

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 20900A 238.2338.D.10x10cvp

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by 84 Components - #2383.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I37233079 thru I37233121

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2019.

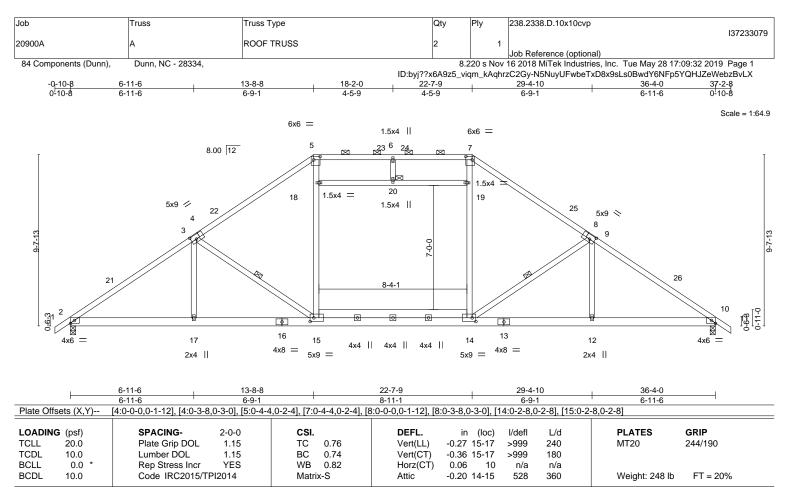
North Carolina COA: C-0844



May 29,2019

Sevier, Scott

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.



LUMBER-		BRACING-	
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-2-7 oc purlins, except
BOT CHORD	2x6 SP No.2		2-0-0 oc purlins (3-2-15 max.): 5-7.
WEBS	2x4 SP No.3 *Except*	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
	18-19: 2x4 SP No.2	WEBS	1 Row at midpt 3-15, 9-14
		JOINTS	1 Brace at Jt(s): 20

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1546/0-3-8, 10=1546/0-3-8 Max Horz 2=241(LC 11) Max Uplift 2=-123(LC 12), 10=-123(LC 13) Max Grav 2=1615(LC 2), 10=1615(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2464/245, 3-5=-2051/280, 5-6=-1692/276, 6-7=-1692/276, 7-9=-2051/280, 9-10=-2463/245

9-10=-2463/245

 BOT CHORD
 2-17=-178/2055, 15-17=-178/2055, 14-15=0/1625, 12-14=-103/1946, 10-12=-103/1946

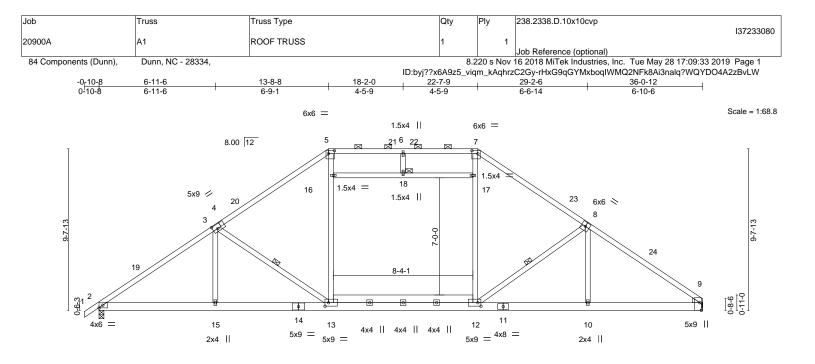
 WEBS
 3-17=-8/306, 3-15=-580/292, 15-18=-18/703, 5-18=-6/755, 14-19=-18/703, 7-19=-6/755, 9-14=-579/292, 9-12=-9/306

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-9-2, Interior(1) 2-9-2 to 13-8-8, Exterior(2) 13-8-8 to 18-10-2, Interior(1) 18-10-2 to 22-7-9, Exterior(2) 22-7-9 to 27-9-3, Interior(1) 27-9-3 to 37-2-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Ceiling dead load (5.0 psf) on member(s). 18-20, 19-20
- 7) Bottom chord live load (40.0 psf) and additional bottom chord dead load (0.0 psf) applied only to room. 14-15
- 8) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
 ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.



ENGINEERING BY EREENCO A MITek Affiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



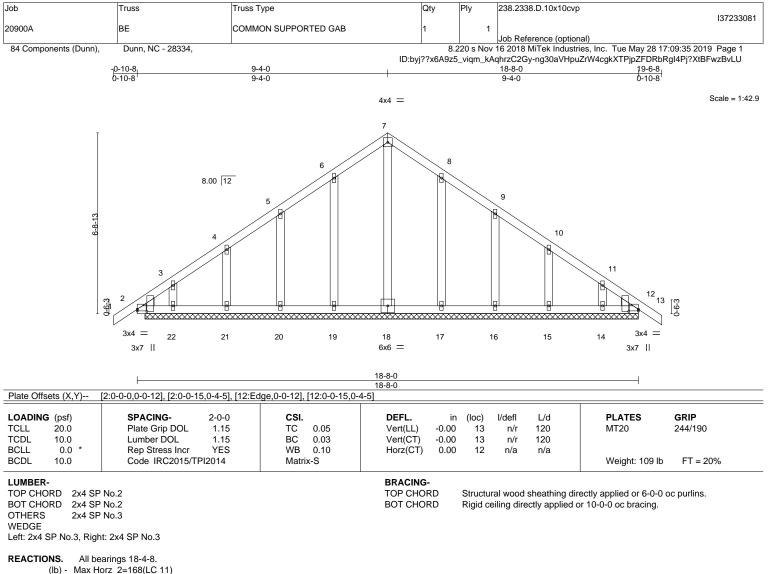
—	6-11-6	3-8-8	22-7-9	29-2-6	36-0-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	6-11-6 [4:0-0-0,0-1-12], [4:0-3-8,0-3-0], [5:	3-9-1 -4-4.0-2-4], [7:0-4-4.0-2-4], [8-11-1 [9:0-5-8.Edge], [9:0-1-6.0	<u>6-6-14</u> -5-8]. [9:0-0-11.0-1-0]. [12:0-:	6-10-6 2-4.0-2-8], [13:0-2-8.0-2	-81
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0			n (loc) l/defl L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.81		7 13-15 >999 240	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	BC 0.76 WB 0.83	Vert(CT) -0.3 Horz(CT) 0.0	6 13-15 >999 180 6 9 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S		0 12-13 528 360	Weight: 246 lb	FT = 20%
			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS JOINTS	Structural wood sheathing 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-2-15 ma Rigid ceiling directly applied 1 Row at midpt 1 Brace at Jt(s): 18	x.): 5-7.	
Right: 2x4 SP No.3			001110			
Max H Max U	e) 2=1539/0-3-8, 9=1477/Mechar orz 2=237(LC 9) plift 2=-123(LC 12), 9=-99(LC 13) rav 2=1607(LC 2), 9=1558(LC 2)	al				
TOP CHORD 2-3=-	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (l 2453/246, 3-5=-2033/278, 5-6=-16 2413/241					
BOT CHORD 2-15= WEBS 3-15=	=-186/2041, 13-15=-186/2041, 12-1 =-6/312, 3-13=-584/291, 13-16=-16 =-12/752, 8-12=-541/291, 8-10=-8/2	93, 5-16=-6/746, 12-17=-23				
NOTES-						
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 18-9-11 tt for reactions shown; 3) Provide adequate dr 4) This truss has been will fit between the b 6) Ceiling dead load (5 7) Bottom chord live loa 8) Refer to girder(s) for 9) Provide mechanical 10) One RT7A USP co 	e loads have been considered for th 'ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd= gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 22-7-9, Exterior(2) 22-7-9 to 27-8- Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL= ainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom cho n designed for a live load of 20.0ps ottom chord and any other member 0.0 psf) on member(s). 16-18, 17-18 ad (40.0 psf) and additional bottom truss to truss connections. connection (by others) of truss to b nnectors recommended to connect consider lateral forces.	03mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCD -0-10-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) 2, Interior(1) 27-8-12 to 36-0 1.60 I live load nonconcurrent wit on the bottom chord in all ar hord dead load (0.0 psf) app aring plate capable of withst) 2-8-12 to 13-8-8, Exteri -0 zone;C-C for membe th any other live loads. eas where a rectangle 3 blied only to room. 12-13 anding 100 lb uplift at jo UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This c	or(2) 13-8-8 to 18-9-11, rs and forces & MWFRS -6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide nt(s) 9.		SEAL 044925

11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 12) ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSUTPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

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Max Horz 2=168(LC 11)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 9-4-0, Corner(3) 9-4-0 to 12-4-0, Exterior(2) 12-4-0 to 19-6-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12.

9) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

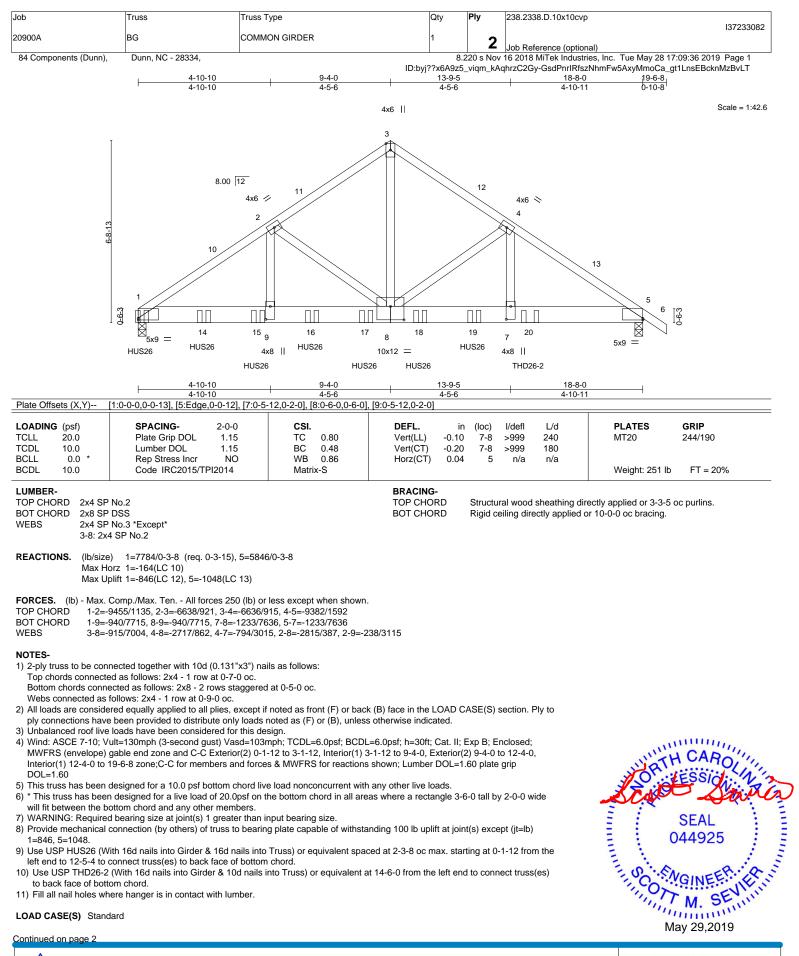


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A MiTek Affiliate 818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932

¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	238.2338.D.10x10cvp
					137233082
20900A	BG	COMMON GIRDER	1	2	
				_	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.2	20 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 28 17:09:36 2019 Page 2
		ID:byj	??x6A9z5_	_viqm_kAq	hrzC2Gy-GsdPnrIRfszNhmFw5AxyMmoCa_gt1LnsEBcknMzBvLT

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

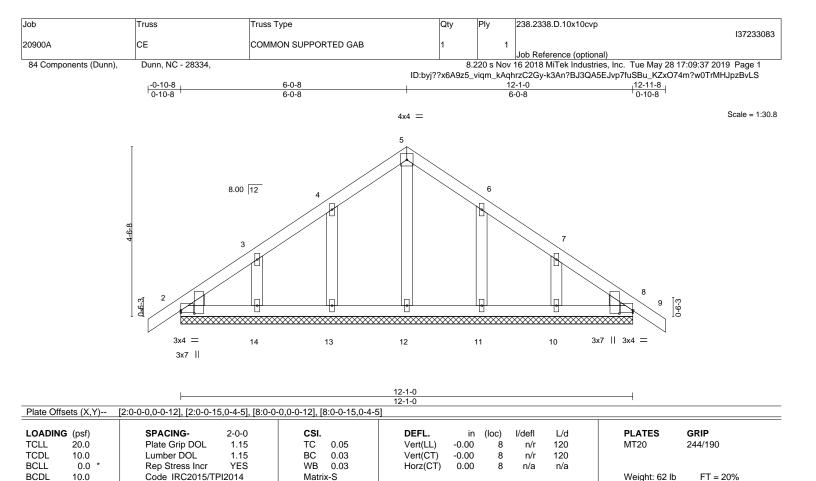
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-6=-60, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 1=-1464(B) 14=-1413(B) 15=-1413(B) 16=-1413(B) 17=-1413(B) 18=-1413(B) 19=-1413(B) 20=-2156(B)





BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

(lb) - Max Horz 2=114(LC 11) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 14, 11, 10

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-0-8, Exterior(2) 2-0-8 to 6-0-8, Corner(3) 6-0-8 to 9-0-8, Exterior(2) 9-0-8 to 12-11-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.



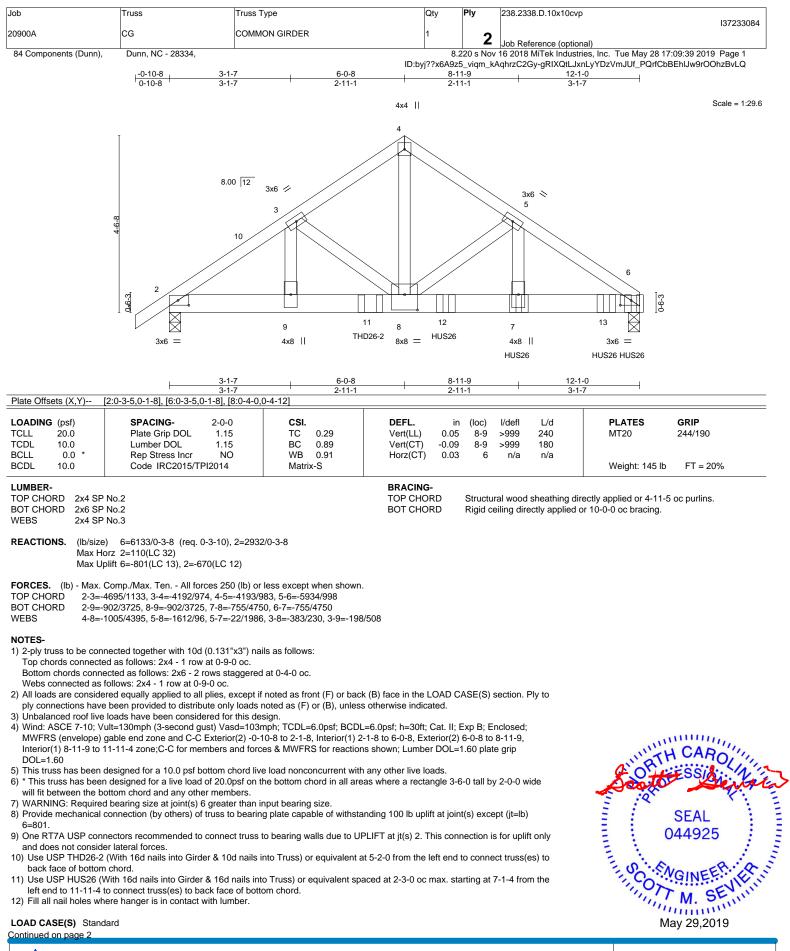
Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



REACTIONS. All bearings 12-1-0.

¹⁾ Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.



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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	238.2338.D.10x10cvp
					137233084
20900A	CG	COMMON GIRDER	1	2	
				_	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.	220 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 28 17:09:39 2019 Page 2

ID:byj??x6A9z5_viqm_kAqhrzC2Gy-gRIXQtLJxnLyYDzVmJUf_PQrfCbBEhlJw9rOOhzBvLQ

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

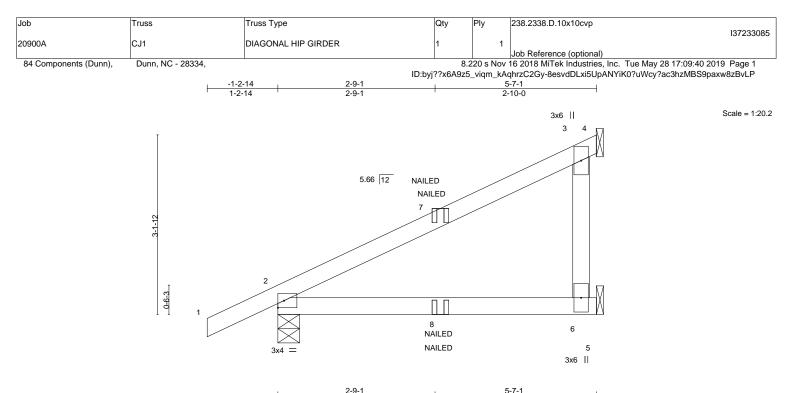
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-6=-60, 2-6=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 6=-1422(B) 7=-1413(B) 11=-2396(B) 12=-1413(B) 13=-1416(B)





					2-9-1				2-10-0			
	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.35	Vert(LL)	-0.04	2-6	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.36	Vert(CT)	-0.08	2-6	>747	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	4	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 23 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-7-1 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

- REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 4=-575/Mechanical, 6=809/Mechanical, 2=279/0-4-9 Max Horz 2=121(LC 12) Max Uplift 4=-598(LC 37), 6=-471(LC 12), 2=-27(LC 12) Max Grav 4=389(LC 12), 6=820(LC 37), 2=279(LC 1)
- FORCES. (lb) Max. Comp./Max. Ten. All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 3-4=-260/299, 3-6=-763/903

NOTES-

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-2-14 to 3-0-1, Exterior(2) 3-0-1 to 5-6-5 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 4=598, 6=471.
- 6) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 2-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

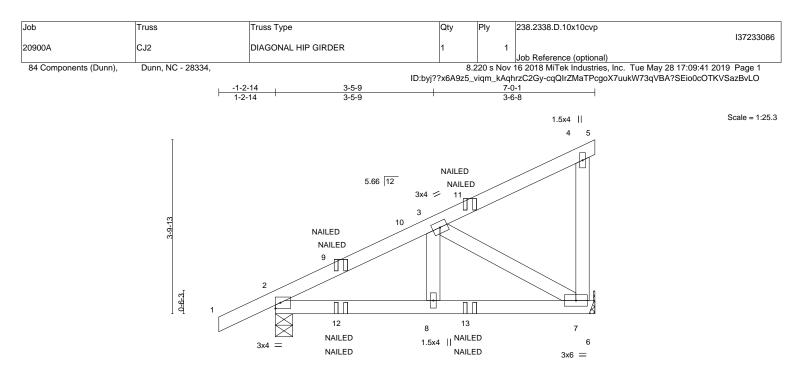
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-60, 2-5=-20







			3-5-9 3-5-9			7-0-1						
LOADING	u /	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.29	Vert(LL)	-0.00	2-8	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.15	Vert(CT)	-0.01	2-8	>999	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.09	Horz(CT)	0.00	7	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TI	PI2014	Matri	k-P						Weight: 36 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 7=263/Mechanical, 2=357/0-4-9 Max Horz 2=147(LC 12) Max Uplift 7=-111(LC 12), 2=-63(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-431/50

BOT CHORD 2-8=-184/279, 7-8=-184/279

WEBS 3-7=-320/211

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-2-14 to 3-0-1, Exterior(2) 3-0-1 to 7-0-1 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 7=111.

6) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 2-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.

7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

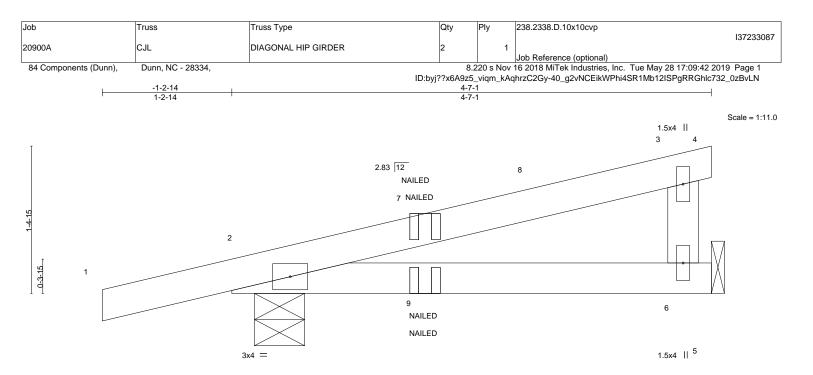
Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-4=-60, 4-5=-20, 2-6=-20



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ERENCO A MITek Attiliate 818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



	0-2-10 0-2-10		<u>4-7-1</u> <u>4-4-7</u>	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO	CSI. TC 0.51 BC 0.66 WB 0.00	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d PLATES Vert(LL) -0.02 2-6 >999 240 MT20 Vert(CT) -0.03 2-6 >999 180 Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P	Weight: 17 lb	FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-	

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-7-1 oc purlins, except end verticals. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. 6=158/Mechanical, 2=268/0-5-12 (lb/size) Max Horz 2=56(LC 8) Max Uplift 6=-41(LC 12), 2=-107(LC 8)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-2-14 to 3-0-1, Exterior(2) 3-0-1 to 4-7-1 zone; C-C for members and forces
- & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 7) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 2-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.
- 8) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

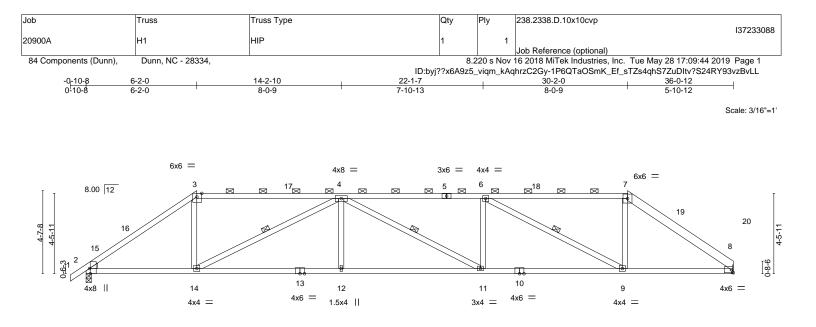
LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-4=-20, 2-5=-20







1	6-2-0	14-2-10	22-1-7	30-2-0	36-0-12
	6-2-0	8-0-9	7-10-13	8-0-9	5-10-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-8,Edge], [2:0-1-9,0-5-13]	, [2:0-0-12,0-1-3], [3:0-3-5,Edge]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.1 Lumber DOL 1.1 Rep Stress Incr YE Code IRC2015/TPI2014	5 TC 0.84 5 BC 0.92 S WB 0.69	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.22 1 Vert(CT) -0.47 1 Horz(CT) 0.15 1		PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 182 lb FT = 20%
			BOT CHORD	2-0-0 oc purlins (2-11-7 max.): : Rigid ceiling directly applied or :	
Max H	e) 8=1433/Mechanical, 2=149 orz 2=109(LC 11) plift 8=-146(LC 8), 2=-149(LC 9				
TOP CHORD 2-3=- BOT CHORD 2-14=	2241/302, 3-4=-1725/298, 4-6= =-270/1752, 12-14=-483/3027,	50 (lb) or less except when showr -3013/471, 6-7=-1758/307, 7-8=- I1-12=-483/3027, 9-11=-450/301; =0/325, 6-11=0/323, 6-9=-1469/3	2195/309 3, 8-9=-171/1729		
 Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 11-3-4 to reactions shown; Lu Provide adequate dr This truss has been * This truss has been 	gable end zone and C-C Exteri 30-2-0, Exterior(2) 30-2-0 to 35 mber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL ainage to prevent water pondin designed for a 10.0 psf bottom	asd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCD or(2) -0-10-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) -3-4, Interior(1) 35-3-4 to 36-0-0 z =1.60 g. chord live load nonconcurrent wit 0psf on the bottom chord in all ar) 2-8-12 to 6-2-0, Exterior(2 zone;C-C for members and th any other live loads.) 6-2-0 to 11-3-4, forces & MWFRS for	OP SESSION A

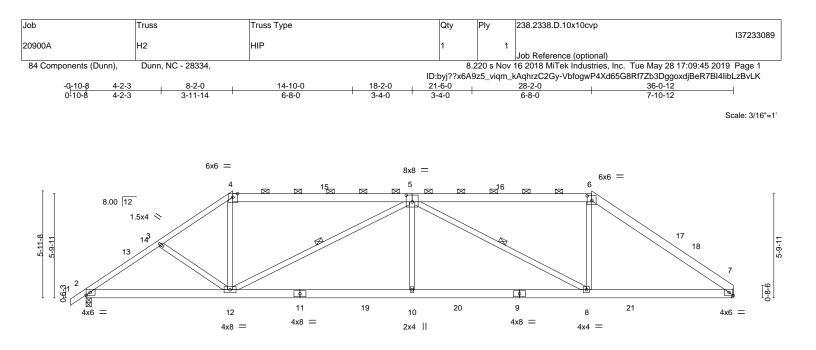
6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=146, 2=149.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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1	8-2-0	18-2-0	28	-2-0	36-0-12	
	8-2-0	10-0-0	10	I-O-O	7-10-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[4:0-3-5,Edge], [5:0-4-0,0-4-8], [6	:0-3-0,0-3-6]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.63 BC 0.59 WB 0.72 Matrix-S	DEFL. in (loc Vert(LL) -0.12 10-1: Vert(CT) -0.26 10-1: Horz(CT) 0.08	2 >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/19 Weight: 232 lb FT =	
	No.2 *Except* 4 SP No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD Strue exce	0	rectly applied or 3-8-14 oc purlir	IS,
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP WEBS 2x4 SP REACTIONS. (lb/size	No.3	/0-3-8	2-0-0 BOT CHORD Rigid	o oc purlins (4-8-13 max) d ceiling directly applied	,	

Max Horz 2=141(LC 11) Max Uplift 7=-99(LC 8), 2=-103(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2230/328, 3-4=-2065/312, 4-5=-1674/298, 5-6=-1716/314, 6-7=-2183/303

BOT CHORD 2-12=-261/1756, 10-12=-348/2537, 8-10=-348/2537, 7-8=-136/1697

WEBS 4-12=-25/725, 5-12=-1094/278, 5-10=0/400, 5-8=-1029/280, 6-8=-12/750

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) 2-8-12 to 8-2-0, Exterior(2) 8-2-0 to 13-3-4, Interior(1) 13-3-4 to 28-2-0, Exterior(2) 28-2-0 to 33-3-4, Interior(1) 33-3-4 to 36-0-0 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

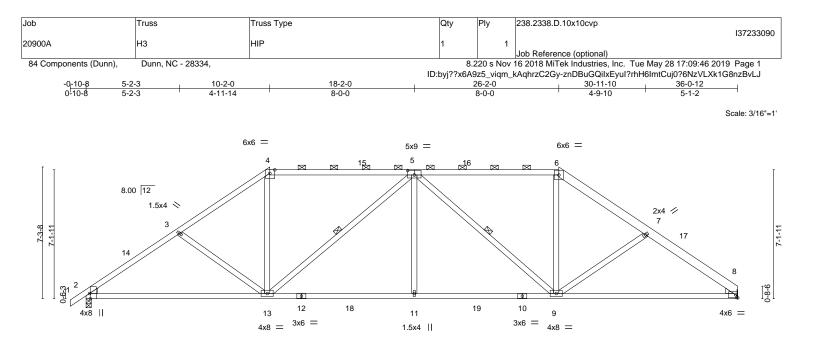
7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7 except (jt=lb) 2=103.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

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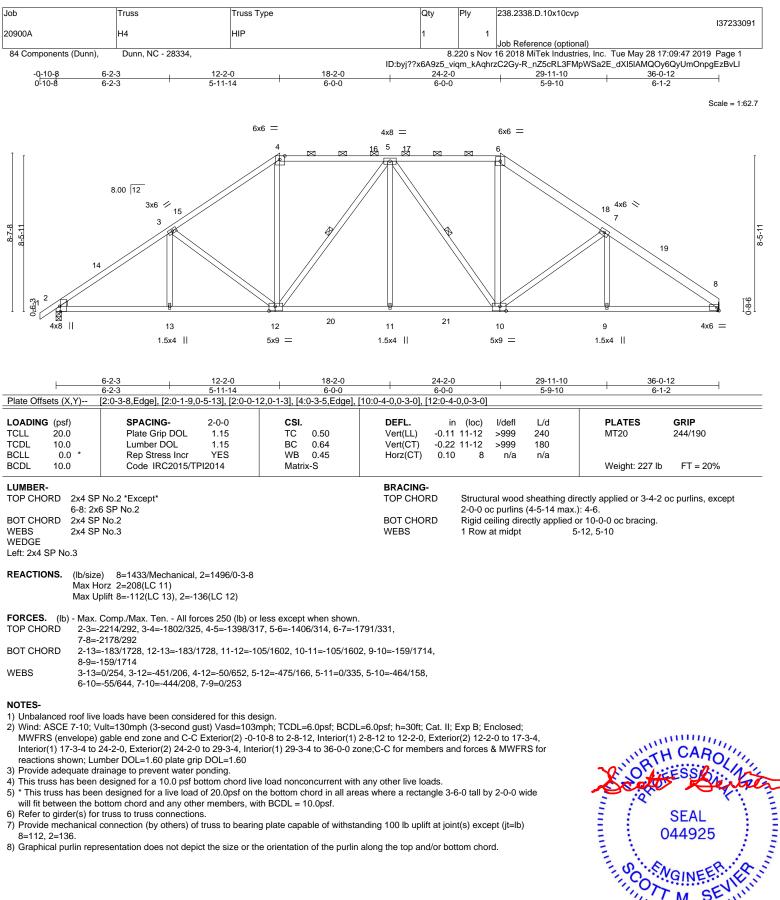
F	<u>5-2-3</u> 5-2-3	10-2-0	<u>18-2-0</u> 8-0-0		<u>26-2-0</u> 8-0-0		<u>36-0-12</u> 9-10-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y	() [2:0-0-12,0-1-	3], [2:0-1-9,0-5-13], [2:0-3	8,Edge], [4:0-3-5,Edge], [[5:0-4-8,0-3-0]				
LOADING(psf)TCLL20.0TCDL10.0BCLL0.0BCDL10.0	* Lumbe Rep St	Grip DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.94 BC 0.81 WB 0.40 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	-0.23 8-9 >9 -0.49 2-13 >8	'defl L/d 999 240 885 180 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 204 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
6 BOT CHORD 2 11 WEBS 2 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 REACTIONS. ((Max Horz 2=175(LC	** 3 1echanical, 2=1496/0-3-8 2 11)		BRACING- TOP CHOR BOT CHOR WEBS	2-0-0 oc p	ourlins (2-2-0 max.): ng directly applied o	ectly applied or 3-6-6 6 4-6. or 10-0-0 oc bracing. -13, 5-9	oc purlins, except
FORCES. (lb) - TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	Max. Comp./Max. 7 2-3=-2151/332, 3-4 7-8=-2137/335 2-13=-230/1700, 1	13), 2=-118(LC 12) -en All forces 250 (lb) or =-1931/312, 4-5=-1531/30 I-13=-207/1962, 9-11=-20 3=-33/703, 5-13=-680/210	4, 5-6=-1546/302, 6-7=-1 7/1962, 8-9=-201/1686	918/319,				
 Wind: ASCE 7- MWFRS (enver Interior(1) 15-3 reactions show Provide adequ This truss has * This truss has * This truss has 6) Refer to girder 	-10; Vult=130mph (lope) gable end zor 3-4 to 26-2-0, Exterior vn; Lumber DOL=1.0 ate drainage to prev been designed for a been designed for the bottom chord a (s) for truss to truss	a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv a live load of 20.0psf on t nd any other members, wi	nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL 10-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) : rior(1) 31-2-2 to 36-0-0 zc e load nonconcurrent with he bottom chord in all are th BCDL = 10.0psf.	2-8-12 to 10-2-0, E one;C-C for memb any other live loa as where a rectan	Exterior(2) 10-2-0 ers and forces & N ds. gle 3-6-0 tall by 2-	to 15-3-4, MWFRS for -0-0 wide	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	SEAL

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

כ Stranger nun, Μ. (IIIIIIII) May 29,2019

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSUTPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

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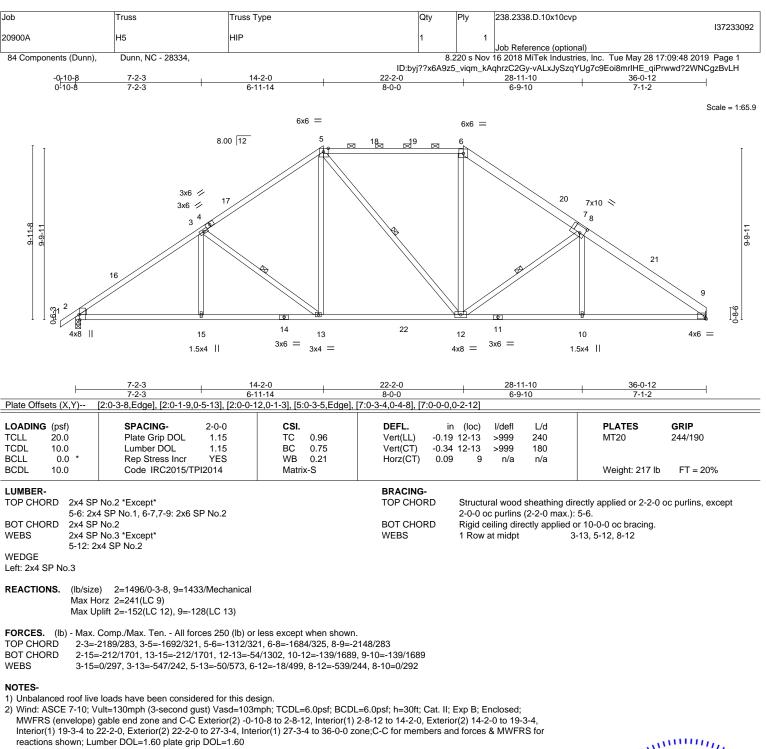


S Μ. (IIIIIIII) May 29,2019



818 Soundside Road

Edenton, NC 27932



- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

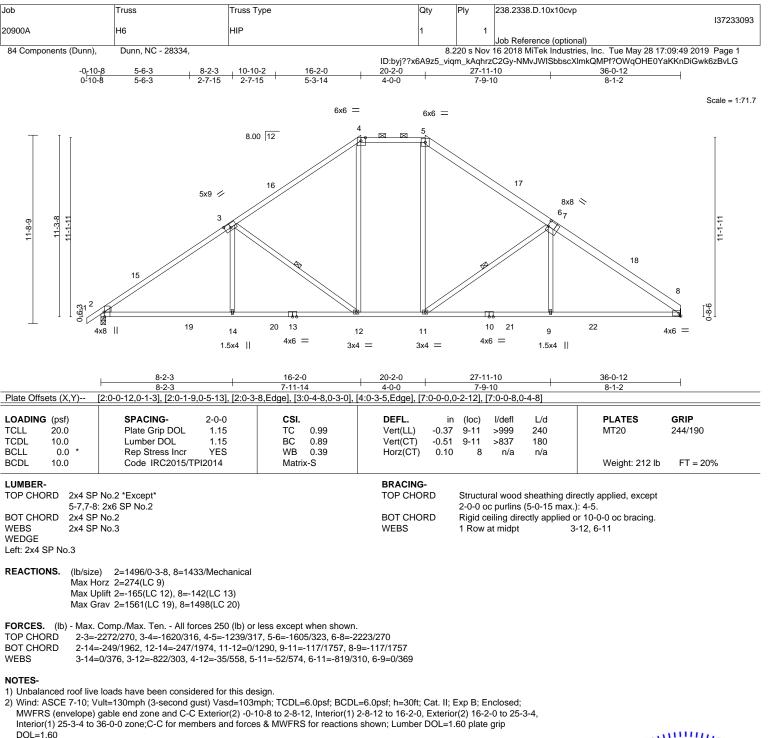
6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=152, 9=128.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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³⁾ Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

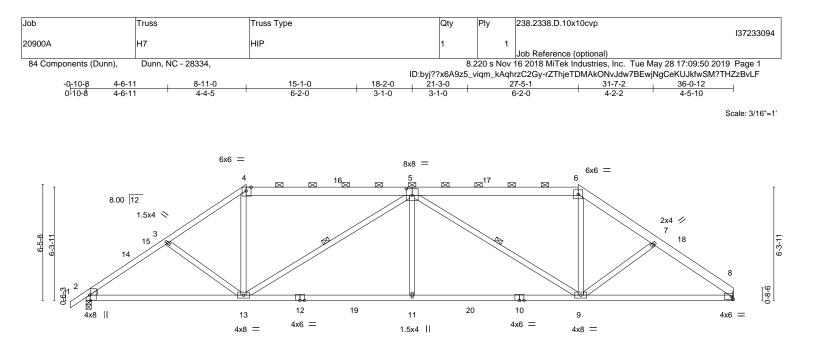
6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=165, 8=142.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







	8-11-0	18-2-0	1	27-5-1	1	36-0-12	
	8-11-0	9-3-0		9-3-0		8-7-11	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-8,Edge], [2:0-1-9,0-5-13], [2:0-0	12,0-1-3], [4:0-3-5,Edge],	[5:0-4-0,0-4-8]				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.53 BC 0.97 WB 0.58 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in (loc) l/defl -0.14 11-13 >999 -0.33 11-13 >999 0.11 8 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 212 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
DODE 10.0		Matrix-0				Weight. 212 lb	11 = 2070
1-4: 2x BOT CHORD 2x4 SF	P No.2 *Except* 44 SP No.2 P No.2 *Except* 2x4 SP No.1 P No.3		BRACING- TOP CHOF BOT CHOF WEBS	2D Structural wood except 2-0-0 oc purlins	s (5-1-0 max.): ectly applied c	ectly applied or 3-7-12 4-6. or 2-2-0 oc bracing. -13, 5-9	oc purlins,
Max L FORCES. (Ib) - Max.	e) 8=1433/Mechanical, 2=1496/0-3-8 lorz 2=154(LC 11) Jplift 8=-81(LC 13), 2=-105(LC 12) . Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) c -2171/328, 3-4=-1996/313, 4-5=-1605/3	r less except when shown.					
BOT CHORD 2-13	-2154/328 =-249/1711, 11-13=-286/2274, 9-11=-2 =-30/711, 5-13=-922/247, 5-11=0/425, 5	,					
 Wind: ASCE 7-10; MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 14-0-3 to reactions shown; Lu Provide adequate d This truss has been * This truss has been 	e loads have been considered for this d /ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=10: gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0 27-5-1, Exterior(2) 27-5-1 to 32-6-4, Int umber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 rainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord li en designed for a live load of 20.0psf on pottom chord and any other members, y	Bmph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL -10-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) erior(1) 32-6-4 to 36-0-0 zo ve load nonconcurrent with the bottom chord in all are	2-8-12 to 8-11-0, one;C-C for memb	Exterior(2) 8-11-0 to 14 bers and forces & MWF ids.	-0-3, RS for	ORTH	CAROLINI,

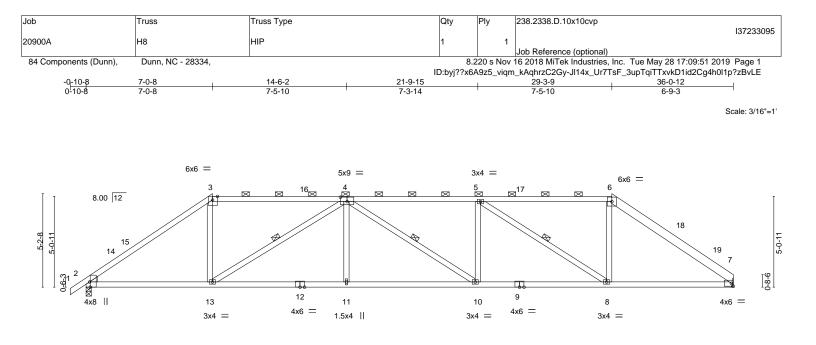
will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8 except (jt=lb) 2=105.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



AMITERATINE RING BY AMITERATINA B18 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



L		4-6-2	21-9-15		29-3-9	36-0-12	
		5-10	7-3-14	1	7-5-10	6-9-3	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-3-8,Edge], [2:0-1-9,0-5-13], [2:0-0	·12,0-1-3], [3:0-3-5,Edge],	[4:0-4-8,0-3-0]				
LOADING(psf)TCLL20.0TCDL10.0BCLL0.0*BCDL10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.90 BC 0.85 WB 0.53 Matrix-S		in (loc) l/de -0.17 10-11 >99 -0.38 10-11 >99 0.13 7 n/	9 240 9 180	PLATES MT20 Weight: 186 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
			BRACING- TOP CHORI BOT CHORI WEBS	2-0-0 oc purl	ins (2-2-0 max.): directly applied o	ectly applied, except 3-6. r 9-2-13 oc bracing. 13, 4-10, 5-8	
Max H Max U FORCES. (Ib) - Max.	e) 7=1433/Mechanical, 2=1496/0-3-8 lorz 2=124(LC 11) lplift 7=-125(LC 8), 2=-129(LC 9) Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) c -2202/300, 3-4=-1689/306, 4-5=-2651/4	r less except when shown					
BOT CHORD 2-13	=-253/1711, 11-13=-402/2664, 10-11=- =-49/807, 4-13=-1221/287, 4-11=0/296	403/2663, 8-10=-368/2651	l, 7-8=-147/1688				
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 12-1-11 tt for reactions shown; 3) Provide adequate di 4) This truss has been 5) * This truss has bee 	e loads have been considered for this d /ult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=100 gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0 o 29-3-9, Exterior(2) 29-3-9 to 34-4-12, ; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.6 rainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord li n designed for a live load of 20.0psf on bottom chord and any other members.	Bmph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDI -10-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) Interior(1) 34-4-12 to 36-0 0 ve load nonconcurrent with	2-8-12 to 7-0-8, Ex -0 zone;C-C for me h any other live load	tterior(2) 7-0-8 to 12 mbers and forces &	-1-11, MWFRS	a ORTH	CARO

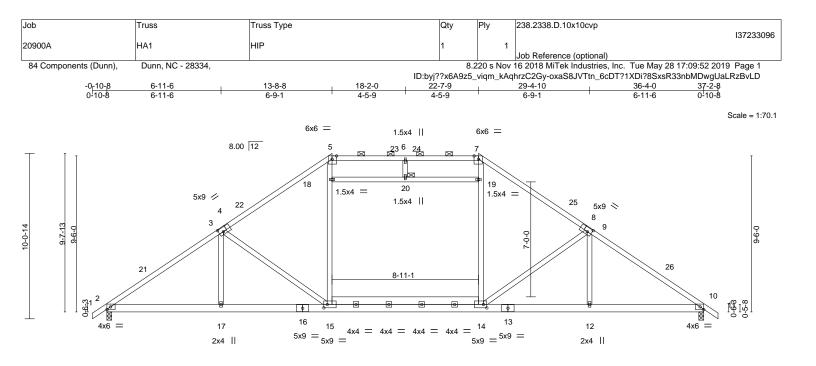
6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 7=125, 2=129.

8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







	6-11-6 6-11-6	+ <u>13-8-8</u> + 6-9-1	22-7-9	29-4-10	<u>36-4-0</u> 6-11-6
Plate Offsets (X,Y)-			-3-5,Edge], [8:0-0-0,0-1-12], [8:0-3		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TF	2-0-0 CSI. 1.15 TC 1.15 BC YES WB PI2014 Matrix	0.71 Vert(CT) -0 0.82 Horz(CT) 0	in (loc) I/defl L/d .29 15-17 >999 240 .37 15-17 >999 180 .05 10 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 249 lb FT = 20%
BOT CHORD 2x6 WEBS 2x4	SP No.2 SP No.2 SP No.3 *Except* I9: 2x4 SP No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD JOINTS	Structural wood sheathing except 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-3-12 ma Rigid ceiling directly applied 1 Brace at Jt(s): 20	
Ma	size) 2=1503/0-3-8, 10=15 x Horz 2=239(LC 11) x Uplift 2=-149(LC 12), 10=- ⁻			. 2.200 2.01(0): 20	

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-2228/290, 3-5=-1773/327, 5-6=-1328/313, 6-7=-1328/313, 7-9=-1773/327,

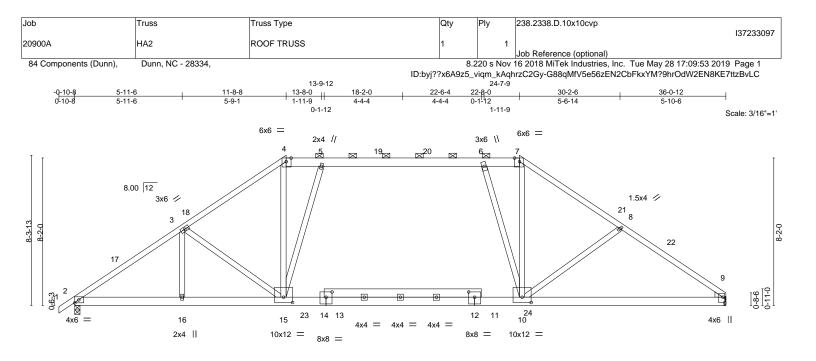
- 9-10=-2227/290 BOT CHORD 2-17=-214/1822, 15-17=-214/1822, 14-15=-15/1402, 12-14=-140/1737, 10-12=-140/1737
- WEBS 3-17=-19/289, 3-15=-571/291, 15-18=-15/581, 5-18=-21/613, 14-19=-15/581,
 - - 7-19=-21/613, 9-14=-571/292, 9-12=-19/288

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-9-2, Interior(1) 2-9-2 to 13-8-8, Exterior(2) 13-8-8 to 18-10-2, Interior(1) 18-10-2 to 22-7-9, Exterior(2) 22-7-9 to 27-9-3, Interior(1) 27-9-3 to 37-2-8 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=149.
- 7) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 8) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

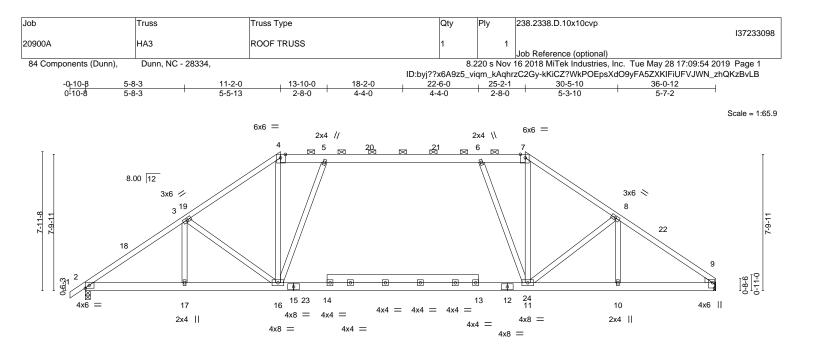


	5-11-6 11-8-8 5-11-6 5-9-1	<u>13-8-0</u> <u>18-2-0</u> <u>1-11-9</u> <u>4-6-0</u>	22-8-0 4-6-0	24-7-9	30-2-6 5-6-14	36-0-12 5-10-6	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[4:0-3-5,Edge], [7:0-3-5,Edge], [9:0-3-10	0,0-1-4], [9:0-1-6,0-5-8], [9:	0-0-11,0-1-0], [10:0-6-0	0,0-3-8], [12:0-4-0,	0-3-8], [13:0-4	-0,0-3-8], [15:0-6-0,0-	-3-8]
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.58 BC 0.81 WB 0.78 Matrix-S	Vert(LL) -0.20	n (loc) l/defl 0 10-15 >999 10-15 >999 6 9 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 249 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
			BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	except 2-0-0 oc purlins	(5-1-15 max.):	ectly applied or 3-4-15 2 4-7. r 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins,
Max H	e) 2=1496/0-3-8, 9=1433/Mechanical lorz 2=201(LC 9) Jplift 2=-133(LC 12), 9=-109(LC 13)						
TOP CHORD 2-3= 7-8= BOT CHORD 2-16 WEBS 3-15	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or -2235/300, 3-4=-1934/316, 4-5=-1541/3 -1931/313, 8-9=-2154/332 =-182/1762, 15-16=-182/1762, 10-15=-1 =-407/218, 4-15=-202/1062, 7-10=-211/ =-729/428	11, 5-6=-1653/349, 6-7=-15 19/1653, 9-10=-192/1687					
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 16-9-11 to for reactions shown 3) Provide adequate d 4) This truss has been 5) * This truss has been will fit between the to 6) Refer to girder(s) for 	e loads have been considered for this de Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0- o 24-7-9, Exterior(2) 24-7-9 to 29-8-12, I ; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.6(rainage to prevent water ponding. designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv en designed for a live load of 20.0psf on bottom chord and any other members, w r truss to truss connections.	mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL= 10-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) 2 nterior(1) 29-8-12 to 36-0-() e load nonconcurrent with the bottom chord in all area ith BCDL = 10.0psf.	2-8-12 to 11-8-8, Exteri o zone;C-C for member any other live loads. as where a rectangle 3-	or(2) 11-8-8 to 16- s and forces & MV 6-0 tall by 2-0-0 w	VFRS ide	Scott	CAROLINI

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=133. 9=109.
- Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
 ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.

) The second s CHINA CONTRACTOR SEAL 044925 S S Μ. 100000 May 29,2019

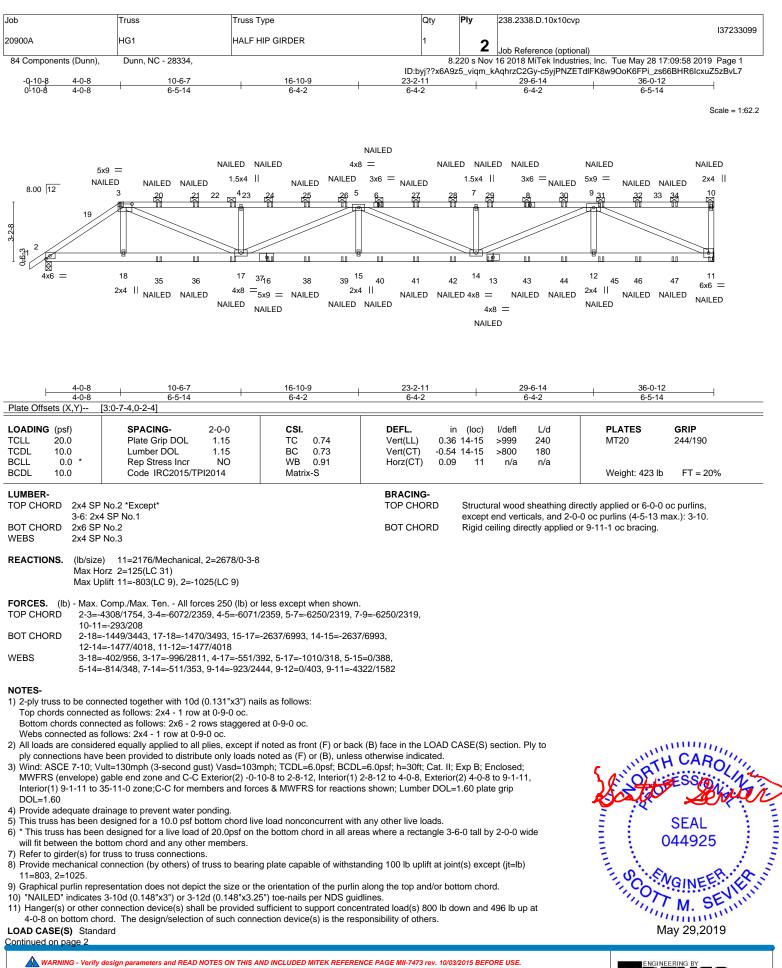




F	<u>5-8-3</u> 5-8-3		11-2-0 5-5-13	<u> 18-2-0</u> 7-0-0	25-2-1		<u>30-5-10</u> 5-3-10	36-0-12	
Plate Offsets (X				,0-1-0], [9:0-1-6,0-5-8], [§			5-5-10	5-7-2	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0) Pla) Lun)* Rep	ACING- te Grip DOL nber DOL o Stress Incr de IRC2015/TP	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES VI2014	CSI. TC 0.59 BC 0.90 WB 0.79 Matrix-S	Vert(LL) -0.21	n (loc) l/defl 11-16 >999 / 11-16 >999 / 11-16 >999 / 9 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 252 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP No.3				BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	except 2-0-0 oc purlins	s (5-1-5 max.):	ectly applied or 3-5-10 4-7. or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	oc purlins,
REACTIONS.	(lb/size) 2=149 Max Horz 2=192 Max Uplift 2=-12	2(LC 9)							
FORCES. (Ib) TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS	2-3=-2236/304, 7-8=-1968/319, 2-17=-194/1756	3-4=-1983/313 8-9=-2194/305 6, 16-17=-194/1	, 4-5=-1582/30 756, 11-16=-15	less except when shown 5, 5-6=-1726/362, 6-7=-1 33/1726, 10-11=-171/170 025, 8-11=-327/215, 5-1	571/302, 7, 9-10=-171/1707				
 Wind: ASCE MWFRS (env Interior(1) 16 for reactions Provide adeq This truss ha * This truss h will fit betwee Refer to girde 	velope) gable end 5-3-3 to 25-2-1, Ex shown; Lumber D quate drainage to us been designed has been designed en the bottom choo er(s) for truss to tr	ch (3-second gu zone and C-C terior(2) 25-2-1 IOL=1.60 plate prevent water p for a 10.0 psf bo d for a live load rd and any othe uss connections	ist) Vasd=103n Exterior(2) -0-1 to 30-5-10, Inte grip DOL=1.60 onding. ottom chord live of 20.0psf on th r members, wit s.	nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDI 0-8 to 2-8-12, Interior(1) erior(1) 30-5-10 to 36-0-0	2-8-12 to 11-2-0, Exteri zone;C-C for members any other live loads. as where a rectangle 3-	or(2) 11-2-0 to 16 and forces & MV 6-0 tall by 2-0-0 v	-3-3, VFRS wide	Current Parts	CAROLINI ESSION SEAL

2=128.9=104. Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
 ATTIC SPACE SHOWN IS DESIGNED AS UNINHABITABLE.





Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss we band/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	238.2338.D.10x10cvp
					137233099
20900A	HG1	HALF HIP GIRDER	1	2	
				_	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.2	220 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 28 17:09:59 2019 Page 2

ID:byj??x6A9z5_vigm_kAghrzC2Gy-4HW5cjasExt6yIVLxVrLndF9jGSLwkgFXGhS5XzBvL6

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

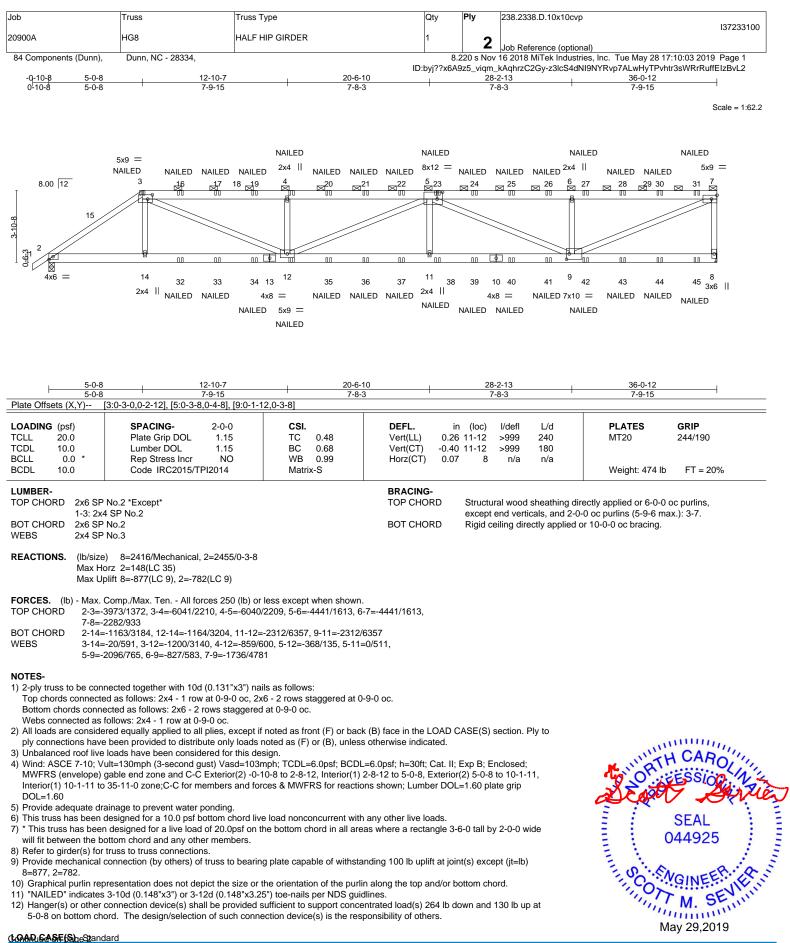
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-10=-60, 2-11=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-47(B) 6=-47(B) 10=-78(B) 11=-29(B) 16=-18(B) 18=-800(B) 8=-47(B) 13=-18(B) 20=-47(B) 21=-47(B) 23=-47(B) 24=-47(B) 25=-47(B) 26=-47(B) 27=-47(B) 28=-47(B) 29=-47(B) 30=-47(B) 30=-47(B) 31=-47(B) 32=-47(B) 35=-18(B) 36=-18(B) 37=-18(B) 38=-18(B) 39=-18(B) 40=-18(B) 41=-18(B) 42=-18(B) 43=-18(B) 44=-18(B) 45=-18(B) 45





WARNING - Verify design parameters and R

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPII Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	238.2338.D.10x10cvp
					137233100
20900A	HG8	HALF HIP GIRDER	1	2	
				2	Job Reference (optional)
84 Components (Dunn),	Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.	220 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 28 17:10:03 2019 Page 2

ID:byj??x6A9z5_viqm_kAqhrzC2Gy-z3lcS4dNI9NYRvp7ALwHyTPvhtr3sWRrRuffEIzBvL2

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

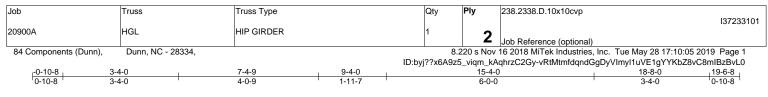
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-7=-60, 2-8=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-79(F) 31=-80(F) 32=-28(F) 4=-79(F) 16=-79(F) 17=-79(F) 19=-79(F) 20=-79(F) 21=-79(F) 22=-79(F) 23=-79(F) 24=-79(F) 25=-79(F) 26=-79(F) 27=-79(F) 28=-79(F) 30=-79(F) 31=-80(F) 32=-28(F) 33=-28(F) 35=-28(F) 35

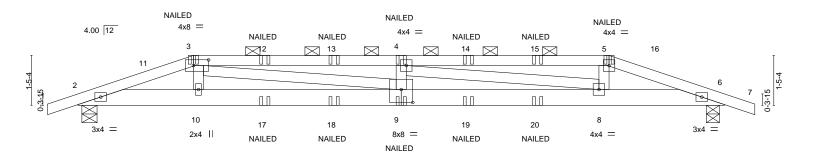




Scale = 1:33.3

May 29,2019

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0-1 <u>-</u> 6 0-1-6	3-4-0 7-4-9 3-2-10 4-0-9	9-4-0	<u>15-4-0</u> 6-0-0	<u>18-6-4</u> 18 ₁ 8-0 3-2-4 0-1-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[3:0-5-4,0-2-0], [9:0-4-0,0-4-8]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrNOCode IRC2015/TPI2014	TC 0.55 V BC 0.55 V	FL. in (loc) l/defl L/d rt(LL) 0.18 9<999	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 189 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SF BOT CHORD 2x6 SF WEBS 2x4 SF	P No.2	тс	ACING- P CHORD Structural wood sheathing d 2-0-0 oc purlins (5-6-2 max.) T CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied	
Max H	e) 2=1054/0-5-4, 6=1051/0-4-8 lorz 2=-24(LC 9) plift 2=-456(LC 8), 6=-454(LC 9)			
TOP CHORD 2-3=- BOT CHORD 2-10=	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 2778/1637, 3-4=-4085/2533, 4-5=-2654, 1504/2605, 9-10=-1532/2648, 8-9=-24 207/374, 3-9=-962/1497, 4-8=-1491/95	1600, 5-6=-2747/1617 74/4085, 6-8=-1492/2579		
Top chords connect Bottom chords conn Webs connected as 2) All loads are conside ply connections hav 3) Unbalanced roof live 4) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 7-6-15 to for reactions shown; 5) Provide adequate di 6) This truss has been 7) * This truss has been 7) * This truss has been 7) * This truss has been 8) One RT7A USP con uplift only and does 9) Graphical purlin repi 10) "NAILED" indicates 11) Hanger(s) or other 3-4-0, and 141 lb conselosition of the responsibility of other		at 0-9-0 oc. noted as front (F) or back (B) factor toted as (F) or (B), unless otherwi- sign. nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; 0-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 3 c; porch left and right exposed;C-C e load nonconcurrent with any oth the bottom chord in all areas where to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at e orientation of the purlin along th 5") toe-nails per NDS guidlines.	e indicated. h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; 4-0, Exterior(2) 3-4-0 to 7-6-15, for members and forces & MWFRS a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide t(s) 2 and 6. This connection is for top and/or bottom chord. wad(s) 141 lb down and 98 lb up at	SEAL 044925
LOAD CASE(S) Stan	dard			May 29 2019

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2

Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	238.2338.D.10x10cvp
				137233101
HGL	HIP GIRDER	1	2	
			_	Job Reference (optional)
Dunn, NC - 28334,		8.	220 s Nov	16 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 28 17:10:05 2019 Page 2
	HGL	HGL HIP GIRDER	HGL HIP GIRDER 1	HGL HIP GIRDER 1 2

ID:byj??x6A9z5_viqm_kAqhrzC2Gy-vRtMtmfdqndGgDyVImyI1uVE1gYYKbZ8vC8mIBzBvL0

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

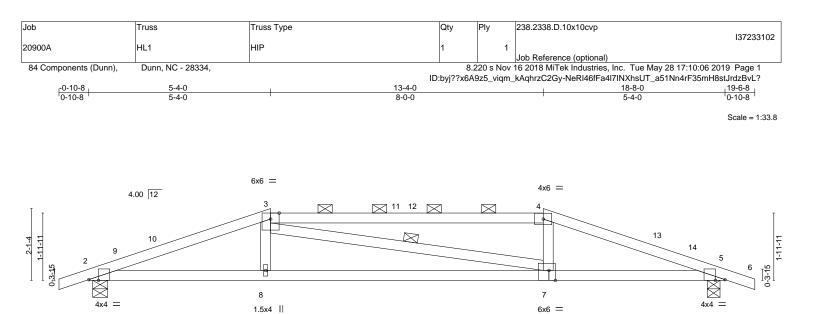
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 5-7=-60, 2-6=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: 3=-25(F) 5=-25(F) 10=-141(F) 9=-11(F) 4=-25(F) 8=-141(F) 12=-25(F) 13=-25(F) 14=-25(F) 15=-25(F) 17=-11(F) 18=-11(F) 19=-11(F) 20=-11(F) 12=-25(F) 12=





0-1 ₇ 6	5-4-0		13-4-0		18-6-4	18-8-0
0-1-6 Plate Offsets (X,Y)	5-2-10 [2:0-3-6,Edge], [5:0-3-6,Edge], [7:0-2-4	.Edael	8-0-0		5-2-4	0-1-12
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.68 BC 0.71 WB 0.12	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) 0.29 Vert(CT) -0.32 Horz(CT) 0.05	2 7-8 >674 180	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S			Weight: 76 lb	FT = 20%
3-4: 2	P No.2 *Except* x4 SP DSS		BRACING- TOP CHORD	except	ng directly applied or 4-0-1	12 oc purlins,
	P No.2 P No.3		BOT CHORD WEBS	2-0-0 oc purlins (4-0-12 Rigid ceiling directly app 1 Row at midpt	max.): 3-4. lied or 4-7-11 oc bracing. 3-7	
	e) 2=796/0-5-4, 5=794/0-4-8 Horz 2=-34(LC 13) Jplift 2=-336(LC 8), 5=-335(LC 9)					

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-1849/1438, 3-4=-1656/1332, 4-5=-1808/1404

BOT CHORD 2-8=-1318/1716, 7-8=-1294/1702, 5-7=-1282/1670

WEBS 3-8=-276/302, 4-7=-290/313

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 5-4-0, Exterior(2) 5-4-0 to 9-6-15, Interior(1) 9-6-15 to 13-4-0, Exterior(2) 13-4-0 to 17-6-15, Interior(1) 17-6-15 to 19-6-8 zone; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

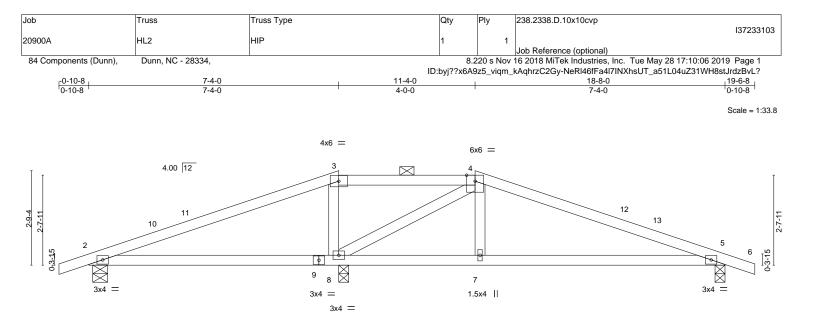
5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 5. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







0-1 <u>-6</u> 7-4-0 0-1-67-2-10		<u>7-5-12 11-4-0</u> 0-1-12 3-10-4			<u>18-8-0</u> 7-4-0				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.79 BC 0.56	DEFL. ir Vert(LL) 0.15 Vert(CT) -0.18	2-8 5-7	l/defl L/d >558 240 >745 180	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190		
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	WB 0.33 Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.01	5	n/a n/a	Weight: 73 lb	FT = 20%		

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-4-5 oc purlins, except 2-0-0 oc purlins (10-0-0 max.): 3-4. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 8=871/0-3-8, 5=461/0-3-8, 2=259/0-5-4 Max Horz 2=45(LC 16) Max Uplift 8=-182(LC 8), 5=-118(LC 9), 2=-150(LC 8) Max Grav 8=871(LC 1), 5=466(LC 24), 2=281(LC 23)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-11/259, 4-5=-530/93

BOT CHORD 7-8=-18/430, 5-7=-14/438

WEBS 3-8=-398/168, 4-8=-701/92

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 7-4-0, Exterior(2) 7-4-0 to 15-6-15, Interior(1) 15-6-15 to 19-6-8 zone; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

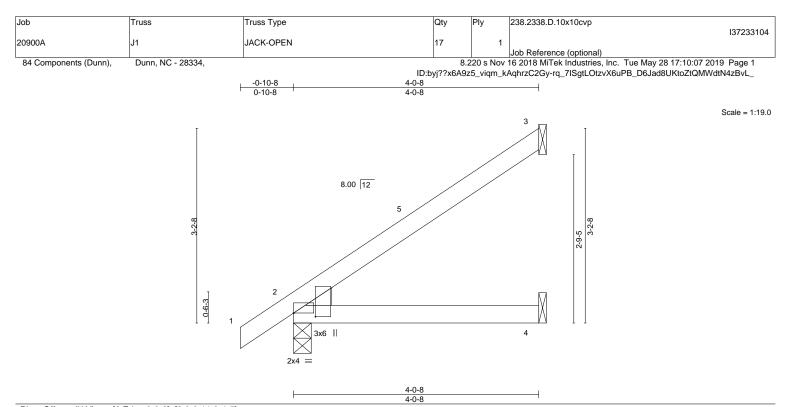
5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 8, 5, and 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

7) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.







LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.26	Vert(LL)	-0.01	2-4	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.18	Vert(CT)	-0.03	2-4	>999	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P						Weight: 16 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-8 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Len. 284 SP N0.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=107/Mechanical, 2=223/0-3-8, 4=38/Mechanical Max Horz 2=123(LC 12) Max Uplift 3=-88(LC 12), 2=-12(LC 12) Max Grav 3=119(LC 19), 2=223(LC 1), 4=77(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

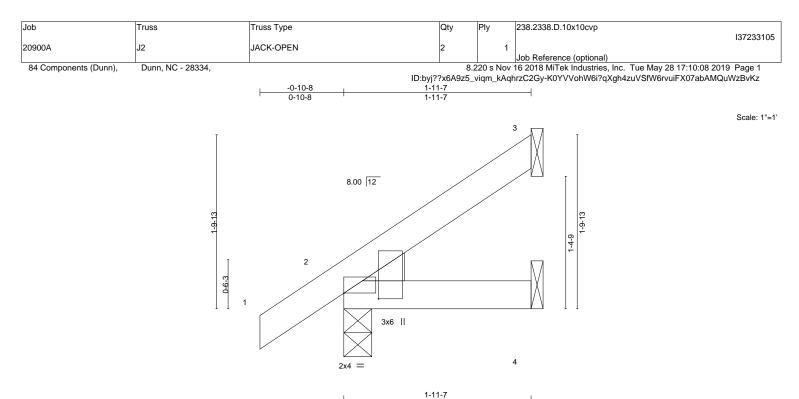
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 3-11-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.







						1-11-7			1			
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[2:Edge,0-0-0], [2:0-0-11	,0-4-5]									
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.07	Vert(LL)	-0.00	2	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.04	Vert(CT)	-0.00	2-4	>999	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 9 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 3=45/Mechanical, 2=144/0-3-8, 4=19/Mechanical Max Horz 2=70(LC 12) Max Uplift 3=-42(LC 12), 2=-17(LC 12) Max Grav 3=52(LC 19), 2=144(LC 1), 4=38(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

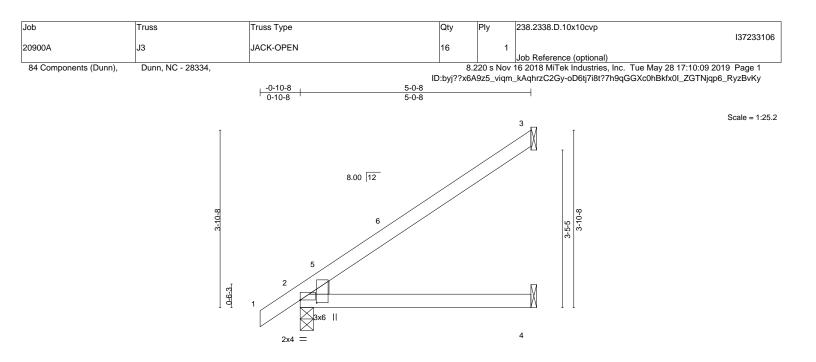
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

WITH THE PARTY OF 44925 //////// May 29,2019

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-11-7 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.





				L		5-0-8						
						5-0-8			1			
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[2:0-0-0,0-0-0], [2:0-0-11	,0-4-5]									
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.43	Vert(LL)	-0.03	2-4	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.29	Vert(CT)	-0.07	2-4	>886	180		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2015/TF	PI2014	Matri	x-P	- (- ,					Weight: 19 lb	FT = 20%

0.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-8 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=139/Mechanical, 2=261/0-3-8, 4=48/Mechanical Max Horz 2=149(LC 12) Max Uplift 3=-111(LC 12), 2=-10(LC 12) Max Grav 3=153(LC 19), 2=261(LC 1), 4=97(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

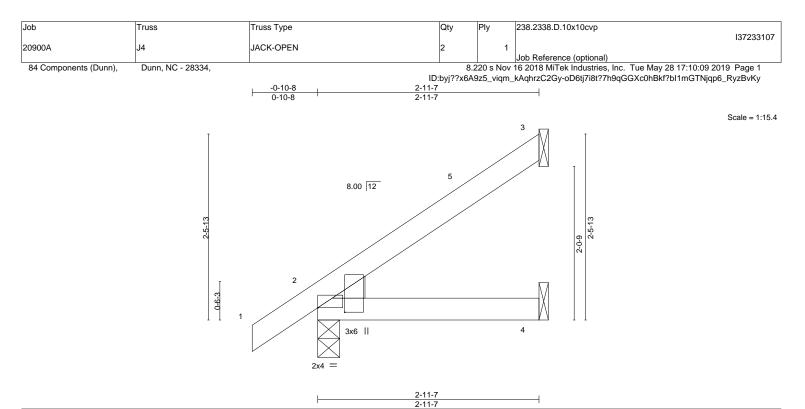
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 4-11-12 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 3=111.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.







OADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.13	Vert(LL) -0.00	2-4	>999	240	MT20	244/190
CDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.08	Vert(CT) -0.01	2-4	>999	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(CT) -0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-P					Weight: 12 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEDGE

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-11-7 oc purlins. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=71/Mechanical, 2=182/0-3-8, 4=27/Mechanical Max Horz 2=95(LC 12) Max Uplift 3=-63(LC 12), 2=-15(LC 12) Max Grav 3=81(LC 19), 2=182(LC 1), 4=55(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 2-10-11 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

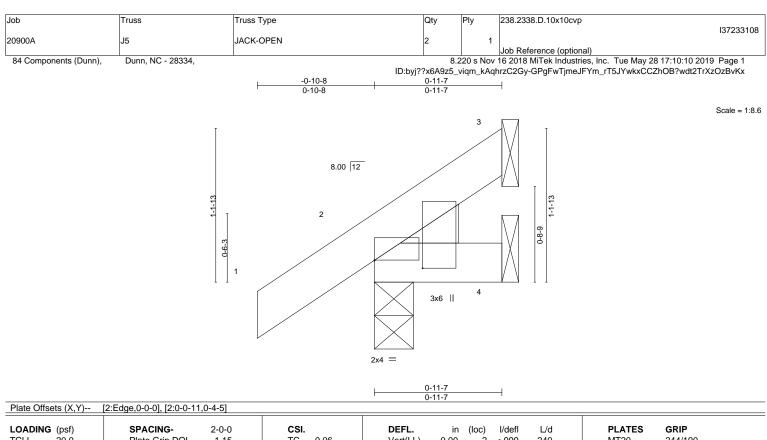
4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON TIPS ON TIPS AND INCLODED MITCR CEPTERNCE PAGE MIT-1473 TeV. 100/32010 SECORE 052. Design valid for use only with MITER (be connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general quidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-98 and BCSI Building Component** fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Qua** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





LOADING(psf)TCLL20.0TCDL10.0BCLL0.0BCDL10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.06 BC 0.01 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.00 2 >999 240 Vert(CT) -0.00 2 >999 180 Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 6 lb FT = 20%
LUMBER-			BRACING-	

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 0-11-7 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 3=0/Mechanical, 2=118/0-3-8, 4=9/Mechanical Max Horz 2=45(LC 12) Max Uplift 3=-14(LC 12), 2=-24(LC 12)

Max Grav 3=8(LC 8), 2=118(LC 1), 4=18(LC 3)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

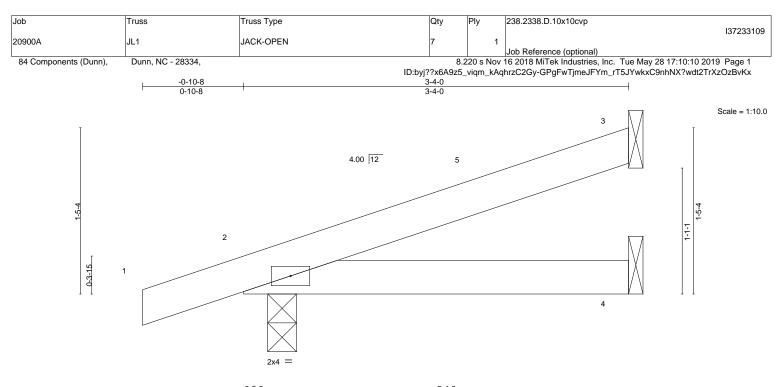
NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;
- MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON TIPS ON TIPS AND INCLODED MITCR CEPTERNCE PAGE MIT-1473 TeV. 100/32010 SECORE 052. Design valid for use only with MITER (be connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general quidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-98 and BCSI Building Component** fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Qua** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





	1	0-2-8	1		1	3-1-8					
LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	тс	0.23	Vert(LL)	-0.01	2-4	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.11	Vert(CT)	-0.01	2-4	>999	180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	Horz(CT)	-0.00	3	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/T	PI2014	Matri	x-P						Weight: 12 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 3=85/Mechanical, 4=31/Mechanical, 2=195/0-3-0 Max Horz 2=57(LC 8) Max Uplift 3=-46(LC 12), 4=-10(LC 8), 2=-91(LC 8) Max Grav 3=85(LC 1), 4=63(LC 3), 2=195(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 3-3-4 zone; porch left and right

exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 4, 2.

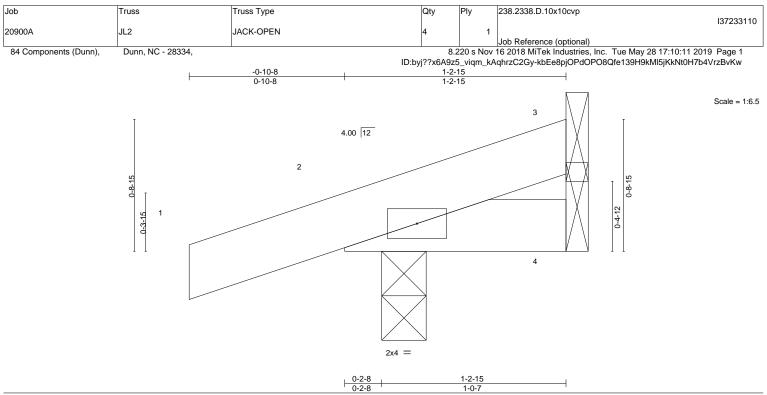


Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-4-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.09	Vert(LL) -0.00	2	>999	240	
TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	BC 0.01 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	Vert(CT) -0.00 Horz(CT) -0.00	3	>999 n/a	180 n/a	Weight: 5 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) 3=16/Mechanical, 4=12/Mechanical, 2=122/0-3-0 Max Horz 2=31(LC 8) Max Uplift 3=-11(LC 12), 4=-4(LC 8), 2=-67(LC 8) Max Grav 3=16(LC 1), 4=24(LC 3), 2=122(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

 Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 3, 4.
- 6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

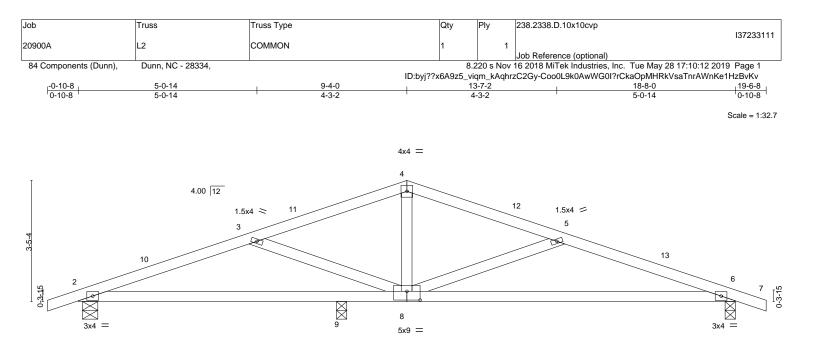


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BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-2-15 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.



0- <u>1-6</u> 0-1-6	<u>7-5-12</u> 7-4-6	9-4-0	12-8-0		<u>18-8-0</u> 6-0-0	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[8:0-4-8,0-3-0]					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.46 BC 0.85 WB 0.21 Matrix-S	Vert(LL) -0.21	oc) I/defl L/d 6-8 >643 240 6-8 >289 180 6 n/a n/a		GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
UMBER- OP CHORD 2x4 SP OT CHORD 2x4 SP VEBS 2x4 SP	No.2			ructural wood sheathing dir gid ceiling directly applied c		oc purlins.
Max H Max U	e) 6=715/0-3-8, 2=679/0-5-4, 9=197/0 orz 2=57(LC 12) plift 6=-130(LC 9), 2=-190(LC 8), 9=-10 rav 6=715(LC 1), 2=679(LC 1), 9=207(l	5(LC 8)				
TOP CHORD 2-3=- BOT CHORD 2-9=-	Comp./Max. Ten All forces 250 (lb) or 1361/259, 3-4=-954/127, 4-5=-956/116, 252/1241, 8-9=-252/1241, 6-8=-207/129)/349, 3-8=-429/233, 5-8=-474/222	5-6=-1396/272				
2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; V MWFRS (envelope) Interior(1) 12-4-0 to plate grip DOL=1.60	e loads have been considered for this de fult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103 gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0- 19-6-8 zone; porch left exposed;C-C for designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord liv	nph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6 10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1- members and forces & MW	-8 to 9-4-0, Exterior(2) 9-4 FRS for reactions shown;	-0 to 12-4-0,		

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

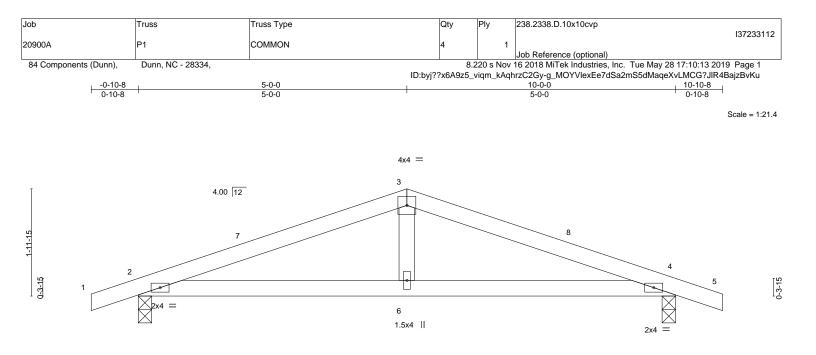
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 9=105.

6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 6 and 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses sand truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





	<u>5-0-0</u> 5-0-0			10-0-0 5-0-0							
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2015/TPI2	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES 014	CSI. TC BC WB Matrix	0.33 0.30 0.09 S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in 0.04 -0.04 0.01	(loc) 4-6 2-6 4	l/defl >999 >999 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 36 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-0-10 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2WEBS2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=450/0-3-0, 4=450/0-3-0 Max Horz 2=-33(LC 13) Max Uplift 2=-185(LC 8), 4=-185(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

 TOP CHORD
 2-3=-705/598, 3-4=-705/594

 BOT CHORD
 2-6=-506/622, 4-6=-506/622

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 5-0-0, Exterior(2) 5-0-0 to 8-0-0, Interior(1) 8-0-0 to 10-10-8 zone; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

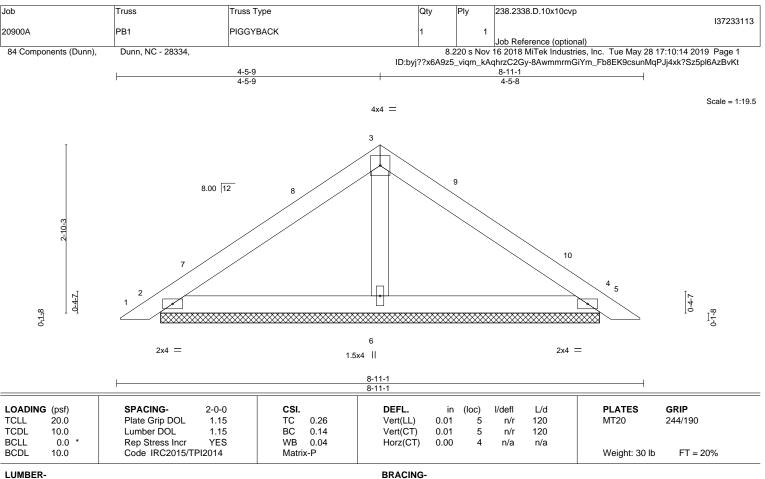
5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=185.

6) One RT7A USP connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.



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TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=188/7-5-3, 4=188/7-5-3, 6=270/7-5-3 Max Horz 2=-68(LC 10)

Max Uplift 2=-46(LC 12), 4=-55(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-3-11 to 3-3-11, Interior(1) 3-3-11 to 4-5-9, Exterior(2) 4-5-9 to 7-5-9, Interior(1) 7-5-9 to 8-7-6 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

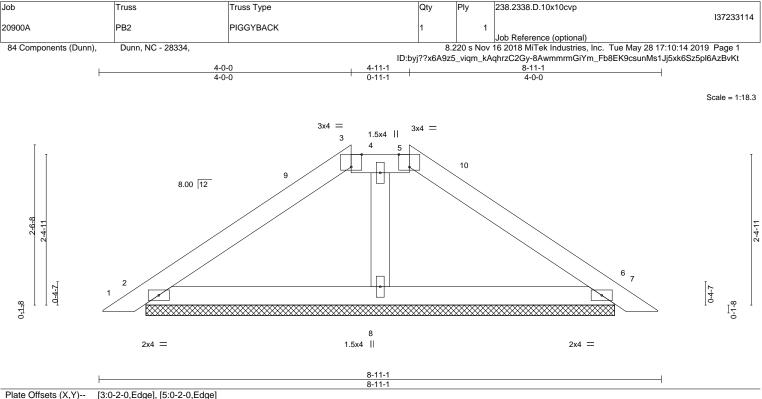
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



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DADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
CLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.15	Vert(LL)	0.00 7	n/r	120	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.14	Vert(CT)	0.01 7	n/r	120		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.03	Horz(CT)	0.00 6	n/a	n/a		
3CDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S					Weight: 29 lb	FT = 20%
UMBER-			BRACING-					
FOP CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2		TOP CHORD	Struct	ural wood	sheathing dir	ectly applied or 6-0-0) oc purlins, except
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2			2-0-0	oc purlins	(6-0-0 max.):	3-5.	

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=193/7-5-3, 6=193/7-5-3, 8=261/7-5-3 Max Horz 2=-59(LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-46(LC 12), 6=-53(LC 13)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

OTHERS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-3-11 to 3-3-11, Interior(1) 3-3-11 to 4-0-0, Exterior(2) 4-0-0 to 8-7-6 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

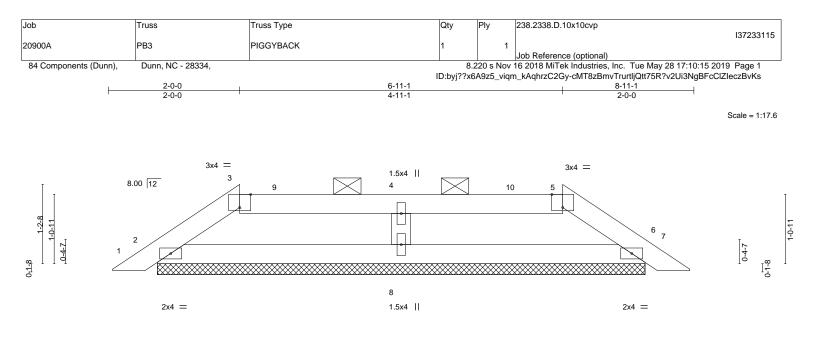
2x4 SP No.3

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6.
- See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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H			8-11-1 8-11-1				
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [3:0-2-0,Edge], [5:0-2-0,Edge]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.11 BC 0.14 WB 0.04 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) 0.1 Vert(CT) 0.1 Horz(CT) 0.1		l/defl L/d n/r 120 n/r 120 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 26 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP OTHERS 2x4 SP	No.2		BRACING- TOP CHORD BOT CHORD	2-0-0 o	ral wood sheathing dire c purlins (6-0-0 max.): : eiling directly applied o	3-5.) oc purlins, except

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=184/7-5-3, 6=184/7-5-3, 8=279/7-5-3 Max Horz 2=-26(LC 10) Max Uplift 2=-30(LC 12), 6=-30(LC 13), 8=-31(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-3-11 to 6-2-15, Interior(1) 6-2-15 to 6-11-1, Exterior(2) 6-11-1 to 8-7-6 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6, 8.

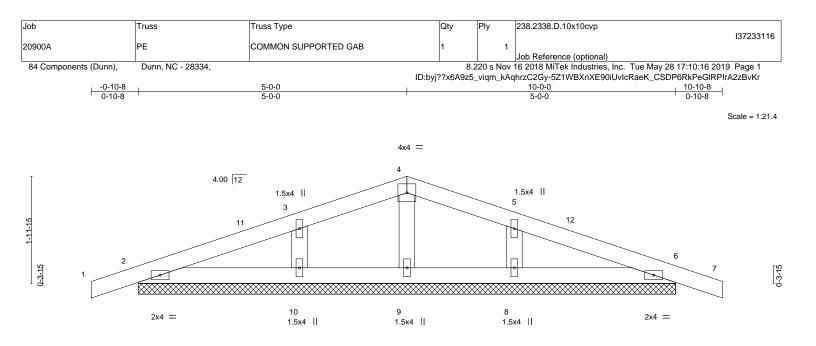
 See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.

9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



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	<u> </u>									
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP			
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.10	Vert(LL) (0.00 7	n/r	120	MT20 244/190			
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.06	Vert(CT) (0.00 7	n/r	120				
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.05	Horz(CT) (0.00 6	n/a	n/a				
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-S	. ,				Weight: 38 lb FT = 20%			
LUMBER-			BRACING-							

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 10-0-0. Max Horz 2=-33(LC 13) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 10, 8

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 6, 9, 10, 8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed;

MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Exterior(2) 2-1-8 to 5-0-0, Corner(3) 5-0-0 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2) 8-0-0 to 10-10-8 zone; porch left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

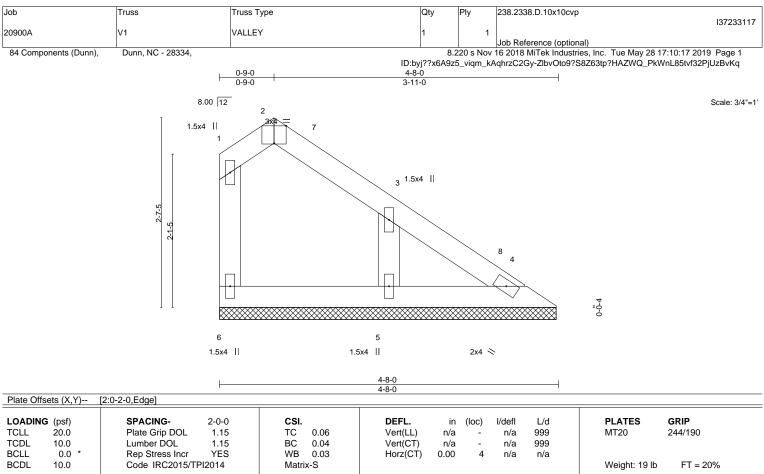
* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide 7) will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 6, 10, 8.
- 9) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.



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LUMBER-			BRACING-		
TOP CHORD	2x4 SP	No.2	TOP CHORD	Structural wood sheathing dire	ectly applied or 4-8-0 oc purlins,
BOT CHORD	2x4 SP	No.2		except end verticals.	
WEBS	2x4 SP	No.3	BOT CHORD	Rigid ceiling directly applied c	r 10-0-0 oc bracing.
OTHERS	2x4 SP	No.3			

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 6=77/4-7-10, 4=61/4-7-10, 5=185/4-7-10 Max Horz 6=-80(LC 13) Max Uplift 6=-11(LC 13), 5=-65(LC 13) Max Grav 6=77(LC 1), 4=61(LC 1), 5=196(LC 20)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-12 to 3-9-0, Interior(1) 3-9-0 to 4-2-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

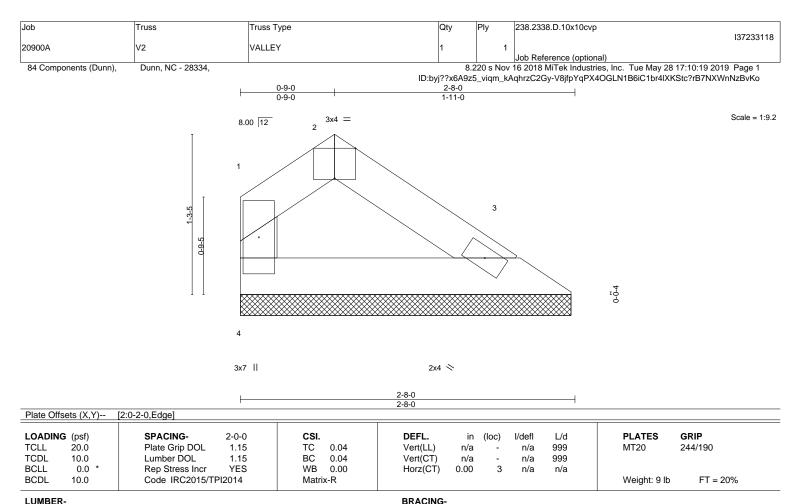
5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 6, 5.



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TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-8-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=82/2-7-10, 3=82/2-7-10 Max Horz 4=-28(LC 13)

Max Uplift 4=-12(LC 13), 3=-8(LC 13)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide

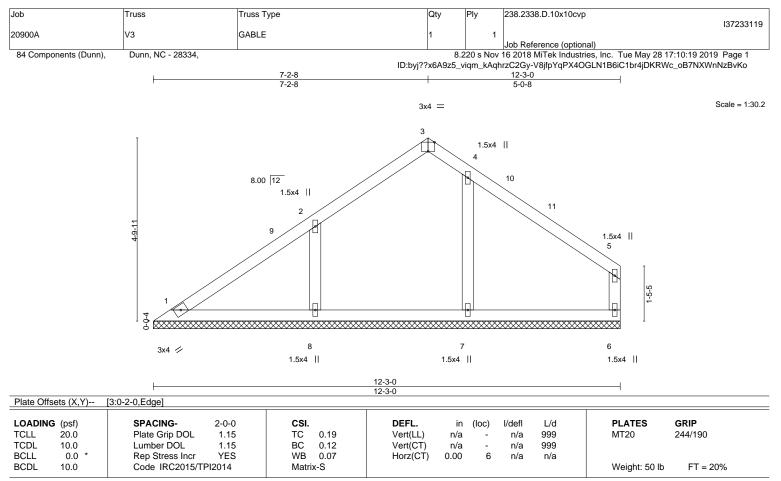
will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4, 3.



🙏 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only design parameters and READ NOTES ON TIPS ON TIPS AND INCLODED MITCR CEPTERNCE PAGE MIT-1473 TeV. 100/32010 SECORE 052. Design valid for use only with MITER (be connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-98 and BCSI Building Component** fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Qua** Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





 TOP CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 BOT CHORD
 2x4 SP No.2

 WEBS
 2x4 SP No.3

 OTHERS
 2x4 SP No.3

 BRACING

 TOP CHORD
 Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

 BOT CHORD
 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 12-3-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=108(LC 9)

2-8=-274/163

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6, 7 except 8=-119(LC 12)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 6 except 7=293(LC 1), 8=368(LC 19)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 7-2-8, Exterior(2) 7-2-8 to 10-2-8, Interior(1) 10-2-8 to 12-1-4 zone; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

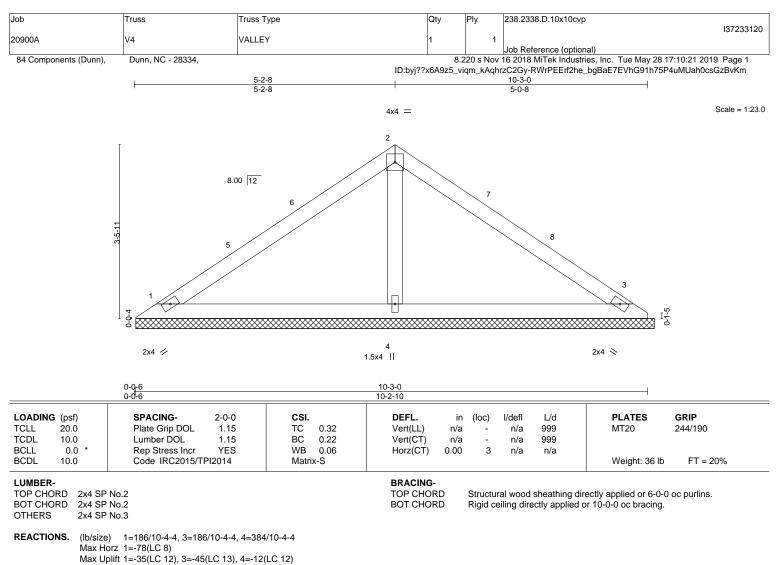
5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 6, 7 except (jt=lb) 8=119.



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FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 5-2-8, Exterior(2) 5-2-8 to 8-2-8, Interior(1) 8-2-8 to 9-11-4 zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

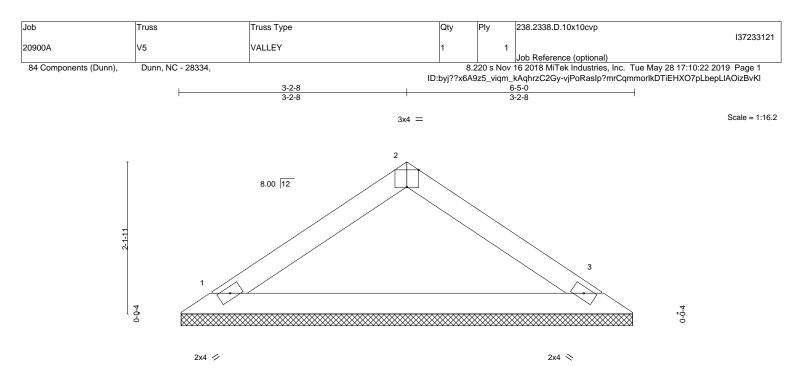
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.



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ate Offsets (X,Y)	[2:0-2-0,Edge]		<u>6-4-10</u> 6-4-10					<u> 6-5</u> 0 0-0-6	
OADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 SCLL 0.0 3CLL 0.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.14 BC 0.38 WB 0.00 Matrix-P	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT)	in n/a n/a 0.00	(loc) - - 3	l/defl n/a n/a n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER-		матх-Р	BRACING- TOP CHOR		Structu	ral wood	sheathing dir	Weight: 19 lb	

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

TOP CHORD2x4 SP No.2BOT CHORD2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=218/6-4-4, 3=218/6-4-4 Max Horz 1=-45(LC 8) Max Uplift 1=-23(LC 12), 3=-23(LC 13)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=30ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



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