

Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418

34-11-0 17-5-8 17-5-8 17-5-8

Scale = 1:61.5

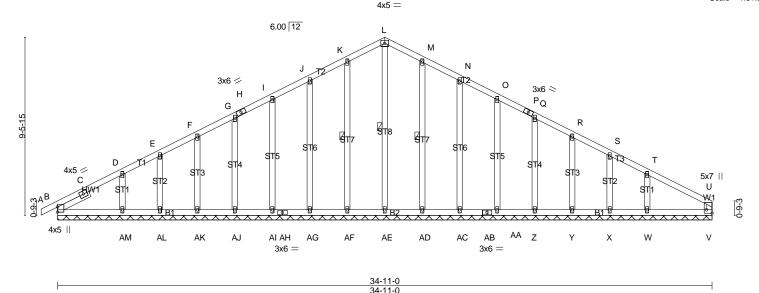


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [U:Edge,0-3-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-CSI. DEFL. **PLATES** GRIP 1-9-8 in (loc) I/defI L/d **TCLL** 20.0 Plates Increase 1.15 TC 0.15 Vert(LL) -0.00 n/r 120 MT20 244/190

TCDL 10.0 Lumber Increase 1.15 вс 0.09 Vert(TL) 0.00 n/r 90 WB 0.13 ٧ **BCLL** 0.0 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(TL) 0.01 n/a n/a BCDL Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Weight: 231 lb FT = 20% 10.0 (Matrix)

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER

Left 2x4 SP No.2 1-11-0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. WFBS

1 Row at midpt

L-AE, K-AF, M-AD

REACTIONS. All bearings 34-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B= 188(LC 6) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) V, B, AF, AJ, AL, AD, Z, X except AG=-107(LC 7), AI=-101(LC 7), AK=-109(LC 7), AM=-204(LC 7), AC=-108(LC 8), AA=-100(LC 8), Y=-111(LC 8), W=-206(LC Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) V, B, AF, AG, AI, AJ, AK, AL, AM, AD, AC, AA, Z, Y, X, W except AE=300(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD G-H=-66/282, H-I=-42/290, I-J=-66/346, J-K=-66/421, K-L=-67/485, L-M=-67/485 M-N=-66/421, N-O=-66/346, O-P=-42/276,

P-Q=-66/267 WEBS

L-AE=-309/0

WEBS L-AE=-309/0

NOTES-(12)

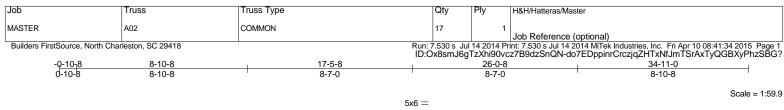
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) V, B, AF, AJ, AL, AD, Z, X except (jt=lb) AG=107 Al=101, AK=109, AM=204, AC=108, AA=100, Y=111, W=206.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



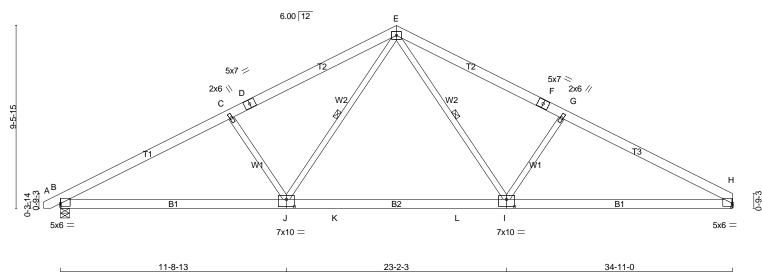


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-0-0,0-1-12], [F:0-0-0,0-0-0], [H:E	dge,0-1-12], [I:0-5-0,0-4-	-8], [J:0-5-0,0-4-8]	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl	L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.57	Vert(LL) -0.32 I-J >999	240 MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.80	Vert(TL) -0.48 I-J >862	180
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.40	Horz(TL) 0.09 H n/a	n/a
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	,	Weight: 222 lb FT = 20%
		' '		

11-8-13

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-9-14 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-11-8 oc bracing. WEBS

1 Row at midpt

E-I, E-J

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B = 1569

B = 1569/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-7) H = 1512/Mechanical Max Horz B = 185(LC 6) Max Uplift B = -664(LC 7) H = -592(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-2665/1427, C-D=-2382/1376, D-E=-2253/1418, E-E=-2272/1429

D-E=-2253/1418, E-F=-2272/1429, F-G=-2402/1387, G-H=-2666/1443

BOT CHORD

B-J=-1084/2249, J-K=-496/1529,

K-L=-496/1529, I-L=-496/1529,

H-I=-1106/2283

WEBS

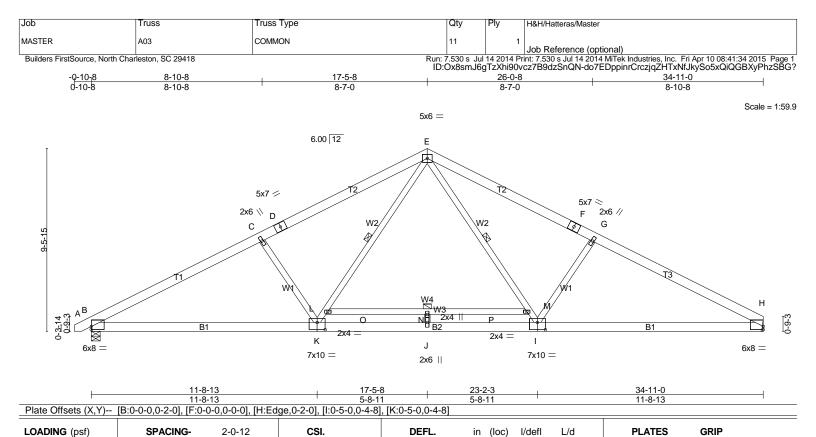
E-I=-483/961, G-I=-485/649, E-J=-467/931,

C-J=-458/625

NOTES- (9

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL =
- 10.0psf.5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=664, H=592.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TCLL

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

W3: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-8-8 max.)

(Switched from sheeted: Spacing > 2-0-0). BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-10-2 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt E-I. E-K. L-M

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

1620/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-9)

1561/Mechanical Н

Max Horz

191(LC 6)

Plates Increase

Lumber Increase

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

Rep Stress Incr

1.15

1.15

TC

вс

WB 0.61

(Matrix)

0.67

0.99

Max Uplift

-684(LC 7) -611(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-2720/1472, C-D=-2452/1420,

D-E=-2319/1463, E-F=-2339/1474,

F-G=-2473/1431, G-H=-2746/1488

BOT CHORD

B-K=-1118/2316, J-K=-569/1699,

I-J=-569/1699, H-I=-1141/2351

E-M=-501/993, I-M=-472/899, G-I=-501/669,

K-L=-455/869, E-L=-484/962,

C-K=-473/644

NOTES-(10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

Vert(LL)

Vert(TL)

Horz(TL)

-0.30

-0.46

0.09

>999

>896

n/a

Н

240

180

MT20

Weight: 238 lb

244/190

FT = 20%

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=684, H=611.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

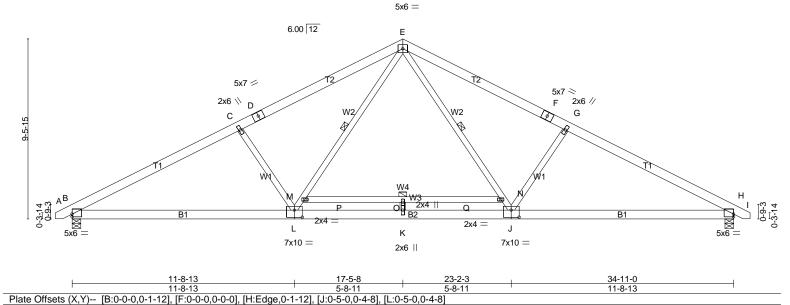
LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced) + Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-E=-62, E-H=-62, B-H=-21, O-P=-40

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master	
MASTER	A04	COMMON	16	1	1	
					Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FirstSource, North Char		Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:35 2015 Page				
			ID:Ox8smJ6g	TzXhi90vc	cz7B9dzSnQN-6_hdR9pKY9KiE7l06?_AvtswLr9?guXZVrHWy8zSBG_	
-Q-10 ₁ 8	8-10-8	17-5-8		26-0-8	34-11-0 35-9-8	
0-10-8	8-10-8	8-7-0		8-7-0	8-10-8 d-10-8	

Scale = 1:60.8



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl	L/d PLAT	ES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.63	Vert(LL) -0.29 K >999	240 MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.95	Vert(TL) -0.45 K >913	180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.57	Horz(TL) 0.09 H n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weigl	ht: 240 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

W3: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-0-3 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-0-3 oc bracing. WEBS

1 Row at midpt E-J, E-L, M-N

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

B = 1567/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-7) H = 1567/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-7) Max Horz B = -182(LC 5) Max Uplift B = -661(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb)

Н

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

-661(LC 8)

TOP CHORD

B-C=-2630/1416, C-D=-2371/1365, D-E=-2242/1407, E-F=-2242/1407,

F-G=-2371/1365, G-H=-2630/1416

BOT CHORD

B-L=-1068/2240, K-L=-537/1638, J-K=-537/1638, H-J=-1071/2240

WFRS

WEBS

E-N=-468/939, J-N=-440/847, G-J=-459/624,

L-M=-440/847, E-M=-468/939,

C-L=-459/624

NOTES- (9)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=661, H=661.

6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

7) Load case(s) 1, 2, 11, 12 has/have been modified. Building designer must review loads to verify that they are correct for the intended use of this truss.

8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

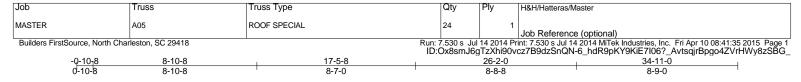
- Dead + Roof Live (balanced) + Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-E=-60, E-I=-60, B-H=-20, P-Q=-40
- 2) Dead + Uninhabitable Attic Without Storage: Lumber Increase=1.25, Plate Increase=1.25
 Uniform Loads (plf)

Standard

Vert: A-E=-20, E-I=-20, B-H=-40, P-Q=-40

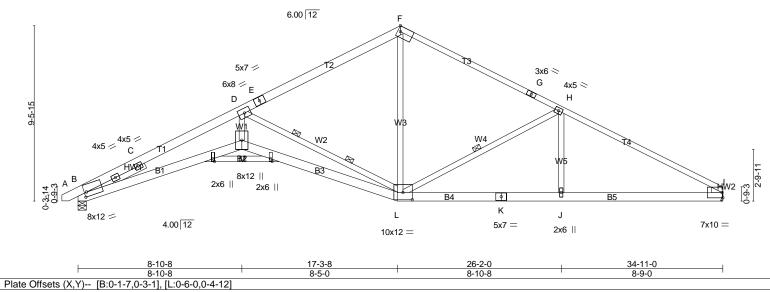
11) 1st Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced) + Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-E=-60, Ë-I=-20, B-H=-20, P-Q=-40
12) 2nd Dead + Roof Live (unbalanced) + Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: A-E=-20, E-I=-60, B-H=-20, P-Q=-40



7x10 <

Scale = 1:62.4



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.99	Vert(LL) 0.57 L-M >734 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.77	Vert(TL) -0.99 L-M >419 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.92	Horz(TL) 0.54 I n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-M)		Weight: 223 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

T3: 2x4 SP No.1, T4: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

B1,B3: 2x6 SP No.1, B2: 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

W1: 2x4 SP No.2, W2: 2x4 SP SS

D-L

Right: 2x4 SP No.3 SLIDER

Left 2x4 SP No.2 3-6-0

BRACING-

WEDGE

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 4-9-14 oc bracing. WEBS

1 Row at midpt

2 Rows at 1/3 pts

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

1443/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-4) 1387/Mechanical В =

Max Horz

211(LC 7) Max Uplift -663(LC 7) В -593(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-2698/1468, C-D=-5217/2998, D-E=-1613/1075, E-F=-1540/1119,

F-G=-1515/1119, G-H=-1638/1077,

H-I=-2338/1392

BOT CHORD

B-M=-2602/4854, L-M=-2607/4819,

BOT CHORD

B-M=-2602/4854, L-M=-2607/4819, K-L=-1066/1996, J-K=-1066/1996,

I-J=-1066/1996

WEBS

D-M=-1506/3079, D-L=-3659/2234,

F-L=-492/831, H-L=-762/636, H-J=0/332

(10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf;

BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 6) Bearing at joint(s) B considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building
- designer should verify capacity of bearing surface. 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=663, I=593.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

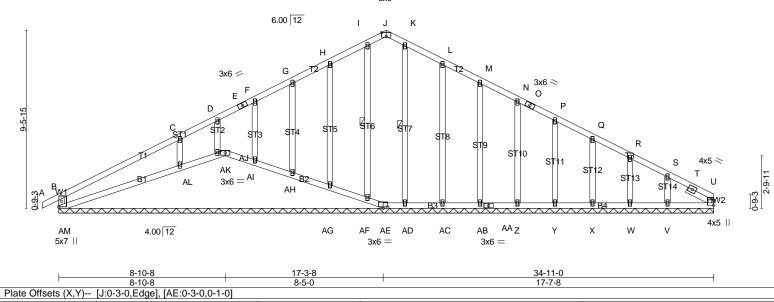


Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418

Run: 7.530 s. Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s.Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:36 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-aAF?eVqzJSSZsHtCgiVPS4P7IFerPRCikV03TazSBFz 34-11-0 17-5-8 17-5-8

3x6 =

Scale = 1:61.4



LOADING	(psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defI	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.48	Vert(LL)	-0.00	Α	n/r	120	MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.33	Vert(TL)	0.03	Α	n/r	90	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.16	Horz(TL)	0.01	U	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	, ,					Weight: 214 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3 SLIDER

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD**

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. WFBS

1 Row at midpt

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. All bearings 34-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz AM= 212(LC 7) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) AJ, AE, AH, W except AM=-184(LC 8), U=-103(LC 7), AG=-178(LC 7), AI=-156(LC 7), AK=-174(LC 2), AL=-408(LC 7), AC=-166(LC 8), AB=-105(LC 8), Z=-114(LC 8), Y=-112(LC 8), X=-117(LC 8), V=-183(LC Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) AJ, AE, U, AF, AG, AH, AI, AK, AD, AC, AB, Z, Y, X, W, V except AM=312(LC 1), AL=518(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD C-D=-228/357, D-E=-164/346, E-F=-134/354, F-G=-184/455, G-H=-180/524,

H-I=-188/638, I-J=-150/546, J-K=-150/547,

TOP CHORD

C-D=-228/357, D-E=-164/346, E-F=-134/354, F-G=-184/455, G-H=-180/524, H-I=-188/638, I-J=-150/546, J-K=-150/547, K-L=-188/637, L-M=-180/525 M-N=-181/451, N-O=-142/370, O-P=-181/365, P-Q=-181/305, Q-R=-181/255, B-AM=-309/313 WEBS C-AL=-366/493

NOTES-(13)

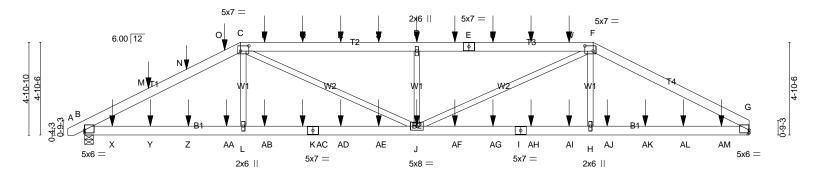
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) AJ, AE, AH, W except (jt=lb) AM=184, U=103 AG=178, AI=156, AK=174, AL=408, AC=166, AB=105, Z=114, Y=112, X=117, V=183.

- 10) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) AJ, AF, AG, AH, AI, AK, AL.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Apr 10 08:41:38 2015 Page 1
F3CWtEo?BpVAYSzSBFx
1
1

Scale = 1:60.5



<u> </u>	8-2-5 8-2-5	17-5-8 9-3-3		26-8-11 9-3-3	+ 34-11-0 8-2-5
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B	:Edge,0-1-12], [C:0-5-4,0-3-4], [I	:0-5-4,0-3-4], [G:0-0-0,0-1-	-12]		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.77 BC 0.83 WB 0.60 (Matrix)	DEFL. Vert(LL Vert(TL Horz(TI) -0.31 J-L >999 180	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 434 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): C-F.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-3-4 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

2761/Mechanical 2678/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-2) В Max Horz 93(LC 13) В Max Uplift G -2217(LC 6) В -2040(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-M=-4475/3410, M-N=-4382/3368,

N-O=-4324/3373, C-O=-4195/3271,

C-P=-5422/4461, P-Q=-5421/4461,

Q-R=-5421/4460, R-S=-5421/4460,

D-S=-5420/4460, D-T=-5421/4461,

E-T=-5421/4461, E-U=-5421/4460,

U-V=-5421/4460, V-W=-5421/4461,

F-W=-5422/4461, F-G=-4657/3629

BOT CHORD

B-X=-2976/3840, X-Y=-2976/3840, Y-Z=-2976/3840, Z-AA=-2976/3840, L-AA=-2976/3840, L-AB=-2976/3858, AB-AC=-2976/3858, K-AC=-2976/3858, K-AD=-2976/3858, AD-AE=-2976/3858, J-AE=-2976/3858, J-AF=-3116/4065,

AF-AG=-3116/4065, I-AG=-3116/4065, I-AH=-3116/4065, AH-AI=-3116/4065,

Continued on page 2

BOT CHORD

B-X=-2976/3840, X-Y=-2976/3840, Y-Z=-2976/3840, Z-AA=-2976/3840, L-AA=-2976/3840, L-AB=-2976/3858, AB-AC=-2976/3858, K-AC=-2976/3858, K-AD=-2976/3858, AD-AE=-2976/3858, J-AE=-2976/3858, J-AF=-3116/4065, AF-AG=-3116/4065, I-AG=-3116/4065, I-AH=-3116/4065, AH-AI=-3116/4065, H-AI=-3116/4065, H-AJ=-3102/4039, AJ-AK=-3102/4039. AK-AL=-3102/4039. AL-AM=-3102/4039. G-AM=-3102/4039 WFBS C-L=-14/765, C-J=-1611/1789, D-J=-1156/1587, F-J=-1408/1622,

F-H=-435/861 **NOTES-** (14)

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) G=2217, B=2040.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 86 lb down and 106 lb up at 3-5-8, 41 lb down and 58 lb up at 5-5-8, 143 lb down and 240 lb up at 7-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 9-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 11-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 13-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 15-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 17-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 19-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 21-5-8, and 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 23-5-8, and 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 25-5-8 on top chord, and 157 lb down and 161 lb up at 1-5-8, 93 lb down and 40 lb up at 3-5-8, 138 lb down and 107 lb up at 5-5-8, 72 lb down at 7-5-8, 72 lb down at 9-5-8, 72 lb down at 11-5-8, 72 lb down at 13-5-8, 72 lb down at 15-5-8, 72 lb down at 17-5-8, 72 lb down at 19-5-8, 72 lb down at 21-5-8, 72 lb down at 23-5-8, 72 lb down at 25-5-8, 196 lb down and 223 lb up at 27-5-8, 196 lb down and 223 lb up at 29-5-8, and 196 lb down and 223 lb up at 31-5-8, and 196 lb down and 223 lb up at 33-5-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master
MASTER	A07	HIP GIRDER	1	2	Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418

Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:38 2015 Page 2 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-WZMl3AsDr4iG5a1bo7XtXVUOF3CWtEo?BpVAYSzSBFx

NOTES- (14)

14) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

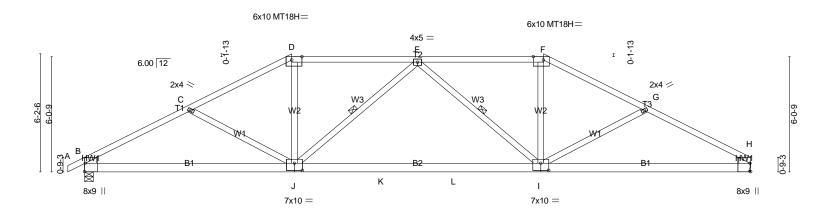
LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-F=-60, F-G=-60, B-G=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: J=-36(F) D=-103(F) M=-46(F) N=-1(F) O=-103(F) P=-103(F) Q=-103(F) R=-103(F) S=-103(F) T=-103(F) U=-103(F) V=-103(F) W=-103(F) X=-157(F) Y=-93(F) Z=-138(F) AA=-36(F) AB=-36(F) AC=-36(F) AD=-36(F) AE=-36(F) AF=-36(F) AG=-36(F) AH=-36(F) AJ=-196(F) AK=-196(F) AK=-196(F) AM=-196(F)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master			
MASTER	A08	Hip	1	1				
		'			Job Reference (optional)			
Builders FirstSource, North Char	rleston, SC 29418				int: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Indus			
			ID:Ox8smJ6gTz	:Xhi90vcz	7B9dzSnQN-WZMl3AsDr4iG5a	a1bo7XtXVUOZ3B3tJk?BpV	/AYSzSBFx	
-Q-10 ₁ 8 5-€	6-15 _i 10-10-	5 17-5-8	24-0-	11	29-4-1	34-11-0	i	
0-10-8 5-6	6-15 ¹ 5-3-7	6-7-3	6-7-	3	5-3-7	5-6-15		

Scale = 1:60.4



10-10-5 10-10-5	24-0-11 13-2-5	34-11-0 10-10-5
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:Edge,0-0-7], [D:0-6-6,Edge], [F	:0-6-6,Edge], [H:Edge,0-0-7], [I:0-5-0,0-4-8], [J:0-5-0	0,0-4-8]
LOADING (psf) SPACING- 2-0-0 TCLL 20.0 Plates Increase 1.15 TCDL 10.0 Lumber Increase 1.15 BCLL 0.0 * Rep Stress Incr YES BCDL 10.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. DEFL. in TC 0.82 Vert(LL) -0.33 BC 0.93 Vert(TL) -0.62 WB 0.28 Horz(TL) 0.10 (Matrix)	I-J >999 240 MT20 244/190 I-J >665 180 MT18H 244/190

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-2-3 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-4-0 max.): D-F.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. WFBS

1 Row at midpt

E-J, E-I

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

В 1529/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-6) = Н 1460/Mechanical Max Horz 118(LC 6) В Max Uplift -615(LC 7) R -529(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-2531/1384, C-D=-2301/1220,

D-E=-2018/1175, E-F=-2037/1183,

F-G=-2322/1231, G-H=-2584/1419

BOT CHORD

B-J=-1072/2114, J-K=-1013/2304,

K-L=-1013/2304, I-L=-1013/2304,

H-I=-1118/2180

WFBS

C-J=-145/354, D-J=-240/671, E-J=-485/383,

WEBS

C-J=-145/354, D-J=-240/671, E-J=-485/383, E-I=-464/379, F-I=-248/683, G-I=-197/397

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

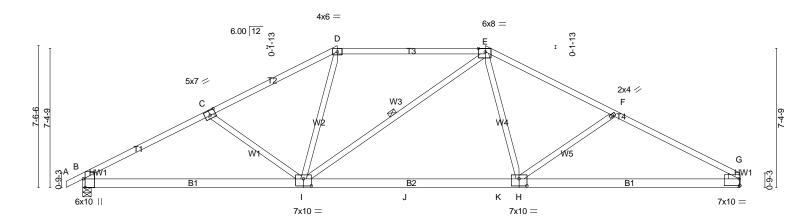
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=615, H=529.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job Truss Truss Type Qty H&H/Hatteras/Master MASTER A09 Hip Job Reference (optional) Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:39 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-_lw7HWsrbNq7jkcnLq364j1YkTYkcnR9QTFj4vzSBFw Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 -0-10-8 0-10-8 28-1-10 34-11-0 13-6-5 6-8-15 7-10-5 6-8-15 6-9-6

Scale = 1:61.2



<u> </u>	11-8-13 11-8-13		23-2-2 11-5-5		34-11-0 11-8-14
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-5-8,Edge], [C:0-3-8,0-3-0], [E:0-4	4-6,Edge], [G:Edge,0-4-6	<u>6], [H:0-5-0,0-4-8], [I:0-5-0,0-4-</u>	-8]	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.86 BC 0.83 WB 0.25 (Matrix)	DEFL. in (loc) Vert(LL) -0.26 H-I Vert(TL) -0.47 G-H Horz(TL) 0.09 G		PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 198 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* T3: 2x4 SP SS BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WFBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-7-5 max.): D-E.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-11-0 oc bracing. WEBS

1 Row at midpt

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size) В

1539/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-7) G 1495/Mechanical Max Horz 146(LC 6) В

Max Uplift

-645(LC 7) -558(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-2538/1407, C-D=-2234/1245,

D-E=-1790/1174, E-F=-2313/1252,

F-G=-2638/1438 BOT CHORD

B-I=-1079/2126, I-J=-675/1841,

J-K=-675/1841, H-K=-675/1841,

G-H=-1121/2229

C-I=-271/462, D-I=-151/545, E-H=-159/612,

WEBS

C-I=-271/462, D-I=-151/545, E-H=-159/612, F-H=-309/503

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end

vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of

20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to

bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=645, G=558.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job Truss Truss Type Qty H&H/Hatteras/Master MASTER A10 Hip Job Reference (optional) Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:39 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-_w7HWsrbNq7jkcnLq364j1XMTXych19QTFj4vzSBFw Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 34-11-0 -0-10-8 0-10-8 16-2-5 8-0-15 2-6-5

Scale = 1:61.2

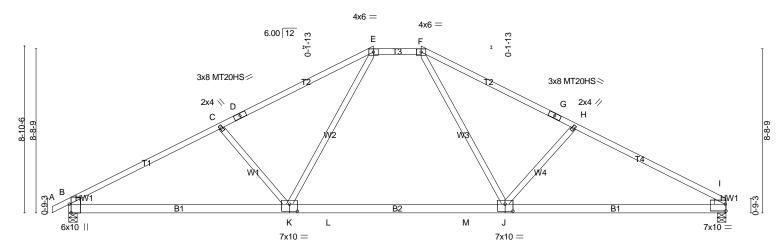


Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[B:0-5-8,Edge], [I:Edge,0-4-6],	J:0-5-0,0-4-8], [K:0-5-0,0-4-8]		
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc)	I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.94	Vert(LL) -0.35 J-K	>999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.95	Vert(TL) -0.51 J-K	>814 180	MT20HS 187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.60	Horz(TL) 0.09 I	l n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)			Weight: 186 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP SS *Except*

T3: 2x4 SP No.2, T1,T4: 2x4 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-2-15 max.): E-F.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-11-8 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size) В

1591/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-8) 1522/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-6)

Max Horz В

173(LC 6) Max Uplift

-667(LC 7) -579(LC 8) В =

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-2661/1404, C-D=-2356/1289,

D-E=-2232/1326, E-F=-1635/1137,

F-G=-2234/1328, G-H=-2359/1291,

H-I=-2666/1410

BOT CHORD

B-K=-1061/2231, K-L=-539/1635, L-M=-539/1635, J-M=-539/1635,

I-J=-1073/2240

WEBS

C-K=-408/560, E-K=-340/788, F-J=-343/793,

H-J=-417/577

WEBS

C-K=-408/560, E-K=-340/788,

F-J=-343/793, H-J=-417/577

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

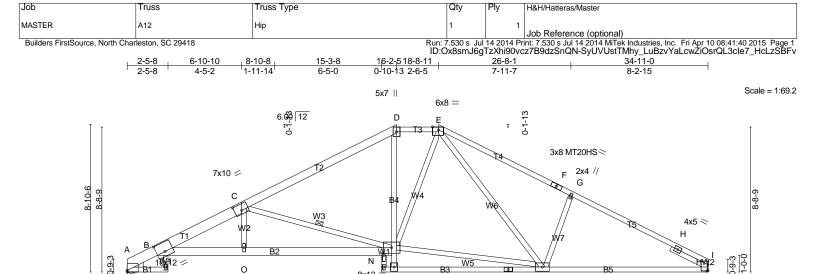
2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf;

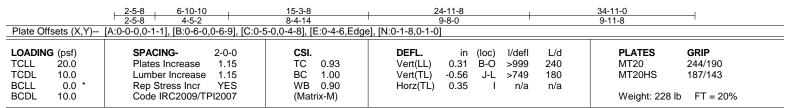
BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise
- indicated. 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=667, I=579.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

11-8-14





TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

T2: 2x6 SP No.2, T4: 2x4 SP SS

2x4 ||

6x8 =

T1: 2x8 SP DSS BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B2: 2x6 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

SLIDER

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (4-2-6 max.): D-É. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing. Except:

10-0-0 oc bracing: L-N WEBS

1 Row at midpt

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

1408/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-3) 1404/Mechanical = Max Horz 171(LC 6) Max Uplift -580(LC 7) -583(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

A-B=-624/386, B-C=-3329/1940, C-D=-2037/1235, D-E=-1669/1211,

E-F=-2065/1489, F-G=-2180/1453, G-H=-2304/1388, H-I=-814/0

BOT CHORD

B-O=-1721/3118, N-O=-1715/3131,

BOT CHORD

B-O=-1721/3118, N-O=-1715/3131, D-N=-246/536, I-J=-1067/1991

8x12

2x6 ||

M L

5x6 || 2x4 |

WEBS

2x6 ||

C-N=-1499/1103, J-N=-601/1394,

E-J=-410/530, E-N=-130/408,

G-J=-408/554, C-O=0/366

NOTES-(12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf;

BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=580, I=583.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

5x7 ||

LOAD CASE(S)

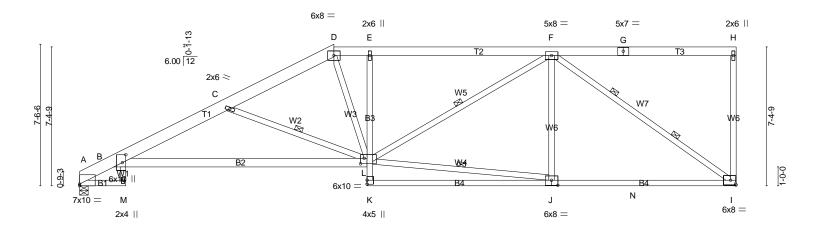
Standard

Κ

3x6 = 6x10 =

Job Truss Truss Type Qty H&H/Hatteras/Master Half Hip MASTER A13 Job Reference (optional) Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:41 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-w82uhCu57?4ry2mATF5a986yNGEv4W1Stnkq8nzSBFu Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 34-11-0 15-3-8 5-6-7 5-6-7 1-9-3 9-9-12 9-9-12

Scale = 1:61.3



2-5-8 2-5-8	15-3-8 12-10-0	+	25-1-4 9-9-12	+	34-11-0 9-9-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[A:0-0-0,0-1-1], [B:0-5-0,0-2-3], [J:0-4	1-0,0-3-4], [L:0-2-5,0-3	-8]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15	CSI. TC 0.59	DEFL. in (loc Vert(LL) -0.31 B-	·L >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190	
TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	BC 0.79 WB 0.95 (Matrix)	Vert(TL) -0.90 B- Horz(TL) 0.28	·L >461 180 I n/a n/a	Weight: 260 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

T1: 2x8 SP DSS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B2: 2x6 SP DSS, B4: 2x4 SP No.1

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

W7: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-1-14 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-6-6 max.): D-H.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-11-8 oc bracing. WFBS

1 Row at midpt C-L, F-L, J-L 2 Rows at 1/3 pts F-I

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required

cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1431/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-4) =

1518/Mechanical Max Horz 452(LC 7) Max Uplift

-517(LC 7) -679(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

A-B=-850/74, B-C=-3028/1793,

C-D=-2192/1186, D-E=-2158/1274,

F-F=-2141/1274 BOT CHORD

B-L=-2010/2801, E-L=-476/410,

J-N=-865/1633, I-N=-865/1633

WFBS

C-L=-1006/951, F-J=0/314, F-I=-1986/1062,

WEBS

C-L=-1006/951, F-J=0/314, F-I=-1986/1062, D-L=-481/956, F-L=-479/596, J-L=-792/1641

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the

bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=517, I=679.

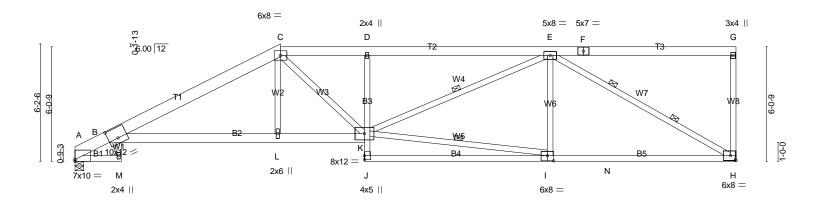
8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job Truss Truss Type Qty H&H/Hatteras/Master Half Hip MASTER A14 Job Reference (optional) Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:41 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-w82uhCu57?4ry2mATF5a986yFGDZ4WzStnkq8nzSBFu Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 34-11-0 8-4-13 9-9-12 9-9-12

Scale = 1:60.9



<u> </u>	10-10-5	15-3-8	25-1-4	1	34-11-0
2-5-8	8-4-13	4-5-3	9-9-12	l	9-9-12
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[A:0-0-0,0-1-1], [B:0-6-0,0-6-9], [I:0-4	-0,0-3-4]			
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	T .			
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) 1/d	defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.60	Vert(LL) 0.34 B-L >9	999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.88	Vert(TL) -0.66 I-J >6	527 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.96	Horz(TL) 0.36 H	n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	, ,		Weight: 244 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

T1: 2x8 SP DSS

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B2: 2x6 SP No.2, B5: 2x4 SP No.1

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

W8,W7: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-3-8 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-0-2 max.): C-G.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 5-8-4 oc bracing. WFBS

1 Row at midpt I-K, E-K 2 Rows at 1/3 pts E-H

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

1424/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-4) Н 1479/Mechanical Max Horz 366(LC 7)

Max Uplift -499(LC 7)

-686(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

A-B=-846/154, B-C=-2702/1398, C-D=-2674/1537, D-E=-2672/1541

BOT CHORD

B-L=-1447/2415, K-L=-1447/2406, D-K=-415/385, I-J=-84/279,

I-N=-1033/1970, H-N=-1033/1970

WFBS

C-K=-385/540, I-K=-948/1719,

WEBS

C-K=-385/540, I-K=-948/1719,

E-K=-569/773, E-I=0/317, E-H=-2246/1188,

C-L=0/424

NOTES-

grip DOL=1.60

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom

chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a

rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.

6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=499, H=686.

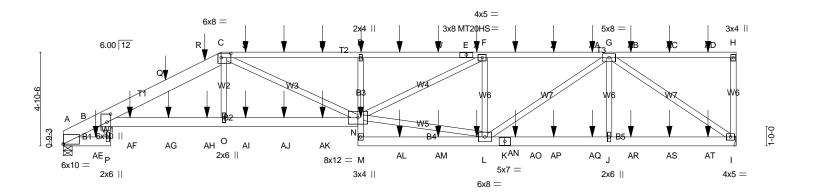
8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply H&H/Hatteras/Master MASTER A15 Half Hip Girder 2 Job Reference (optional) Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:43 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-tXAe6uvMfcKZCLvYag72EZBED4udYRykL5DxDgzSBFs 34-11-0 28-3-15 6-7-1

Scale = 1:59.8



2-5-8	8-2-5	15-3-8	21-10-9	28-3-15	34-11-0
2-5-8	5-8-13	7-1-3	6-7-1	6-5-5	6-7-1
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[A:0-0-0,0-0-1], [B:0-5-0,0-2-3], [C:0)-6-0,0-2-8]			
		1			
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL . in	(loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.89	Vert(LL) 0.47	D >880 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.90	Vert(TL) -0.52	N-O >792 180	MT20HS 187/143
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.86	Horz(TL) 0.27	I n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	` ′		Weight: 469 lb FT = 20%
		, ,			<u> </u>

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x8 SP DSS *Except*

T2: 2x4 SP SS, T3: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* B3: 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (4-8-3

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.	(lb/size)

2650/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-1) 2571/Mechanical Max Horz

287(LC 5) Max Uplift

-1966(LC 5) -2157(LC 4)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD A-B=-1447/941, B-Q=-5416/4255,

Q-R=-5312/4255, C-R=-5211/4192, C-S=-6424/5386, S-T=-6420/5385,

T-U=-6419/5383, D-U=-6415/5382,

D-V=-6341/5328, V-W=-6341/5328, E-W=-6341/5328, E-X=-6341/5328,

F-X=-6341/5328, F-Y=-4758/3981, Y-Z=-4758/3981, Z-AA=-4758/3981,

G-AA=-4758/3981, H-I=-294/383 BOT CHORD

B-AF=-4033/4957, AF-AG=-4032/4955, AG-AH=-4032/4954, O-AH=-4032/4954, O-AI=-4043/4981, AI-AJ=-4043/4981 AJ-AK=-4043/4981, N-AK=-4043/4981,

D-N=-703/936, M-AL=-530/661,

Continued on page 2

BOT CHORD

B-AF=-4033/4957, AF-AG=-4032/4955, AG-AH=-4032/4954, O-AH=-4032/4954, O-AI=-4043/4981, AI-AJ=-4043/4981 AJ-AK=-4043/4981, N-AK=-4043/4981, D-N=-703/936, M-AL=-530/661, AL-AM=-530/661, AM-AN=-530/661, L-AN=-530/661, K-L=-2657/3157, K-AO=-2657/3157, AO-AP=-2657/3157, AP-AQ=-2657/3157, J-AQ=-2657/3157, J-AR=-2657/3157. AR-AS=-2657/3157. AS-AT=-2657/3157, I-AT=-2657/3157 WFBS C-O=-244/660, C-N=-1536/1588 L-N=-3492/4147, F-N=-1532/1800, F-L=-1549/1661, G-L=-1614/1952,

(14)

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

G-J=0/534, G-I=-3791/3179, B-P=-213/268

Top chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc, 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been

provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

- 3) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 5) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=1966, I=2157.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of
- 12) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 13) Hanger(s) or other connection device(s) shall be provided sufficient to support concentrated load(s) 1 lb down and 58 lb up at 5-5-8, 115 lb down and 190 lb up at 7-5-8, 115 lb down and 181 lb up at 9-5-8, 115 lb down and 181 lb up at 11-5-8, 115 lb down and 181 lb up at 13-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 15-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 17-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 Ib up at 19-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 21-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 23-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 25-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 27-5-8, 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 29-5-8, and 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 31-5-8, and 111 lb down and 231 lb up at 33-5-8 on top chord, and 157 lb down and 161 lb up at 1-8-4, 198 lb down and 146 lb up at 3-5-8, 138 lb down and 107 lb up at 5-5-8, 39 lb down and 29 lb up at 7-5-8, 39 lb down and 29 lb up at 9-5-8, 39 lb down and 29 lb up at 11-5-8, 39 lb down and 29 lb up at 13-5-8, 72 lb down at 15-5-4, 72 lb down at 17-5-8, 72 lb down at 19-5-8, 72 lb down at 21-5-8, 72 lb down at 23-5-8, 72 lb down at 25-5-8, 72 lb down at 27-5-8, 72 lb down at 29-5-8, and 72 lb down at 31-5-8, and 72 lb down at 33-5-8 on bottom chord. The design/selection of such connection device(s) is the responsibility of others.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master
MASTER	A15	Half Hip Girder	1	2	Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418

Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:43 2015 Page 2 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-tXAe6uvMfcKZCLvYag72EZBED4udYRykL5DxDgzSBFs

NOTES- (14)

14) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

AT=-36(B)

Standard

Standard
1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15,
Plate Increase=1.15
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: A-C=-60, C-H=-60, A-P=-20, B-N=-20, I-M=-20
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: N=-36(B) D=-103(B) Q=-1(B) R=-101(B)
S=-101(B) T=-101(B) U=-101(B) V=-103(B) W=-103(B)
X=-103(B) Y=-103(B) Z=-103(B) AA=-103(B)
AB=-103(B) AC=-103(B) AD=-103(B) AE=-157(B)
AF=-198(B) AG=-138(B) AH=-38(B) AI=-38(B)
AJ=-38(B) AK=-38(B) AL=-36(B) AM=-36(B) AN=-36(B)
AO=-36(B) AP=-36(B) AQ=-36(B) AR=-36(B) AS=-36(B)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master
MASTER	B01	GABLE	4	1	Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418

Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:43 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-tXAe6uvMfcKZCLvYag72EZBOd44AYddkL5DxDgzSBFs 20-1-0

Scale = 1:46.0

10-0-8 10-0-8 3x6 =

G 8.00 12 F D Κ C фT W ٧ U Т 0 Х Ν 3x6 = 4x10 || 4x10 ||

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[G:0-3-0,Edge], [N:Edge,0-3-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.22	Vert(LL) -0.00 L n/r 120	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.16	Vert(TL) -0.00 L n/r 90	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.11	Horz(TL) 0.01 N n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	,	Weight: 123 lb FT = 20%

20-1-0 20-1-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 20-1-0.

(lb) - Max Horz X= 375(LC 6) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) N, V, P except X=-125(LC 5), U=-200(LC 7), W=-264(LC 7), Q=-203(LC 8), O=-258(LC 8) All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) X, N, T, U, V, W, S, Q, P, O

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD E-F=-62/323, F-G=-52/268, G-H=-52/268,

H-I=-62/323

C-W=-154/257, K-O=-154/253

(13)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web). 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) N, V, P except (jt=lb) X=125, U=200, W=264, Q=203, O=258.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply H&H/Hatteras/Master MASTER B02 Common Girder 3 Job Reference (optional) Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:44 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-Ljj0KEw_QwSQpVUl8OeHnmkN4UITHuGuZlyUl6zSBFr Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 14-11-0 10-0-8 20-1-0 4-10-8 4-10-8 Scale = 1:46.3 5x6 || С 8.00 12 5x6 / 5x6 < В 0-11-3 0-11-3 В1 B2 ПГ Κ М Ν G 0 Ρ Q L ı Н F HTU26 10x12 = HTU26 HTU26 7x10 = HTU26 8x10 =8x10 =5x14 || 5x14 || HTU26 HTU26 HTU26 HTU26 HTU26 HTU26 4-10-8 4-10-8 5-2-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [A:0-0-0,0-2-15], [E:Edge,0-2-15], [H:0-6-0,0-6-4] LOADING (psf) SPACING-CSI. DEFL. GRIP 2-0-0 in (loc) I/defl I/d **PLATES**

LUMBER-

TCLL

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x8 SP DSS 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

20.0

10.0

10.0

0.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-10 oc

Plates Increase

Lumber Increase

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

Rep Stress Incr

1.15

1.15

NO

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

7892/0-5-8 (req. 0-6-3) = F 7607/0-5-8 (req. 0-5-15) Max Horz -342(LC 3)

Max Uplift

-3364(LC 5) -3334(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD

A-B=-9734/4202, B-C=-6674/3033, C-D=-6674/3033, D-E=-9650/4209

BOT CHORD

A-J=-3344/7667, J-K=-3344/7667,

I-K=-3344/7667, I-L=-3344/7667, L-M=-3344/7667, H-M=-3344/7667

H-N=-3231/7601, G-N=-3231/7601,

G-O=-3231/7601, F-O=-3231/7601,

F-P=-3231/7601, P-Q=-3231/7601,

E-Q=-3231/7601

WEBS

C-H=-3116/6976, D-H=-2660/1366,

D-F=-1464/3524, B-H=-2743/1357,

B-I=-1454/3627

NOTES-(13)

(Matrix)

TC

вС

WB

0.95

0.67

0.86

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Vert(LL)

Vert(TL)

Horz(TL)

0.12

-0.20

0.05

H-I

H-I

Е

>999

>999

n/a

240

180

n/a

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the

bottom chord and any other members. 7) WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) A, E greater than input bearing size.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=3364, E=3334.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of

11) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-3-0 oc max. starting at 0-10-4 from the left end to 18-11-12 to connect truss(es) A03 (1 ply 2x6 SP) A05 (1 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord. 12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with

13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

Weight: 312 lb

244/190

FT = 20%

MT20

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

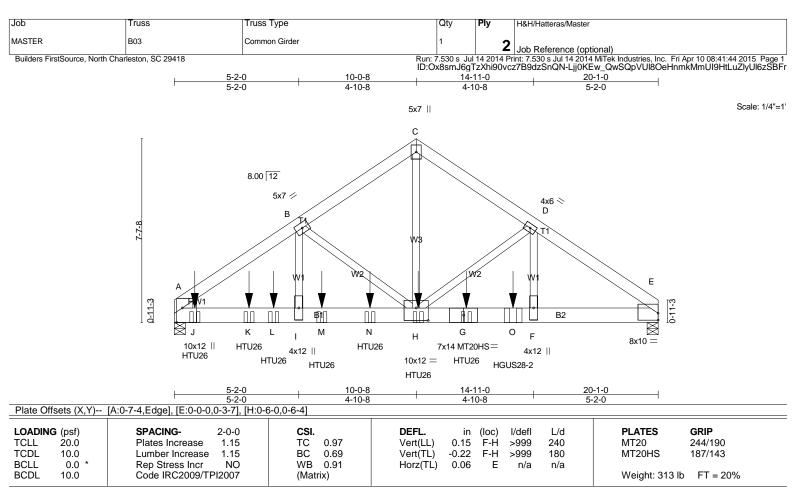
Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-C=-60, C-E=-60, A-E=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: F=-1367(B) I=-1367(B) J=-1497(B) K=-1497(B) L=-1367(B) M=-1367(B) N=-1367(B) O=-1367(B)

P=-1367(B) Q=-1367(B)



TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x8 SP DSS 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-5-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

5775/0-5-8 (min. 0-4-8) F = 8664/0-5-8 (req. 0-6-13)

Max Horz Max Uplift

-342(LC 3) -3266(LC 6)

Е -3953(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except

when shown. TOP CHORD

A-B=-10650/4997, B-C=-7116/3774, C-D=-7111/3769, D-E=-9352/5336

BOT CHORD

A-J=-3975/8398, J-K=-3975/8398,

K-L=-3975/8398, I-L=-3975/8398,

I-M=-3975/8398, M-N=-3975/8398,

H-N=-3975/8398, G-H=-4108/7322

G-O=-4108/7322, F-O=-4108/7322,

E-F=-4108/7322

WFRS

C-H=-3920/7452, D-H=-1837/1692,

D-F=-1977/2629, B-H=-3201/1372,

B-I=-1540/4218

NOTES-(15)

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows staggered at 0-4-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc. 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 5) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the
- bottom chord and any other members. 8) WARNING: Required bearing size at joint(s) A greater than input bearing size.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=3266, A=3953.
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

- 12) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-3-0 oc max. starting at 0-10-4 from the left end to 12-1-8 to connect truss(es) A03 (1 ply 2x6 SP), A02 (1 ply 2x6 SP), A12 (1 ply 2x4 SP), A13 (1 ply 2x4 SP), A14 (1 ply 2x4 SP) to back face of bottom chord. 13) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HGUS28-2 (36-10d Girder, 12-10d Truss) or equivalent at 14-0-12 from the left end to connect truss(es) A15 (2 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord
- 14) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 15) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-C=-60, C-E=-60, A-E=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: G=-1459(B) H=-1498(B) J=-1497(B) K=-1497(B) L=-1492(B) M=-1492(B) N=-1384(B) O=-2551(B)

Job Truss Truss Type Qty H&H/Hatteras/Master MASTER C01 GABLE Job Reference (optional) Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 Run: 7.530 s. Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s.Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:45 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-pvHOXaxcBDbHRf3xi59WJ_Hletnn0Xe1oPi2HYzSBFq 12-9-8 -0-10-8 0-10-8 11-11-0 5-11-8 Scale = 1:29.7 3x6 = Е D P 8.00 12 G С M 3x5 / Н Вω 0-11-3 R1

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [E:0-3-0,Edge]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl	/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.12	Vert(LL) -0.00 H n/r 1	20 MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.09	Vert(TL) -0.00 H n/r	90
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.08	Horz(TL) 0.00 J n/a i	/a
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	• •	Weight: 66 lb FT = 20%

11-11-0

ı

K

J.

M

4x5 =

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* W2: 2x4 SP No.3

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

0

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz
O=-243(LC 5)
Max Uplift
All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) O,
J, M except N=-234(LC 7), K=-255(LC 8)
Max Grav

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) O, J, M, N, L, K

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS

G-K=-153/267

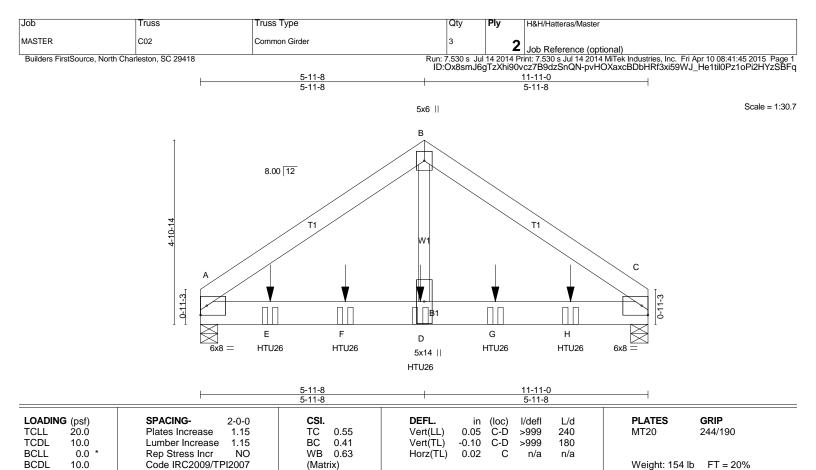
NOTES- (13)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) O, J, M except (jt=lb) N=234, K=255.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x8 SP DSS WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

4242/0-5-8 (min. 0-3-5) 4133/0-5-8 (min. 0-3-4) C = Max Horz -210(LC 3) Max Uplift

-1721(LC 5) -1677(LC 6)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

A-B=-4718/1929, B-C=-4719/1929

BOT CHORD

A-E=-1440/3725, E-F=-1440/3725,

D-F=-1440/3725, D-G=-1440/3725

G-H=-1440/3725, C-H=-1440/3725

WEBS

B-D=-1996/5174

NOTES-(12)

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows

staggered at 0-6-0 oc.

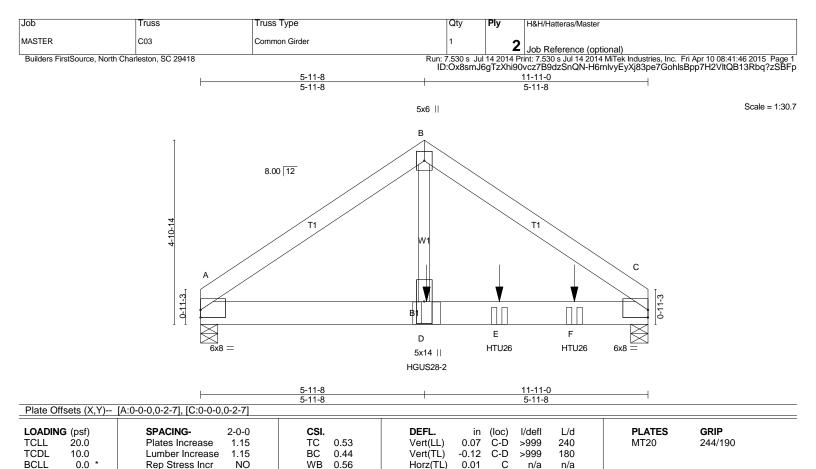
Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

- 2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.
- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of
- 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=1721, C=1677.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max, starting at 1-10-4 from the left end to 9-10-4 to connect truss(es) A02 (1 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord.
- 11) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced) + Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Standard Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-B=-60, B-C=-60, A-C=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: D=-1492(B) E=-1492(B) F=-1492(B) G=-1492(B) H=-1492(B)



BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x8 SP DSS WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

BOT CHORE

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) A = 2520

A = 2520/0-5-8 (min. 0-2-0) C = 4052/0-5-8 (min. 0-3-3) Max Horz A = -210(LC 11) Max Uplift A = -1564(LC 5) C = -2152(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

A-B=-4211/2571, B-C=-4156/2558

BOT CHORD

A-D=-1943/3279, D-E=-1943/3279, E-F=-1943/3279, C-F=-1943/3279

E-F=-1943/32/9, U-F=-1943/32/3

WEBS

B-D=-2772/4544

NOTES- (13)

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-9-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x8 - 2 rows

staggered at 0-6-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-5-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

(Matrix)

- 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of
- 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=1564, C=2152.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HGUS28-2 (36-10d Girder, 12-10d Truss) or equivalent at 6-0-4 from the left end to connect truss(es) A07 (2 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord.
- 11) Use Simpson Strong-Tie HTU26 (20-10d Girder, 11-10dx1 1/2 Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 7-11-8 from the left end to 9-11-8 to connect truss(es) A08 (1 ply 2x6 SP), A09 (1 ply 2x6 SP) to back face of bottom chord. 12) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

 Dead + Roof Live (balanced) + Uninhab. Attic Storage: Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Weight: 154 lb

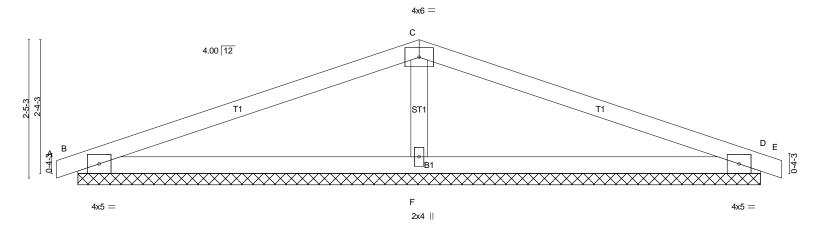
FT = 20%

Vert: A-B=-60, B-C=-60, A-C=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: D=-2741(B) E=-1440(B) F=-1475(B)

	JOD	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	riy	H&H/Hatteras/Master
	MASTER	CP01	Common Girder	4	1	
						Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418				Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:46 2015 Page 1		
		ID	ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-H6rnlvyEyXj83pe7GohlsBpoGH2NI_OB13I			
	_r 0-4-8 ₆₋₀₋₀		-0	12-0-0		
	0-4-8		-0	6-0-0		

Scale = 1:20.3



			12-0-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15	CSI. TC 0.58	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d PLATES GRIP Vert(LL) 0.02 E n/r 120 MT20 244/190	
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.39	Vert(TL) 0.03 E n/r 90	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.11	Horz(TĹ) 0.00 D n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	Weight: 41 lb FT = 20	.0%

12-0-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTION STATE OF THE PROPERTY	:		(min. 0-1-9) (min. 0-1-9) (min. 0-1-9)	
Max Hor	Z	40	S(I C	
B = Max Uplift		46(LC 5)		
В =	:		4(LC 7)	
D =		-15	1(LC 6)	
F =	:	-190(LC 7)		
Max Gra	١V			
В =	:	23	5(LC 11)	
D =	:	23	5(LC 12)	
F =	:	54	9(LC 1)	

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS

C-F=-366/374

NOTES- (11)

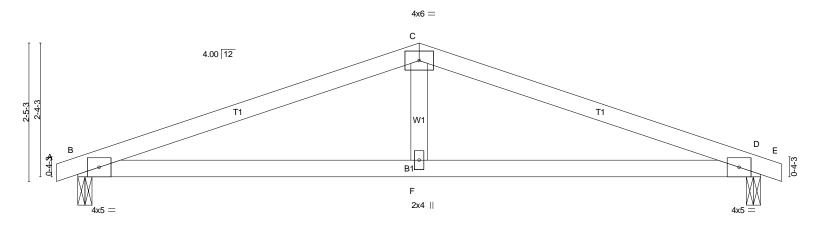
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=144, D=151, F=190.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

	Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master		
	MASTER	CP02	Common	14	1			
						Job Reference (optional)		
Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418				Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:47 2015 Page 1				
				ID:Ox8smJ6gT:	zXhi90vcz	7B9dzSnQN-IIP9yFzsjrr?gzDKpWC_PPMyMhMHURiKFjB8MRzSBFo	j	
	_г 0-4-8	6-0-	-0			12-0-0 12-4-8		
	0-4-8	6-0-	-0			6-0-0		

Scale = 1:20.3



	6-0-0 6-0-0			12-0-0 6-0-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.69 BC 0.47 WB 0.11 (Matrix)	DEFL. i Vert(LL) 0.1 Vert(TL) -0.1 Horz(TL) -0.0	0 B-F >999 180	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 41 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-0-15 oc

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 4-7-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REA	CTI	ON	S.	(lb/	siz	:6

REACTIONS.	(lb/size)				
B =	500/0-3-0	(min. 0-1-8)			
D =	500/0-3-0	(min. 0-1-8)			
Max Horz					
B =	-46(LC 6)				
Max Uplift					
B =	-4	51(LC 7)			
D =	-4	51(LC 8)			

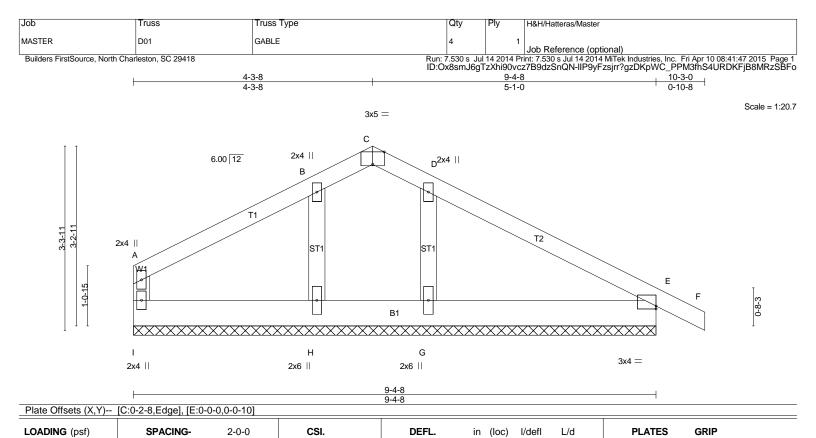
FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD B-C=-877/1479, C-D=-877/1479 BOT CHORD B-F=-1306/776, D-F=-1306/776 WEBS C-F=-535/283

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=451, D=451.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end
- fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TCLL

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

20.0

10.0

0.0

10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD

Plates Increase

Lumber Increase

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

1.15

1.15

YES

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 9-4-8.

(lb) - Max Horz
I= -96(LC 5)
Max Uplift
All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) I
except E=-119(LC 8), H=-121(LC 7),
G=-176(LC 8)
Max Grav
All reactions 250 lb or less at
joint(s) I, E, H except G=302(LC 12)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (11)

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

TC

вс

WB 0.07

(Matrix)

0.22

0.10

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

Vert(LL)

Vert(TL)

Horz(TL)

0.00

0.01

0.00

n/r

n/r

n/a

Е

120

90

n/a

MT20

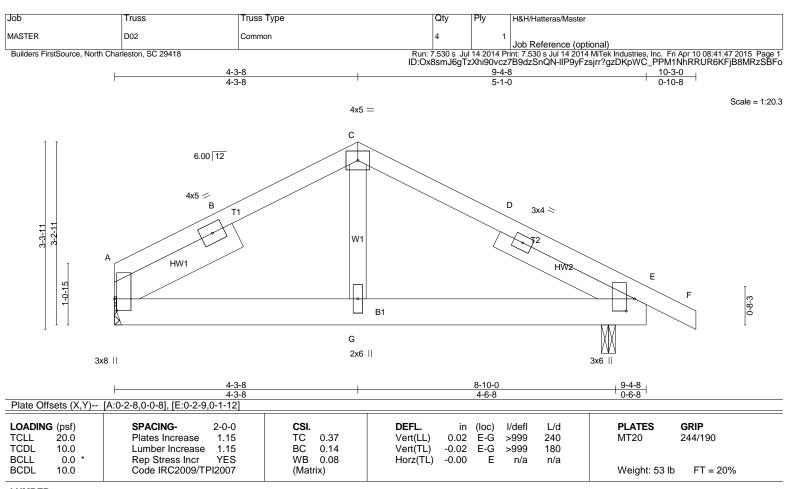
Weight: 46 lb

244/190

FT = 20%

- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) I except (jt=lb) E=119, H=121, G=176.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 SLIDER

SLIDER

Left 2x6 SP No.2 2-5-6,

Right 2x4 SP No.2 2-7-12

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-10-15 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

A = 367/Mechanical E = 433/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz A = -69(LC 8) Max Uplift A = -289(LC 8) E = -403(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

A-B=-456/759, B-C=-369/784, C-D=-369/758,

D-E=-466/743 BOT CHORD

A-G=-503/330, E-G=-503/330

WEBS

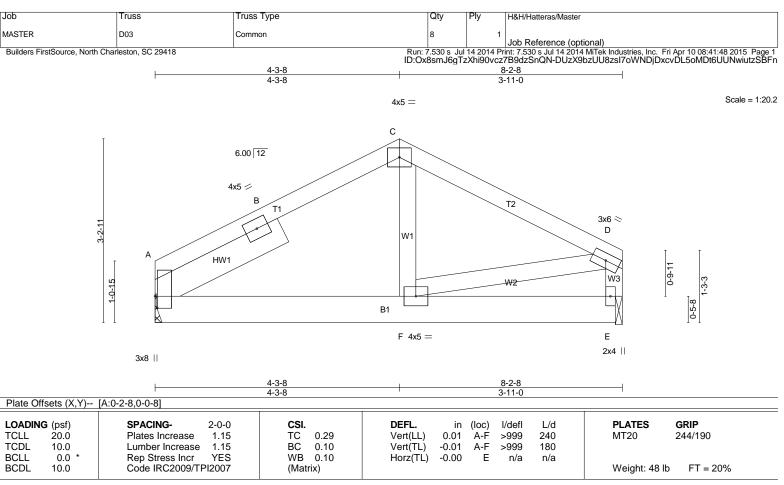
C-G=-433/208

NOTES- (9)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever right exposed; end vertical right exposed; porch right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a
- rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=289, E=403.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

W3: 2x4 SP No.2 SLIDER

Left 2x6 SP No.2 2-6-6

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

A = 322/Mechanical E = 322/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz A = 98(LC 7) Max Uplift A = -275(LC 7) E = -260(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD A-B=-362/578, B-C=-280/601, C-D=-334/607,

D-E=-291/500 BOT CHORD A-F=-437/251

VEBS C-F=-264/137, D-F=-352/197

NOTES- (11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) E considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface
- designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) E.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=275, E=260.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

JOD	Tiuss	Truss Type	Qty	гіу	Παπ/πatteras/iviaster		
MASTER	E01	GABLE	1	1			
					Job Reference (optional)		
Builders FirstSource, North Char	leston, SC 29418		Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:48 2015 Page 1				
			ID:Ox8smJ6gT	zXhi90vcz	r7B9dzSnQN-DUzX9bzUU8zsI7oWNDjDxcvFK5nvDt1UUNwiutzSB	Fn	
₁ -0-10-8 ₁	9-	11-8			19-11-0 ,20-9-8,		
0-10-8	9-	11-8			9-11-8 0-10-8		

Scale = 1:35.6

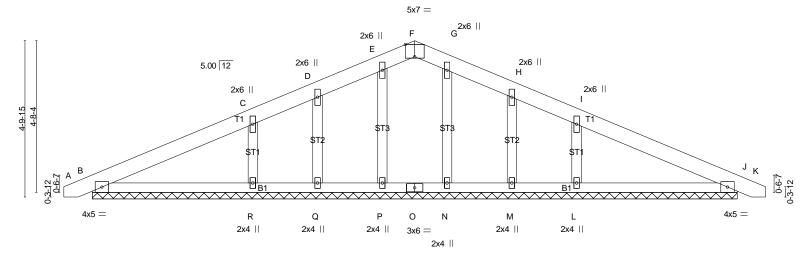


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	Plate Offsets (X,Y) [F:0-3-8,Edge]								
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc) I/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP		
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.16	Vert(LL)	0.00 k	n/r	120	MT20 244/190		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.19	Vert(TL)	0.01 k	C n/r	90			
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.10	Horz(TĹ)	0.00	J n/a	n/a			
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	, ,				Weight: 109 lb FT = 20%		

19-11-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B= -91(LC 8) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) P, Q, N, M except B=-112(LC 7), R=-257(LC 7), L=-255(LC 8), J=-135(LC 8) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) F, B, P, Q, N, M, J except R=401(LC 1), L=401(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. **WEBS**

C-R=-299/344, I-L=-299/344

NOTES-(11)

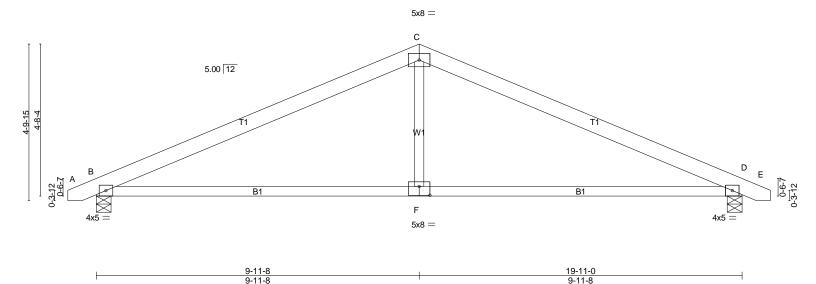
- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) P, Q, N, M except (jt=lb) B=112, R=257, L=255, J=135
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master			
MASTER	E02	COMMON	8	1				
					Job Reference (optional)			
Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418				Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:49 2015 Page 1				
		ID:O	(8smJ6g1z	Xhi90vcz/	′B9dzSnQN-hgXvNx_7FS5jwGNixxESUqRHgV_ZyJAdj1gFQKzSBF	m		
_I -0-10-8 _I	9-	11-8			19-11-0 ,20-9-8,			
0-10-8	9-	11-8			9-11-8 0-10-8			

Scale = 1:35.5



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.76	Vert(LL) -0.16 D-F >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.74	Vert(TL) -0.45 B-F >521 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.17	Horz(TL) 0.04 D n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weight: 91 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [F:0-4-0,0-3-4]

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-2-2 oc

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-2-5 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

831/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) В D 831/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz -91(LC 8) В Max Uplift -406(LC 7) -406(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-1195/665, C-D=-1195/665 **BOT CHORD**

B-F=-436/1019, D-F=-436/1019

WEBS

C-F=0/452

NOTES-(8)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=406, D=406.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job		Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master			
MASTER	2	E04	Hip Girder	1	1				
			'			Job Reference (optional			
Builders	FirstSource, North Char	leston, SC 29418		Run: 7.530 s. Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s. Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:49 2015 Page 1					
			IE	:Ox8smJ6gT	zXhi90vcz	7B9dzSnQN-hgXvNx_7	FS5jwGNixxESUqRI?V2ey	/FEdj1gFQKzSBFm	
	_I -0-10-8 _I	3-9-10 ₁	9-11-8		16-1-	6	19-11-0	₁ 20-9-8 ₁	
	0-10-8	3-9-10	6-1-14		6-1-1	4	3-9-10	0-10-8	

Scale = 1:35.0

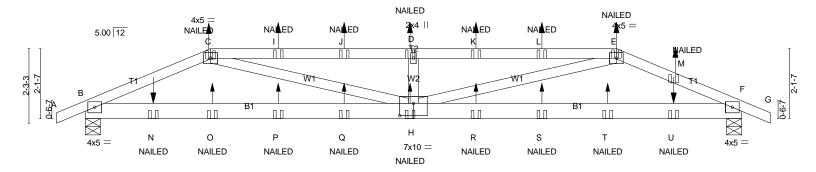


Plate Officials (VV)	9-11-8 9-11-8		19-11-0 9-11-8	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[H:0-5-0,0-4-8]			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO	CSI. TC 0.68 BC 0.48 WB 0.42	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d PLATES GRIP Vert(LL) 0.20 H >999 240 MT20 244/190 Vert(TL) -0.27 B-H >849 180 Horz(TL) 0.03 F n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	Weight: 101 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-11-8 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (3-4-5 max.): C-E.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-11-13 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

808/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) В 795/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz -46(LC 6) В Max Uplift -537(LC 5) -524(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown

TOP CHORD

B-C=-1314/960, C-I=-2165/1458, I-J=-2165/1458, D-J=-2165/1458,

D-K=-2165/1458, K-L=-2165/1458,

E-L=-2165/1458, E-M=-1269/960,

F-M=-1301/955 **BOT CHORD**

B-N=-816/1157, N-O=-816/1157,

O-P=-816/1157, P-Q=-816/1157, H-Q=-816/1157, H-R=-816/1148,

R-S=-816/1148, S-T=-816/1148, T-U=-816/1148, F-U=-816/1148

WFBS

C-H=-585/1092, D-H=-369/463,

E-H=-582/1089

WEBS

C-H=-585/1092, D-H=-369/463, F-H=-582/1089

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=537, F=524.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

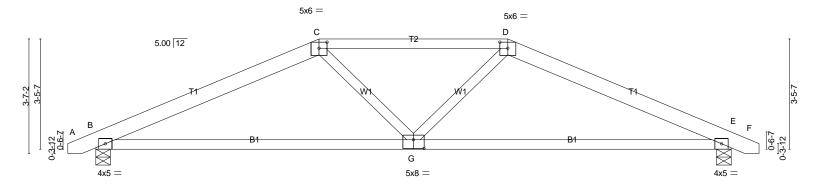
LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-E=-60, E-G=-60, B-F=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: C=11(B) E=11(B) H=1(B) D=11(B) I=11(B) J=11(B) K=11(B) L=11(B) M=16(B) N=-5(B) O=1(B) P=1(B) Q=1(B) R=1(B) S=1(B) T=1(B) U=-5(B)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	G	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master		
MASTER	E05	HIP	1		1			
						Job Reference (optional)		
Builders FirstSource, North Char	leston, SC 29418			Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:50 2015 Page 1				
			ID:Ox8si	mJ6gTz>	(hi90vcz7	B9dzSnQN-9t5HaH?l0mDZXQyuVelh01_WSuGmh	ınlmyhPpzmzŠBFI	
₋ 0-10-8 ₁	7-0-0	1	12-11-0	•	1	19-11-0	20-9-8	
0-10-8	7-0-0		5-11-0			7-0-0	0-10-8	

Scale = 1:36.1



	9-11-8 9-11-8				19-11-0 9-11-8	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.50 BC 1.00 WB 0.12 (Matrix)	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.18 Vert(TL) -0.49 Horz(TL) 0.04	B-G >999 B-G >477	L/d 240 180 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 91 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

T2: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-8-1 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (4-5-15 max.): C-D.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 2-2-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

831/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) В Е 831/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz -68(LC 8)

Max Uplift В -377(LC 7) -377(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-1294/736, C-D=-1231/706,

D-E=-1294/736

BOT CHORD

B-G=-534/1122, E-G=-536/1122

C-G=0/306, D-G=0/306

NOTES- (10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf;
- BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber

DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

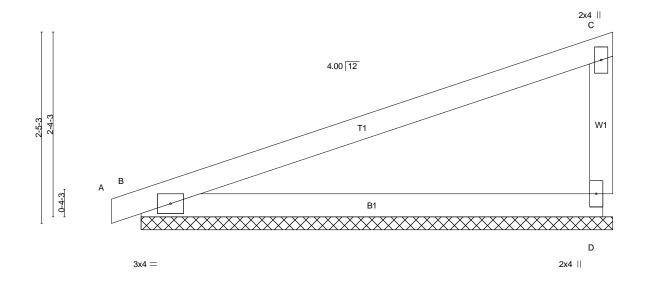
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the
- bottom chord and any other members. 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at
- joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=377, E=377. 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

bottom chord.

MASTER J01 GABLE 3 1 Job Reference (optional) Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:50 2015 Page 1 ID:OX8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-9t5HaH?l0mDZXQyuVelh01_RDuPVho6myhPpzmzSBFI 6-0-0 6-0-0	JOD	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master	
Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:50 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-9t5HaH?l0mDZXQyuVelh01_RDuPVho6myhPpzmzSBFI -0-4-8 6-0-0	MASTER	J01	GABLE	3	1		
ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-9t5HaH?l0mDZXQyuVelh01_RDuPVho6myhPpzmzŠBFI							
-0-4-8	Builders FirstSource, North Char	leston, SC 29418					
			ID:O:	α8smJ6gTz	zXhi90vcz	7B9dzSnQN-9t5HaH?l0mDZXQyuVell	h01_RDuPVho6myhPpzmzSBFI
0-4-8		₋ -0-4-8 ₋	6-0-0	1		1	
		0-4-8	6-0-0				





LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.78	Vert(LL) 0.00 A n/r 120	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.44	Vert(TL) 0.02 A n/r 90	W1120 244/100
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) 0.00 D n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weight: 21 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

ı	REA	CTI	ON	S.	(lb/	si	Z	е	į

D =	233/6-0-0 (min. 0-1-8
B =	257/6-0-0 (min. 0-1-8
Max Horz	
B =	143(LC 6)
Max Uplift	
D =	-128(LC 7)
B -	-138(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

C-D=-175/288

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Wind: ASCÉ 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=128, B=138.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

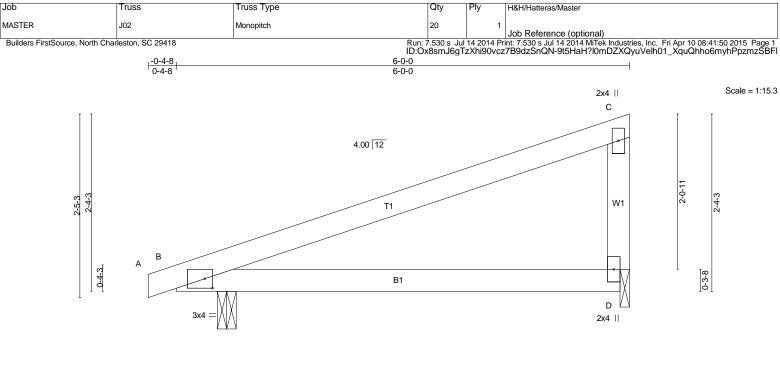


Plate Offsets	(X,Y)	[B:0-1-4,0-1-8]
---------------	-------	-----------------

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.42	Vert(LL) 0.09 D-H >813 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.36	Vert(TL) -0.06 D-H >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.00 B n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-M)	, ,	Weight: 21 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

318/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8)
173/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8)
137(LC 5)
-291(LC 5)
-181(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

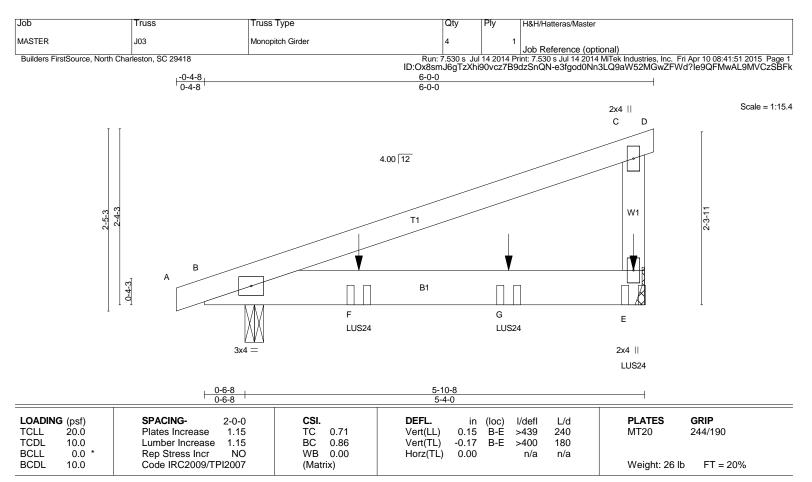
Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-329/857 **BOT CHORD** B-H=-1065/436

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=291, D=181.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 8-10-14 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

11270110110	· (ID/312C)
E =	863/Mechanical
B =	572/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	
B =	140(LC 3)
Max Uplift	
E =	-764(LC 3)
B =	-479(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (11)

- 1) Wind: ASCÉ 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=764, B=479.

- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) Use Simpson Strong-Tie LUS24 (4-10d Girder, 2-10d Truss, Single Ply Girder) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 2-0-12 from the left end to 5-8-12 to connect truss(es) D02 (1 ply 2x6 SP), D03 (1 ply 2x6 SP) to front face of bottom chord.
- 9) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 10) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-20, B-E=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: E=-303(F) F=-347(F) G=-303(F)





0-10-8

Scale = 1:10.1

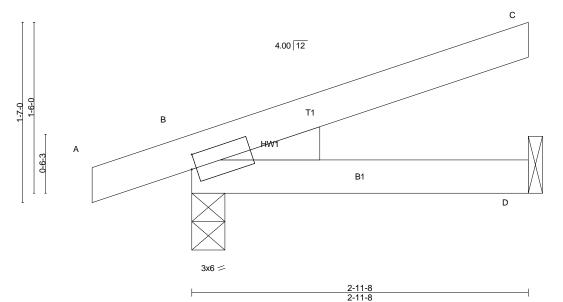


Plate Offsets	(X,Y)	[B:0-0-8,0-1-8]
---------------	-------	-----------------

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.71	Vert(LL) -0.02 D-G >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.76	Vert(TL) -0.04 D-G >873 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.01 B n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-M)	, ,	Weight: 12 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-11-8 oc

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-8-4 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

167/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8
111/Mechanical
81(LC 5)
-110(LC 5)
-85(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-565/281

BOT CHORD B-D=-396/176

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D except (jt=lb) B=110.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master	
MASTER	J07	JACK-OPEN	19	1	Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FirstSource	e, North Charleston, SC 29418	1	Run: 7.530 s J	lul 14 2014 P	rrint: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:52 2015 vcz7B9dzSnQN-6FC2?z0?YNTHnk5Hc3n96S3vui9F9ic3P_uv1	Page 1
		-0-10-8	5-10-12	0g 12/11/90\		EZODI
		0-10-8	5-10-12			
					Scale :	= 1:26.6
	Ţ				C	
					$\sqrt{\mathbb{N}}$	
				_	<u> </u>	
		8.0	00 12	/ /		
	φ				φ	
	4-10-6		/T1 /		4-2-12	
	4		/ /		2- 4	
					4	
		B B				
		~/ /			——————————————————————————————————————	
		643	B1		W	
	1 6					
					D	
		5x6			D	

LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15	CSI. TC 0.32	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.02 B-D >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.16	Vert(TL) -0.04 B-D >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.00 C n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weight: 34 lb FT = 20%

5-10-12 5-10-12

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc purlins.

BOT CHORE

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

C =	163/Mechanical		
B =	286/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)		
D =	56/Mechanical		
Max Horz			
B =	283(LC 7)		
Max Uplift			
C =	-248(LC 7)		
B =	-87(LC 7)		
Max Grav			
C =	163(LC 1)		
B =	286(LC 1)		
D =	112(LC 2)		
	, ,		

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (8)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at injut(s) B except (it-lb) C-248
- joint(s) B except (jt=lb) C=248.
 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master
MASTER	J08	HALF HIP	1	1	leb Deference (ortional)
Builders FirstSource	e, North Charleston, SC 29418	-0-10-8 0-10-8	Run: 7.530 s J ID:Ox8smJ6g 5-3-9 5-3-9	ul 14 2014 P TzXhi90vcz	Job Reference (optional) Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:53 2015 Page 1 27B9d2SnQN-aSmQDJ1dlhb8OugTAnJOegc4e6UTu9sDeeeTZ5zSBF 5-10-12 0-7-3
					Scale = 1:24.6
	4-5-9	8.00 [T1		4-5-9
	0.4±3 0.4±3	A B MW1	B1		

		2-10-5	<u> </u>	3-0-7		
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15	CSI. TC 0.32 BC 0.16	- (/	in (loc) I/defl -0.02 B-D >999 -0.04 B-D >999	L/d 240 180	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.00 (Matrix)	- '()	-0.00 C n/a	n/a	Weight: 33 lb FT = 20%

5-10-12

2-10-5

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

-8)

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

163/Mechanical
286/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
56/Mechanical
283(LC 7)
-248(LC 7)
-87(LC 7)
163(LC 1)
286(LC 1)
112(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at
- joint(s) B except (jt=lb) C=248.
 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

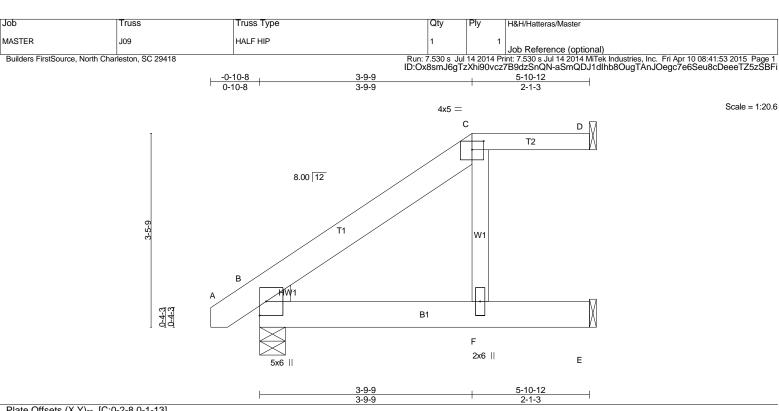


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [C:0-2-8,0-1-13]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.12	Vert(LL) 0.04 B-F >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.28	Vert(TL) -0.06 B-F >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.08	Horz(TL) 0.04 D n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weight: 35 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* T2: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins: C-D. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

D =	61/Mechanical
B =	286/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
E =	158/Mechanical
Max Horz	
B =	203(LC 7)
Max Uplift	
D =	-65(LC 5)
B =	-133(LC 7)
E =	-95(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS

C-F=-154/272

NOTES-(11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate

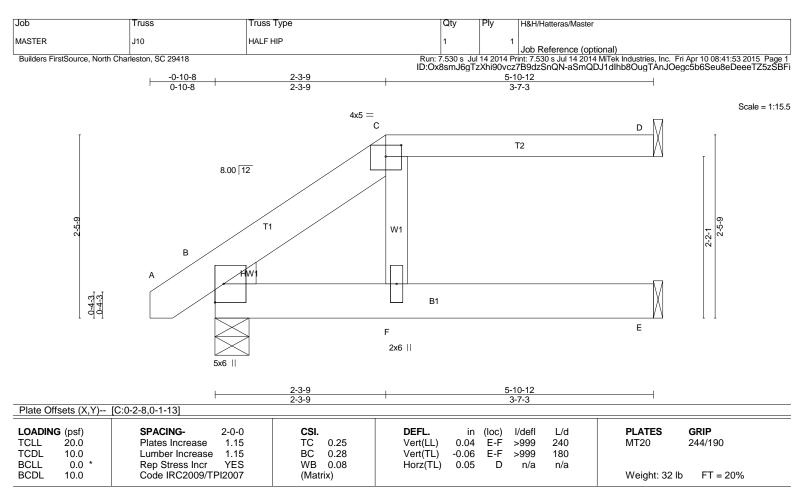
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D, E except (jt=lb) B=133.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1. 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end

fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the

size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* T2: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3

WFBS WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins: C-D.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

D	=	106/Mechanical
В	=	286/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
E	=	113/Mechanical
Max F	lorz	
В	=	138(LC 7)
Max L	Jplift	, ,
D	=	-113(LC 5)
В	=	-148(LC 7)
E	=	-26(LC 7)
Max C	3rav	
D	=	106(LC 1)
В	=	286(LC 1)
E	=	131(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS

C-F=-145/262

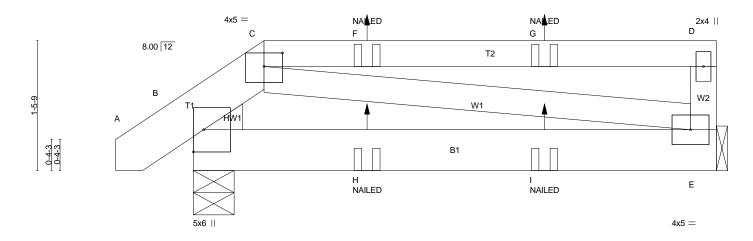
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf;
- BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of
- 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the
- bottom chord and any other members. 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at
- joint(s) E except (jt=lb) D=113, B=148. 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply H&H/Hatteras/Master MASTER .111 HALF HIP GIRDER 2 Job Reference (optional) Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:54 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-2eKoQf2F3_j;02FgkUqdBt8DNWqwdcrMsIN06XzSBFh Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 -0-10-8 5-10-12 0-9-9

Scale = 1:13.0



5-10-12

0-10-8

0-9-9

LOADING (psf) SPACING	3- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in ((loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0 Plates In	crease 1.15	TC 0.44	Vert(LL)	-0.01 İ	B-E	>999	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0 Lumber I	ncrease 1.15	BC 0.15	Vert(TL)	-0.03 I	B-E	>999	180		
BCLL 0.0 * Rep Stre	ss Incr NO	WB 0.02	Horz(TL)	-0.00	Е	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0 Code IR0	C2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	` '					Weight: 35 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* T2: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2

WFBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: C-D.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

E =	177/Mechanical		
B =	243/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)		
Max Horz			
B =	75(LC 5)		
Max Uplift			
E =	-149(LC 9)		
B =	-154(LC 5)		

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; end vertical left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 4) *This truss has been designed for a live load of
- 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

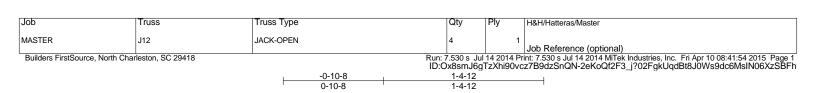
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=149, B=154.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 11) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

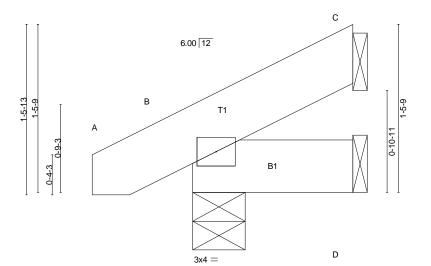
Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-60, B-E=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: F=33(B) G=33(B) H=7(B) I=7(B)



Scale = 1:10.0



			1 1 12	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.02 BC 0.01 WB 0.00	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.00 B >999 240 Vert(TL) -0.00 B >999 180 Horz(TL) -0.00 C n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	11012(12) 0.00 0 11/4 11/4	Weight: 10 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 1-4-12 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS.	(lb/size)
------------	-----------

В	=	112/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
D	=	13/Mechanical
С	=	27/Mechanical
Max F	lorz	
В	=	69(LC 7)
Max L	Jplift	
В	=	-80(LC 7)
С	=	-41(LC 7)
Max C	Grav	
В	=	112(LC 1)
D	=	27(LC 2)
С	=	27(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb)

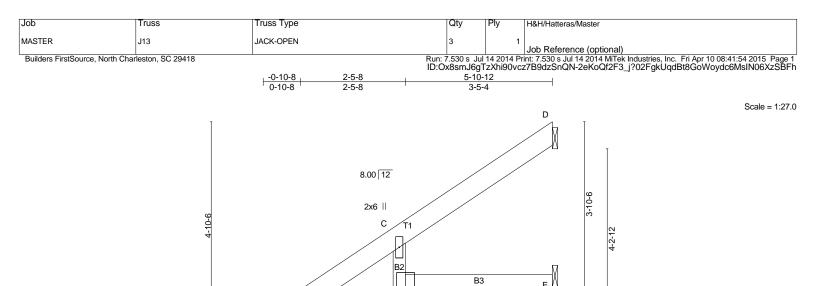
Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Ž) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to
- bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) B, C.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



2-5-8	5-10-12
2-5-8	3-5-4

4x5 =

LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.23	Vert(LL) 0.07 E-F >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.28	Vert(TL) -0.06 E-F >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.03 E n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weight: 33 lb FT = 20%

G

2x4 ||

B1

5x6 ||

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B1: 2x6 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc purlins.

0-4-3

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

D =	161/Mechanical
B =	286/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
E =	58/Mechanical
Max Horz	
B =	283(LC 7)
Max Uplift	,
D =	-197(LC 7)
B =	-87(LC 7)
E =	-17(LC 7)
Max Grav	
D =	161(LC 1)
B =	286(LC 1)
E =	79(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb)

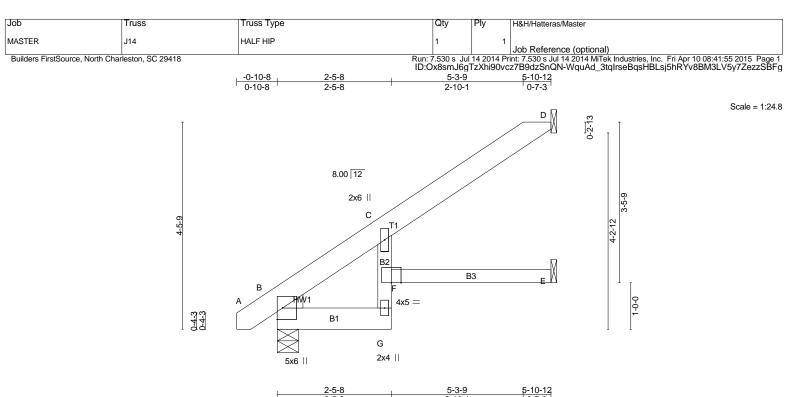
Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (8)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) B, E except (jt=lb) D=197.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



		2-5-8	2-10-1 '0-7-3 '	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.23 BC 0.28 WB 0.00	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) 0.07 E-F >999 240 Vert(TL) -0.06 E-F >999 180 Horz(TL) -0.03 E n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weight: 33 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B1: 2x6 SP No.2

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

D	= `	161/Mechanical
В	=	286/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
E	=	58/Mechanical
Max H	Horz	
В	=	283(LC 7)
Max l	Jplift	,
D	=	-197(LC 7)
В	=	-87(LC 7)
E	=	-17(LC 7)
Max C	Grav	
D	=	161(LC 1)
В	=	286(LC 1)
E	=	79(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

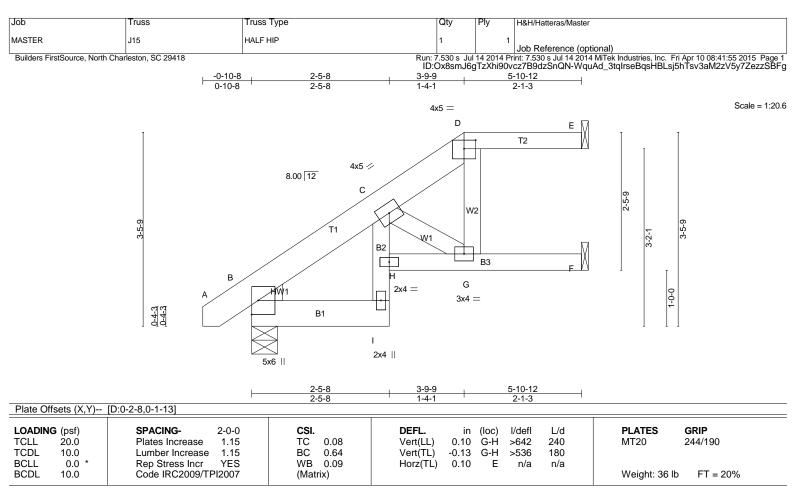
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at

joint(s) B, E except (jt=lb) D=197.
6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009

- International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

T2: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B1: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc

purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins: D-E. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-5-12 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

61/Machanical

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

_	=	6 i/iviechanicai					
В	=	286/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)					
F	=	158/Mechanical					
Max	Horz						
В	=	203(LC 7)					
Max	Uplift	, ,					
Ε	=	-65(LC 5)					
В	=	-133(LC 7)					
F	=	-95(LC 7)					

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. **BOT CHORD** G-H=-262/196

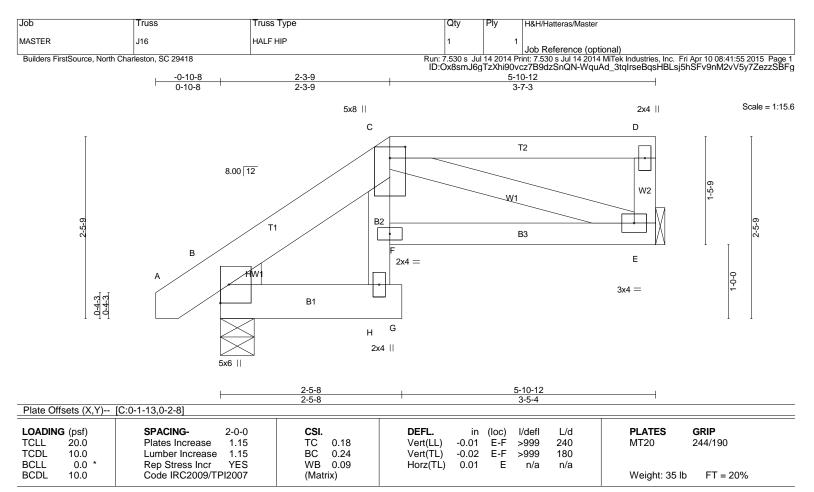
WEBS C-G=-222/296

NOTES-(11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf;
- BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of
- 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to
- bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) E, F except (jt=lb) B=133.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

T2: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B1: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-10-12 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins: C-D. **BOT CHORD**

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 9-11-5 oc bracing. Except: 10-0-0 oc bracing: F-H

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

218/Mechanical 287/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 139(LC 7) В

Max Uplift -129(LC 7) В -165(LC 7)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except

when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-282/178 **BOT CHORD** E-F=-350/310 WEBS C-E=-269/312

NOTES-(10)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the
- bottom chord and any other members. 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=129, B=165.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job	Truss	Tr	uss Type		Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master
MASTER	J17	JA	CK-CLOSED		4		Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource	e, North Charleston, SC 29418			ır	D:Ov9cm l6c	T-Yhi00	Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:56 2015 Page 1 vcz7B9dzSnQN1SZrK4WbczjFLP2rvs5GIEb3JVN5WbfKcs7AQzSBF
			-0-10-8 0-10-8	5-	-10-12	J12/11190	VC21 B902511Q1415211(4)VDC2JF EF 21V55G1ED55V115VVDINCS1 AQ25BF
			0-10-8	5-	-10-12		
							Scale = 1:28.
							2x4 C
		Ī					
						_	
				8.00 12			
				0.00 .2			
		မှ		/	/ /		
		4-10-6					W1
		4					
				/ /			
			в /				
			A				
		0-4-3 0-4-3			B1		<u> </u>
		1 111					
							D
			5x6				2x4
			1	5-	-10-12		1
	(V) [D.0.0.0.4.6]			5-	-10-12		

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-3-0,0-1-6]
---------------------	-----------------

		ease 1.15 ncr YES	SPACING- Plates Increase Lumber Increase Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2009/TF	20.0 20.0 10.0 0.0 *	LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL BCDL
--	--	----------------------	--	-------------------------------	---

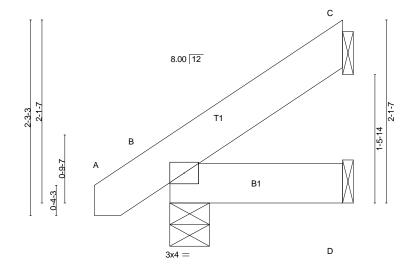
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master
MASTER	J18	JACK-OPEN	7	1	Joh Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418

Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:56 2015 Page 1 ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-_1SZrK4WbczjFLP2rvs5GIEfMJYU5WbfKcs7AQzSBFf

-0-10-8 0-10-8

Scale = 1:13.3



LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 CSI Plates Increase 1.15 TC Lumber Increase 1.15 BC	SI. DEFL. C 0.03 Vert(LL) C 0.02 Vert(TL)	in (loc) I/defl L/d -0.00 B >999 240 -0.00 B >999 180	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190	
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES WB Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Ma	'B 0.00 Horz(TL) Matrix)	-0.00 C n/a n/a	Weight: 13 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS.	(lb/size)
------------	-----------

133/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
19/Mechanical
49/Mechanical
122(LC 7)
-69(LC 7)
-81(LC 7)
133(LC 1)
39(LC 2)
49(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb)

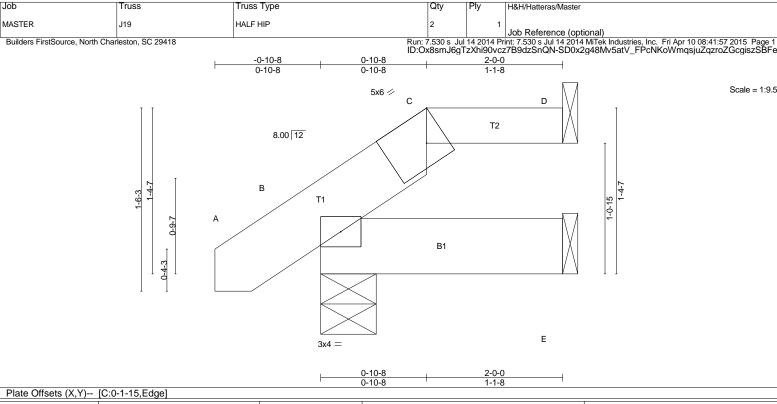
Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Ž) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to
- bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) B, C.
- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.05	Vert(LL) -0.00 B >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.03	Vert(TL) -0.00 B >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.00 (Matrix)	Horz(TL) -0.00 D n/a n/a	Weight: 12 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* T2: 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins: C-D. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

D	= .	44/Mechanical
В	=	133/0-5-8 (min. 0-1-8)
E	=	24/Mechanical
Max H	orz	
В	=	82(LC 7)
Max U	plift	
D	=	-41(LC 6)
В	=	-90(LC 7)
Max G	rav	
D	=	44(LC 1)
В	=	133(LC 1)
E	=	38(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb)

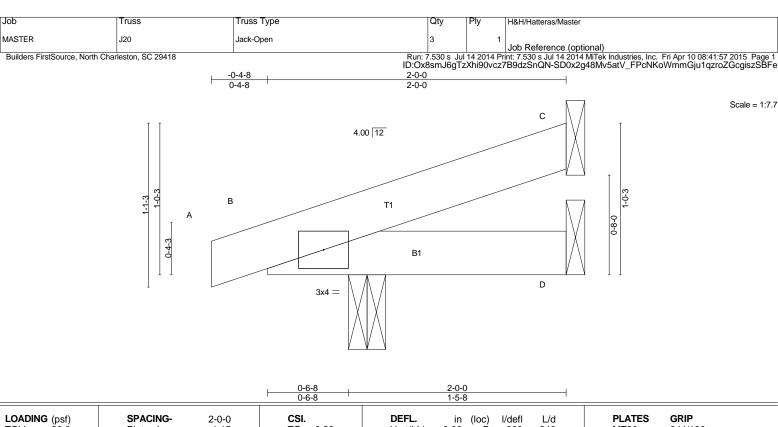
Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-(11)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D, B.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.28	Vert(LL) -0.00 B >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.06	Vert(TL) -0.00 B-D >999 180	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.00 C n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)		Weight: 7 lb FT = 20%

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS.	(lb/size)
------------	-----------

REACTIONS.	(lb/size)
B =	105/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8)
D =	20/Mechanical
C =	56/Mechanical
Max Horz	
B =	53(LC 5)
Max Uplift	
B =	-100(LC 5)
D =	-23(LC 5)
C =	-56(LC 5)
Max Grav	
B =	105(LC 1)
D =	39(LC 2)
C =	56(LC 1)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D, C except (jt=lb) B=100.

 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009
- International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H/Hatteras/Master	
MASTER	J21	Half Hip Girder	1	1		
					Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FirstSource, North Char	leston, SC 29418				int: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:57 2015 Page 1	
		ID:	Ox8smJ6gT	zXhi90vc	z7B9dzSnQN-SD0x2g48Mv5atV_FPcNKoWmldjq3qzroZGcgiszSBFe	
լ -0-4-8 լ	2-3-9	1		7-2	-8	
0-4-8	2-3-0			<i>1</i> ₋ 10	-15	

Scale = 1:14.2

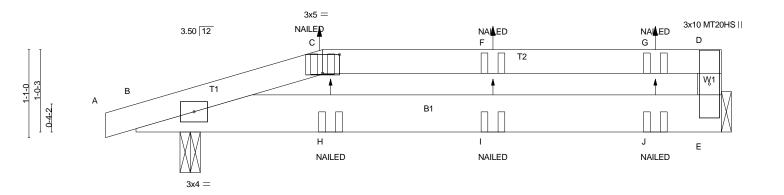


Plate Offsets (X,Y) [0-6-8		6-8-0	
Flate Offsets (X, 1) [C.U-Z-8,U-Z-1Z]			
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plates Increase 1.15	TC 0.38	Vert(LL) 0.04 B-É >999 240	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber Increase 1.15	BC 0.31	Vert(TL) -0.06 B-E >999 180	MT20HS 187/143
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr NO	WB 0.00	Horz(TL) -0.00 E n/a n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	, ,	Weight: 29 lb FT = 20%

7-2-8

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 WFBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): C-D BOT CHORD

0-6-8

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

269/Mechanical В 304/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 54(LC 5) Max Uplift -269(LC 3) В -305(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-C=-477/430, C-F=-428/419, F-G=-428/419,

D-G=-428/419 **BOT CHORD**

B-H=-419/428, H-I=-419/428, I-J=-419/428,

E-J=-419/428

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections. 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at
- joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=269, B=305. 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 12) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 13) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 14) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

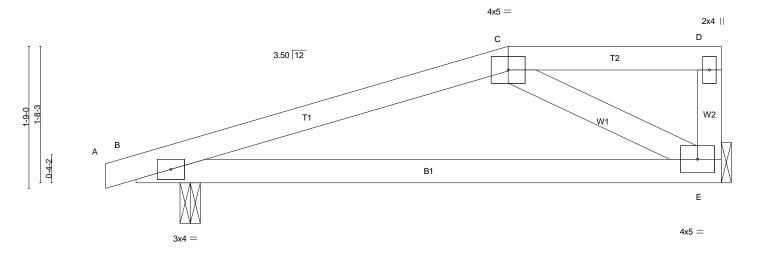
LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-60, B-E=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: C=4(F) F=4(F) G=4(F) H=0(F) I=0(F) J=0(F)

MASTER J22 Half Hip 1 1 Job Reference (optional) Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:58 2015 P ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-wPaJG05m7DDRVfZRzKuZLjJwY78LZPEynwLEFIzt	١.
Builders FirstSource, North Charleston, SC 29418 Run: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 Print: 7.530 s Jul 14 2014 MiTek Industries, Inc. Fri Apr 10 08:41:58 2015 P ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-wPaJG05m7DDRVfZRzKuZLjJwY78LZPEynwLEFIz:	ŀ
ID:Ox8smJ6gTzXhi90vcz7B9dzSnQN-wPaJG05m7DDRVfZRzKuZLjJwY78LZPEynwLEFIz	L
-0-4-8 4-7-0 7-2-8	
0-4-8 4-7-0 2-7-8	

Scale = 1:14.2



	0-6-8 0-6-8		7-2-8 6-8-0	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plates Increase 1.15 Lumber Increase 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.37 BC 0.44 WB 0.12 (Matrix-M)	DEFL. in (loc) l/defl L/d Vert(LL) 0.14 E-J >613 240 Vert(TL) -0.11 E-J >783 180 Horz(TL) -0.00 B n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 28 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WFBS BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): C-D

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 7-3-8 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

E = .	252/Mechanical
B =	336/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz	
B =	96(LC 5)
Max Uplift	
E =	-245(LC 5)
B =	-317(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

B-I=-397/890, B-C=-303/422 BOT CHORD

B-J=-831/375, B-E=-461/262

WEBS

C-E=-258/401

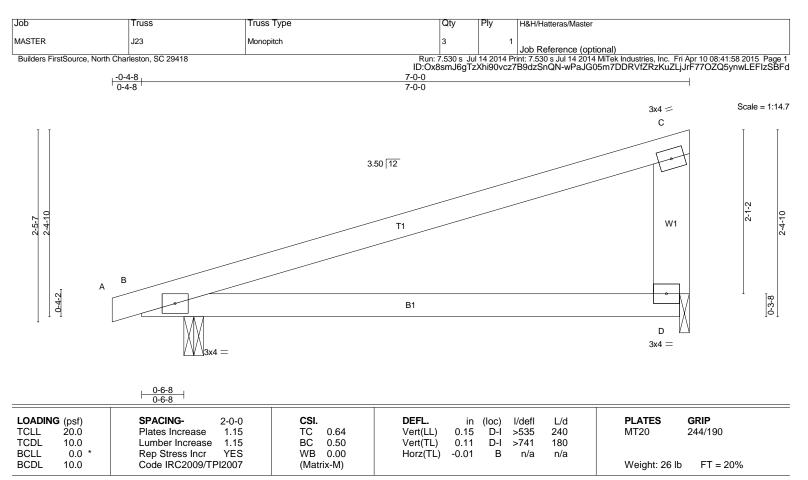
NOTES-(11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=245, B=317.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x6 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. **BOT CHORD**

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REAC	TIONS.	(lb/size
В	=	33

333/0-3-0 (min. 0-1-8) 231/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8) D Max Horz 137(LC 5) В Max Uplift -303(LC 5)

-237(LC 5)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown TOP CHORD

B-H=-729/1613 BOT CHORD

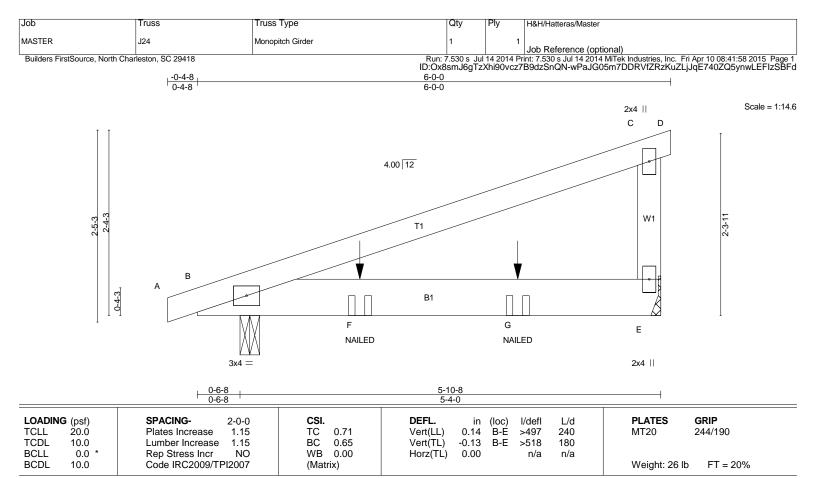
B-I=-1515/689

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

- 4) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=303, D=237.
- 7) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)



TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.2

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals. BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size)

E =	•	477/	Mechanical
B =	=	487/0-3-0	(min. 0-1-8)
Max Horz			
B =	=	14	40(LC 3)
Max Uplift			
E :	=	-48	84(LC 3)
B =	=	-4	57(LC 3)

FORCES. (lb)

Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Wind: ASCÉ 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 3) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 4) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=484, B=457.

- 6) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009
 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchoreaks including neels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 9) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S)

Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf) Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-20, B-E=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: F=-249(B) G=-232(B)