

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 21438A 240.2596.D.10x10CVP

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I37798242 thru I37798272

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2019.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



July 16,2019

Liu, Xuegang IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.17 BC 0.06 WB 0.05 Matrix-S	DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         -0.00           Vert(CT)         -0.00           Horz(CT)         -0.00	n (loc) l/d ) 9 ) 9 ) 10	defl L/d n/r 120 n/r 120 n/a n/a	<b>PLATES</b> MT20 Weight: 56 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF	P No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structural	wood sheathing dir	ectly applied or 6-0-0	oc purlins,
BOT CHORD 2x4 SF WEBS 2x6 SF	? No.2 ? No.2		BOT CHORD	except end Rigid ceilin	d verticals. ng directly applied g	r 10-0-0 oc bracing.	

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 10-0-0.

Max Horz 15=121(LC 11) (lb) -

2x4 SP No.3

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 15, 12 except 10=-125(LC 12), 14=-111(LC 12), 11=-127(LC 13) All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11 Max Grav

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

OTHERS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2) 2-0-0 to 5-0-0, Corner(3) 5-0-0 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2) 8-0-0 to 10-10-8 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 15, 12 except (it=lb) 10=125, 14=111, 11=127.



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🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not being read to be only with thread outpetting the boots into besign is based only door parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component** fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qua Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	240.2596.D.10x10CVP	
						137798243
21438A	BG	GABLE	1	2		
				5	Job Reference (optional)	
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8	.220 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 15 17:27:55 2019	Page 2

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-6=-60, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 8=-1419(B) 28=-1419(B) 29=-1419(B) 30=-1419(B) 31=-1419(B) 32=-1419(B) 33=-3183(B)





5-0-0 5-0-0			<u> </u>								
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TPI2	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES 014	CSI. TC BC WB Matrix	0.33 0.30 0.09 <-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in 0.04 -0.04 0.01	(loc) 4-6 4-6 4	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 36 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=450/0-3-0, 4=450/0-3-0 Max Horz 2=-33(LC 13) Max Uplift 2=-185(LC 8), 4=-185(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-705/598, 3-4=-705/594

 BOT CHORD
 2-6=-506/622, 4-6=-506/622

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 5-0-0, Exterior(2) 5-0-0 to 8-0-0, Interior(1) 8-0-0 to 10-10-8 zone; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=185, 4=185.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-0-10 oc bracing.





			<u>10-0-0</u> 10-0-0						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.10 BC 0.06 WB 0.05	<b>DEFL.</b> Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in 0.00 0.00 0.00	(loc) 7 7 6	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S						Weight: 38 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-						

# LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 10-0-0.

Max Horz 2=-33(LC 13) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 10, 8 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 9, 10, 8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 5-0-0, Corner(3) 5-0-0 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2) 8-0-0 to 10-10-8 zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

\* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 7) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6, 10, 8.

9) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.







	<u>5-5-2</u> 5-5-2								
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.43	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.04	(loc) 2-6	l/defl >999	L/d 240	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190	
TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	BC 0.30 WB 0.00	Vert(CT) -0.07 Horz(CT) 0.00	2-6	>841 n/a	180 n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	DD 4 OIN O				Weight: 20 lb	FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-5-2 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 6=201/Mechanical, 2=271/0-5-8 Max Horz 2=84(LC 8) Max Uplift 6=-49(LC 12), 2=-72(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;

- MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 5-5-2 zone;C-C for members and forces
- & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 2.







## REACTIONS. All bearings 5-5-2.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=85(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 5, 6, 2, 7

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 5, 6, 2 except 7=254(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 5-5-2 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 6, 2, 7.







	0-3-8 0-3-8				<u> </u>					7-3-8		
LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL BCDL	(psf) 20.0 10.0 0.0 * 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TI	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 NO PI2014	CSI. TC BC WB Matrix	0.92 0.37 0.25 x-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.03 -0.08 0.00	(loc) 2-8 2-8 7	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 29 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER-	RD 2x4 SP	' No.2		1		BRACING- TOP CHOF	RD	Structu	Iral wood	sheathing di	rectly applied or 6-0-0	oc purlins.

2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BOT CHORD

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 3-8, 5-6. Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 3-5 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 7=433/0-3-8, 2=384/0-3-0 Max Horz 2=134(LC 12)

Max Uplift 7=-82(LC 12), 2=-91(LC 8)

 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-457/93, 5-6=-545/236, 6-7=-429/185

BOT CHORD 2-8=-182/388

WEBS 6-8=-252/592

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 7-1-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2.

- 7) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 7. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-20, 5-6=-60, 2-7=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

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Vert: 5=-190(F)
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818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



	0-3-8 0-3-8	5-0-0 4-8-8			7-3-8 2-3-8	
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI.         D           TC         0.65         V           BC         0.33         V           WB         0.33         H           Matrix-S         H         H	DEFL.         in         (loc)           /ert(LL)         0.03         2-8           /ert(CT)         -0.05         2-8           lorz(CT)         0.00         7	l/defl L/d >999 240 >999 180 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20GRIP 244/190Weight: 30 lbFT =	20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2 No.2	B T	RACING- OP CHORD Struct excep	tural wood sheathing out on the second sheathing out on the second second second second second second second se	directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins -0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 3-8,	s, 5-6.

 2x4 SP No.2
 except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 3-8, 5-6.

 2x4 SP No.3 \*Except\*
 Except:

 3-8: 2x4 SP No.2
 10-0-0 oc bracing: 3-5

 (b/size)
 7=421/0-3-8, 2=421/0-3-0

 Max Horz
 2=106(LC 12)

Max Uplift 7=-68(LC 9), 2=-96(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-642/203, 5-6=-825/366, 6-7=-386/188

BOT CHORD 2-8=-266/572

WEBS 6-8=-354/804

NOTES-

WEBS

REACTIONS.

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 7-1-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2.

7) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 7. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-20, 5-6=-60, 2-7=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

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Vert: 5=-215(F)
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	0-3-8 D-3-8	5-0-0	<u> </u>	7-3-8
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[6:0-1-8,0-2-0], [7:0-1-8,0-1-8]			
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI.         DEFL.         i           TC         0.73         Vert(LL)         0.0           BC         0.61         Vert(CT)         -0.0           WB         0.40         Horz(CT)         0.0           Matrix-S	n (loc) l/defl L/d 4 11-12 >999 240 5 11-12 >999 180 2 9 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 35 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 BOT CHORD 2x4 WEBS 2x4 4-11	SP No.2 SP No.2 SP No.3 *Except* : 2x6 SP No.2	BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing d except end verticals, and 2-6 Except: 10-0-0 oc bracing: 4-6 Pigid coiling directly applied	irectly applied or 5-0-4 oc purlins, 0-0 oc purlins (4-0-13 max.): 4-11, 6-8.
REACTIONS. (Ib/s Max Max	size) 9=1459/0-3-8, 2=627/0-3-0 < Horz 2=105(LC 12) < Uplift 9=-264(LC 9), 2=-134(LC 8)	BUTCHORD		

Max Grav 9=1522(LC 19), 2=627(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1302/469, 3-4=-1138/443, 6-7=-1910/809

BOT CHORD 2-12=-525/1191, 11-12=-525/1191, 10-11=-702/1773, 9-10=-702/1773

WEBS 7-9=-2101/834

## NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 7-1-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=134.
- 7) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 9. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

# LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-5=-60, 6-15=-20, 8-15=-60, 2-9=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 6=-215(F) 7=-1242(F)



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

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	0-3-8 0-3-8	5-0 4-8	)-0 3-8				6-9-8 1-9-8	6-11 <sub>1</sub> 0 0-1-8
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.08	Vert(LL) -0.0 Vert(CT) 0.0	0 1	n/r n/r	120	MIT20	244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.14 Matrix-P	Horz(CT) -0.0	0 7	n/a	n/a	Weight: 27 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-		· ·	BRACING-					

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.2
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3
OTHERS	2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 6-7-8.

(lb) -Max Horz 2=106(LC 12)

6-9=-561/454

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 10, 2, 8, 11 except 7=-254(LC 19), 9=-108(LC 9) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 7, 2, 11 except 10=268(LC 1), 9=605(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

# WEBS NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 6-11-0 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10, 2, 8, 11 except (jt=lb) 7=254, 9=108.
- 9) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s). The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

# LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-60, 5-7=-60, 2-8=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 5=-125(F) 13=-263(F)



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: 5-10, 5-7.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

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	7-2-10 7-2-10	13-10 6-8	0-12 3-2		22-7-4 8-8-8			29	9-3-6 -8-2	36-2-8 6-11-2	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TF	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES Pl2014	CSI. TC BC WB Matrix	0.97 0.86 0.65 <-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.14 -0.28 0.13	(loc) 11 12-14 7	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 189 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER-       BRACING-         TOP CHORD       2x4 SP No.2 *Except*         4-5: 2x4 SP DSS, 6-7: 2x4 SP No.1       TOP CHORD         BOT CHORD       2x4 SP No.2         WEBS       2x4 SP No.3         REACTIONS.       (lb/size)         2=1502/0-3-8, 7=1439/Mechanical         Max Horz       2=129(LC 12)         Max Uplift 2=-160(LC 12), 7=-135(LC 13)											
FORCES.         (lb) - Ma           TOP CHORD         2-3           BOT CHORD         2-1           7-8           WEBS         3-1	x. Comp./Max. Ten All for =-2712/390, 3-4=-2105/38/ 4=-286/2334, 12-14=-287/2 =-270/2286 4=0/306, 3-12=-608/213, 4	rces 250 (lb) or 2, 4-5=-1821/36 2332, 11-12=-1 -12=-36/441, 5	less except 66, 5-6=-2095 59/1799, 10- -10=-36/425,	when shown 5/376, 6-7=-2 11=-147/179 6-10=-567/2	2651/380 90, 8-10=-271/2285 211, 6-8=0/302	5,					
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof I 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10 MWFRS (envelop 19-0-3, Interior(1)	ve loads have been consid Vult=130mph (3-second g e) gable end zone and C-C 19-0-3 to 22-7-4. Exterior(2	ered for this de ust) Vasd=103 Exterior(2) -0- 2) 22-7-4 to 27-	esign. mph; TCDL= 10-8 to 2-8-1 8-11, Interior	6.0psf; BCDI 5, Interior(1) (1) 27-8-11 t	L=6.0psf; h=30ft; C 2-8-15 to 13-10-12 o 36-1-12 zone:C-	Cat. II; E 2, Exter C for m	Exp B; E rior(2) 1	nclosed; 3-10-12 to and force	o es &		

MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=160, 7=135.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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- TOP CHORD 2-3=-2700/351, 3-5=-2467/343, 5-6=-1781/344, 6-7=-1519/339, 7-8=-1780/348, 8-10=-2430/355, 10-11=-2648/368
- BOT CHORD
   2-17=-358/2349, 15-17=-205/1940, 14-15=-55/1519, 12-14=-162/1923, 11-12=-252/2288

   WEBS
   3-17=-306/193, 5-17=-46/505, 5-15=-649/240, 6-15=-60/571, 7-14=-61/563,
  - 8-14=-628/238, 8-12=-44/474, 10-12=-269/191

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-8-15, Interior(1) 2-8-15 to 17-2-12, Exterior(2) 17-2-12 to 24-4-11, Interior(1) 24-4-11 to 36-1-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=185, 11=162.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







	8-9-6 8-9-6	17-0-4 8-2-14	19-5-12 2-5-8	27-8-10 8-2-14	36-6-0 8-9-6
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.64 BC 0.97 WB 0.77 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) -0. Vert(CT) -0. Horz(CT) 0.	in (loc) I/defl L/d 30 13-15 >999 240 51 13-15 >857 180 13 11 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 195 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x4 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2 P No.2 P No.2 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing di except 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-7-10 max.	ectly applied or 2-7-14 oc purlins, ): 6-7.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.	(lb/size)	2=1510/0-3-8, 11=1510/0-3-8
	Max Horz	2=-148(LC 17)
	Max Uplift	2=-184(LC 12), 11=-184(LC 13)

 FORCES.
 (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-2719/356, 3-5=-2490/346, 5-6=-1815/350, 6-7=-1551/340, 7-8=-1815/350, 8-10=-2490/346, 10-11=-2719/356

 BOT CHORD
 2-18=-348/2366, 16-18=-197/1965, 15-16=-42/1551, 13-15=-162/1965, 11-13=-243/2366 3-18=-301/190, 5-18=-464/240, 6-16=-56/576, 7-15=-56/576, 8-15=-645/240, 8-13=-47/498, 10-13=-301/190

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-9-5, Interior(1) 2-9-5 to 17-0-4, Exterior(2) 17-0-4 to 24-7-11, Interior(1) 24-7-11 to 37-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=184.

7) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 11. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



July 16,2019

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	L	7-2-10	13-10-12	2	1	22-7-4		_	29-3	3-6	36-6-0	
		7-2-10	6-8-2			8-8-8		1	6-8	-2	7-2-10	
LOADING (ps TCLL 20. TCDL 10. BCLL 0.	sf) .0 .0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES	CSI. TC BC WB	0.98 0.86 0.65	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in -0.14 -0.29 0.13	(loc) 12 9-11 7	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190
BCDL 10.	.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matri	x-S						Weight: 191 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS REACTIONS.	2x4 SP I 4-5: 2x4 2x4 SP I 2x4 SP I (Ib/size) Max Ho Max Up	No.2 *Except* SP DSS No.2 No.3 2=1510/0-3-8, 7=151 rz 2=-122(LC 17) lift 2=-160(LC 12), 7=-1	10/0-3-8 60(LC 13)			BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR WEBS	D	Structu 2-0-0 o Rigid co 1 Row a	ral wood s c purlins ( eiling dire at midpt	sheathing dii 2-2-0 max.): ctly applied ( 4	rectly applied, except 4-5. or 10-0-0 oc bracing. -12, 5-12	
FORCES. (lb TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	o) - Max. C 2-3=-2 2-15=- 7-9=-2 3-15=0	Comp./Max. Ten All for 728/388, 3-4=-2122/38( 264/2348, 13-15=-265/2 67/2348 )/306, 3-13=-607/213, 4	rces 250 (lb) or le 0, 4-5=-1840/363 2346, 12-13=-137 -13=-36/441, 5-1	ess except , 5-6=-212 //1814, 11 1=-36/441	when shown. 2/380, 6-7=-27 -12=-140/1814 , 6-11=-607/21	728/388 I, 9-11=-268/2346 I4, 6-9=0/306	i,					
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced 2) Wind: ASCE MWFRS (er 19-0-11, Intr MWFRS for 3) Provide ade 4) This transfer	d roof live I E 7-10; Vu nvelope) g erior(1) 19 r reactions equate dra	loads have been consid lit=130mph (3-second g lable end zone and C-C 0-0-11 to 22-7-4, Exterio shown; Lumber DOL=1 inage to prevent water p	ered for this desi- ust) Vasd=103m Exterior(2) -0-10 r(2) 22-7-4 to 27- .60 plate grip DC ponding.	gn. bh; TCDL= -8 to 2-9-5 -9-3, Interio DL=1.60	=6.0psf; BCDL= 5, Interior(1) 2- or(1) 27-9-3 to	=6.0psf; h=30ft; C 9-5 to 13-10-12, I 37-4-8 zone;C-C	at. II; E Exterior for me	Exp B; E (2) 13-1 embers a	nclosed; 0-12 to and forces	: &		

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=160.

7) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 7. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







- FORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
- TOP CHORD 2-3=-5829/2410, 3-4=-5499/2338, 4-5=-5780/2685, 5-6=-5780/2685, 6-7=-5466/2546, 7-8=-5715/2598
- BOT CHORD 2-11=-2107/5173, 10-11=-1948/4848, 9-10=-2095/4766, 8-9=-2257/5027
- WEBS 3-11=-354/232, 4-11=-528/1459, 4-10=-765/1238, 5-10=-570/254, 6-10=-570/1333, 6-9=-738/1414, 7-9=-280/270

#### NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-8-15, Interior(1) 2-8-15 to 10-6-12, Exterior(2) 10-6-12 to 15-8-3 , Interior(1) 15-8-3 to 25-11-4, Exterior(2) 25-11-4 to 30-11-4, Interior(1) 30-11-4 to 36-1-12 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=1361, 2=1087.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) Use USP JUS24 (With 10d nails into Girder & 10d nails into Truss) or equivalent at 2-7-8 from the left end to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.
- 11) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 12) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 13) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

## Continued on page 2





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	240.2596.D.10x10CVP
					137798256
21438A	HG1	Hip Girder	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8	220 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 15 17:28:07 2019 Page 2

20 s Nov 16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 15 17:2 ID:IRUvu6CsEmxbTOSip7BE4uyZSNq-ujstnTp\_FzxDi45V6fyMujCChjLySZRGX8utPbyxIU6

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-6=-60, 6-8=-60, 2-8=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-202(B) 16=-210(B) 17=-206(B) 18=-206(B) 19=-206(B) 20=-202(B) 21=-202(B) 22=-202(B) 23=-202(B) 24=-202(B) 25=-202(B) 26=-202(B) 27=-202(B) 26=-202(B) 26=-2 28=-202(B) 29=-202(B) 30=-202(B) 31=-202(B)





5- 5-	3-10 10-6-12 3-10 4-10-2	<u>18-3-0</u> 7-8-4	25-1	1-4 3-4	30-9-6 4-10-2	36-6-	0
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-1-10,Edge], [4:0-5-0,0-1-7], [6:0-5-0	0,0-1-7], [8:0-1-10,Edge], [10:0	0-6-0,0-5-0], [12:0-6	6-0,0-5-0]			
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.83 BC 0.93 WB 0.62 Matrix-S	DEFL. ii Vert(LL) 0.33 Vert(CT) -0.63 Horz(CT) 0.14	n (loc) l/defl 8 11-12 >999 3 8-10 >686 4 8 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 MT18H MT18HS Weight: 223 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 244/190 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 244 S 4-6: 2 BOT CHORD 2x6 S WEBS 2x4 S	P DSS *Except* x6 SP No.2 P DSS P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Structural wood 2-0-0 oc purlins Rigid ceiling dire 1 Row at midpt	sheathing directl (2-4-15 max.): 4- ectly applied or 5- 4-11,	y applied or 2-3-0 o -6. -11-6 oc bracing. , 6-11	c purlins, except
REACTIONS. (lb/si Max Max	ze) 2=3253/0-3-8, 8=3242/0-3-8 Horz 2=-95(LC 36) Uplift 2=-1076(LC 12), 8=-1068(LC 13)						
FORCES. (lb) - Max TOP CHORD 2-3 7-8	x. Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or =-5966/2383, 3-4=-5637/2310, 4-5=-5945 =-5942/2365	less except when shown. /2625, 5-6=-5945/2625, 6-7=-	5613/2292,				

- BOT CHORD 2-12=-2058/5295, 11-12=-1898/4972, 10-11=-1889/4951, 8-10=-2048/5274
- WEBS 3-12=-351/232, 4-12=-539/1492, 4-11=-726/1287, 5-11=-572/252, 6-11=-746/1313, 6-10=-520/1467, 7-10=-352/231

## NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-9-5, Interior(1) 2-9-5 to 10-6-12, Exterior(2) 10-6-12 to 15-8-11, Interior(1) 15-8-11 to 25-11-4, Exterior(2) 25-11-4 to 30-11-4, Interior(1) 30-11-4 to 37-4-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=1076, 8=1068.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 9) Use USP JUS24 (With 10d nails into Girder & 10d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 31-3-0 oc max. starting at 2-7-8 from the left end to 33-10-8 to connect truss(es) to front face of bottom chord.
- 10) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 11) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

## Continued on page 2





Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	240.2596.D.10x10CVP	
21/20/			1	1		137798257
21430A	102		P	· ·		
					Job Reference (optional)	
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8	.220 s Nov	/ 16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 15 17:28:09 2019	Page 2
		ID:IRUvu	6CsEmxb	OSip7BE	4uyZSNq-q5 dC9rFnaBxxNFuE3 qz8HYsX1MwXoZ?SN <sup>-</sup>	TTyxlU4

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-6=-60, 6-9=-60, 2-8=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 12=-202(F) 11=-202(F) 10=-202(F) 17=-210(F) 18=-206(F) 19=-206(F) 20=-206(F) 21=-202(F) 22=-202(F) 23=-202(F) 24=-202(F) 25=-202(F) 26=-202(F) 27=-206(F) 28=-206(F) 29=-206(F) 30=-210(F) 26=-202(F) 26=-2





Max Horz 7=213(LC 12) Max Uplift 6=-138(LC 12)

Max Grav 7=290(LC 1), 6=251(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 5-11-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 6=138.







TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=287/0-3-8, 7=226/Mechanical Max Horz 2=175(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-4(LC 12), 7=-81(LC 12)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 4-8-14, Exterior(2) 4-8-14 to 5-11-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 7.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-11-4 oc purlins,

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

except

BOT CHORD

2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-5.

🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOI ES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MILER REFERENCE FACE MILETATES. INVALUE DELIGIE ODE Design valid for use only with MITEk® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property dranage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSUTPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Qua** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





		3-6-7	•	2-4-13	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:Edge,0-3-5], [2:0-5-1,0-1-14], [2:0-1-2	2,0-0-15], [3:0-2-0,Edge]			
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. ir	n (loc) l/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.40	Vert(LL) 0.02	2 2-7 >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.20	Vert(CT) -0.03	8 2-7 >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.04	Horz(CT) 0.00	) n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S			Weight: 31 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-		
TOP CHORD 2x4 SI	P No.2		TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dire	ectly applied or 5-11-4 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD 2x6 SF	P No.2			except	
WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.3			2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-5.	
WEDGE			BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied o	r 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=287/0-3-8, 7=226/Mechanical Max Horz 2=136(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-24(LC 12), 7=-44(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 3-6-7, Exterior(2) 3-6-7 to 5-11-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 7.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0           BCDL         10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.44 BC 0.20 WB 0.04 Matrix-S	DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         -0.01           Vert(CT)         -0.03           Horz(CT)         0.00	l (loc) I/defi L/d 2-7 >999 240 2-7 >999 180 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 29 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3	No.2 No.2 No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dir except 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-5. Rigid ceiling directly applied o	ectly applied or 5-11-4 or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	4 oc purlins,

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=287/0-3-8, 7=226/Mechanical Max Horz 2=98(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-32(LC 12), 7=-44(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 7.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







	<u>  1-1-10</u>   1-1-10			<u>5-11-4</u> 4-9-10	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:Edge,0-3-5], [2:0-5-1,0-1-14], [2:0-1-2	,0-0-15], [3:0-2-0,0-1-13]			
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0 *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC 0.48 BC 0.20 WB 0.03 Matrix-S	DEFL.         ir           Vert(LL)         -0.01           Vert(CT)         -0.03           Horz(CT)         0.00	n (loc) l/defl L/d 2-7 >999 240 3 2-7 >999 180 0 n/a n/a	PLATES         GRIP           MT20         244/190           Weight: 27 lb         FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x6 SP WEBS 2x4 SP WEDGE	No.2 No.2 No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dire except 2-0-0 oc purlins: 3-5. Rigid ceiling directly applied or	ctly applied or 5-11-4 oc purlins, 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=291/0-3-8, 7=230/Mechanical Max Horz 2=64(LC 35)

Max Uplift 2=-53(LC 12), 7=-54(LC 9)

Max Grav 2=291(LC 1), 7=230(LC 24)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7.
- 8) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

## LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 4-5=-20, 2-6=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 11=-4(B) 12=-4(B)



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON TIPS ON TIPS AND INCLODED MITCR REPERVICE PAGE MIT-14/3 refer to 1000 SEC. Design valid for use only with MITER deconnectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general quidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSITP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component** fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Qua** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





		I	2-6-12	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.07 BC 0.06 WB 0.00 Mottiv D	DEFL.         in         (loc)         l/defl         L/d           Vert(LL)         -0.00         2-4         >999         240           Vert(CT)         -0.00         2-4         >999         180           Horz(CT)         -0.00         3         n/a         n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P		Weight: 10 lb $FI = 20\%$

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-6-12 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=57/Mechanical, 2=169/0-3-8, 4=24/Mechanical Max Horz 2=63(LC 12) Max Uplift 3=-39(LC 12), 2=-31(LC 12) Max Grav 3=57(LC 1), 2=169(LC 1), 4=47(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 2-6-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.







Max H012 2=100(LC 12) Max Uplift 2=-192(LC 12), 10=-168(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2689/338, 3-5=-2433/312, 5-6=-1682/306, 6-7=-1682/310, 7-9=-2400/327, 9-10=-2642/340

- BOT CHORD 2-15=-380/2341, 13-15=-197/1838, 11-13=-102/1826, 10-11=-224/2285
- WEBS 6-13=-148/1191, 7-13=-639/243, 7-11=-54/526, 9-11=-330/224, 5-13=-656/245, 5-15=-55/555, 3-15=-364/225

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-8-15, Interior(1) 2-8-15 to 18-3-0, Exterior(2) 18-3-0 to 21-10-7, Interior(1) 21-10-7 to 36-1-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 10=168.

7) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.







	9-0-0	13-6-0	18-3-0	23-0-0	26-6-	0	36	-6-0	
	9-0-0	4-6-0	4-9-0	4-9-0	3-6-	0 '	10	-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[5:0-4-8,Edge], [7:0-4-8,Edge]								
LOADING         (psf)           TCLL         20.0           TCDL         10.0           BCLL         0.0         *           BCDL         10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	<b>CSI.</b> TC BC WB Matrix	0.70 0.94 0.39 x-S	DEFL.         0.2           Vert(LL)         -0.2           Vert(CT)         -0.4           Horz(CT)         0.0           Attic         -0.2	n (loc) 8 15-17 1 15-17 8 10 0 14-15	l/defl >999 >999 n/a 543	L/d 240 180 n/a 360	PLATES MT20 Weight: 247 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x6 SP 14-15: WEBS 2x4 SP	P No.2 No.2 *Except* 2x8 SP No.2 P No.3			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS JOINTS	Structu Rigid c 2-2-0 c 1 Row 1 Brac This tru the roc	ural wood s ceiling direc oc bracing: at midpt e at Jt(s): 1 uss require om area.	heathing dire ttly applied or 12-14. 5- 8 s both edges	ctly applied or 2-6-9 c 10-0-0 oc bracing, E 18, 7-18 of the bottom chord b	oc purlins. Except: be sheathed in
REACTIONS. (Ib/size Max H Max U Max G	a) 2=1556/0-3-8, 10=1556/0-3-8 orz 2=-160(LC 17) plift 2=-165(LC 12), 10=-165(LC 13) rav 2=1641(LC 2), 10=1641(LC 2)								
FORCES. (lb) - Max. TOP CHORD 2-3=- 9-10=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) c 3118/302, 3-5=-2902/284, 5-6=-440/86 3108/309	r less except , 6-7=-440/86	when shown. 5, 7-9=-2834/248,						
BOT CHORD 2-17= WEBS 7-12= 7-18=	=-343/2730, 15-17=-66/2269, 14-15=-6 =-199/766, 9-12=-429/256, 5-17=-211/7 =-1963/236, 5-15=-158/650, 7-14=-246	6/2269, 12-14 61, 3-17=-40 679	<b>!=-66/2269, 10-12</b> 3/242, 5-18 <b>=</b> -1963	=-190/2723 3/236,					
NOTES- 1) Unbalanced roof live 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 21-10-13 DOI = 1.60	e loads have been considered for this d /ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0 to 37-4-8 zone;C-C for members and fo	esign. Imph; TCDL= 10-8 to 2-9-5 Irces & MWF	6.0psf; BCDL=6.0 6, Interior(1) 2-9-5 RS for reactions s	0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II to 18-3-0, Exterior hown; Lumber DO	; Exp B; E (2) 18-3-0 L=1.60 pl	Enclosed; ) to 21-10-1 ate grip	13,	NINITAL PARTY	CARO

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 5-18, 7-18
- 6) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (0.0 psf) applied only to room. 14-15
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 10=165.
- 8) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 9) ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.







BOT CHORD

except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-10-6.

2x4 SP No.3

(lb) -Max Horz 1=208(LC 12)

2-7=-361/266

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=-220(LC 12)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 6=431(LC 19), 7=503(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# WEBS NOTES-

WEBS

OTHERS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-4-13, Interior(1) 3-4-13 to 8-11-14, Exterior(2) 8-11-14 to
- 11-11-14, Interior(1) 11-11-14 to 12-8-10 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 7=220.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MILER KETEKERICE FAGE MILETATION, INVERTIGATION AND INCLUDED MILER KETEKERICE FAGE MILETATION, INVERTIGATION DELICATE COLLEGATION AND INCLUDED MILER KETEKERICE FAGE MILETATION, INVERTIGATION DELICATE COLLEGATION AND INCLUDED MILER KETEKERICE FAGE MILETATION DELICATE COLLEGATION AND INVERTIGATION AND INVERTICALIA AND fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qua Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-7-15.

(lb) -Max Horz 1=170(LC 12)

2-7=-312/231

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=-189(LC 12)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 6=431(LC 19), 7=401(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

# WEBS NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-7-15, Interior(1) 3-7-15 to 7-9-7, Exterior(2) 7-9-7 to 10-9-7, Interior(1) 10-9-7 to 11-6-3 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 7=189.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON TIPS ON TIPS AND INCLODED MITER REPRETENCE PAGE MIT-1473 TeV. 1003/2016 Sec. 1005/2016 Design valid for use only with MITER & connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general quidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-98 and BCSI Building Component** fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Qua** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-4-13, Interior(1) 3-4-13 to 6-7-1, Exterior(2) 6-7-1 to 9-7-1, Interior(1) 9-7-1 to 10-3-13 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 7=170.







Max Grav 1=203(LC 20), 4=182(LC 20), 5=386(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 2-5=-263/77

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-4-13, Interior(1) 3-4-13 to 5-4-10, Exterior(2) 5-4-10 to 8-4-10, Interior(1) 8-4-10 to 9-1-6 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

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4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 4, 5.







1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-4-13, Interior(1) 3-4-13 to 4-2-4, Exterior(2) 4-2-4 to 7-2-4, Interior(1) 7-2-4 to 7-11-0 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 4 except (jt=lb) 5=183.







TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=207/5-11-2, 3=207/5-11-2 Max Horz 1=-53(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-20(LC 12), 3=-20(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

#### NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-11-11 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.





Plate Offsets (X,Y)	- [2:0-2-0,Edge]										
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TF	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES 212014	<b>CSI.</b> TC BC WB Matrix	0.03 0.09 0.00 (-P	<b>DEFL.</b> Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in n/a n/a 0.00	(loc) - - 3	l/defl n/a n/a n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 11 lb	<b>GRIP</b> 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4	SP No.2				BRACING- TOP CHOR	D	Structur	ral wood s	sheathing dir	ectly applied or 3-6-1	4 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=111/3-6-5, 3=111/3-6-5 Max Horz 1=29(LC 11) Max Uplift 1=-10(LC 12), 3=-10(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

## NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.





