

Trenco

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: LGI_Homes Burke Floor

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource (Albermarle, NC).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E12213212 thru E12213226

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2018.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



September 18,2018

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: Truss Engineer's responsibility is solely for design of individual trusses based upon design parameters shown on referenced truss drawings. Parameters have not been verified as appropriate for any use. Any location identification specified is for file reference only and has not been used in preparing design. Suitability of truss designs for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, not the Truss Engineer, per ANSI/TPI-1, Chapter 2.

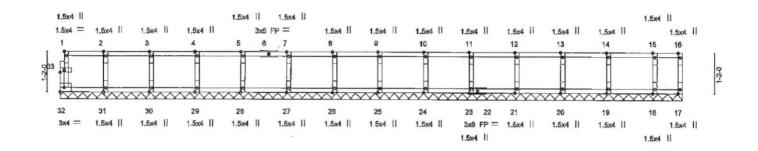
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor
LGI_HOMES	F1E	Floor Supported Gable	2	1	E12213212
		CONTROL Section Control Contro			Job Reference (optional)

Probuild East. Albemarle, NC 28001

8.220 s May 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:33 2018 Page 1 ID:r?hMoJZbxPenI_bpb7z5FgypDqB-M9bRrt0SxUQzOV3aZkKPcQE3v5qlpweOaczGMSycRRa

0-H8

Scale = 1:30.7



1					-1-12 -1-12						
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)-	[1:Edge,0-0-12], [33:0-1-8,0-4	0-12]		-1-12.						
LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL BCDL	(psf) 40.0 10.0 0.0 5.0	Plate Grip DOL 1 Lumber DOL 1	0-0 CSI. ,00 TC ,00 BC ES WB	0.08 0.01 0.03	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in n/e n/a 0.00	(loc) - - 17	I/defl n/a n/a n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 75 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%F, 11%E
LUMBER- TOP CHOP BOT CHOP WEBS OTHERS	RD 2x4 SI RD 2x4 SI 2x4 SI	P No.2(flat) P No.2(flat) P No.3(flat) P No.3(flat) P No.3(flat)			BRACING TOP CHOR	RD	except	end vert	cals.	rectly applied or 8-0-0 or 10-0-0 oc bracing.	*

REACTIONS. All bearings 18-1-12.

(lb) - Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 32, 17, 31, 30, 29, 28, 27, 28, 25, 24, 23, 21, 20, 19, 18

FORCES. (lb) - Max, Comp./Max, Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 2) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 3) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 4) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails, Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.
- 5) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mit-7473 rev. 10/03/2018 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Branding indicated is to prevent building of individual truss web and/or cond membrars only. Additional temporary and permanent branding is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly demage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and branding of trussee and Interesse sea. ANSIPTH Quality Criteria, D8B-89 and BCSI Building Component Salety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandris, VA 22314.



818 Soundside Road Edention, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Oty	Ply	Burke Floor
LGI_HOMES	F2	Floor	8	1	E12213213 Job Reference (optional)

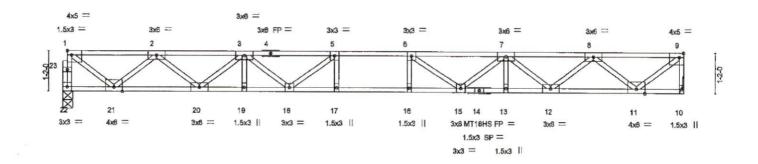
Probuild East. Albemarle, NC 28001

8.220 s May 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:33 2018 Page 1 ID:r?hMoJZbxPenl_bpb7z5FgypDqB-M9bRrt0SxUQzOV3aZkKPcQEta5bcpmeOaczGMSycRRa

0-1-8 HI 1-3-0

1-3-14 2-0-0 1-5-8

Scale = 1:30.8



_	1-6-0	4-0-0	6-7-8	8-0-14	9-0-14	10-0-14	11-7-12	14-	3-4	16-9-4	, 18-1-12
	1-6-0	2-8-0	2-7-8	1-5-6	1-0-0	1-0-0	1-6-14	2-7	7-8	2-6-0	1-4-8
Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)-	[1:Edge,0-1-8], [9:0-1-8,	Edge]							2-3-0	17.0
LOADING	(psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	In (loc)	Vdefl	L∕d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	40.0	Plate Grip DOL	1,00	TC 0.87	i	Vert(LL)	-0.31 16-17	>694	480	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOI.	1.00	BC 0.98		Vert(TL)	-0.49 18-17	>443	240	MT18HS	244/190
BCLL	0.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB 0.67		Horz(TL)	0.08 10	n/a	n/a	10045-0-04-0-5	
BCDL.	5.0	Code IRC2009/TF	PI2007	Matrix-SH						Weight: 91 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%E

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat)

2x4 SP DSS(flat) *Except* BOT CHORD

10-14: 2x4 SP No,2(flat)

WERS

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: 2-2-0 oc bracing: 13-15,12-13.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 22=981/0-3-8, 10=988/Mechanical

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-22=-976/0, 9-10=-981/0, 1-2=-1155/0, 2-3=-2851/0, 3-5=-3875/0, 5-6=-4228/0,

6-7=-3857/0, 7-8=-2821/0, 8-9=-1104/0

BOT CHORD 20-21=0/2174, 19-20=0/3537, 18-19=0/3537, 17-18=0/4228, 16-17=0/4228, 15-16=0/4228,

NOTES-

13-15=0/3515, 12-13=0/3515, 11-12=0/2132 1-21=0/1400, 2-21=-1326/0, 2-20=0/880, 3-20=-876/0, 3-18=0/490, 5-18=-714/3, 9-11=0/1410, 8-11=-1338/0, 8-12=0/896, 7-12=-886/0, 7-15=0/488, 6-15=-718/0

WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) The Fabrication Tolerance at joint 14 = 11%
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.
- 6) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.



▲ WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rev. 19/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AMARRING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED BILLER REPERENCE PASE MIN-1413 FeV, TWO NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED BILLER REPERENCE PASE MIN-1413 FeV, TWO NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED BILLER REPERENCE PASE MIN-1413 FeV, TWO NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED BILLER REPERENCE PASE MIN-1413 FEV, TWO NOTES OF THE OPEN THE O



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor
LGI_HOMES	F3	Floor	5	1	E12213214
					Job Reference (optional)

Probuild East,

Albemarle, NC 28001

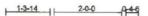
8.220 s May 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:34 2018 Page 1 ID:r?hMcJZbxPenl_bpb7z5FgypDqB-qL8p3D14inYq0fen7Sse8em1zVxXYDpXpGiquuycRRZ

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 1-4-12 oc bracing.

0-1-8

H - 1-3-0



0-1-8 Scale = 1:31.1

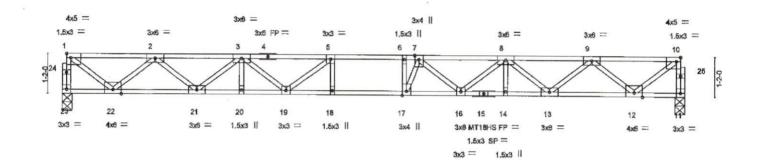


Plate Offse	1-8-0 1-6-0 ts (X,Y)	1:Edge,0-1-8], [10:0-1-8	6-7-8 2-7-8 [Edge]	8-0-14 9-0-1 1-5-6 1-0-		11-9-12 1-7-6	14-5-4 2-7-8		18-11-4 2-8-0	18-5-4
TCDL BCLL	(psf) 40.0 10.0 0.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.00 1.00 YES	CSI. TC 0.96 BC 1.00 WB 0.68	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in (loc) -0.35 17-18 -0.54 17-18 0.09 11	>404	L/d 480 240 n/a	PLATES MT20 MT18HS	GRIP 244/190 244/190
BCDL	5.0	Code IRC2009/TF	12007	Matrix-SH -					Weight: 94 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%E

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD

2x4 SP No.1(flat) *Except*

11-15: 2x4 SP No.2(flat)

WERS

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 23=994/0-3-8, 11=994/0-3-8

FORCES. (Ib) - Max, Comp./Max, Ten, - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-23=989/0, 10-11=989/0, 1-2=-1172/0, 2-3=-2898/0, 3-5=-3958/0, 5-6=-4323/0,

6-7=-4323/0, 7-8=-3961/0, 8-9=-2898/0, 9-10=-1173/0 BOT CHORD

21-22=0/2207, 20-21=0/3596, 19-20=0/3596, 18-19=0/4323, 17-18=0/4323, 16-17=0/4294.

14-16=0/3594, 13-14=0/3594, 12-13=0/2208 WEBS

6-17=-415/210, 1-22=0/1421, 2-22=-1347/0, 2-21=0/900, 3-21=-892/0, 3-19=0/530, 5-19=-699/0, 10-12=0/1421, 9-12=-1348/0, 9-13=0/898, 8-13=-889/0, 8-16=0/469, 7-16=-542/0, 7-17=-362/617

- 1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) The Fabrication Tolerance at joint 15 = 11%
- 4) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIT-7472 rev. 10/02/2018 BEFORE U.S..

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracking indicated is to prevent building of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent building designer with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, defivery, erection and bracing of trusses and fruse systems, see

ANSIPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component safety information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandrie, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor
LGI_HOMES	F4E	Floor Supported Gable	1	1	E12213215 Job Reference (optional)

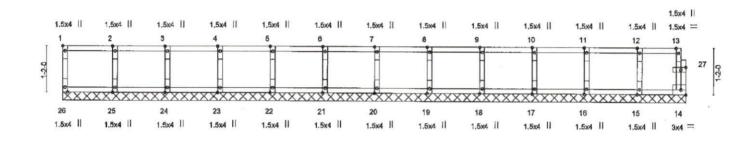
Probuild East. Albemarle . NC 28001

8.220 s May 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:35 2018 Page 1 ID:r?hMoJZbxPenl_bpb7z5FgypDqB-IXICGZ2IT5ghepDzh9NthrJPPvWGHq8h2wSNRKycRRY

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

0-1-8

Scale = 1:26.8



LOADING TCLL TCDL	(psf) 40.0 10.0	SPACING- 2-0- Plate Grip DOL 1.00 Lumber DOL 1.00	TC 0.08	DEFL. in Vert(LL) n/a	 l/defl n/a	L/d 999	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCLL	0.0	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.03	Vert(TL) n/a Horz(TL) 0.00	n/a n/a	999 n/a		
BCDL	5.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	Matrix-R				Weight: 66 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%

BOT CHORD

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3(flat)

All bearings 15-10-4. (lb) - Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 26, 14, 25, 24, 23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18, 17, 16, 15

FORCES, (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

WEBS

1) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

3) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.

4) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.

5) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.



WARNING - Varify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mit-7473 rav. 14/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss eyetem. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracking indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss were and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracking is always required for slability and to prevent collepse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracking of incluses and truss systems, see

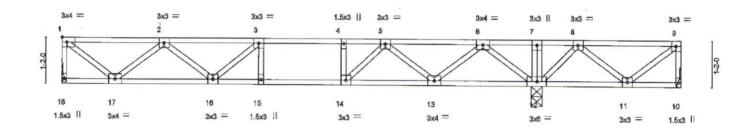
ANSIPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-85 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandrile, VA 22314.



	i	E12213216
2	1 1	
		Job Reference (optional)
		24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09;26;36 2018 Page 1
?		

1-0-2 1-3-0 1-1-14 2-0-0 0-11-4

Scale = 1:26.9



F-	1-4-8	3-10-8	5-1-14	6-1-14	7-1-14	8-3-8	10-9-8		12-2-0 12-4-0	14-5-12	15-10-4
	1-4-8	2-8-0	1-3-6	1-0-0	1-0-0	1-1-10	2-6-0	,	1-4-8 0-2-0	2-1-12	1-4-8
LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL	40.0 10.0 0.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.00 1.00 YES	CSI. TC BC WB	0.61 0.80 0.37	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in (loc) -0.10 15-16 -0.15 15-16 0.02 12	l/defl >999 >980 n/a	L/d 480 240 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BÇDL	5.0	Code IRC2009/TF	PI2007	Matri	(-SH					Weight: 80 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%E

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) WERS 2x4 SP No.3(flat)

TOP CHORD

BRACING-

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. Except: 6-0-0 oc bracing: 12-13,11-12.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

18=591/Mechanical, 10=-46/Mechanical, 12=1185/0-3-8

Max Uplift 10=-186(LC 2)

Max Grav 18=593(LC 2), 10=125(LC 3), 12=1185(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max, Comp./Max, Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-18=-586/0, 1-2=-613/0, 2-3=-1374/0, 3-4=-1477/0, 4-5=-1477/0, 5-6=-606/0,

6-7=0/992, 7-8=0/992, 8-9=-20/266

BOT CHORD 16-17=0/1180, 15-16=0/1477, 14-15=0/1477, 13-14=0/1149, 11-12=-537/18 WEBS 4-14=-261/0, 1-17=0/783, 2-17=-738/0, 2-16=0/254, 6-12=-1127/0, 6-13=0/700,

5-13=-709/0, 5-14=0/536, 9-11=-340/25, 8-11=0/353, 8-12=-681/0

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 3) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 186 ib uplift at joint 10.
- 4) Recommend 2x8 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.
- 5) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.

MGINEE. A. GILBER

WARNING - Varify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mit-7473 rev. 18/03/2016 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and proporty incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing individual truss web and/or short members only. Additional lemporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent outlaips with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/THI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information evaluable from Truss Piate Institute, 216 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

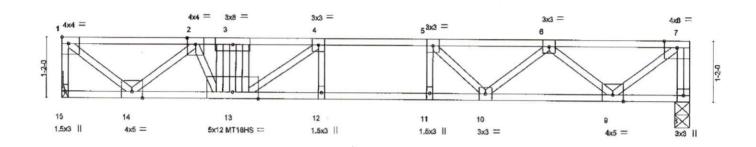


Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor
LGI_HOMES	F6	Floor	1	1	E12213217
Probuild East. Albe	marle . NC 28001	**************************************			Job Reference (optional)
1 Tobalist Edist, Pape	1118118 , 140 2000 1				24 2018 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:36 2018 Page 1 gypDqB-nkGaUu3KEPoYFzo9Fsu6D3rQCldS08XqHaBwznycRRX

2-0-0

1-0-6

Scale = 1:20.6



		3-4-4	. 1	5-1-14	6-1-14	7-1-14			12-3	L12	
Plate Offse	te (Y V)_	3-4-4 [1:Edge.0-1-8]	'	1-9-10	1-0-0	1-0-0			5-1-		
LOADING		SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.00 1.00 NO	BC	0.72 0.97 0.60	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	In (loc) -0.15 12-13 -0.21 12-13 0.03 8	>680	L/d 480 240	PLATES MT20 MT18HS	GRIP 244/190 244/190
BCDL	5.0	Code IRC2009/TF		Matrix-		noi2(1L)	0.03 6	n/a	n/a	Weight: 68 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%E

LUMBER-

WERS

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD

1-3-0

2x4 SP No.1(flat) 2x4 SP No,3(flat) BRACING.

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/slze) 15=896/Mechanical, 8=752/0-3-8

BOT CHORD

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 1-15=-866/0, 7-8=-749/0, 1-2=-983/0, 2-3=-2291/0, 3-4=-2283/0, 4-5=-2402/0, 5-6=-1989/0, 6-7=-843/0

13-14=0/1912, 12-13=0/2402, 11-12=0/2402, 10-11=0/2402, 9-10=0/1575 3-13=-441/0, 7-9=0/1058, 6-9=-953/0, 6-10=0/572, 5-10=-698/0, 1-14=0/1255, 2-14=-1209/0, 2-13=0/649.

0-5-0

1-4-6

 \dashv \vdash

4-13=-509/145

NOTES-

WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 4) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") naits. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.
- 5) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.
- 6) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 315 lb down at 3-4-4 on top chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.
- 7) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Floor Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.00, Plate Increase=1.00 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 8-15=-10, 1-7=-100

Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: 3=-315(F)



September 18,2018

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rev. 10/03/2016 BEFORE USE.

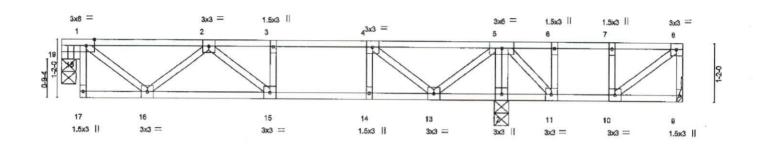
Design void for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a lust system. Before use, the building design in the precability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Brading indicated is to prevent buckling of individual trues were and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent brading is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly demage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, crection and bracing of truesses and trues systems, see ANSIPTI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Trues Flate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor
LGI_HOMES	F7	Floor	1	1	E12213218
Probuild East, Alb	emarle , NC 28001			8.220 s May	Job Reference (optional) 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:37 2018 Page 1
					FgypDqB-FwqyhE3y_wP17NMoaPLmGOZsi3Flgr_VExUVDycRRW
1-1-	3-0	1-10-0	i		0-10-12 1 1-0-8

Scale = 1:21.4



1-9- Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[1:0-2-0.Edge], [19:0-0-12,0-1-10]	7-7-0 5-10-0		8-11-8 1-4-8	12-7-12 3-8-4	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 40.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.00 Lumber DOL 1.00 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.85 BC 0.55 WB 0.27	Vert(TL)	In (loc) I/defl 0.06 15-16 >999 0.10 15-16 >999 0.01 9 n/a	L/d PLATE 480 MT20 240	S GRIP 244/190
BCLL 0.0 BCDL 5.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.27 Matrix-SH	Horz(TL)	0.01 9 n/a	n/a Welght:	: 65 lb

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) WEBS 2x4 SP No.3(flat) OTHERS

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

0-10-12 1-0-8

6-0-0 oc bracing: 12-13,11-12,

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 9=193/Mechanical, 12=688/0-3-8, 19=455/0-3-8

Max Gray 9=235(LC 4), 12=688(LC 1), 19=458(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

1-2=-548/0, 2-3=-960/0, 3-4=-960/0, 4-5=-498/0

BOT CHORD

15-16=0/907, 14-15=0/960, 13-14=0/960

WEBS

5-12-670/0, 1-16-0/545, 5-13-0/574, 2-16-467/0, 4-13-611/0, 8-10-0/293,

5-11=0/258, 1-19=-643/0

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 3) Bearing at joint(s) 19 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 4) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nalls. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.
- 5) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.



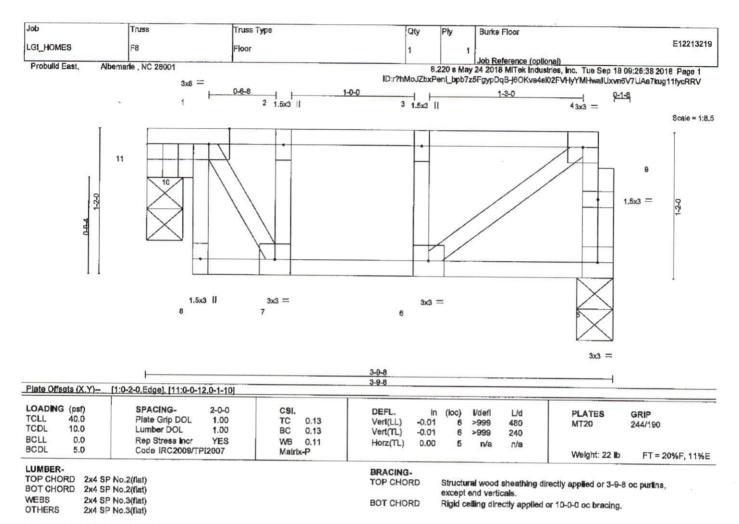
September 18,2018

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTER REFERENCE PAGE MM-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MTTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a fuss system. Selector use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual tusus web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is slways required for stability and to prevent socialize with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITYPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





REACTIONS, (lb/size) 5=182/0-3-8, 11=167/0-3-8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES

1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design,

2) Bearing at joint(s) 11 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

3) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.

4) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.



MARMING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE M8-7473 rev. 10/93/2016 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design line the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent oclapse with possible personal ritury and properly duringe. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANNITYPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty Pty	В	rke Floor		Sept. 1870 Sept. 187
LGI_HOMES	F9	Floor		3	1	Deference (entland)		E1221322
Probuild East, Alb	0-1-8 1 3x3 =	1-3-0 2	ID:r?hMc	oJZbxPenl_bpl	May 24	o Reference (optional) 2018 MiTek Industries, DQB-J6OKva4al02FVH	yYMHwalUxw46V	MwUAs7kug11fycRRV
Ţ			1000	Tono II			43x3 = 0 <u>-1-8</u>	Scale = 1:8
12.0	9 1.5x	3 =			/		1.	10 5x3 = Q
	3523 =	3	bx3 = 6	3x3 =			3x3 =	
	-		3-9-8 3-9-8					
LOADING (psf) TCLL 40.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 5.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2009/TPI	2-0-0 CSI. 1.00 TC 0.12 1.00 BC 0.08 YES WB 0.10 2007 Matrix-SH	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL)	-0.00) I/de 7 >99 7 >99 5 n.	9 480 9 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 23 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%F, 11%E
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP BOT CHORD 2x4 SP	No.2(flat) No.2(flat)		BRACING TOP CHO	RD Stru	ctural w	ood sheathing directly	applied or 3-9-8	oc purlins,

BOT CHORD

except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 8=189/0-3-8, 5=189/0-3-8

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

FORCES. (lb) - Max, Comp./Max, Ten, - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS

1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design,

Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails.
 Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.

SEAL 036322

SEAL 036322

September 18,2018 September 18,2018

WARNING - Varify design persunders and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MI-7473 rev. 10x03/2018 BEFORE USE.

Design yalld for use only with MITek® connectors, This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracking included is to prevent bucking of Individual fruss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracking is slwsys required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly demage. For general guidance regarding the fishication, storage, delivery, erection and bracking of trusses and truss systems, see ANSIGTPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety information available from Truss Plate Institute, 216 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Burke Floor Pty E12213221 LGI HOMES F10 2 Floor Job Reference (optional) 8.220 s May 24 2018 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:29 2018 Page 1 Probuild East, Albemarle, NC 28001 ID:r?hMoJZbxPenl_bpb7z5FgypDqB-UOLw0VzxtFvXwumpKuGTRa3M6URut6Qog_?3DhycRRe 0-7-8 1-0-0 1-3-0 0-1-8 3x3 = 2 1.5x3 || 3 1.5x3 || 4 3x3 = Scale = 1:8.6 1.5x3 = 3x3 = 3x3 = 1.6x3 | 3x3 = 3-6-0 3-6-0 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 DEFI CSI. In Vdef PLATES TÇLL Plate Grip DOL 1.00 TC 0.13 -0.01 Vert(LL) 6 >999 480 MT20 244/190 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.00 BC 0.14 -0.01 Vert(TL) >999 240 BCLL 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.11 Horz(TL) 0.00 n/a n/a BCDL 5.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-SH Weight: 21 lb FT = 20%F, 11%E LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-6-0 oc purlins, BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat)

BOT CHORD

except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 8=182/Mechanical, 5=176/0-3-8

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

- 3) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") naits, Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.
- 4) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.

SEAL 036322 NGINEER CA. GILBERTING Ther 18,2018

WARMING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIN-7473 rev. 14/03/2018 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors, This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracking indictated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracking is always required for stability and to prevent outlange with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracking of incluses and truss systems, see ANSITY1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 216 N. Lee Street, Guite 312, Alexandrin, VA 22314.



Job		Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor			
LGI_HOME	S	F11	Floor	4	1	Job Reference (option	nal)	E1221322	1
Probuild E	ast, Albeman	le , NC 28001		ID:r?hMoJZbxPe	8.220 s May	24 2018 MITek Industr	ries, Inc. Tue Sep 18	09:28:29 2018 Page 1 00443og_?3DhycRRe	
	-	1-3-0	-	1-4-8				91 #	
								Scale = 1:13.	.1
			ax3 ==					3x3 =	
	1 3x3 =		2	3 3	a =			•	
1-2-0								11 1.5x3 =	1-2-0
	10 1.5x3	₉ 3ාය =	8 1.5x3	7 1.5x	3 11	6 3x3 =		3x3 =	
LOADING	(paf)	1.4-8 1.4-8 SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	6-6-0 4-1-8 DEFL	in (loc)	l/def! L/d	7-0-0 1-6-0 PLATES	GRIP	=,
TCLL	40.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.00	TC 0.46		3 6-7		MT20	244/190	

LUMBER-

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) WEBS

10.0

0.0

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Vert(LL)

Vert(TL)

Horz(TL)

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

>999

n/a

6-7 >999

-0.03

-0.03

0.00

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

480

240

n/a

MT20

Weight: 36 lb

244/190

FT = 20%F, 11%E

REACTIONS. (fb/size) 10=375/Mechanical, 5=368/0-3-8

FORCES. (b) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1.00

YES

1-10=368/0, 4-5=363/0, 1-2=324/0, 2-3=632/0, 3-4=-338/0 8-9=0/632, 7-8=0/632, 6-7=0/632 4-6=0/404, 1-9=0/414, 3-6=-376/0, 2-9=-393/0 TOP CHORD

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

Lumber DOL

BOT CHORD

WE8S

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

3) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.

TC BC

WB

Matrix-SH

0.46

0.36

0.20

4) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.

ORTH CARO SEAL 036322 OGINEER CA. GILBERTINIA Contember 18,2018

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOYES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rev. 10/03/2018 BEFORE USE.

Dosign valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracking indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional lemporary and permanent bracking is siverys required for stability and to prevent ecdisons with possible personal injury and properly demage. For general guidance regarding the abrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracking of trusses and truss systems, see

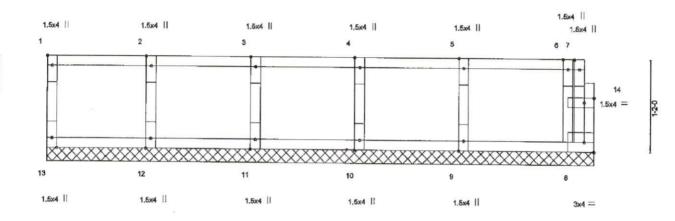
ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-39 and BCBI Building Component



LGLHOMES F12E Floor Supported Gable 1 1 1	Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor
	LGLHOMES	F12E	Floor Supported Gable	1	1	E1221322 Job Reference (optional)

Probuild East, Albemarie , NC 28001

Scale = 1:13.5



LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL	40.0 10.0 0.0	Plate Grip DOL 1 Lumber DOL 1 Rep Stress Incr Y	1.00 1.00 YES	CSI. TC BC WB	0.10 0.03 0.03	DEFL, Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in n/a n/a 0.00	(loc) - - 8	I/defi n/a n/a n/a	∟/d 999 999 n/e	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL	5.0	Code IRC2009/TPI20	007	Matri	x-R						Weight: 31 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%E

7-0-0

LU	M	ВE	K-
TO	P	CH	OF

HORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) WEBS 2x4 SP No.3(flat) OTHERS 2x4 SP No,3(flat)

BRACING-

BOT CHORD

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals.

Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 13=69/7-0-0, 8=78/7-0-0, 12=143/7-0-0, 11=149/7-0-0, 10=143/7-0-0, 9=161/7-0-0

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-13=-59/0, 8-14=0/19, 7-14=0/19, 1-2=-14/0, 2-3=-14/0, 3-4=-14/0, 4-5=-14/0, 5-6=-14/0, 6-7=-2/0 BOT CHORD

12-13=0/14, 11-12=0/14, 10-11=0/14, 9-10=0/14, 8-9=0/14 WEBS 2-12=-134/0, 3-11=-134/0, 4-10=-131/0, 5-9=-143/0, 6-8=-93/0

NOTES-

1) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

2) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

3) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.

4) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.

5) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



WARNING - Varify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITeMS connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a trust speaken. Before use, the building design remark varify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional lamporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITYPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor	
LGI_HOMES	F13E	Floor Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)	2213224

Probuild East,

Albemarle, NC 28001

8.220 s May 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26;30 2018 Page 1 ID:r?hMoJZbxPenI_bpb7z5FgypDqB-yavJDr_ZeZ1OX2L0ucni_ocYguo1cauyuekci7ycRRd

0,1-8

Scale = 1:17.3

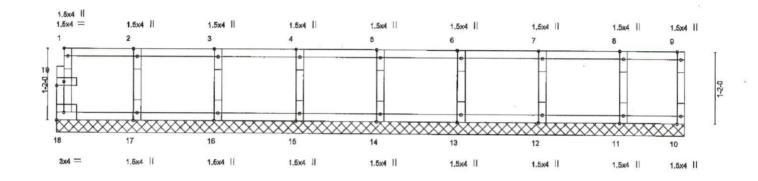


Plate Offsets	s (X,Y)	[1:Edge.0-0-12], [19:0-1-8.0	-0-12]			10-4-0						
	(psf) 40.0 10.0 0.0	Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL	2-0-0 1.00 1.00	CSI. TC BC	0.08 0.02	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL)	in n/a n/a	(loc)	l/defl n/a n/a	L/d 999 999	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL	5.0	Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2009/TPI20	YES 007	WB Matri:	0.03 k-R	Horz(TL)	0.00	10	п/а	n/a	Weight: 44 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat)

2x4 SP No.3(flat) WEBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3(flat) BRACING-TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 10-4-0.

(lb) - Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 18, 10, 17, 16, 15, 14, 13, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

2) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).

3) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 cc.

4) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails, Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.

5) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.



WARNING - Varify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTER REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MIT-6k® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Braching individual to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent occlispse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidence regarding the fabrication, slorage, defivery, erection and braching of trusses and truss systems, see

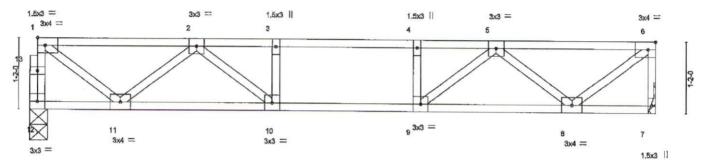
ANSIPTH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety information available from Truss Plate Institute, 216 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



818 Soundside Roed Edanton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor	
LGI_HOMES	F14	Floor	1	1		E12213225
Probuild East, Alt	emarle , NC 28001			3.220 s May	Job Reference (optional) 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26	
0-1-8			ID:F7/IMIOJZIDXP8	ni_opo/zor	gypDqB-QmThRB?BPsAF9CwCSJlxW?8esH12L	xJ57IUAIZycRRc





1-6-0 1-6-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[6;0-1-8,Edge]	8-11-8 7-5-8		1	10-4-0
LOADING (psf) TCLL 40.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.00 Lumber DOL 1.00 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. DEFL. TC 0.43 Vert(LI BC 0.48 Vert(TI WB 0.34 Horz(T	-0.09 10-11 >999 240	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 5.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	Matrix-SH	-,	Weight: 51 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%E

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat) BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2(flat)

2x4 SP No.3(flat) WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins,

except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 12=552/0-3-8, 7=558/Mechanical

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

1-12=548/0, 6-7=553/0, 1-2=587/0, 2-3=-1314/0, 3-4=-1314/0, 4-5=-1314/0, 5-6=-561/0

BOT CHORD 10-11=0/1087, 9-10=0/1314, 8-9=0/1071 WEBS

6-8=0/716, 1-11=0/707, 5-8=-664/0, 2-11=-651/0, 5-9=0/463, 2-10=0/449

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

3) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails. Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.

4) CAUTION, Do not erect truss backwards.



A WARNING - Verify design peremeters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MI-7478 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MTOste connectors. This design is based only upon parameters show and is for an Individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters shown and is for an Individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and semanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent outlapse with possible personal injury and property demage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, skorage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and furse systems, see

ANSITPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



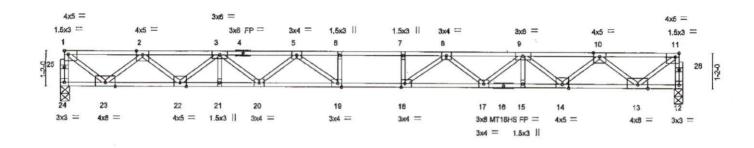
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Floor
LGI_HOMES	F15	Floor	9	1	E12213226

Probuild East. Albemarle , NC 28001

8.220 s May 24 2018 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Sep 18 09:26:32 2018 Page 1 ID:r?hMoJZbxPenl_bpb7z5FgypDq8-uy13eX0qAAl6nMUO01pA3DhovhLZ4HoFMyDjq0ycRRb

0-1-8 H 1-3-0

1-4-8 2-0-0 1-4-8



Plets Offe	1-6-0	4-0-0 2-8-0	8-7-8 2-7-8	9-3-6	8 0-1-81-0-	11-4-8 11	14-1-8 2-7-8		18-9-0 2-7-8	19-3-0 2-6-0	20-9-0
Plate Offs	ers (V'1)	[1:Edge.0-1-8], [11:0-1-8	.Eagej, [18:0-	-1-8.Egge], [1	9:0-1-8,Edge						
LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL	(psf) 40.0 10.0 0.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.00 1.00 YES	CSI. TC BC WB	0.48 0.59 0.77	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in (loc) -0.43 18-19 -0.68 18-19 0.10 12	l/defl >568 >364 n/a	L/d 480 240 n/a	PLATES MT20 MT18HS	GRIP 244/190 244/190
BCDL	5.0	Code IRC2009/TI	12007	Matri	x-SH	,				Weight: 104 lb	FT = 20%F, 11%E

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP DSS(flat) BOT CHORD 2x4 SP DSS(flat) WEBS

2x4 SP No.3(flat)

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-11-12 oc purlins,

except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 24=1121/0-3-8, 12=1121/0-3-8

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-24=-1116/0, 11-12=-1116/0, 1-2=-1339/0, 2-3=-3369/0, 3-5=-4752/0, 5-6=-5491/0,

6-7=-5491/0, 7-8=-5491/0, 8-9=-4752/0, 9-10=-3369/0, 10-11=-1339/0

BOT CHORD 22-23=0/2626, 21-22=0/4224, 20-21=0/4224, 19-20=0/5225, 18-19=0/5491, 17-18=0/5225, 15-17=0/4224, 14-15=0/4224, 13-14=0/2526

6-19=-313/8, 7-18=-313/8, 1-23=0/1624, 2-23=-1545/0, 2-22=0/1098, 3-22=-1091/0,

3-20=0/675, 5-20=-615/0, 5-19=-156/754, 11-13=0/1624, 10-13=-1545/0, 10-14=0/1098,

9-14=-1091/0, 9-17=0/675, 8-17=-615/0, 8-18=-156/754

NOTES-

WERS

- 1) Unbalanced floor live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Recommend 2x6 strongbacks, on edge, spaced at 10-0-0 oc and fastened to each truss with 3-10d (0.131" X 3") nails, Strongbacks to be attached to walls at their outer ends or restrained by other means.



🗥 WARNING - Verify deelgn parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-1473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web end/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent oclapse with possible personal injury and property damages. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITTPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



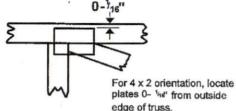
818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MITek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

 4×4

The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal

Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

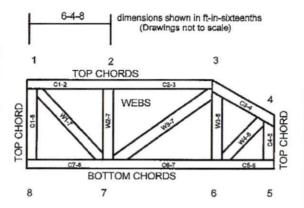
DSB-89: BCSI:

Design Standard for Bracing. Building Component Safety Information,

Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate

Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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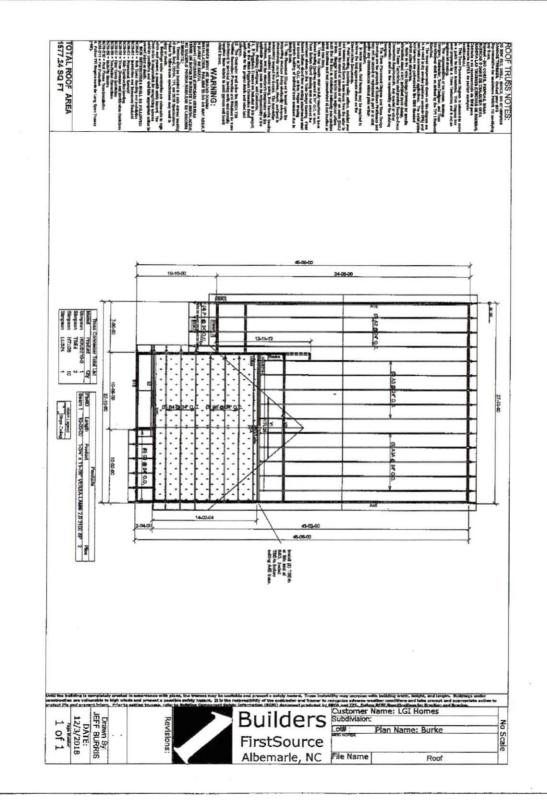


MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- 1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- 3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- 4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- 5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- 6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- 9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- 10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- 12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- 13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- 14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- 16. Do not cut or after truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- 18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- 20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.





Trenco

818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: LGI_Homes Burke Roof

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource (Albermarle, NC).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E11374086

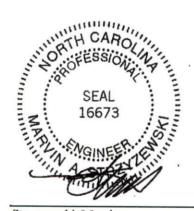
thruE11374101

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is

December 31, 2018.

North Carolina COA: C-0844

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.



January 18,2018

Strzyzewski, Marvin

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdictions(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to Trenco. Any project specific information included is for Trenco's customer's file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. Trenco has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of the design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Bucke Boof F11374086 LGI HOMES A1E Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional) 7.640 s Aug 16 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jen 18 09:50:37 2018 Page 1 Builders FirstSource Albemarle NC 28001 ID:r?hMoJZbxPenI_bpb7z5FgypDqB-Hzz6uYZHfpJQYXas2l9rHMFj?g2Z29ZaZoOlznzuAL0 17-4-0 34-8-0 35-8-0 17-4-0 3x6 = Scale = 1:75.6 1,5x4 | 1.5x4 || 7.00 12 12 11 13 1.5x4 | 1.5v4 II 14 1.5x4 || 44 1.5x4 || 1.5x4 || 15 1,6x4 | 1 5vd | 3x6 = 1.5x4 || 16 3x6 17 1.5x4 || A 1.5x4 | 18 45 19 1.5x4 II 1 5x4 | 11 1.5x4 1.5x4 || 21 3x4 = 41 40 39 38 37 36 34 33 32 31 26 25 24 35 1.5x4 | 1,5x4 II 1.5x4 | 1.5x4 || 1.5x4 | 1.5x4 || 3x6 = 1.5x4 II 1.5x4 | 1.5x4 | 1.5x4 || 1.5x4 H 1.5x4 1.5x4 | 1.5x4 II 1.5x4 || 1.5x4 || 3хв = 34-7-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [12:0-3-0,Edge] LOADING (psf) SPACING. 2-0-0 CSI. DEFL PLATES GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 0.12 TC Vert(LL) -0.00 23 120 n/r 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.04 Vert(TL) -0,00 n/r 120 TCDI 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.12 Horz(TL) 0.01 22 0.0 n/a n/a BCLL Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) Weight: 240 lb FT = 20% BCD 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 1 Row at midpt 11-33, 10-34, 13-32, 14-31 REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=162/34-7-0, 33=149/34-7-0, 34=162/34-7-0, 36=160/34-7-0, 37=160/34-7-0, 38=160/34-7-0, 39=161/34-7-0, 40=154/34-7-0, 41=179/34-7-0, 32=149/34-7-0, 31=162/34-7-0, 29=160/34-7-0, 28=160/34-7-0, 27=160/34-7-0, 26=161/34-7-0, 25=154/34-7-0, 24=179/34-7-0, 22=162/34-7-0 Max Horz 2=-294(LC 8) Max Uplift 2--56(LC 8), 34--45(LC 11), 36--20(LC 10), 37--24(LC 11), 38--23(LC 10), 39--46(LC 10), 40--58(LC 10), 41=-51(LC 10), 31=-45(LC 11), 29=-20(LC 10), 28=-24(LC 10), 27=-23(LC 11), 26=-46(LC 11), 25=-58(LC 11), 24=-50(LC 11), 22=-8(LC 9) Max Gray =182(LC 1), 33=180(LC 3), 34=199(LC 3), 36=180(LC 1), 37=160(LC 15), 38=160(LC 1), 39=161(LC 15), 40=154(LC 15), 41=179(LC 15), 32=180(LC 4), 31=199(LC 4), 29=160(LC 1), 28=160(LC 16), 27=160(LC 1). 26=161(LC 16), 25=154(LC 16), 24=179(LC 16), 22=162(LC 1) FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension 1-2=0/26, 2-3=-267/157, 3-4=-226/147, 4-5=-192/144, 5-42=-158/128, 6-42=-152/139, 6-7=-123/124, 7-8=-117/135, 8-9=-89/130, 9-43=-55/119, 10-43=-44/129, 10-11=-60/190, 11-12=-50/166, 12-13=-50/166, 13-14=-60/190, TOP CHORD 14-44=-20/129, 15-44=-50/118, 15-16=-50/82, 16-17=-26/44, 17-18=-50/33, 18-45=-61/48, 19-45=-67/37, 19-20=-101/53, 20-21=-135/56, 21-22=-183/85, 22-23=0/28 BOT CHORD 2-41=-42/203, 40-41=-42/203, 39-40=-42/203, 38-39=-42/203, 37-38=-42/203, 36-37=-42/203, 35-36=-42/203, 34-35-42/203, 33-34-42/203, 32-33-42/203, 31-32-42/203, 30-31-42/203, 29-30-42/203, 28-29-42/203 27-28=-42/203, 26-27=-42/203, 25-26=-42/203, 24-25=-42/203, 22-24=-42/203 WEBS 11-33=-140/23, 10-34=-159/99, 9-36=-120/69, 8-37=-120/73, 6-38=-120/72, 5-39=-121/73, 4-40=-117/79, 3-41=-132/82, 13-32=-140/0, 14-31=-159/99, 15-29=-120/69, 16-28=-120/73, 18-27=-120/72, 19-26=-121/73, 20-25=-117/79, 21-24=-132/82 NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-0 to 2-4-0, Exterior(2) 2-4-0 to 17-4-0, Corner(3) 17-4-0 to 20-9-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed (C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
 Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads

SEAL 16673

VGINEE

January 18,2018 January 18,2018

🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7413 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTelde connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown and is for an Individual building component, not a fuss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracting indicated its to prevent buoking of individual truss web and/or chord members and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracting indicated its to prevent buoking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITIFIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Piete Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Sake 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenion, NC 27832

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEX REPERENCE PAGE MILT-473 nw., Totograph of the Overell Andrews on the Martin of the Control of

S2. This connection is for upilif only and does not consider lateral forces.

11) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

12) "Semi-rigid plicibreaks with fixed heels" Member and fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

12) "Semi-rigid plicibreaks with fixed heels" Member and fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

Truss Type

Truss

10) One HZ.6A Simpson Strong-Tie connectore recommended to connect fruss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at It(s) 2, 34, 36, 39, 40, 41, 31, 29, 28, 27, 25, 25, 24, and

other members.

9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0pet on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any

NOTES-

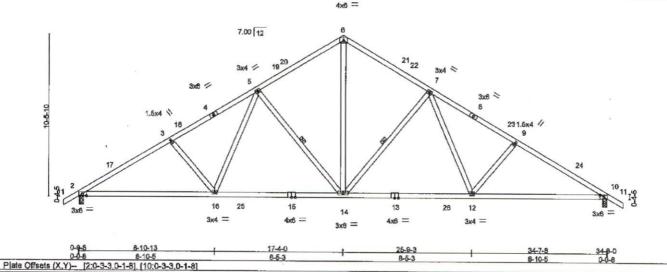
(Isnoilgo) sonerele Adult (Isnoilgo) sonerel 1008S ON , eham Builders FirstSource, Common Supported Gable BIA G HOWES E11374086

Oth

Burke Roof

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply Burke Roof		
LGI_HOMES	A2	Common		3	1		E11374087
	marle , NC 28001			ID:r?hMoJZ	Job Reference (options 7.840 s Aug 16 2017 MITek Ind bxPenl_bpb7z5FgypDq8-EM5tJI	fustries, Inc. Thu Jan '	18 09:50:39 2018 Page 1 MnLw6UVZW/M06ts1fzuA
1-0-9	6-1-1	11-8-8	17-4-0	22-11-8	28-6-15	34-8-0	35-8-Q
1-0-0'	6-1-1	5-7-8	5-7-8	5-7-8	5-7-8	8-1-1	1-0-0

Scale = 1:68.9



LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 DEFL. in (loc) **PLATES** TCLL (roof) 20.0 Vdef L/d GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0,66 Vert(LL) -D.26 14-16 240 >999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 -0.49 14-16 0.97 Vert(TL) >842 180 TCDL 10.0 Horz(TL) Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.53 0.13 10 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 * Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) Weight: 189 lb FT = 20% BCD 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-11-7 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 7-14. 5-14

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1580/0-3-8, 10=1580/0-3-8

Max Horz 2=294(LC 9)

Max Uplift 2=-160(LC 10), 10=-160(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension TOP CHORD

1-2=0/29, 2-17=-2580/202, 3-17=-2500/235, 3-18=-2356/218, 4-18=-2271/231, 4-5=-2200/249, 5-19=-1661/228,

19-20-1596/238, 6-20=-1570/259, 8-21=-1570/259, 21-22=-1596/238, 7-22=-1661/228, 7-8=-2200/249, 8-23=-2271/231, 9-23=-2356/218, 9-24=-2500/235, 10-24=-2580/202, 10-11=0/29 2-16=-108/2139, 16-25=-19/1758, 15-25=-19/1758, 14-15=-19/1758, 13-14=-26/1758, 13-26=-26/1758, 12-26=-26/1758,

BOT CHORD

10-12=-111/2139

WEBS

6-14=-135/1269, 7-14=-644/157, 7-12=-30/536, 9-12=-287/169, 5-14=-644/157, 5-16=-30/536, 3-16=-287/168

NOTES-

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-5-10, interior(1) 2-5-10 to 17-4-0, Exterior(2) 17-4-0 to 20-9-10 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DCL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

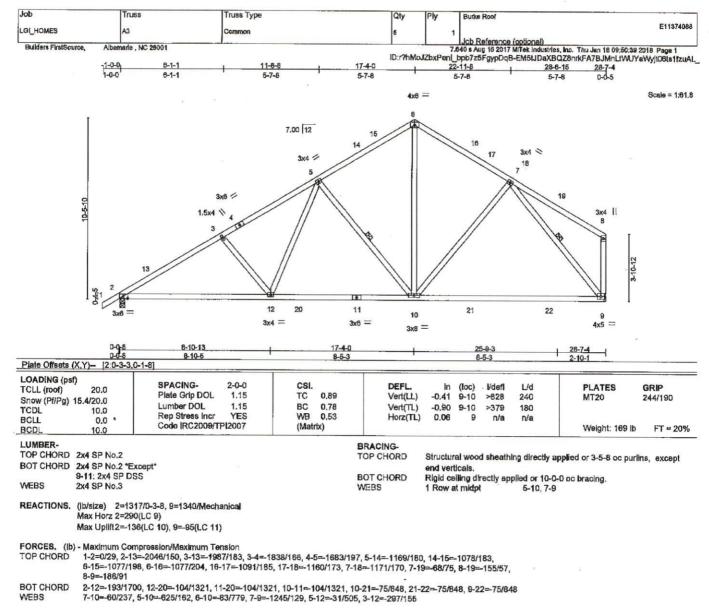
7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-8-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at it(s) 2 and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.







1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, interior(1) 2-0-0 to 17-4-0, Exterior(2) 17-4-0 to 20-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof

snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads,

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wild will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 95 lb uplift at joint 9.
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at it(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.





Job Truss Truss Type Qty LGI HOMES E11374089 Common Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Aug 16 2017 MiTok Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:40 2018 Page 1
ID:r?hMoJZbxPenLbpb7z5FgypDqB-lYfFWZb9xkh?P_JRkqlYu7t6nus/FJW0FmcPZ6zuAKz Builders FirstSource da NC 28001 1-0-0 11-8-8 17-4-0 22-11-8 28-6-15 28-7-4 0-0-5 6-1-1 5-7-8 5-7-8 5-7-8 4x6 = Scale = 1:85 0 7.00 12 3x8 / 19 TYR / 3×8 = 18 27 17 16 11 9 28 10 3x4 = 4x6 = 1.5x4 || 1.5x4 II 3x8 = 3x8 -4x8 || 4x8 || 4×4 = 11 8-10-13 21-0-9 24-9-3 25-9-3 1-0-1 8-5-3 3-8-9 Plate Offsets (X,Y)- [2:0-3-3,0-1-8] 2-10-1 LOADING (psf) SPACING-TCLL (roof) 20.0 2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in (loc) Vdef1 ∐d PLATES GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.60 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Vert(LL) -0.24 16-18 >999 240 MT20 244/190 Lumber DOL 1.15 TCDL BC 0.91 Vert(TL) -0.46 16-18 10.0 >731 180 Rep Stress Inc. YES WB BCII 0.94 Horz(TL) 0.0 * 0.10 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) BCDI Weight: 199 lb FT = 20% LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-2-4 oc purlins, except BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 end verticals WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except: 2-2-0 oc bracing: 2-18. 4-5-0 oc bracing: 11-15 WERS 1 Row at midpt 5-16 3 Rows at 1/4 pts 7-9 JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 19 REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=1476/0-3-8, 9=1785/Mechanical Max Horz 2=290(LC 9) Max Uplift 2=-111(LC 10) FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension 1-2=0/29, 2-20=2381/98, 3-20=-2301/130, 3-4=-2156/113, 4-5=-2002/144, 5-21=-1915/0, 21-22=-1822/0, 6-22=-1821/0, TOP CHORD 6-23=-1828/0, 23-24=-1843/0, 24-25=-1911/0, 7-25=-1927/0, 7-26=-7/83, 8-26=-110/65, 8-9=-154/94

BOT CHORD

2-18=-149/1968, 18-27=-64/1587, 17-27=-64/1587, 16-17=-64/1587, 14-16=-66/777, 10-14=0/2529, 10-28=0/1612, 9-28=0/1612, 13-15=-1520/0, 12-13=-1520/0, 11-12=-1520/0

5-18=-1057/144, 15-16=-22/1153, 15-19=0/1617, 6-19=0/1607, 7-11=-1613/76, 9-11=-2222/0, 5-18=-19/538,

3-18=-286/157, 5-19=-86/780, 7-19=-71/751, 13-14=-236/0, 14-15=0/1795, 10-12=-132/0, 10-11=0/997

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph: TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 17-4-0, Exterior(2) 17-4-0 to 20-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 16.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

Provide metal plate or equivalent at bearing(s) 9 to support reaction shown.

- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at Jt(s) 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

SEAL 16673

VGINEE

January 18,2018 A STRZ

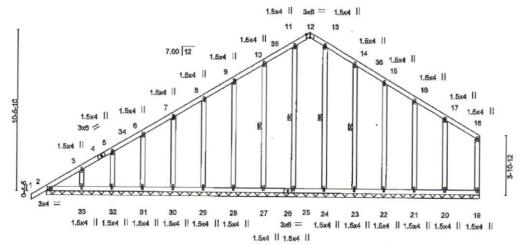
🛕 WARMING - Verify design parameters and READ NOYES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-1473 rev. 10/03/2016 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MTels® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a just system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design is to overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design lake the overall building design. Bracing incleated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, eraction and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSUTPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Salety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suste 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932

Job Truss Truss Type Burke Roof LGI HOMES E11374090 A4E GARLE Job Reference (optional) 7.840 s Aug 18 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:41 2018 Page 1 ID:/?hMoJZbxPenI_bpb7zFgypDqB-AlDdjvcnl2ps18teHYDnRCQOelQb_zXAUQMz5YzuAKy 1-0-0 17-4-0 11-3-4



28-7-4 Plate Offsets (X,Y)- [12:0-3-0,Edge] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. TCLL (roof) DEFL I/defl 20.0 L/d PLATES GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.15 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Vert(LL) -0.00 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.04 Vert(TL) 0.00 10.0 n/r 120 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.12 BCLL Horz(TL) 0.00 19 0.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 BCOL Weight: 214 lb 10.0 FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WERS 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-TOP CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

BOT CHORD Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt

11-25, 10-27, 13-24, 14-23

REACTIONS, (lb/size) 19=76/28-7-4, 2=153/28-7-4, 25=159/28-7-4, 27=160/28-7-4, 28=160/28-7-4, 29=160/28-7-4, 30=160/28-7-4, 31=161/28-7-4, 32=154/28-7-4, 33=179/28-7-4, 24=159/28-7-4, 23=159/28-7-4, 22=161/28-7-4, 21=156/28-7-4,

20=179/28-7-4

Max Horz 2=290(LC 9)

Max Upiff 19=-14(LC 11), 2=-95(LC 8), 25=-26(LC 9), 27=-53(LC 11), 28=-20(LC 9), 29=-24(LC 10), 30=-23(LC 11), 31=-33(LC 10), 32=-58(LC 10), 33=-50(LC 10), 23=-51(LC 11), 22=-35(LC 11), 21=-52(LC 11), 20=-72(LC 11), 21=-52(LC 11),

31=161(LC 15), 32=154(LC 1), 33=179(LC 15), 24=189(LC 4), 23=197(LC 4), 22=161(LC 1), 21=156(LC 1), 20=180(LC 16)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

1-2=0/28, 2-3=-310/232, 3-4=-269/211, 4-5=-259/222, 5-34=-235/212, 6-34=-225/219, 6-7=-201/214, 7-8=-167/210, TOP CHORD

8-9=-132/206, 9-10=-98/198, 10-35=-64/227, 11-35=-53/237, 11-12=-33/199, 12-13=-38/199, 13-14=-44/237,

14-36=-9/176, 15-36=-34/165, 15-16=-33/135, 16-17=-35/84, 17-18=-31/33, 18-19=-57/29

BOT CHORD

2-33=-1/4, 32-33=-1/4, 31-32=-1/4, 30-31=-1/4, 29-30=-1/4, 28-29=-1/4, 27-28=-1/4, 26-27=-1/4, 25-26=-1/4, 24-25=-1/4, 26-27=-1 23-24=-1/4, 22-23=-1/4, 21-22=-1/4, 20-21=-1/4, 19-20=-1/4

11-25=-138/50, 10-27=-122/105, 9-28=-120/68, 8-29=-120/73, 7-30=-120/72, 6-31=-121/73, 5-32=-117/79, 3-33=-132/81, 13-24=-149/0, 14-23=-157/105, 15-22=-121/68, 16-21=-117/77, 17-20=-135/94

NOTES-

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design,

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2) 2-0-0 to 17-4-0, Corner(3) 17-4-0 to 20-4-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grlp DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
 Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will confined waren the bottom chord and any other members.

SEAL 16673

A. STRZ

January 18,2018 A STRI

Scale = 1:69.6

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIN-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designs must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fishication, storage, defivery, erection and bracing of trusses and frust systems, see ANSITPT Quality Oriteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandra, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Roof	
LGI_HOMES	ME	GABLE	1	1		E11374090
Ruffders First Source Allien	nerla NC 29001				Job Reference (optional)	

NOTES-

| IJOD Reterence (optional) 7.540 a Aug 18 2017 Wifek Industries, Inc. Thu Jen 18 09:50:41 2018 Page 2 |D:r?hMoJZbxPenLbpb7z5FgypDqB-AlDdjvcni2ps18teHYDnRCQOelQb_zXAUQMz5YzuAKy

11) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 19, 2, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 23, 22, 21, and 20. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

12) "Semi-rigid pilchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

WARMING - Verity design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIT-7473 rev. 19/03/2018 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a least system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent colleges with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, defivery, rection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see "ANBLITH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Baloky Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job Truss Type Qty Burke Roo LOI HOMES RIF E11374091 Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional)
7.840 s Aug 18 2017 MiTek industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:41 2018 Page 1
ID:r?hMoJZbxPeni_bpb7z5FgypDqB-AIDdjvcni2ps18teHYDnRCQPqlQV_vAUQMz5YzuAKy marle . NC 28001 -1-0-0 5-4-0 10-8-0 11-8-0 1-0-0 5-4-0 1-0-0 3x4 = Scale = 1:28.0

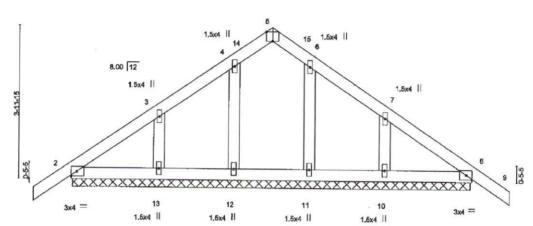


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [5:0-2-0,5	Edge]	10-7	-8			_	0	0-8	
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI, TC 0.07 BC 0.04 WB 0.03	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	-0.00 -0.00 0.00	(loc) 9 9	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 10,0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)						Weight: 52 lb	FT = 20%

10-7-8

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

10.00

Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=167/10-7-0, 8=167/10-7-0, 12=139/10-7-0, 13=181/10-7-0, 11=139/10-7-0, 10=181/10-7-0

Max Horz 2=108(LC 9)

Max Uplift 2=-10(LC 10), 8=-12(LC 11), 12=-37(LC 10), 13=-72(LC 10), 11=-33(LC 11), 10=-73(LC 11)

Max Grav 2=167(LC 1), 8=167(LC 1), 12=139(LC 1), 13=182(LC 15), 11=139(LC 1), 10=182(LC 16)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=0/29, 2-3=-102/35, 3-4=-62/23, 4-14=-52/24, 5-14=-41/28, 6-15=-41/29, 6-15=-52/25, 6-7=-62/14, 7-8=-103/27,

BOT CHORD

2-13=-7/139, 12-13=-7/139, 11-12=-7/139, 10-11=-7/139, 8-10=-7/139

WEBS 4-12=-101/59, 3-13=-132/115, 6-11=-101/58, 7-10=-132/115

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2) 2-0-0 to 5-4-0, Corner(3) 5-4-0 to 8-4-0 zone; cantillever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
- Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads,
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) One Hz.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 11, and 10. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

11) Non Standard bearing condition. Review required.

12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.



A WARMING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual burishing component, not a luss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss was end/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal highly and and properly control of the properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, soe.

ANSITYPT Qualify Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information. available from Truss Plate Institute, 216 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Edenton, NC 27932

Job Truss Truss Type Burke Roof GI_HOMES E11374092 B2 Common Job Reference (ogtlonal).
7.640 s Aug 16 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 06:80:42 2018 Page 1
ID:r?hMoJZbxPeni_bpb7z5FgypDqB-exn?xFdPTLxjelSqrFl0_0zTRhialP9JJ45Wd_zuAKx Builders FirstSource NC 28001 5-4-0 11-8-0 1-0-0 5-4-0 5-4-0 1-0-0 4x6 = Scale = 1:27.2 8.00 12 13 8 1.5x4 1 3x4 =

	0-6-8 0-0-8	5-4-0 5-3-8	1	10-7-8 5-3-8			10-8-0 3-0-8	
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pff/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1. Lumber DOL 1.	H-0 CSI. 15 TC 0.53 15 BC 0.31 ES WB 0.10	Vert(TL) -	In (loc 0.02 2-4 0.05 2-4	3 >999	L/d 240 180	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 0.0 *	Code IRC2009/TPI20		Holz(TL)	0.01	4 n/a	n/a	Weight: 44 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=484/0-3-8, 4=484/0-3-8

Max Horz 2=108(LC 9)

Max Uplift 2=-106(LC 10), 4=-106(LC 11)

FORCES. (jb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension
TOP CHORD 1-2=0/30, 2-7=-481/33, 7-8=-385/35, 8-9=-366/39, 9-10=-322/48, 3-10=-304/52, 3-11=-304/52, 11-12=-322/48, 12-13=-366/39, 13-14=-385/35, 4-14=-461/33, 4-5=0/30

BOT CHORD 2-6=0/299, 4-6=0/299

WEBS 3-6=0/257

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cal. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C 2) Wild. AGC 2-05, Hoteland, Total-output, Deta-output, Harding and Company of the Agree of the
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss,



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

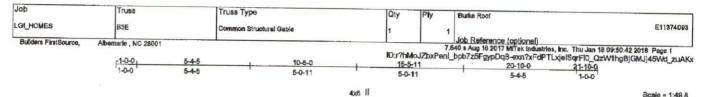
Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

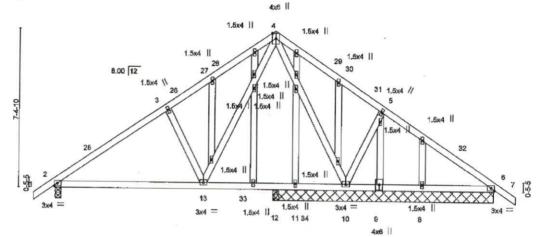
WARNING - Verity design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIT-7473 rev. 10/03/2018 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building design remark verity the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate bits design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckings of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collepse with possible personal righty and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANDITY Quality Criteria, DSB-85 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.







LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0	SELONG ASS				7-0-			
TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSL TC 0.36 BC 0.40 WB 0.66 (Matrix)	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in (loc -0.06 2-1 -0.16 2-1 0.01	3 >999	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 144 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD**

OTHERS

REACTIONS.

2x4 SP No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No 3

2x4 SP No.3

BRACING. TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

(lb/size) 2=578/0-3-8, 10=819/10-5-8, 11=32/10-5-8, 8=109/10-5-8, 6=230/10-5-8, 12=132/0-3-8 Max Horz 2=-205(LC 8)

Max Uplift 2=-109(LC 10), 10=-115(LC 10), 6=-86(LC 11)

Max Grav 2=578(LC 1), 10=819(LC 1), 11=61(LC 5), 8=167(LC 5), 6=249(LC 16), 12=133(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=0/30, 2-25=-631/61, 3-25=-556/89, 3-26=-496/115, 26-27=-425/126, 27-28=-408/129, 4-28=-399/146, 4-29=0/187,

29-30=0/104, 30-31=0/87, 5-31=-18/71, 5-32=-1/65, 6-32=-155/28, 6-7=0/29

BOT CHORD 6-8=-27/79

2-13=-108/454, 13-33=-37/172, 12-33=-37/172, 11-12=-37/172, 11-34=-37/172, 10-34=-37/172, 9-10=-27/79, 8-9=-27/79,

4-10=-555/48, 5-10=-295/175, 4-13=-91/441, 3-13=-287/168 WEBS

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 10-5-0, Exterior(2) 10-5-0 to 13-5-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry

Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads,

7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2, 10, and 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.



A WARNING - Varify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MS-1473 rev. 10/05/2015 BEFORE USE. By Waterind - valify design parameters and NEAD NOTES ON THIS AND MICLUDED Bit LEX REFERENCE PAGE RSI-7473 rev. 1970/2019 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is strays required for stability and to prevent oxidages with possible porsonal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Piate Institute, 216 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job Truss Truss Type Burke Roof E11374094 LGI_HOMES Scissor Job Reference (optional)
7.840 s Aug 18 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:43 2018 Page 1
ID:r?nMoJZbxPenI_bob7z5FgypDqB-67KN8bd2Er3aGS10PzGFWdVZp5sKSinSxjr49RzuAKw Builders FirstSource NG 28001 |-1-0-0 10-5-0 15-5-10 20-10-0 21-10-0 1-0-0 5-4-6 5-0-10 5-4-6

Scale = 1:45,8

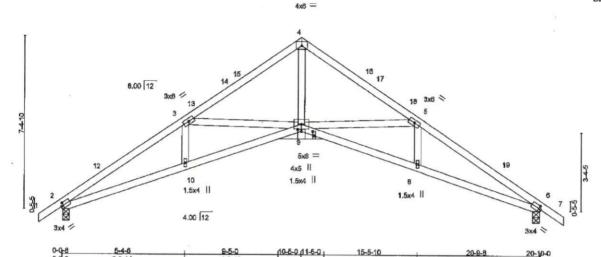


Plate Offsets (X,Y)- [2:0-1-0,0	5-3-14 0-1-8], [6:0-1-0,0-1-8], [9:0-1-0,0-2-0]	4-0-10 '1-0-0 '1-0-0 ' [11:0-2-4,0-0-12]	4-0-10		5-3-14	0-0-8	
COADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grlp DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.87 BC 0.98 WB 0.52 (Matrix)	Vert(LL) -0.11	loc) I/defl 9 >999 8-9 >869 6 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 102 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheatning directly applied or 3-8-1 oc purlins.

Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=890/0-3-8, 6=890/0-3-8

Max Horz 2=206(LC 9)

Max Uplift 2=-128(LC 10), 6=-128(LC 11)

FORCES. (Ib) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-2=0/27, 2-12=-2116/118, 3-12=-2032/141, 3-13=-1479/55, 13-14=-1411/66, 14-15=-1394/69, 4-15=-1389/86,

4-16=-1388/76, 16-17=-1394/60, 17-18=-1411/56, 5-18=-1479/46, 5-19=-2032/138, 6-19=-2116/114, 6-7=0/27

BOT CHORD 2-10=-82/1759, 9-10=-81/1754, 8-9=-44/1754, 8-8=-45/1759 WEBS 3-10=0/225, 3-9=-528/195, 4-9=0/1262, 5-9=-528/201, 5-8=0/225

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 1) United ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; be25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 10-5-0, Exterior(2) 10-5-0 to 13-5-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grlp DOL=1.60
 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof)
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Bearing at Joint(s) 2, 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 9) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at It(s) 2 and 6. This

connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces. 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rev. 10/03/2018 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITS-80 connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buildings design. But the stability and to prevent buildings of personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and fuses systems, see

ANSETTH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job Truss Type Burke Roof LGI HOMES R5 E11374095 Solsso Job Reference (optionel)
7.840 s Aug 16 2017 Mffek industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:43 2018 Page 1
ID:r?hMoJZbxPenI_bpb7z5FgypDqB-67KN8bd2Ef3aGS10PzGFWdVc25yBSImSxir49RzuAKw Builders FirstSource. Albemarie NC 28001 5-3-14 15-5-2 20-9-0 5-3-14 5-0-10 5-3-14 Scale = 1:45,2 4x6 = 8.00 12 3x8 / 3v8 15 4.40 4x5 || 3.43 1.5x4 | 6 1,5x4 | 1.5x4 || 3 4.00 12 3×4 = 1-0-0 1-0-0 15-5-2 20-9-0 5-3-14 4-0-10 5-3-14 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-0-15.0-0-12], [5:0-0-15,0-0-12], [7:0-1-0,0-2-0], [9:0-2-4,0-0-12] LOADING (psf) SPACING. 2-0-0 DEFL in (loc) **Vdefl** TCLL (roof) 20.0 L/d **PLATES** GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.66 Vert(LL) 240 -0.11 >999 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 MT20 244/190 Lumber DOI 1.15 8C 0.61 Vert(TL) -0.28 >876 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES 0.0 * WA 0.52 Horz(TL) 0.26 5 BCLL n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) BCDL 10.0 Weight: 98 lb FT = 20%LUMBER-BRACING-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-6-15 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=818/0-3-8, 5=818/0-3-8

Max Horz 1=-204(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-79(LC 10), 5=-79(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-10=2124/156, 2-10=2018/176, 2-11=1481/80, 11-12=1412/81, 12-13=-1389/96, 3-13=-1387/110, 3-14=-1387/109,

14-15=-1389/94, 15-16=-1412/80, 4-16=-1481/79, 4-17=-2019/175, 5-17=-2124/155

BOT CHORD 1-8=-122/1767, 7-8=-119/1761, 6-7=-80/1761, 5-6=-81/1767

WEBS 2-8=0/227, 2-7=-535/206, 3-7=-9/1264, 4-7=-535/211, 4-6=0/227

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (kow-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-2-4 to 3-2-4, Interior(1) 3-2-4 to 10-5-0, Exterior(2) 10-5-0 to 13-5-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

8) One H2,5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at Jt(s) 1 and 5. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.



meters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 (ev. 19/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a fuse system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design is to everall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss was and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is starrays required for stability and to prevent obligate with possible personal injury and property damage. To general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of incistute, 218 N, Lee Street, Suffe 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



818 Soundaide Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job Truss Type Qty Burke Roof E11374096 LGI HOMES B5A Roof Special Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Aug 16 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 99:50:44 2018 Page 1
ID:r?hMoJZbxPenLbpb7z5FgypDqB-aKumMxeg7zBRuccDzgnU3r2nxVIVBDKcANaditzuAKv 5-2-4 10-1-0 15-1-10 20-5-8 4-10-12 5-0-10 5-3-14 Scale = 1:44.7 4x6 = 8.00 12 3x8 / 17 5x8 = 4x5 || 1.5x4 II 1.5x4 | 1 5x4 |

	5-2-4	3-10-12	1-0-0	1-0-0	15-1-10	-	+		20-5-8		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [1:0-1-5					4-0-10				5-3-14		
LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pt/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 " BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2 Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2009/TPI2	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES 2007	CSI. TC 0.65 BC 0.60 WB 0.50 (Matrix)		DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in -0.10 -0.26 0.24	(loc) B B-9 6	Vdefi >999 >929 n/a	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 101 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%

BRACING.

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS SLIDER

Left 2x4 SP No.3 3-0-6

4x8 =

REACTIONS, (lb/size) 1=809/Mechanical, 6=809/0-3-8

Max Horz 1=-204(LC 8)

Max Uplift 1=-79(LC 10), 6=-79(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-1966/143, 2-11=-1879/147, 3-11=-1857/165, 3-12=-1440/79, 12-13=-1377/89, 13-14=-1362/94, 4-14=-1351/109,

4-15=-1356/107, 15-16=-1382/92, 16-17=-1384/79, 5-17=-1452/77, 5-18=-1987/173, 6-18=-2093/153

4.00 12

BOT CHORD 1-9=-109/1609, 8-9=-106/1617, 7-8=-79/1734, 6-7=-80/1740

WEBS 3-9=0/192, 3-8=-434/193, 4-8=-7/1217, 5-8=-533/211, 5-7=0/226

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-1-2 to 3-1-2, Interior(1) 3-1-2 to 10-1-0, Exterior(2) 10-1-0 to 13-1-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 5) This truse has been designed for a 10,0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

8) Bearing at joint(s) 6 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 79 lb uplift at joint 1.

- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 6. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss,



3x4 =

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-7-4 oc purlins.

Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

🛕 WARNING - Verlfy design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIL-7473 rav. 10/03/1015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MIT able connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building design is have do not upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building design is not upon the property of the property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the flatication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of four uses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute. 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job Truss Truss Type Ωħ Burke Roof LGLHOMES E11374097 BAG COMMON GIRDER 3 Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Aug 16 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:44 2018 Paga 1
ID:r?hMoJZbxPenl_bpb7z5FgypDq8-aKumMxeg7zBRuccDzgnU3r2oZVL2BANcANeditzuAKv Builders FirstSource 5-1-13 10-1-0 15-0-3 4-11-3 4-11-3 5-5-5 4x6 | Scale = 1:46.5 8.00 12 308 % 3x6 > 13 0-7-15 169 14 15 17 18 22 6 4v8 = 4x8 = MUS28 MUS28 MUS28 8x8 = MUS28 MUS28 3v10 | 10-10 = 3x8 || MUS28 MUS28 MUS28 MUSSA MI 1928 5-1-13 5-1-13 4-11-3 4-11-3 Plate Offsets (X,Y)- [4:0-2-0,0-1-8], [5:0-4-0,0-1-9], [6:0-5-12,0-1-8], [8:0-5-0,0-6-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL Vdef L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.61 Vert(LL) -D.11 6-B >999 240 244/190 MT20 Snow (Pt/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.44 Vert(TL) -0,22 6-8 >999 180 TCDI 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB NO 0.69 Horz(TL) 0.04 5 n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) Weight: 409 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-7 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2x8 SP DSS BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

3-8; 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=8262/Mechanical, 5=8783/0-4-0 (reg. 0-4-9)

Max Horz 1=-198(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

1-2=-11009/0, 2-10=-7966/0, 10-11=-7905/0, 3-11=-7896/0, 3-12=-7892/0, 12-13=-7902/0, 4-13=-7984/0, 4-5=-12288/0
1-14=0/8924, 14-15=0/8924, 15-16=0/8924, 9-16=0/8924, 9-17=0/8924, 17-18=0/8924, 8-18=0/8924, 8-19=0/10085, 7-19=0/10085, 7-20=0/10085, 6-20=0/10085, 6-21=0/10085, 21-22=0/10085, 5-22=0/10085

WEBS 3-8=0/8470, 4-8=-4365/0, 4-8=0/4787, 2-8=-2927/494, 2-9=-341/3385

NOTES.

1) 3-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nalls as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 3 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design,

4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=8.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

5) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow; Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

9) WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) 5 greater than input bearing size.

10) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

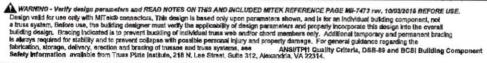
11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

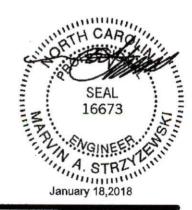
12) Use Simpson Strong-Tie MUS28 (8-10d Girder, 4-10d Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max, starting at 0-9-4 from the left end to 8-9-4 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.

13) Use Simpson Strong-Tie MUS28 (8-10d Girder, 8-10d Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 cc max. starting at 10-9-4 from the left end to 18-9-4 to connect truss(es) to back face of bottom chord.

14) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard







818 Soundstde Roa Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Tour					
300	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Burke Roof	
LGLHOMES	B6G	COMMON GIRDER	1		1	E11374097
Builders FirstSource Al	hamada NO DOORA			3	Job Reference (optional)	

| ■ Lido Reference (optional)
7.840 s Aug 16 2017 MiTak Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 16 09:50:46 2018 Page 2
|D:r?hMoJZbxPenLopb7z5FgypDq8-2WS8ZHflmGKlVmBPWOl|b2bzJvhl+wddlP1KAEJzuAKu

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced) + Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: 1-3=-60, 3-5=-60, 1-5=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Veri: 6=-1765(B) 14=-1323(B) 15=-1320(B) 16=-1320(B) 17=-1320(B) 18=-1320(B) 19=-1765(B) 20=-1765(B) 21=-1765(B) 22=-1765(B)

WARNING - Varily design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIN-7472 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors, This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design in the overall building design. Bradnip indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for shability and to prevent obspace with possible personal injury, and property dange. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of inuses and kruss systems, see

ANSITP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information swellable from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N, Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job Truss Truss Type Qty E11374098 LGI HOMES IG1 Monopitch Job Reference (optional)
7.840 s Aug 18 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:45 2018 Page 1
ID:r7hMoJZbxPenLbpb7z5FgypDqB-2WS8ZHflmGKIVmBPWOljb2b5CvbwnRIP1KAEJzuAKu de , NC 28001 -1-0-0 1-0-0 Scale = 1:8.4 1.5x4 II 4.00 12 0-9-12 2 0-3-15 538 1.5x4 || 2-4-0 2-3-8 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. In (loc) Vdef L/d TCLL (roof) 20.0 **PLATES** GRIP Plate Grlp DOL 1.15 TC 0.11 Vert(LL) -0.00 240 >999 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 MT20 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.14 Vert(TL) -0.00 2-4 >999 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(TL) 0.00 n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) BCDL Weight: 9 lb FT = 20% 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-4-0 oc purlins, except BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 4=62/0-1-8, 2=170/0-3-8

Max Horz 2=45(LC 6)

Max Uplift 4=-12(LC 9), 2=-71(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension TOP CHORD 1-2=0/18, 2-3=-28/10, 3-4=-42/40

BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) automatic zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate arip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

 3) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live toad of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4,
- 8) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at it(s) 4 and 2. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heefs" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOYES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIN-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracking indicated is to prevent bucking or haddwald truss web and/or chord membra only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent outsituding or haddwald truss web and/or chord membra. Only indicated in the prevent bucking or hadden in the prevent outside the prevent bucking on the prevent outside the pre



Job Truss Truss Type Qty E11374099 LGI_HOMES Monopitch Supported Gable Job Reference (optional) 7.640 s Aug 18 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 09:50:45 2018 Page 1 Builders FirstSource. de NC 28001 ID:r?hMoJZbxPeni_bpb7z5FgypDqB-2W\$8ZHflmGKIVmBPWOIjb2b3qvk8wnRIP1KAEJzuAKu -1-0-0 2-8-8 1-0-0 2-8-8 Scale = 1:9,1 1.5x4 4.00 12 2 0-3-15 2x4 1,5x4 || 2-8-0 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 DEFL CSI. (loc) Vdefl. L/d PLATES GRIP TCLL (roof) Plate Grlp DOL 1.15 TC 0.20 Vert(LL) -0.00 240 >999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.25 Vert(TL) -0.012-4 >999 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(TL) 0.00 BCII 0.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) Weight: 11 lb FT = 20% BCDI 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-8-8 oc purilns, except BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WERS 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=181/0-3-0, 4=82/0-1-8

Max Horz 2=50(LC 6)

Max Uplift 2=-69(LC 6), 4=-17(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-5=0/9, 2-5=0/18, 2-6=-40/0, 3-6=-33/15, 3-4=-58/89

BOT CHORD 2-4=0/0

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) automatic zone and C-C Corner(3) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Exterior(2) 2-0-0 to 2-6-12 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

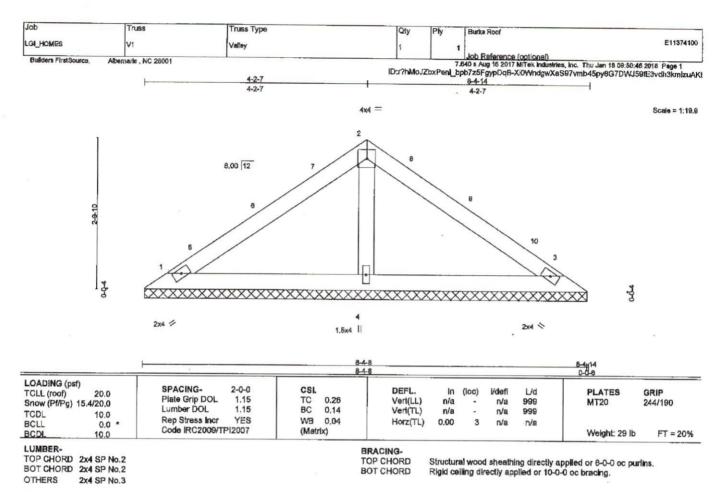
 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs
- non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 8) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity
- of bearing surface.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 10) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 2 and 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss



A WARNING - Verify design perameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MH-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 REFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTelde connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is nor an individual building component, not a russ system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual it russ web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to provent ocliance with possible personal injury and property diamage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and fluss systems, see ANSI/TP1 (quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Componible for Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=161/8-4-2, 3=161/8-4-2, 4=274/8-4-2

Max Horz 1=71(LC 9)

Max Uplift 1=-46(LC 10), 3=-49(LC 11), 4=-5(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD 1-5=-88/31, 5-6=-38/38, 6-7=-37/39, 2-7=-22/48, 2-8=-13/45, 8-9=-37/36, 9-10=-38/35, 3-10=-88/28

BOT CHORD 1-4=-15/35, 3-4=-15/35

VEBS 2-4=-181/62

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) 0-5-12 to 3-5-12, Interior(1) 3-5-12 to 4-2-7, Exterior(2) 4-2-7 to 7-2-7 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load; Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads,
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at JI(s) 1 and 3. This connection is for upliff only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 9) One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at Jt(s) 4. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.



MARMING - Varify dealign parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEX REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/02/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITING connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a trus system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate the design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent oblispee with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and russ systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safely Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Truss Truss Type Qty Burke Roof E11374101 LGI HOMES V2 Job Reference (optional)
7.540 s Aug 16 2017 Miffek Industries, Inc. Thu Jan 18 08:50:48 2016 Page 1
ID:r?hMoJZbxPenI_bpb7z5FgypDq8-Xi0WindgwXaS97vmb45py8G7GcJ4LfEhvdn3kmlzuAK1
4-10-14 Builders FirstSource. Albernarte , NC 28001 2-5-7 3x4 = Scale = 1:11.0 2 8.00 12 200

2x4 /

2x4 >

ι ` · ι ·	(loc) - - 3	I/defi n/a n/a n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
00	00	00 3	00 3 n/a	00 3 n/a n/a	00 3 n/a n/a Weight: 14 lb

LUMBER-

Linh

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No 2 BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-10-14 oc purlins.

Rigid celling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=158/4-10-2, 3=158/4-10-2

Max Horz 1=-38(LC 6)

Max Uplift 1=-28(LC 8), 3=-28(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD TOP CHORD 1-2=-133/59, 2-3=-133/59 BOT CHORD 1-3=-17/89

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 100mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) automatic zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow. Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp., Ct=1.1; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 paf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) One MTS12 Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 3. This connection is for uptift only and does not consider lateral forces.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks with fixed heels" Member end fixily model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.



WARRING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIT-7473 rev. 10/03/2018 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, section and bracing of trusses and fruss systems, see

ANSITHE QUARTING COMPARIES.

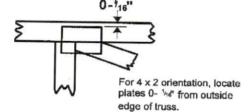


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, v offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 x 4

The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

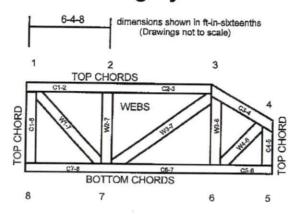
DSB-89:

BCSI:

ANSI/TPI1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction. Design Standard for Bracing.

Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling. Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- 1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
- 2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- 3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on Inadequately braced trusses.
- 4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- 5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- 6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- 9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- 10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements,
- 12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- 13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on destan.
- 14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- 16. Do not cut or after truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- 18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- 20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.

