

RE: 1110004_OFA - H&H-NC/Topsail/

Site Information:

Project Customer: H and H Project Name: 1110004 Lot/Block: A Subdivision:

Model: Address: All

City: Fayetteville State: NC

General Truss Engineering Criteria & Design Loads (Individual Truss Design

Drawings Show Special Loading Conditions):

Design Code: IRC2009/TPI2007 Wind Code: ASCE 7-05 Wind Speed: 130 mph

Roof Load: 40.0 psf

Design Program: MiTek 20/20 7.6

Design Method: MWFRS(low-rise)/C-C hybrid Wind ASCE 7-05

Trenco

818 Soundside Rd

Edenton, NC 27932

Floor Load: N/A psf

Mean Roof Height (feet): 25

Exposure Category: C

33 130128644 309 6/12/17 34 130128645 J10 6/12/17	N 1234567891111111111122222222222333333	Seal# 130128612 130128613 130128615 130128616 130128618 130128621 130128622 130128623 130128623 130128626 130128628 130128628 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128631 130128633 130128633 130128633 130128633 130128634 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128638 130128648	Truss Name A01 A02 A03 A04 A06 A07 A08 A09 A11 A12 A14 B01 B003 B004 B005 C02 C03 CP02 J01 J02 J03 J05 J06 J07 J08 J09 J09	6/12/17 6/12/17	No. 35 337 389	Seal# 30128646 30128647 30128648 30128650	Truss Name J11 J12 V01 V02 V03	Date 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17 6/12/17
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30128639
9 130128640 J05
10 130128641 J06
11 130128642 J07 6/12/17
32 130128643 J08 6/12/17
33 130128644 J09 6/12/17
34 130128645 J10 6/12/17

The truss drawing(s) referenced above have been prepared by
MiTek USA, Inc. under my direct supervision based on the parameters
provided by Builders FirstSource-Sumter,SC.

Truss Design Engineer's Name: Komnick, Chad
My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2017

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification

The engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the

and was not taken into account in the

and was

June 12,2017

Qty Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/ Job Truss Truss Type 130128612 A01 GABLE 3 1110004 OFA Job Reference (optional)

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:21 2017 Page 1
ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-VrSRpEaVNOuGBGl0vBOyxTiZJa_4iSyzT3DeV7z70YK Builders FirstSource. Sumter, SC 29153 30-5-0 15-2-8 15-2-8 -q-10-8 0-10-8 8.00 12 Scale = 1:81.4 3x6 3x6 🛇 М s ΑE AC R 4x6 = 3x4 🛷 5x6 3x4 <

	6-2-8	5-9-0	4-11-8	6-6-4	6-11-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-1-0,0-1-8], [P:0-1-0,0-1-8], [S:0-3-	<u>0,0-0-0], [W;0-3-8,0-1-3</u>] <u>, [Z:0-3-0,0-1-0], [</u>	AD:0-3-0,0-0-	0]	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.38 BC 0.21 WB 0.25	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in (loc) 0.01 Q 0.02 Q 0.02 P	l/defl L/d n/r 120 n/r 120 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	` '			Weight: 209 lb FT = 20%

wν

BRACING-

WEBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

5x7 =

U

2x6 ||

6-0-0 oc bracing: AD-AE,R-S.

1 Row at midpt

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

I-X, H-Y, J-V

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing, Except:

LUMBER-

2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* BOT CHORD

B-AD,P-S: 2x6 SP No.2

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 30-5-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B=-687(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) S, AC except B=-311(LC 6), AD=-104(LC 3), Z=-144(LC 9), W=-153(LC 9), P=-182(LC 9), Y=-192(LC 8), AA=-210(LC 8), AB=-232(LC 8), AE=-591(LC 8), V=-177(LC 9), U=-208(LC 9),

T=-243(LC 9), R=-568(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) Z, W, P, Y, AA, AB, AC, V, U, T except B=277(LC 7), AD=289(LC 9), S=259(LC 9), X=471(LC 9), AE=473(LC 1), R=427(LC 14)

ΑB

2x6 ||

4.00 12

AA Z

3x6 =

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-563/412, C-D=-316/351, D-E=-272/348, E-F=-262/356, F-G=-169/364, G-H=-78/466, TOP CHORD

H-I=-55/547, I-J=-55/546, J-K=-51/428, K-L=-54/293, O-P=-330/170

B-AE=-152/466, AD-AE=-125/463, AC-AD=-134/467, AB-AC=-136/470, AA-AB=-136/470, BOT CHORD Z-AA=-133/470, Y-Z=-125/442, X-Y=-125/442, W-X=-125/442, V-W=-130/472,

U-V=-136/470, T-U=-136/470, S-T=-138/473, R-S=-143/481, P-R=-136/469

I-X=-447/0, F-AB=-137/258, C-AE=-277/553, L-T=-137/260, O-R=-277/551

NOTES-

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- plate grip DOL=1.60
 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) S, AC except (jt=lb) B=311, AD=104, Z=144, W=153, P=182, Y=192, AA=210, AB=232, AE=591, V=177, U=208, T=243, R=568.
 11) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) AD, S, AA, AB, AC, AE, V, U, T, R.
- 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

032 WGINEER M. KOMMIN June 12,2017

🛕 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REPERENCE PAGE MIT-4/13 rev. 19/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

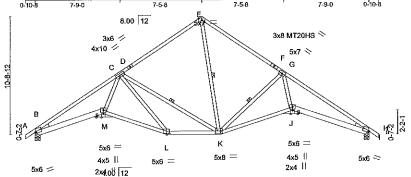
Design valid for use only with MITER® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and roperty damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, arection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:22 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRal.GAgDs0yzEGbe-z1?p0aa78h07pQKCTvvBThlb1zBJRoz7ijyB1Zz70YJ 7-9-0 7-9-0 15-2-8 30-5-0 31-3-8 0-10-8 -0₁10-8 0-10-8 Scale = 1:98.6



			6-2-8		-11-8 -9-0	16-11-0 4-11-8	23-5-4 6-6-4		30-5 6-11		\dashv
Plate Offs	sets (X,Y)	[B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [H:0-1-5,						Edge]		- 14	
LOADING	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defi	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.Ó	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.96	Vert(LL)	-0.19	J-K	>999	360	MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	ВС	0.78	Vert(TL)	-0.53	J-K	>684	240	MT20HS 187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.64	Horz(TL)	0.35	H	n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	P12007	(Matr	ix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.32	J-K	>999	240	Weight: 188 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

C-K, E-K, G-K

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

HIMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B-M,H-J: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-669(LC 6) Max Upliff B=-906(LC 8), H=-906(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max, Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-3006/1985, C-D=-1154/1006, D-E=-1027/1051, E-F=-1181/1197, F-G=-1304/1153, TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

B-M=-1741/2508, L-M=-1360/1914, K-L=-893/1418, J-K=-1265/2146, H-J=-1458/2517 WEBS

C-M=-949/1517, C-L=-621/622, C-K=-674/727, E-K=-733/789, G-K=-1441/1237,

G-J=-776/1554

NOTES-

Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

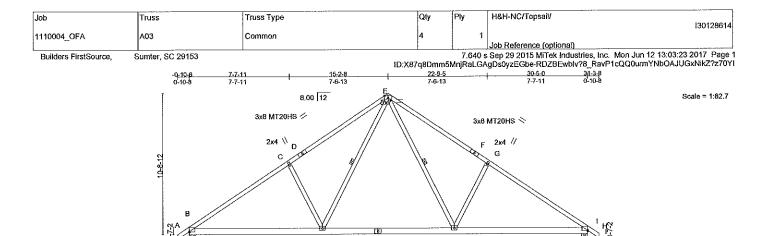
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, H considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 to uplift at joint(s) except (t=1b) B=906, H=906.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REPERENCE PAGE MIN-4/3 feet, vinuitable Design valid for use only with MITERS connectors. This design is based only upon parameters such an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Eracing indicated is to nevent buckling of individual truss web and/for chord memors only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/THI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





	10-1-15 10-1-15		20-3-1 10-1-1		30-5-0 10-1-15	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	B:0-0-0,0-0-7], [H:Edge,0-0-7]		T			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.91 BC 0.54 WB 0.43	Vert(TL) -0	.14 J-L	l/defl L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0).14 L-O :	>999 240	Weight: 179 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

WEBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

K

4x6 =

v .1 w

4x5 =

х

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

E-J. E-L

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

4x5 =

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

4x5 =

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8 Max Horz B=669(LC 7) Max Uplift B=-907(LC 8), H=-907(LC 9) Max Grav B=1280(LC 2), H=1280(LC 2)

FORCES. (ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-1808/1295, C-D=-1650/1391, D-E=-1539/1437, E-F=-1539/1437, F-G=-1650/1391, G-H=-1808/1295 TOP CHORD B-S=-960/1428, S-T=-960/1428, L-T=-960/1428, L-U=-331/952, K-U=-331/952, K-V=-331/952, J-V=-331/952, BOT CHORD

s

Т

u

4x5 =

J-W=-814/1428, W-X=-814/1428, H-X=-814/1428

E-J=-659/764, G-J=-416/768, E-L=-658/764, C-L=-416/768 WEBS

NOTES- (9)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=907,
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AM WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MILES REPERENCE PAGE MIL-M3 TeX. INVOLVED BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MTFe&C connectors. This design is based only upon parameters which, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Bracing indicated is to nevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly demage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of fusesses and furse systems, see

ANSITYPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



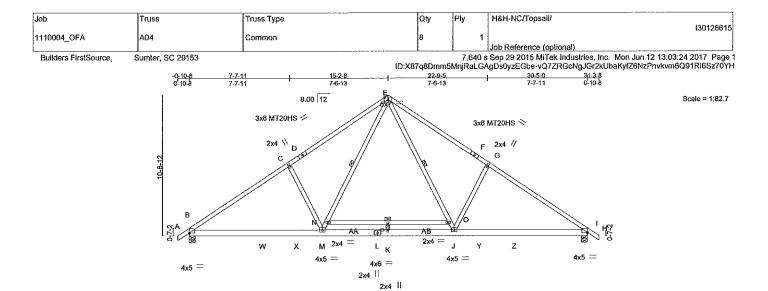


Plate Offsets (X,Y)	10-1-15 [B:0-0-0,0-0-7], [H:Edge,0-0-7]	5-0-9	5:0.9 10-1-15	
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.		GRIP
TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	TC 0,77 BC 0.66	10.1()	244/190 187/143
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.41 (Matrix-S)	Horz(TL) 0.04 H n/a n/a Wind(LL) 0.14 M-S >999 240 Weight: 193 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

WEBS

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

E-J. E-M. N-O

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* A-D,F-I: 2x4 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

N-O: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-669(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-907(LC 8), H=-907(LC 9) Max Grav B=1270(LC 2), H=1270(LC 2)

FORCES. (ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1786/1297, C-D=-1628/1394, D-E=-1516/1440, E-F=-1516/1440, F-G=-1628/1394,

G-H=-1786/1297

B-W=-963/1410, W-X=-963/1410, M-X=-963/1410, L-M=-384/1020, K-L=-384/1020, J-K=-384/1020, J-Y=-817/1410, Y-Z=-817/1410, H-Z=-817/1410 BOT CHORD

E-O=-663/753, J-O=-641/702, G-J=-418/772, M-N=-642/702, E-N=-663/753, C-M=-418/772 WEBS

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Extenor(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=lb) B=907, H=907
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-E=-60, E-I=-60, Q-T=-20

ORTH CAR June 12,2017

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MTEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters share, an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designer, Bracking indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, orection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSITH1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004 OFA	A05	Roof Special	8	1	13012861
					Job Reference (optional)

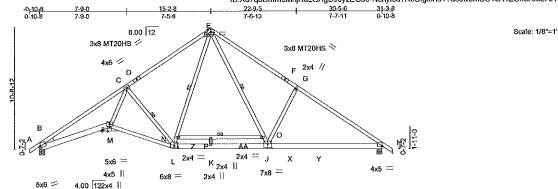
Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:25 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-Nchyfcd?RcOlgl3n81Tu5Jw8mBC1eA1ZOhBreuz70YG

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

C-L, E-L, E-J, N-O

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



Diete Off	(V V)	(D:0.4.5.0.4.0) (U:0.0.0.0	6-2-8	5-9		3-3-0 5-0-9			10-1-15		 	
Plate Oil	seis (A,T)-	[B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [H:0-0-0,	<u>0-0-7], [J.U-4</u>	-v.v-4-0j, [L.:u	-4-U,U-Z-OJ	, [w.u-4-0,Euge]		**				
LOADING	G (psf)	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.		DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.80	Vert(LL)	-0.14	· K	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.85	Vert(TL)	-0.36	L-M	>999	240	MT20HS	187/143
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0,62	Horz(TL)	0.17	Н	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	PI2007	(Matri	x-S)	Wind(LL)	0,24	L-M	>999	240	Weight: 198 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

WE8S

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* A-D,F-I: 2x4 SP No.1

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

L-M,M-Q: 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

N-O: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, H=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-669(LC 6)

Max UpliftB=-906(LC 8), H=-906(LC 9)

FORCES. (ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (ib) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-2998/1977, C-D=-1397/1250, D-E=-1271/1294, E-F=-1452/1442, F-G=-1563/1396,

G-H=-1750/1300

B-M=-1731/2501, L-M=-1336/1884, K-L=-373/959, J-K=-372/959, J-X=-819/1365, BOT CHORD

X-Y=-819/1365, H-Y=-819/1365 C-M=-946/1506, C-L=-1180/1261, L-N=-519/540, E-N=-529/579, E-O=-670/737,

J-O=-651/690, G-J=-417/773

NOTES-

WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

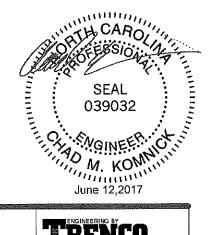
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=906, H=906.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2



MARNING - Verily design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-1413 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracking indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracking is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly demage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracking of trusses and truss systems, see ANSITH1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	240
1110004_OFA	A05	Roof Special	8	1	1301286	110
_			i	1	Inh Reference (ontional)	

Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153

Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:25 2017 Page 2 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRal.GAgDs0yzEGbe-Nchyfcd?RcOigl3n81Tu5Jw8mBC1eA1ZOhBreuz70YG

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
 Uniform Loads (pif)

Vert: A-E=-60, E-I=-60, M-R=-20, L-M=-20, L-U=-20





818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type		Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	128617
1110004_OFA	A06	ROOF SPECIAL	8	1	leb Peferance (antional)	,,26017

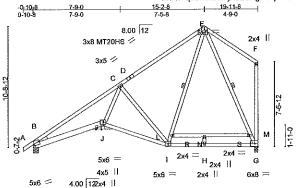
Builders FirstSource,

Sumter, SC 29153

Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:26 2017 Page 1
ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgOs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSM7bbnNZRjdLwPAKz70YF

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-8-0 oc purlins, except

Rigid celling directly applied or 5-1-9 oc bracing.



Scale: 1/8"=1"

6-2	.8	5-9-0 3-1	3-0	4-9-0	•				
 CSI.	0.63	DEFL. Vert(LL)	in -0.21	(loc) G-H	l/defl >999	L/d 360	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190	

1 Row at midpt

15-2-8 19-11-8

Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-1-5,0-1-8]. [J:0-4-0,Edge]							1	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-12 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.63 BC 0.62 WB 0.87 (Matrix-M)	DEFL. Vert(Lt.) Vert(Tt.) Horz(Tt.) Wind(Lt.)	-0.21	(loc) G-H G-H G J	I/defl >999 >679 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	MT20	GRIP 244/190 187/143 FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

11-11-8

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except*

E-F: 2x4 SP No.2, A-D: 2x4 SP SS 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

BOT CHORD

B-J: 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

F-G,L-M: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=873/0-5-8, G=816/0-3-8

Max Horz B=790(LC 8)

Max Uplift B=-568(LC 8), G=-691(LC 8) Max Grav B=873(LC 1), G=827(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-1817/1416, C-D=-683/547, D-E=-540/593

B-J=-1748/1487, I-J=-1333/1090, H-I=-296/320, G-H=-296/320 BOT CHORD

C-J=-982/963, C-I=-934/1333, I-L=-581/549, E-L=-575/650, E-M=-664/650, WEBS

G-M=-700/654

NOTES- (10)

t) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

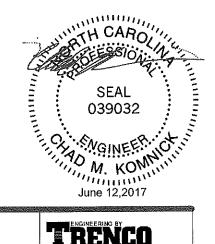
4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- B) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=ib) B=568,
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-E=-62, E-F=-62, J-O=-21, I-J=-21, G-I=-21



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters and properly incorporate this design in based only upon parameters and properly incorporate this design in the overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly admage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANS/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component
Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

J	ob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	318
1	110004_OFA	A07	Roof Special	8	1		110
					i	Job Reference (optional)	

Builders FirstSource,

Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:26 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-roFKsyedCwWZI1dzil_7eXSlzbZ0Na5jdLwPAKz70YF

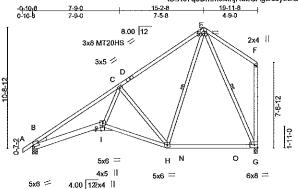
Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

E-H, E-G

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

Scale: 1/8"=1"



11-11-8 19-11-8

Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [I:0-4	0,Edge]		, , ,						
LOADING (psf) SPACING- TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DO TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL BCLL 0.0 Rep Siress Inc BCDL 10.0 Code IRC200	1.15 or YES	CSI. TC 0.90 BC 0.73 WB 0.83 (Matrix-S)	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL) Wind(LL)	in -0.22 -0.42 -0.09 0.14	(loc) G-H G-H G H-I	I/defl >999 >562 n/a >999	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 MT20HS Weight: 137 lb	GRIP 244/190 187/143 FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B-I: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

F-G: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=846/0-5-8, G=791/0-3-8

Max Horz B=766(LC 8)

Max UpliftB=-551(LC 8), G=-670(LC 8) Max Grav B=846(LC 1), G=805(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-1752/1360, C-D=-664/524, D-E=-530/568 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD B-I=-1682/1431, H-I=-1282/1049, H-N=-263/276, N-O=-263/276, G-O=-263/276

C-I=-946/922, C-H=-890/1274, E-H=-542/587, E-G=-651/651 WEBS

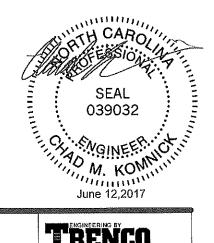
NOTES- (10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=ib) B=551,
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify dosign parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE,



Job	Truss		Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	A08	Common	23	1	Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource.

Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:27 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-K?pi3leGzDeQvBCAGSVMAk?SR_zm67Lsr?gyinz70YE

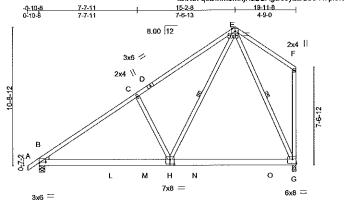
Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals,

E-H, E-G

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

Scale = 1:84.0



10-1-15 19-11-8 10-1-15

Plate Offse	ets (X,Y)	[B:0-6-0,0-0-9], [G:Edge,0-4-0], [H:0-4-	0.0-4-8]		
LOADING ((psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL, in (loc) I/defi L/d PLATES GRIP	
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.85	Vert(LL) -0.12 G-H >999 360 MT20 244/190	
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.51	Vert(TL) -0.21 G-H >999 240	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.44	Horz(TL) -0.02 G n/a n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TP12007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL) 0.13 H-K >999 240 Weight: 136 lb FT = 20%	

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* WEBS

F-G: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) G=791/0-3-8, B=846/0-5-8

Max Horz B=766(LC 8)

Max Uplift G=-665(LC 8), B=-556(LC 8) Max Grav G=852(LC 2), B=846(LC 1)

FORCES. (|b) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (|b) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-1037/574, C-D=-881/673, D-E=-764/719

B-L=-910/790, L-M=-910/790, H-M=-910/790, H-N=-268/282, N-O=-268/282, G-O=-268/282 BOT CHORD

WEBS C-H=-422/783, E-H=-673/812, E-G=-653/655

NOTES- (8)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip
- This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) G=665,
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design lint the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, arection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Piy	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	A09	GABLE	3	1	
			!	1	Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource.

Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:28 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-oBN4HefukXmHXLnMpA0bjyYfwOOzre8?4fPVFDz70YD

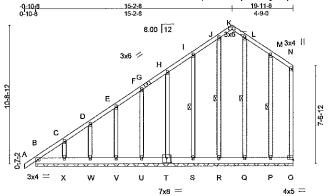


Plate Offsets (X) [K:0-3-0,Edge], [O:Edge,0-2-0], [T:0-4	I-0,0-4-8 <u>]</u>	19-11-8
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.74	Vert(LL) -0.00 A n/r 120 MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	BC 0.19	Vert(TL) -0.00 A n/r 120
BCLL 0.0		WB 0.15	Horz(TL) 0.00 O n/a n/a
BCDL 10,0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	Weight: 176 lb FT = 20%

19-11-8

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING.

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD WEBS

end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. J-R, I-S, L-Q, M-P 1 Row at midpt

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

All bearings 19-11-8. REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz B=942(LC 7)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except O=-120(LC 9), B=-327(LC 6), R=-230(LC 7), S=-259(LC 8). T=.195(LC 8), U=-205(LC 8), V=-203(LC 8), W=-200(LC 8), X=-257(LC 8), Q=-105(LC 7), P=-318(LC 9)
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or iess at joint(s) O, S, T, U, V, W, X, Q, P except B=482(LC 7), R=339(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-907/556, C-D=-768/519, D-E=-676/507, E-F=-583/496, F-G=-490/472, G-H=-483/484,

H-I=-394/466, I-J=-313/535, J-K=-155/428, K-L=-139/431, L-M=-208/526,

M-N=-216/424, N-O=-171/350

BOT CHORD B-X=-160/283, W-X=-160/283, V-W=-160/283, U-V=-160/283, T-U=-160/283, S-T=-162/281,

R-S=-162/281, Q-R=-162/281, P-Q=-162/281, O-P=-162/281 J-R=-324/261, I-S=-122/298, C-X=-127/285, M-P=-118/298

WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live toads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 120 lb uplift at joint O, 327 lb uplift at joint B, 230 lb uplift at joint R, 259 lb uplift at joint S, 195 lb uplift at joint T, 205 lb uplift at joint U, 203 lb uplift at joint V, 200 lb uplift at joint W, 257 lb uplift at joint X, 105 lb uplift at joint Q and 318 lb uplift at joint P.

 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



🚵 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AM WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MILEX REFLEXENCE PAGE MIL-4/3 TeX. VIOLIZIOTS BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a Iruss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and direct confidence and individual temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent outlapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of russes and fursa systems, see Antigriff Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



						_
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	
					13012862	1
1110004_OFA	A10	ROOF SPECIAL	5	1		
					Job Reference (optional)	
Buildere EiretSource 9	Sumfor SC 20153			7 640 s	Sen 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc., Mon. Jun 12 13:03:29 2017, Page	. 1

ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-GNwSUzgWVru89VMYNtXqF94nDoaxazf9Jl93nfz70YC 15-2-8 7-5-8 30-5-0 -0₁10-8 0-10-8 8.00 12 3x8 MT20HS 🚿 3x6 🗸 4x10 5x7 G С 5x6 = 5x6 = к 5x8 = 4x5 | 4x6 = 4x5 || 5x6 = 2x4 |

	⊢ 6-2-8 6-2-8	11-11-8 5-9-0		3-5-4 -6-4	30-5-0 6-11-12	
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [H:0-1-5,0-1-0], [I:0-4-	0.Edge]. [J:0-5-8,0-2-8]. [K;0-3-0,0-1-0], [L:0-	4-0,Edge]		and the second s
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.96 BC 0.78		in (loc) 0.18 I-J 0.53 I-J	l/defi L/d >999 360 >686 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0,65 (Matrix-S)	. ,	0.35 H 0.32 I-J	n/a n/a >999 240	Weight: 187 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-TOP CHORD

WEBS

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

C-J, E-J, G-J

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*

B-L,H-I: 2x6 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1270/0-5-8, H=1216/0-5-8

Max Horz B=689(LC 7)

Max Uplift B=-906(LC 8), H=-808(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-3008/2031, C-D=-1155/1008, D-E=-1029/1053, E-F=-1182/1200, F-G=-1306/1156, TOP CHORD

G-H=-3024/2038

B-L=-1794/2510, K-L=-1401/1915, J-K=-922/1419, I-J=-1337/2152, H-I=-1543/2525 BOT CHORD WEBS

5x6 =

2x4.00 12

C-L=-979/1518, C-K=-621/638, C-J=-674/727, E-J=-736/790, G-J=-1447/1272,

G-I=-827/1561

NOTES-(10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Extenor(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, H considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 906 lb uplift at joint B and 808 lb uplift at 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum
- sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord. 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The sultability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Scale = 1:98.6

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:30 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-kaUrlJh8F80?mfxtxa23oNd5mC4PJYFIYyucJ5z70YB 30-5-0 11-6-0 11-6-0 11-6-0 18-11-0 ⁷⁻⁴⁻¹⁵ K N. Scale = 1:67.8 G 3x6 3x6 8.00 12 3x5 🛇 3x5 4 AH Х 5x6 = AGΑI 3x5 || 3x5 | 3x6 == AD AC AB AA ΑE z _{3х6} = 4.00 12 5x6 =

		6-2-8 6-2-8	+	11-11-8 5-9-0		16-11-0 4-11-8	6-4				30-5-0 6-11-12	
Plate Of	sets (X,Y)	[B:0-1-3,0-3-0], [H:0-3-0,	.0-0-2], [M:0-3	3-0,0-0-2], [S	:0-1-3,0-3-0)], [AA:0-3-0,0-1-0].	[AE:0-3	-0,0-1	0]			
LOADIN TCLL TCDL BCLL	G (psf) 20.0 10.0 0.0 *	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES	CSI. TC BC WB	0.33 0.13 0.18	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in 0.00 0.01 0.02	(loc) T T S	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/T	PI2007	(Mati	ix)						Weight: 198 lb	FT ≃ 20%

BRACING-LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

SLIDER

Left 2x4 SP No.2 2-5-14, Right 2x4 SP No.2 2-5-14

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): H-M.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 30-5-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B=-531(LC 6)

Max Upliff All upliff 100 lb or less at joint(s) AE, AA, W, Z, Y except B=-276(LC 6), AH=-123(LC 7), S=-223(LC 9), AC=-183(LC 6), AD=-119(LC 7), AF=-101(LC 7), AG=-252(LC 8), AI=-443(LC 8), AB=-179(LC 6), X=-259(LC 9),

V=-106(LC 9), Ú=-431(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) B, AH, AE, AA, W, S, AC, AD, AF, AG, AB, Z, Y, X, V except

AI=304(LC 13), U=307(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-407/352, C-D=-391/366, D-E=-190/299, E-F=-137/349, F-G=-119/469, G-H=-109/509, TOP CHORD

H-I=-69/486, I-J=-69/486, J-K=-69/486, K-L=-69/486, L-M=-69/486, M-N=-109/509,

N-O=-120/453, O-P=-112/294

B-AI=-136/279, AH-AI=-128/277, AG-AH=-128/278, AF-AG=-128/278, AE-AF=-127/278, BOT CHORD

AD-AE=-118/260, AC-AD=-118/260, AB-AC=-118/260, AA-AB=-118/260, Z-AA=-125/278,

Y-Z=-128/278, X-Y=-128/278, W-X=-127/275, V-W=-123/273, U-V=-132/279, S-U=-128/276

F-AG=-133/277, D-AI=-217/463, O-X=-133/282, Q-U=-217/451 WEBS

NOTES- (15)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the boltom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) AE, AA, W, Z, Y except (j(=lb) B=276, AH=123, S=223, AC=183, AD=119, AF=101, AG=252, Al=443, AB=179, X=259, V=106, U=431.
- 12) Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) AH, W, AF, AG, At, Z, Y, X, V, U. 13) "Semi-rigid pilchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev., 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AMARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIN-4/13 rev. Unival/2016 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITERS connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, his building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent localizabe with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/THY QUARTER OF A STATE OF THE ADDITIONAL PROPERTY OF THE ADDI



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Р	ly	H&H-NC/Topsail/	128623
1110004_OFA	A12	Hip	1		1	Job Reference (optional)	

Builders FirstSource,

Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:31 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-Cm2Dvfhm0S8rOoWxVlalLaA8icGl2rxSmceAsYz70YA

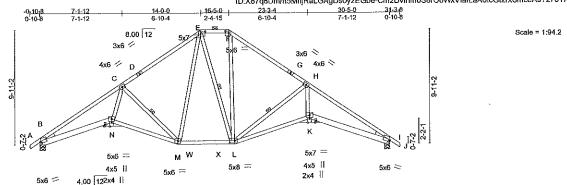
Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

C-M, E-L, H-L

2-0-0 oc purlins (5-5-8 max.): E-F.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt



	6-2-8	- 11-11-8 5-9-0	16-11-0 4-11-8	6-6-4	6-11-12		
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [B:0-1-5,0-1-8], [E:0-4-8,0-1-12], [F:0-(****
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.86 BC 0.82	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL)	in (loc) -0.20 K-L -0.56 K-L	l/defl L/d >999 360 >655 240		GRIP 244/190
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.79 (Matrix-S)	Horz(Tl) Wind(LL)	0,38 I 0.33 K-L	n/a n/a >999 240	Weight: 199 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* B-N,I-K: 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=1269/0-5-8, I=1269/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-618(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-896(LC 8), I=-896(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-3019/2035, C-D=-1390/1222, D-E=-1270/1264, E-F=-972/1117, F-G=-1196/1181.

G-H=-1313/1139, H-I=-3036/2059

B-N=-1712/2524, M-N=-1440/2088, M-W=-380/965, W-X=-380/965, L-X=-380/965, BOT CHORD

K-L=-1490/2464, I-K=-1532/2542

C-N=-921/1517, C-M=-1328/1301, E-M=-441/436, E-L=-399/420, F-L=-361/402, WEBS

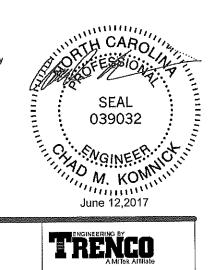
H-L=-1701/1377, H-K=-833/1611

NOTES- (11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, I considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TP1 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=896,
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly amage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, dolivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



H&H-NC/Topsail/ ₽ly Truss Type Qty Job Truss 130128624 1110004_OFA A13 GABLE Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource,

Sumter, SC 29153

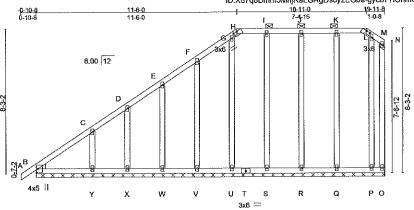
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:32 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-gycb7?iOnmGi0y572?5XtoiUI?mmnS2b?GNjO_z70Y9

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): H-L

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Scale = 1:62.0



19-11-8 19-11-8

Plate Offsets	(X,Y)	[H:0-3-0,0-0-2], [L:0-3-0,	0-0-2]			19-11-0					1.22	
TCDL 10		SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr	2-0-0 1.15 1.15 YES		0.14 0.07 0.16	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in -0.00 0.00 -0.00	(loc) A A O	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 10	0,0	Code IRC2009/T	P12007	(Matri:	x)						Weight: 158 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-8.

(lb) - Max Horz B=692(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) O, B, P except R=-158(LC 6), S=-160(LC 7), U=-134(LC 7), V=-212(LC 8), W=-211(LC 8), X=-162(LC 8), Y=-365(LC 8), Q=-162(LC 7)
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) O, B, R, S, U, V, W, X, Y, Q, P

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

B-C=-699/124, C-D=-454/89, D-E=-336/83 TOP CHORD

WEBS C-Y=-177/382

NOTES- (14)

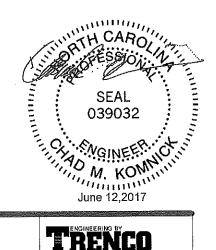
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Extenor(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) O, B, P except (j=lb) R=158, S=160, U=134, V=212, W=211, X=162, Y=365, Q=162.

 12) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.

- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
 14) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE, AM WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REPERENCE PAGE MILITARY SEV. WOUNDED BEFORE DOE. Design valid for use only with MITERS connectors. This design is based only upon parameters show, and is for an individual building component, not a Inss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly desorporate this design into the overall building designer, and indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSITP1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/ 3012862
1110004_OFA	A14	Hip	1	1	Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource.

Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:33 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-89AzKLj0Y3OZd8gKcjcmQ?FWcP0GWsykEw7GwQz70Y8

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and

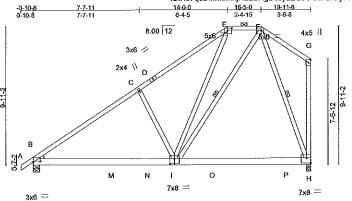
F-I, F-H

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): E-F.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

1 Row at midpt

Scale = 1:77.9



10-1-15 19-11-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [B:0-6-0,0-0-9], [E:0-3-12,0-2-0], [F:0-3-12,0-2-0], [H:Edge,0-4-4], [I:0-3-12,0-4-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-DEFL (loc) l/defl L/d PLATES GRIP 244/190 TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.74 Vert(LL) -0,11 H-I >999 360 MT20 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 ВÇ 0.50 Vert(TL) -0.19H-I >999 240 **BCLL** 0.0 * Rep Stress Incr YES WR 0.37 Horz(TL) -0.02Н n/a n/a Weight: 148 lb FT = 20%BCDL 10.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix-S) Wind(LL) 0.13 I-L >999 240

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

G-H: 2x4 SP No.2

WEDGE Left; 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=846/0-5-8, H=791/0-3-8

Max Horz B=889(LC 7)

Max UpliftB=-616(LC 8), H=-573(LC 8) Max Grav B=846(LC 1), H=846(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-1017/752, C-D=-857/842, D-E=-754/882, E-F=-544/815, F-G=-227/485,

G-H=-180/425

BOT CHORD B-M=-1056/770, M-N=-1056/770, I-N=-1056/770, I-O=-432/297, O-P=-432/297,

H-P=-432/297

WEBS C-I=-387/720, E-I=-144/260, F-I=-583/599, F-H=-646/800

NOTES- (10)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 8=616,
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) Graphical purfin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIN-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent localizes with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of inusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

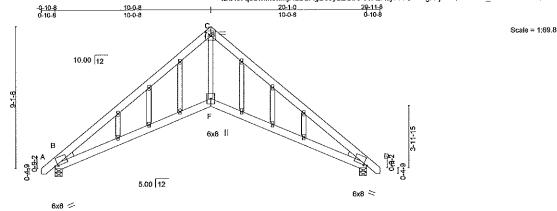


Job Truss Type Qtv Piv H&H-NC/Topsail/ Truss 130128626 1110004_OFA B01 GABLE Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource.

Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:33 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-89AzKLj0Y3OZd6gKcjcmQ?FXCPz_WrxkEw7GwQz70Y8



20-1-0

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

		<u>'</u>	10-0-8	1	10	-0-8		'		
Plate Of	fsets (X,Y)	[8:0-2-6,0-0-7], [D:0-2-6,0-0-7]	···							
LOADIN	G (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d		GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.70	Vert(LL)	-0.07	F-X	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.65	Vert(TL)	-0.20	F-X	>999	240		
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.44	Horz(TL)	0.12	D	n/a	n/a		
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.21	F-U	>999	240	Weight: 151 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

HIMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=848/0-5-8, D=848/0-5-8

Max Horz B=554(LC 7)

Max UpliftB=-597(LC 8), D=-597(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-1471/735, C-D=-1471/826

BOT CHORD B-F=-415/1118, D-F=-404/1118

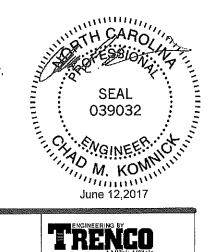
WEBS C-F=-287/1055

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

10-0-8

- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Bearing at joint(s) B, D considers parallel to grain vatue using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=597, D=597.
- 11) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Vorify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AM MANING - Vorify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MIN-1/13 FeV. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



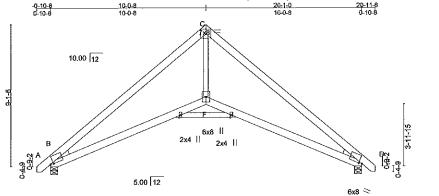
Qty Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/ Job Truss Truss Type 130128627 1110004_OFA SCISSORS B02 Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:34 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-cLkLYhkfJNWQFGFWAQ7?yDolypJDFIAuSasqStz70Y7

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Scale = 1:69.8



10-0-8 Piate Offsets (X,Y)-[B:0-2-6,0-0-7], [D:0-2-6,0-0-7] LOADING (psf) PLATES GRIP SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL (loc) 1/defi L/d 244/190 -0.07 360 MT20 Plate Grip DOL TC BC 0.70 F-N >999 TCLL 20.0 1.15 Vert(LL) -0.20 240 Vert(TL) F-N >999 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 0.65 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.44 Horz(TL) 0.12 D n/a n/a 0.0 YES Weight: 134 lb FT = 20% Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix-S) Wind(LL) 0.21 F-K >999 240 **BCDL** 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TCDI

BCLL

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* G-H: 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=848/0-5-8, D=848/0-5-8 Max Horz B=554(LC 7)

Max Uplift B=-597(LC 8), D=-597(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

6x8 =

TOP CHORD B-C=-1471/735, C-D=-1471/826 BOT CHORD B-F=-415/1118, D-F=-404/1118

WEBS C-F=-287/1055

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) B, D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=597, D=597.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Dasign valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to provent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/ Qty Job Truss Truss Type 130128628 1110004_OFA B03 SCISSORS 24 Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource,

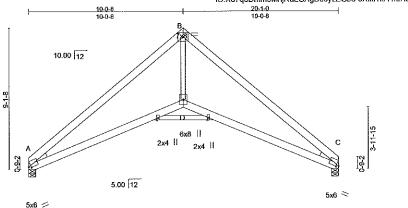
Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:35 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRal_GAgDs0yzEGbe-5Xlkl1kH4hfHtQpik8eEVQKsbDfa_IN1hEcN?Jz70Y6

Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

Scale = 1:70.2



	-	10-0-8		10-0-8			
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[A:0-1-12,0-1-1], [C:0-1-12,0-1-1]						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.71 BC 0.64 WB 0.44	DEFL. Verl(LL) Verl(TL) Horz(TL)	in (loc -0.07 D-l -0.20 D-l 0.12 (>999 >999 n/a	L/d 360 240 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL)	0,21 D	>999	240	Weight: 129 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

E-F: 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3

WEBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) A=803/0-5-8, C=803/0-5-8

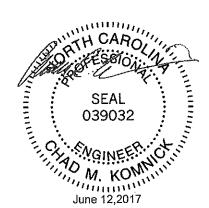
Max Horz A=-548(LC 6)

Max Uplift A=-515(LC 8), C=-515(LC 9)

B-D=-336/1060 WEBS

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

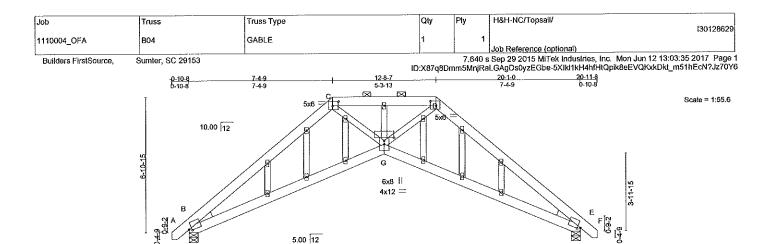
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) A, C considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) A=515,
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE, Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters and response to the building design as the splicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual russ web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual russ web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of flusses and truss systems, see

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		10-0-8	20-1-0 10-0-8	
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [[B:0-1-12,0-1-1], [C:0-3-8,0-2-12], [D:0	-3-8,0-2-12], [E:0-1-12,0-1	1-1], [G:0-6-0,0-1-13]	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.45 BC 0.37 WB 0.33	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.06 G-W >999 360 Vert(TL) -0.19 G-W >999 240 Horz(TL) 0.12 E n/a n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(EL) 0.11 G-W >999 240	Weight: 150 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WEBS OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=848/0-5-8, E=848/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-413(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-579(LC 8), E=-579(LC 9)

FORCES. (ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-1538/918, C-D=-1653/1060, D-E=-1538/919

5x6 =

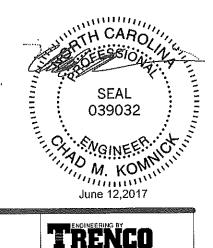
B-G=-931/1191, E-G=-571/1191 BOT CHORD

C-G=-189/797, D-G=-535/797 WEBS

NOTES- (14)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) B, E considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=ib) B=579, E=579. 12) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum
- sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 14) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



5y6 <

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (5-8-1 max.); C-D.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

🚵 WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AMARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIL-14/3 FeV. INVOICES BET UPE BOSON WARNING - Verify design parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a lruss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of fusesses and furse systems, see Antymil Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



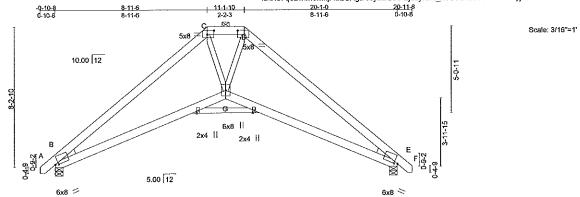
doL	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	B05	HIP	1	1	100120000
					Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource Sumter, SC 29153 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:36 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-Zjs6yNivr_n8UaOuHr9T2el3Ed2yjFYBwuLxXlz70Y5

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): C-D.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.



	<u> </u>	10-0-8 10-0-8	1	20-1-0 10-0-8		
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	B:0-2-6,0-0-11], [C:0-4-12,0-2-12], [D:	<u>0-4-12,0-2-12 , [E:0-2-6,9</u>	<u>2-U-11]</u>			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.59 BC 0.50 WB 0.25 (Matrix-S)	,	in (loc) -0.06 G-L -0.18 G-L 0.08 E 0.15 G-L	/def L/d >999 360 >999 240 n/a n/a >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 136 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except*

H-I; 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3

WEBS WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3, Right: 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (ib/size) B=848/0-5-8, E=848/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-499(LC 6)

Max UpliftB=-591(LC 8), E=-591(LC 9)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD B-C=-1482/785, C-D=-1158/905, D-E=-1482/785
B-G=-681/1130, E-G=-380/1130

C-G=-225/610, D-G=-611/701 WEBS

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

 7) Bearing at joint(s) B, E considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify
- capacity of bearing surface.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=591, E=591.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord. 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITTER REFERENCE PAGE. MIN-4/3 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

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818 Soundside Road Edenlon, NC 27932

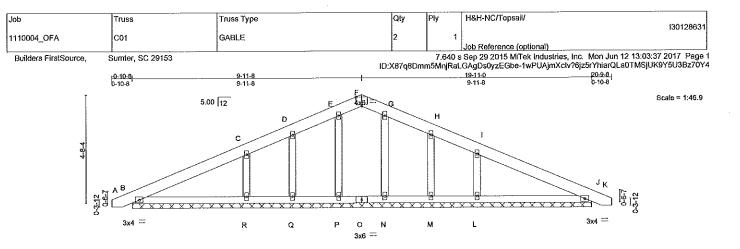


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-	[F:0-3-0,Edge]		19-11-0						
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.17 BC 0.17 WB 0.14	DEFL. Verl(LL) Verl(TL) Horz(TL)	in 0,00 0,01 0,00	(loc) K K J	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES MT20	GRIP 244/190
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)						Weight: 109 lb	FT = 20%

19-11-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-11-0.

(lb) - Max Horz B=123(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 ib or less at joint(s) Q, M except B=-172(LC 8), J=-202(LC 9), P=-101(LC 8), R=-389(LC 8), N=-100(LC 9), L=-387(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) F, B, J, P, Q, N, M except R=401(LC 1), L=401(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max, Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD D-E=-19/274, E-F=-11/331, F-G=-11/331, G-H=-19/275

C-R=-299/486, I-L=-299/486 WERS

NOTES- (12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

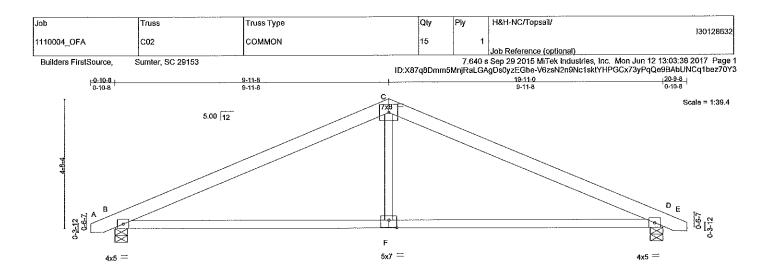
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry
- Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) Q, M except (jt=lb) B=172, J=202, P=101, R=389, N=100, L=387.
- 11) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.





	9-11-8 9-11-8				19-11-0 9-11-8	1
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [F	:0-3-8,0-3-4]		pauw.			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0,0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.58 BC 0.84 WB 0.15 (Matrix-S)	DEFL. Vert(LL) -0.1 Vert(TL) -0.3 Horz(TL) 0.0 Wind(LL) 0.2	6 F-I 3 D	l/defl L/d >999 360 >666 240 n/a n/a >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 91 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=836/0-5-8, D=836/0-5-8

Max Horz B=-130(LC 9)

Max Uplift B=-622(LC 8), D=-622(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-1227/1093, C-D=-1227/1093

BOT CHORD B-F=-776/1072, D-F=-776/1072

WEBS C-F=0/403

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 to uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=622, D=622.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum
- sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.

 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-1473 rev. 10/03/2016 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate bits design, into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSITPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



J	ob	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply		H&H-NC/Topsail/	
							I30128633	
1	110004_OFA	C03	GABLE	j 1		1		į
1							Job Reference (optional)	i
_	Builders FirstSource, S	umter, SC 29153			7.6	640 s	Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:38 2017 Page	1
	,			ID:X87g8Dmi	m5MnjRa	LGAg	pbs0yzEGbe-V6zsN2n9Nc1sktYHPGCx73yVaQqV8BDUNCq1bez70Y3	3
	L-0-10-8 r	7-0-0	12	2-11-0			19-11-0 20-9-8	
	0-10-8	7-0-0	5	5-11-0		Ł	7-0-0 '0-10-8 '	

3x6 === 3x6 ---G \square 5.00 12 c N 3x4 = R Q 0 T s 5x6 = 3x8 MT20HS | | 3x8 MT20HS

			19-11-0 19-11-0				
Plate Offsets (X,Y)	[B:0-2-11,Edge], [B:0-0-0,0-1-1], [E:0-0	3-0,0-2-4], [1:0-3-0,0-2-4],	[L:0-2-11,Edge],	L:Edge,0-1-1], [P:0-3-0),0-3-0]	The state of the s
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.21 BC 0.12 WB 0.11	DEFL. Ver((LL) Ver((TL) Horz(TL)	in (loc) 0.00 M 0.01 M 0.00 L	I/defi n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 MT20HS 187/143
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	` ´				Weight: 91 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.2, Right: 2x4 SP No.2 All bearings 19-11-0. REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz B=-93(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) R, S, P, O except B=-180(LC 8), Q=-137(LC 7), T=-311(LC 8),

L=-196(LC 9), N=-310(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) B, Q, R, S, P, O, L except T=310(LC 13), N=310(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS C-T=-220/381, K-N=-220/381

NOTES- (15)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated. 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) R, S, P, O except (jt=1b) B=180, Q=137, T=311, L=196, N=310.
- 13) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): E.I.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Scale = 1:36.3

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters had for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters had for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Qly H&H-NC/Topsail/ Ply Job Truss Truss Type 130128634 1110004 OFA CP01 GABLE Job Reference (optional) 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:39 2017 Page 1 Builders FirstSource Sumter, SC 29153 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-ziXEbOon8v9jM17TzzjAfGVbnq52wcmdcsab84z70Y2 12-0-0 Scale = 1:21.3 4x6 || Ç 4,00 12 3x4 = 3x4 == 2x4 | 12-0-0 12-0-0 LOADING (psf) PLATES GRIP SPACING-DEFL. in (loc) I/defl 2-0-0 TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.57 Vert(LL) 0.01 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 TCDL 10,0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.35 Vert(TL) 0.03 n/r 120 0.0 YES WB 0.16 Horz(TL) 0.00 D n/a n/a BCLL Rep Stress Inci Weight: 41 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix) LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. BOT CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=228/12-0-0, D=228/12-0-0, F=549/12-0-0 Max Horz B=-62(LC 7) Max Uplift B=-217(LC 8), D=-226(LC 7), F=-315(LC 8) Max Grav B=235(LC 13), D=235(LC 14), F=549(LC 1)

WEBS C-F=-

NOTES- (11)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25fl; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate on DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

C-F=-366/531

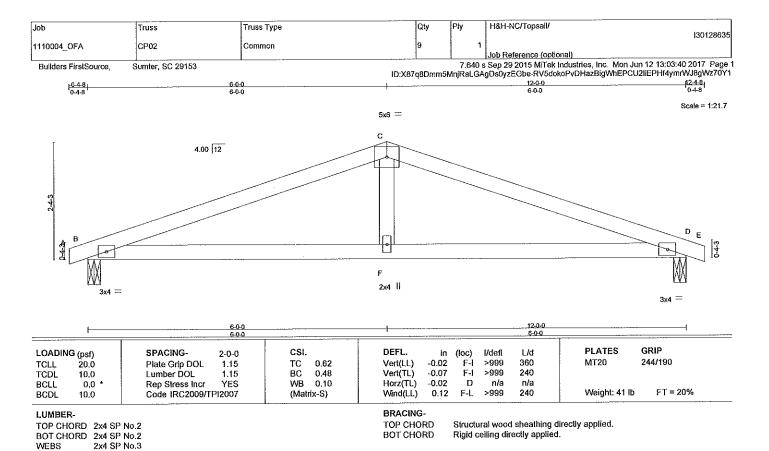
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20,0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=217, D=226. F=315.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-1473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=502/0-3-0, D=503/0-3-0

Max Horz B=-65(LC 7)

Max UpliftB=-665(LC 8), D=-665(LC 9)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-786/1867, C-D=-786/1867

BOT CHORD B-F=-1638/701, D-F=-1638/701

WEBS C-F=-625/235

NOTES- (8)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; porch left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=665, D=665.
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent oclapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, crection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see MSI/TPH1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



18 Soundside Road

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	J01	GABLE	2	1	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC 29153		ID:X87q8Dmm5N		s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:40 2017 Page 1 Ds0yzEGbe-RV6dokoPvDHazBigWhEPCU2hhEObf5UmrWJ8gWz70Y1

048 3.00 12 64.3 D 4x5 =

Plate Offs	sets (X,Y)	[B:0-3-1,Edge]							
LOADING TCLL TCDL BCLL	(psf) 20.0 10.0 0.0 *	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES	CSI. TC 0.88 BC 0.52 WB 0.00	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in 0.00 0.02 0.00	(loc) A A D	l/defl n/r n/r n/a	L/d 120 120 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190
BCDL	10,0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)	1					Weight: 22 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

end verticals.

П 2x4

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-2-0 oc purlins, except

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD: 2x4 SP No.1 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=254/6-6-0, B=277/6-6-0

Max Horz B=152(LC 7)

Max Uplift D=-208(LC 8), B=-234(LC 6)

FORCES, (ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD C-D=-190/398

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gabte End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=208,
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heets" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Scale = 1:21.4

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MTEk® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for sleability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	J02	Monopitch	30	Job Reference (optional)
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC 29153	-		7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:41 2017 Page 1 mm5MnjRal.GAgDs0yzEGbe-vhf?04p2gXPRbl.Hs4OlelhaqAehPOYjw3A3hCzz70Y0
	1 -0-4-8 1		5-0 5-0	
				C Scale = 1:18.8
	A B	3.00 12		2x4

MACON THE STATE OF	0.68		6-6-0 5-11-8			
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.96 BC 0.74 WB 0.00 (Matrix-S)	DEFL. in Vert(LL) -0.04 Vert(TL) -0.11 Horz(TL) -0.01 Wind(LL) 0.23	`D-[D-[B	I/defl L/d >999 360 >665 240 n/a n/a >336 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 22 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=319/0-3-0, D=212/0-1-8

Max Horz B=149(LC 6) Max UpliftB=-432(LC 6), D=-310(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD C-D=-149/326

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

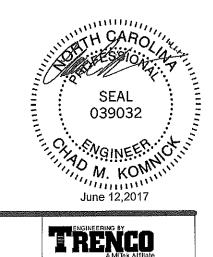
 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

2x6 =

- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the boltom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the boltom chord and any other members.

 5) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=432,
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



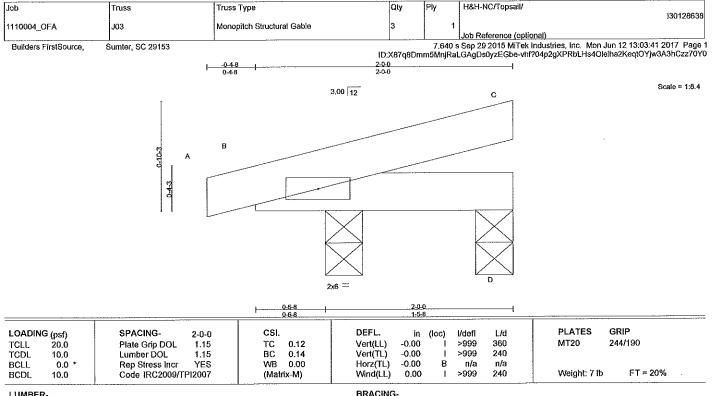
Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITeN® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate link design into the overeal building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see PANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=40/0-3-8, B=142/0-3-8

Max Horz D=52(LC 6)

Max UpliftD=-47(LC 9), B=-132(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live toad nonconcurrent with any other live toads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D except (jt=lb)
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

June 12,2017

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent outlapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, slorage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ASTIPHI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

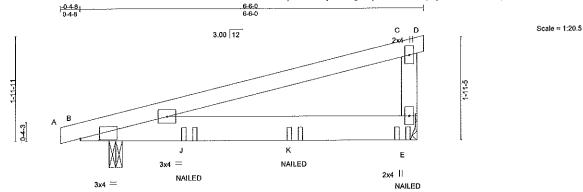


H&H-NC/Topsail/ Qty Ply Job Truss Truss Type 130128639 1110004_OFA J04 Monopitch Girder Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:41 2017 Page 1

Builders FirstSource,

Sumter, SC 29153

ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-vhf?04p2gXPRbLHs4Olelhay8ek?OYjw3A3hCzz70Y0



0.68

Plate Offs	sets (X,Y)	[B:0-4-5,0-0-5]			
LOADING TCLL TCDL	G (psf) 20.0 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0.45 BC 0.51	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP Vert(LL) -0.04 E-I >999 360 MT20 244/190 Vert(TL) -0.10 E-I >757 240	
BCLL BCDL	0.0 * 10.0	Rep Stress Incr NO Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.00 (Matrix-M)	Horz(TL) -0.00 E n/a n/a Wind(LL) 0.14 E-I >547 240 Weight: 27 lb FT = 20%	

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) E=487/Mechanical, B=477/0-3-0

Max Horz B=153(LC 4)

Max Uplift E=-713(LC 4), B=-645(LC 4)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25fi; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) E=713,
- "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss
- 8) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 9) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

Uniform Loads (plf)

Vert: A-C=-60, C-D=-20, B-E=-20

Concentrated Loads (lb)

Vert: E=-138(F) J=-155(F) K=-144(F)



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AM WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFLICENCE PAGE MIN-4/3 feet. VIOUZOTS BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MiTe&0 connectors. This design is based only upon parameters want properly incorporate this design into the overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Braching indicated is to prevent buckling of individual turss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent callapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Flate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



H&H-NC/Topsail/ Qty Ply Job Truss Truss Type 130128640 J05 MONOPITCH 1110004_OFA Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:42 2017 Page 1 Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRat.GAgDs0yzEGbe-NtDNDQqgRqXIDVs2e6GtHv7AK1887?z3lqoFkPz70Y? Scale = 1:15.0 C 3,80 12 0-4-8 0-6-8 0-6-8 LOADING (psf) GRIP DEFL. **PLATES** SPACING-I/defi L/d 2-0-0 (loc) TCLL 20,0 Plate Grio DOL TC 0.29 Vert(LL) -0.00 D-Ĥ >999 360 MT20 244/190 1.15 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.26 Vert(TL) -0.01 D-H >999 240 WB 0.00 Horz(TL) -0.00 n n/a n/a

Wind(LL)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

0.03 D-H >999

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

240

LUMBER-

BCLL

BCDI

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

0.0 *

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=252/0-3-0, D=159/0-1-8

Max Horz B=148(LC 6)

Rep Stress Inc.

Code IRC2009/TPI2007

Max Uplit B=-335(LC 6), D=-241(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.

(Matrix-S)

- 5) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (it=ib) B=335,
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



FT = 20%

Weight: 22 lb

Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE, AMARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REPERENCE PAGE MIN-4/3 rev. Violation Design valid for use only with MITEKS connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent colleges with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/THI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Leo Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type		Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	130128641
1110004_OFA	J06	HALF HIP		1	1		130120041
						Job Reference (optional)	
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC 29153		IC):X87q8Dmr	7.640 n5MnjRaL0	s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 1 GAgDs0yzEGbe-NtDNDQqgRqXtDVs2e6GtHv7	12 13:03:42 2017 Page 8g17O7?z3lqoFkPz70Y1
		0-4-8	4-7-9 4-7-9			5-2-0 0-6-7	
			3.80 12			С	Scale = 1:19.7
			0.00 12			2x4	
	1-10-2	_				1-8-7	
	H	В					
	0-4-8	^	- MARY -				
	14	M	10.00.00			D	
		(A)				2x4	

	[B:0-0-7,Edge]		The same of the sa	
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15	CSI. TC 0,40 BC 0.37	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d PLATES GRIP Vert(LL) -0.01 D-H >999 360 MT20 244/190 Vert(TL) -0.03 D-H >999 240	
BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	WB 0.00 (Matrix-S)	Horz(TL) -0.00 B n/a n/a Wind(LL) 0.06 D-H >940 240 Weight: 18 lb FT = 20%	

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (Ib/size) D=150/Mechanical, B=275/0-3-0 Max Horz B=153(LC 6) Max UpliftD=-227(LC 6), B=-368(LC 6)

FORCES. (ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

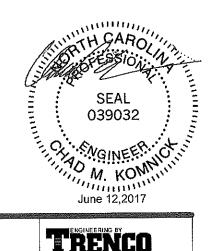
TOP CHORD C-D=-110/252

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=26fi; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

2x6 =

- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=227,
- 7) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2016 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent collapse will possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrications, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss		Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC	C/Topsail/	130128642
1110004_OFA	J07		HALF HIP	1		1		100125012
							rence (optional)	
Builders FirstSource,	Sumter, SC 2915	3		(D:X87q8Dmn	7.640 5MnjRaL) s Sep 29 2 GAgDs0yzE	015 MiTek Industries, Ir Gbe-s4nlQmrIC8f8qfRF	ic. Мол Jun 12 13:03:43 2017 Page 1 Срп8q8gM_RUWsRZDXUYoHrz70Y_
		1-0-4-8 0-4-8	3-0-10 3-0-10	-		5-2-0 2-1-6		
		0-4-0	3.80 12	С				Scale = 1:16.6
				485			2x4	
	2							
	4	В						
	848			•	- 11 - 1/2			
	I I		M	44.4			E	
			<u>(V)</u>				3x5 =	
			2x6 ==					

) 0-6-8 0-6-8		5-2-0 4-7-8	1
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress Incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.17 BC 0.32 WB 0.11 (Matrix-S)	DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d Vert(LL) -0.01 E-I >999 360 Vert(TL) -0.03 E-I >999 240 Horz(TL) -0.00 E n/a n/a Wind(LL) 0.05 E-I >999 240	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 20 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

WEBS

2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals, and

2-0-0 oc purlins: C-D. Rigid ceiling directly applied.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) B=261/0-3-0, E=164/Mechanical

Max Horz B=99(LC 6)

Max UplitB=-363(LC 6), E=-232(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD B-C=-170/286 B-E=-316/134 BOT CHORD WEBS C-E=-152/358

NOTES-(10)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=363, E=232.
- 8) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 9) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



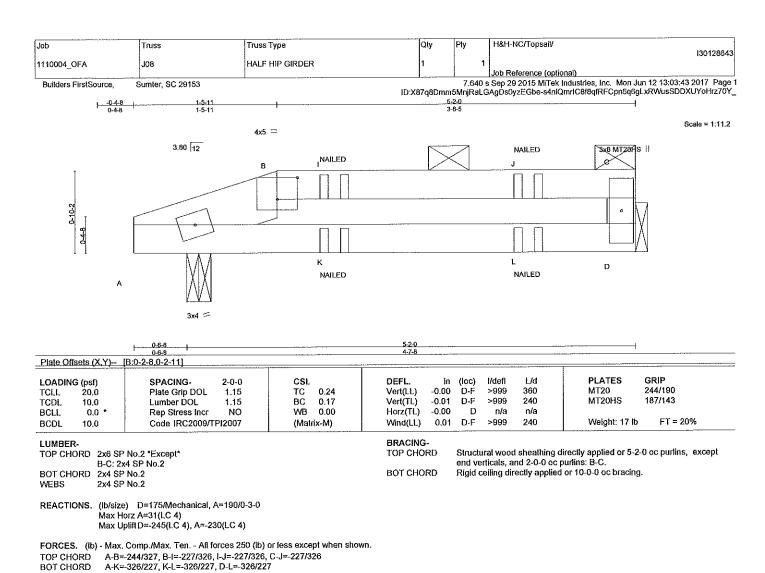
MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AMARINING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITHER REPRENCE PAGE MIL-14/13 fev. Windzors BEFORE OSE.

Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a trust system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932



- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 4) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=245,
- "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
 Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 11) "NAILED" indicates 3-10d (0.148"x3") or 3-12d (0.148"x3.25") toe-nails. For more details refer to MiTek's ST-TOENAIL Detail.
- 12) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).
- 13) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (pif)

Vert: B-G=-60, B-C=-60, A-D=-20 Concentrated Loads (lb) Vert: K=-2(B) L=-2(B)



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorperate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



H&H-NC/Toosail/ Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply 130128644 109 1110004_OFA Jack-Open Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:44 2017 Page 1
ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-KGL7e6rwySn?So0RIXJLMKCZsrusbvTMm8HMolz70Xz Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 Scale = 1:8.4 3.00 12 c 0-4-3 D 2-0-0 1-5-8 LOADING (psf) GRIP DEFL. **PLATES** SPACING-CSI. L/d 2-0-0 in I/def TCLL Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.04 Vert(LL) -0,00 >999 360 MT20 244/190 20.0 TCDL Lumber DOL 1.15 ВС 0.05 Vert(TL) -0.00 >999 240 10.0 0.00 Horz(TL) -0.00 С n/a n/a BCLL 0,0 Rep Stress Incr WB FT = 20%Code IRC2009/TP12007 (Matrix-M) Wind(LL) 0.00 >999 240 Weight: 7 lb BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

REACTIONS. (ib/size) C=28/Mechanical, D=13/Mechanical, B=141/0-3-0

Max Horz B=55(LC 6)

Max UpliftC=-40(LC 6), D=-23(LC 9), B=-198(LC 6) Max Grav C=28(LC 1), D=21(LC 3), B=141(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES- (8

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) C, D except (it=lb) B=198.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heets" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.

SEAL 039032

NGINEER ON M. KOMMINING June 12,2017

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE Mil-7413 rev. 10/03/2016 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MITEK® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and its for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design in the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, slorage, delivery, crection and bracing of trusses and fluss systems, see

ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	J10	GABLE	1	1	
	1	i		l .	Job Reference (optional)

Builders FirstSource,

Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:44 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-KGL7e6rwySn?So0RIXJLMKCNgro5bvTMm8HMolz70Xz

Scale = 1:22.0

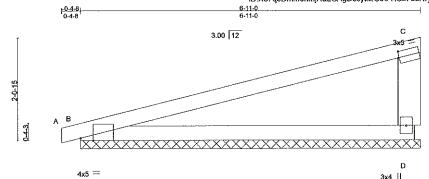


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [B:0-3-1,Edge], [C:0-0-5,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES GRIP** TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.82 Vert(LL) 0.01 n/ı 120 MT20 244/190 TCDL 10,0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.42 Vert(TL) 0.02 n/r 120 **BCLL** 0.0 * Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.00 Horz(TL) 0.00 D n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Weight: 25 lb FT = 20%BCDL 10.0 (Matrix)

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x6 SP No.2 WEBS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

end verticals.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) D=267/6-11-0, B=291/6-11-0

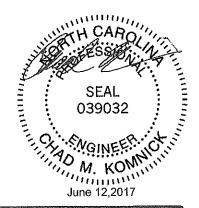
Max Horz B=155(LC 6)

Max Uplift D=-228(LC 6), B=-233(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD C-D=-178/363

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) D=228,
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heets" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. AM WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIN-4/3 feet. Violation between Design valid for use only with MITERS connectors. This design is based only upon parameters have, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Bracing indicated is to nevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITIPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Joh Qly Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/ Truss Type Truss 130128646 10 1110004_OFA J11 Monopitch Job Reference (optional) Sumter, SC 29153 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:45 2017 Page 1 Builders FirstSource, iD:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-oSuWrSsYjlvs4yadJEqavXlamF5MKMjW_o1vKkz70Xy Scale = 1:19.4 С 3.00 12 3x6-5 D 5x10 MT20HS ||

	0-6-8 0-6-8		6-11-0 6-4-8					1	
Plate Offsets (X	Y) [C:0-0-11,0-1-8], [D:0-3-8,Edge]								
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	csi.	DEFL.	in	(loc)	l/defl	L∕d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.67	Vert(LL)	-0.03	D-1	>999	360	MT20	244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.55	Vert(TL)	-0.08	D-I	>998	240	MT20HS	187/143
BCLL 0.0	* Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.00	Horz(TL)	-0.01	В	n/a	n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPi2007	(Matrix-S)	Wind(LL)	0.15	D-I	>522	240	Weight: 25 lb	FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x6 SP No.2 WEBS

REACTIONS. (ib/size) B=326/0-3-0, D=231/0-1-8

Max Horz B=157(LC 6)

Max Uplift B=-441 (LC 6), D=-337 (LC 6)

FORCES. (ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (ib) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD B-C=-178/314, C-D=-152/302

2x6 =

B-C=-178/314, C-D=-152/302

BOT CHORD B-D=-400/136

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) D considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) B=441, D=337.
- 9) This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and ½" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



Structural wood sheathing directly applied, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied.

MARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters how, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see

ANSITPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Ply H&H-NC/Topsail/ Qty Job Truss Truss Type 130128647 1110004 OFA J12 Monopitch Job Reference (optional)
7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:45 2017 Page 1 Buitders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-oSuWrSsYjlvs4yadJEqavXlhRF9jKMjW_o1vKkz70Xy Scale = 1:9.0 3.00 12 С 0-4-3 D 2x6 = 0-6-8 0-6-8 2-5-0 1-10-6 LOADING (psf) GRIP CSI. DEFL. PLATES SPACINGin l/defl L/d 2-0-0 (loc) TCLL 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.24 Vert(LL) -0.00 360 MT20 244/190 TCDL 10.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 ВС 0.27 Vert(TL) -0.00 D-I >999 240 0.0 * WB 0.00 Horz(TL) -0.00В n/a n/a **BCLL** Rep Stress Incr YES FT = 20% 10.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 (Matrix-M) Wind(LL) 0.01 D-I >999 240 Weight: 8 fb BCDL BRACING-LUMBER-TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-0 oc purlins.

REACTIONS. (ib/size) D=57/0-1-8, B=158/0-3-0 Max Horz B=59(LC 6)

Max Uplift D=-74(LC 6), B=-213(LC 6)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

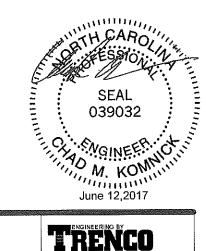
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

- This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 3) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 4) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 5) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) D.
- 6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) D except (jt=lb) B=213.
- 7) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 8) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for slability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see NSI/TPH Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	48
1110004_OFA	V01	GABLE	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	

Builders FirstSource.

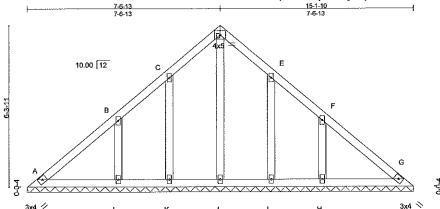
Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:46 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRaLGAgDs0yzEGbe-GfSu3ntAU31jh69ptxLpSill9fYX3npfDSmSsAz70Xx

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Scale = 1:42.4



**************************************			15-1-10				
LOADING (psf) TCLL 20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING- 2-0-0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 Lumber DOL 1.15 Rep Stress incr YES Code IRC2009/TPI2007	CSI. TC 0.18 BC 0.11 WB 0.14 (Matrix)	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	-1-	c) I/defl - n/a - n/a G n/a	L/d 999 999 n/a	PLATES GRIP MT20 244/190 Weight: 78 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS

2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 15-1-10.

(lb) - Max Horz A=-391(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) A, G except K=-199(LC 8), L=-399(LC 8), I=-197(LC 9), H=-399(LC

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) A, G, J, K, I except L=258(LC 1), H=258(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

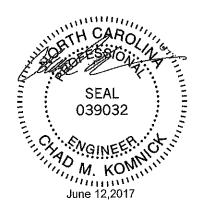
A-B=-323/225, C-D=-65/282, D-E=-65/280 TOP CHORD

A-L=-82/254, K-L=-82/254, J-K=-82/254, I-J=-82/254, H-I=-82/254, G-H=-82/254 BOT CHORD

B-L=-185/411, F-H=-185/412 WEBS

NOTES- (10)

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) A, G except (ji=lb) K=199, L=399, I=197, H=399.
- 9) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 10) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE, AM WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITER REFERENCE PAGE MIN-4/3 FeV. WOW2015 BEFORE USE. Design valid for use only with MITERS connectors. This design is based only upon parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design, Bracing indicated is to revent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent localispse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/THI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/	240
1110004_OFA	V02	GABLE	1	1		149
					Job Reference (optional)	

Builders FirstSource.

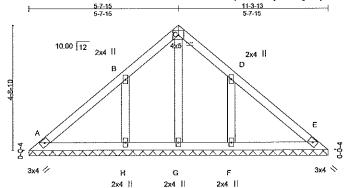
Sumter, SC 29153

7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:46 2017 Page 1 ID:X87q8Dmm5MnjRat.GAgDs0yzEGbe-GfSu3ntAU31jh89ptxLpSllsifYd3nzfDSmSsAz70Xx

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Scate = 1:41.0



		F		11-3-13 11-3-13				
LOADIN		SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (lo		L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL	20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15		Vert(LL)	n/a	- п/а	999	MT20 244/190
TCDL	10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	BC 0.10	Vert(TL)	11100	- n/a	999	
BCLL	0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.13	Horz(TL)	0.00	E n/a	n/a	
BCDL	10.0	Code IRC2009/TP12007	(Matrix)					Weight: 51 lb FT = 20%

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

OTHERS

2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-3-13.

(lb) - Max Horz A=-287(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 to or less at joint(s) A, E except H=-419(LC 8), F=-418(LC 9) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) A, E, G except H=275(LC 1), F=275(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS B-H=-197/431, D-F=-197/431

NOTES- (9)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Extenor(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.

4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) A, E except (fi=fb) H=419, F=418.
- 8) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- b) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2016 BEFORE USE.

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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	H&H-NC/Topsail/
1110004_OFA	V03	GABLE	1	1	I301286

Builders FirstSource, Sumter, SC 29153 7.640 s Sep 29 2015 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jun 12 13:03:47 2017 Page 1
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			IU.	voi denuminomilizar	GAGDSOYZEGDB-NIOGGI GOFTNBAJGNONISZ	_ydzuzdoorrosovvorczrozw
	4-10-0	1	10-3-10		15-1-10	
	4-10-0	D	∑ ⁵ E ⁵⁻⁹	F [™]	4-10-0	r
40-6	10.00 12 B				H	Scale = 1:30.2
	3x4 1/ N	M	L	к	J 3x4 `	\

			15-1-10				
15:1-10							
Plate Offsets (X,Y) [C:0-3-0,0-0-4], [G:0-3-0,0-0-4]							
	1.						
LOADING (psf)	SPACING- 2-0-0	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc) I/defl	L/d	PLATES GRIP
TCLL 20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	TC 0.18	Vert(LL)	n/a	, n/a	999	MT20 244/190
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1,15	BC 0.10	Vert(TL)	n/a	- n/a	999	
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	WB 0.12	Horz(TL)	0.01	l n/a	n/a	
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2009/TPI2007	(Matrix)					Weight: 70 lb FT = 20%

LUMBER-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 BRACING-

TOP CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except

2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): C-G.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 15-1-10.

(lb) - Max Horz A=-245(LC 6)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) A except L=-187(LC 6), M=-111(LC 7), N=-377(LC 8), K=-120(LC 7), J=-372(LC 9)

Max Grav All reactions 250 to or less at joint(s) A, I, L, M, K except N=259(LC 1), J=259(LC 1)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown. WEBS B-N=-186/389, H-J=-186/384

11200

NOTES- (12)

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 130mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) This truss has been designed for basic load combinations, which include cases with reductions for multiple concurrent live loads.
- 4) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) A except (jt=lb) L=187, M=111, N=377, K=120, J=372.
- 10) "Semi-rigid pitchbreaks including heels" Member end fixity model was used in the analysis and design of this truss.
- 11) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 12) This manufactured truss is designed as an individual building component. The suitability and use of this component for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer per ANSI TPI 1 as referenced by the building code.



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, crection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see MISITP11 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.



818 Soundside Road Edenlan, NC 27932

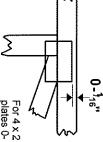
Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.

Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- 'hs' from outside edge of truss.

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This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MiTek 20/20 software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE



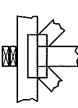
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only

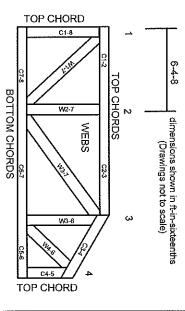
Industry Standards:

ANS/TP11: National Design Specification for Metal
Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSR-89: Design Standard for Bracing

DSB-89: BCSI:

Design Standard for Bracing.
Building Component Safety Information,
Guide to Good Practice for Handling,
Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate
Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015

General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

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- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- STEEL THE EXCEPT TO AS BE WITH ON TANKINGHUIT.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
 Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- camber for dead load deflection.

 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- ridicated are illuminan planning requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.