT)	-0.00	2-6	>999	240			
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00		n/a	n/a			
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TI	PI2014	Matri	x-P	Wind(LL)	0.00	2	****	240	Weight: 16 lb	FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-2-13 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

BOT CHORD

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 6=101/Mechanical, 2=217/0-4-3 Max Horz 2=55(LC 6) Max Uplift 6=-20(LC 10), 2=-70(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

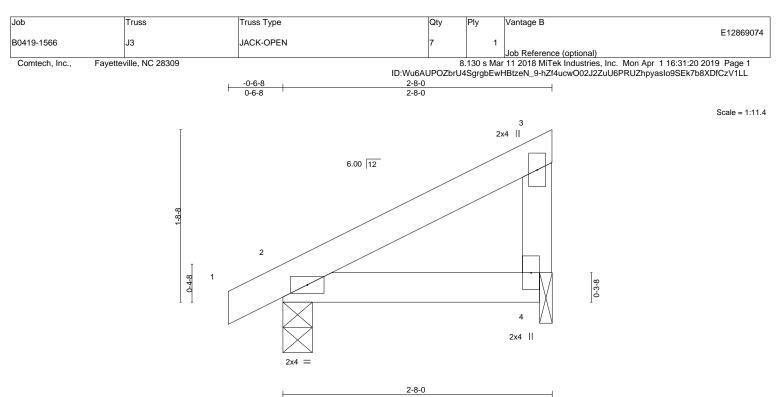
NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Corner(3) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0 between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 2.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





		-		2-8-0										
	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP		
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.06	Vert(LL)	-0.00	2-4	>999	360	MT20	244/190		
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.05	Vert(CT)	-0.00	2-4	>999	240				
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.03	Horz(CT)	0.00		n/a	n/a				
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI	2014	Matri	x-P	Wind(LL)	0.00	2	****	240	Weight: 11 lb	FT = 20%		

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1WEBS2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 2=142/0-3-8, 4=89/0-1-8

Max Horz 2=49(LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-12(LC 10), 4=-23(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate
- grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0 between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

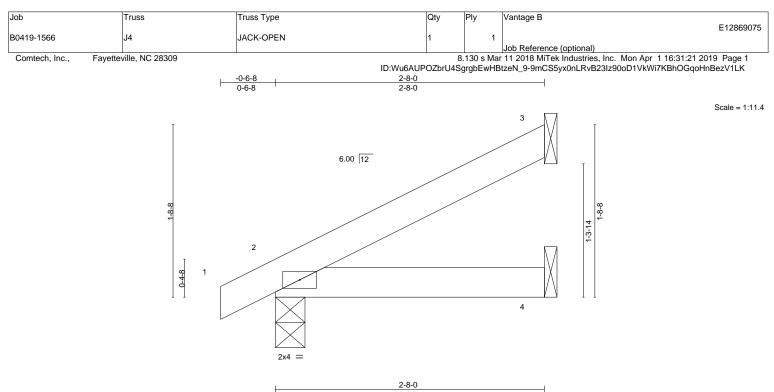


WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANS/TPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-8-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



				1		2-8-0				1		
LOADIN	IG (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	тс	0.07	Vert(LL)	-0.00	2-4	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.05	Vert(CT)	-0.00	2-4	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2	2014	Matri	x-P	Wind(LL)	0.00	2	****	240	Weight: 10 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

```
LUMBER-
```

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.1BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.1

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 3=68/Mechanical, 2=145/0-3-8, 4=25/Mechanical Max Horz 2=50(LC 10) Max Uplift 3=-36(LC 10), 2=-12(LC 10)

Max Grav 3=68(LC 1), 2=145(LC 1), 4=49(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=5.0psf; h=15ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate
- grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas with a clearance greater than 6-0-0
- between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 2.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-8-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANSUTPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

