



November 15, 2024

To: Blue Raven Solar
1403 North Research Way, Building J
Orem, UT. 84097

Subject: Certification Letter
Myatt Residence
214 Young Farm Dr.
Lillington, NC. 27546

To Whom It May Concern,

A jobsite observation of the condition of the existing framing system was performed by an audit team of Blue Raven Solar. All review is based on these observations and the design criteria listed below and only deemed valid if provided information is true and accurate.

On the above referenced project, the roof structural framing has been reviewed for additional loading due to the installation of the solar PV addition to the roof. The structural review only applies to the section of the roof that is directly supporting the solar PV system and its supporting elements. The observed roof framing is described below. If field conditions differ, contractor to notify engineer prior to starting construction.

The roof structure of (MP1) consists of composition shingle on roof plywood that is supported by pre-manufactured trusses that are spaced at @ 24" o.c.. The top chords, sloped at 30 degrees, are 2x4 sections, the bottom chords are 2x4 sections and the web members are 2x4 sections. The truss members are connected by steel gusset plates. The max unsupported projected horizontal top chord span is approximately 6'-6".

The existing roof framing system of (MP1) is judged to be adequate to withstand the loading imposed by the installation of the solar panels. No reinforcement is necessary.

The spacing of the solar standoffs should be kept at 72" o.c. for landscape and 48" o.c. for portrait orientation, with a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loads.

The scope of this report is strictly limited to an evaluation of the fastener attachment, underlying framing and supporting structure only. The attachment's to the existing structure are required to be in a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loading. All panels, racking and hardware shall be installed per manufacturer specifications and within specified design limitations. All waterproofing shall be provided by the manufacturer.

Note: Seismic check is not required since $S_s < .4g$ and Seismic Design Category (SDC) < B

Design Criteria:

- Applicable Codes = 2018 North Carolina State Building Code (NCSBC), ASCE 7-10
- Roof Dead Load = 7 psf (MP1)
- Roof Live Load = 20 psf
- Wind Speed = 115 mph (Vult), Exposure C, Risk Category II
- Ground Snow Load = 15 psf - Roof Snow Load = 10.5 psf
- Attachment: 2 - #14 Screws with 1.75 inch min. embedment depth directly into framing below, at spacing shown above.

Please contact me with any further questions or concerns regarding this project.

Sincerely,

John Calvert, P.E.
Project Engineer



Digitally signed by John
Calvert

Date: 2024.11.15 11:00:52
-07'00'



Gravity Loading

Roof Snow Load Calculations		
p_g = Ground Snow Load =	15 psf	
$p_r = 0.7 C_e C_t I p_g$		(ASCE7 - Eq 7-1)
C_e = Exposure Factor =	1	(ASCE7 - Table 7-2)
C_t = Thermal Factor =	1	(ASCE7 - Table 7-3)
I = Importance Factor =	1	
p_r = Flat Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf	
$p_s = C_s p_r$		(ASCE7 - Eq 7-2)
C_s = Slope Factor =	1	
p_s = Sloped Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf	

PV Dead Load = 3 psf (Per Blue Raven Solar)		
DL Adjusted to 30 Degree Slope	3.46 psf	
PV System Weight		
Weight of PV System (Per Blue Raven Solar)	3.0 psf	
X Standoff Spacing =	4.00 ft	
Y Standoff Spacing =	6.08 ft	
Standoff Tributary Area =	24.33 sft	
Point Loads of Standoffs	73 lb	

Note: PV standoffs are staggered to ensure proper distribution of loading

Roof Live Load = 20 psf		
Note: Roof live load is removed in area's covered by PV array.		

Roof Dead Load (MP1)		
Composition Shingle	4.00	
Roof Plywood	2.00	
2x4 Top Chords @ 24"o.c.	0.73	
Vaulted Ceiling	0.00	(Ceiling Not Vaulted)
Miscellaneous	0.27	
Total Roof DL (MP1)	7.0 psf	
DL Adjusted to 30 Degree Slope	8.1 psf	



Wind Calculations

Per ASCE 7-10 Components and Cladding

Input Variables	
Wind Speed	115 mph
Exposure Category	C
Roof Shape	Hip/Gable
Roof Slope	30 degrees
Mean Roof Height	20 ft
Effective Wind Area	21.3 ft

Design Wind Pressure Calculations	
Wind Pressure $P = qh * G * Cn$	
$qh = 0.00256 * Kz * Kzt * Kd * V^2$	(Eq. 30.3-1)
Kz (Exposure Coefficient) = 0.9	(Table 30.3-1)
Kzt (topographic factor) = 1	(Fig. 26.8-1)
Kd (Wind Directionality Factor) = 0.85	(Table 26.6-1)
V (Design Wind Speed) = 115 mph	(Fig. 26.5-1A)
Risk Category = II	(Table 1.5-1)
$qh = 25.90$	
$0.6 * qh = 15.54$	

Standoff Uplift Calculations-Portrait					
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive	
G_{Cp} =	-0.94	-1.15	-1.15	0.86	(Fig. 30.4-1)
Uplift Pressure =	-14.55 psf	-17.80 psf	-17.80 psf	22.4 psf	
X Standoff Spacing =	4.00	4.00	2.67		
Y Standoff Spacing =	6.08	3.041666667	3.041666667		
Tributary Area =	24.33	12.17	8.11		
Dead Load on Attachment=	73.00	36.50	24.33		
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W)=	-310 lb	-195 lb	-130 lb		

Standoff Uplift Calculations-Landscape					
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive	
G_{Cp} =	-0.94	-1.15	-1.15	0.86	(Fig. 30.4-1)
Uplift Pressure =	-14.55 psf	-17.80 psf	-17.80 psf	10.5 psf	
X Standoff Spacing =	6.00	6.00	4.00		
Y Standoff Spacing =	3.50	1.75	1.75		
Tributary Area =	21.00	10.50	7.00		
Dead Load on Attachment=	63.00	31.50	21.00		
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W) =	-268 lb	-168 lb	-112 lb		

Standoff Uplift Check	
Maximum Design Uplift =	-310 lb
Standoff Uplift Capacity =	350 lb
350 lb capacity > 310 lb demand Therefore, OK	

Fastener Capacity Check	
Fastener = 2 - #15 OMG XHD Screw	
Number of Fasteners =	2
Embedment Depth =	1.75
Pullout Capacity Per Inch =	121 lb
Fastener Capacity =	424 lb
w/ F.S. of 1.5 & DOL of 1.6=	453 lb
452.8 lb capacity > 310 lb demand Therefore, OK	

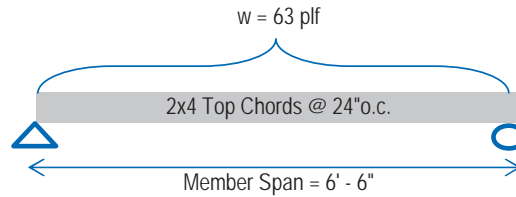


Framing Check

(MP1)

PASS

Dead Load 8.1 psf
 PV Load 3.5 psf
 Live Load 20.0 psf



Governing Load Combo = DL + LL
Total Load 31.5 psf

Member Properties				
Member Size	S (in ³)	I (in ⁴)	Lumber Sp/Gr	Member Spacing
2x4	3.06	5.36	DF#2	@ 24"o.c.

Check Bending Stress								
Fb (psi) =	f _b	x	C _d	x	C _f	x	C _r	(NDS Table 4.3.1)
	900	x	1.25	x	1.5	x	1.15	

Allowed Bending Stress = 1940.6 psi

Maximum Moment = $(wL^2) / 8$
 = 333.2152 ft#
 = 3998.583 in#

Actual Bending Stress = (Maximum Moment) / S
 = 1305.7 psi

Allowed > Actual -- 67.3% Stressed -- Therefore, OK

Check Deflection

Allowed Deflection (Total Load) = $L/180$ (E = 1600000 psi Per NDS)
 = 0.433 in

Deflection Criteria Based on = Continuous Span
 Actual Deflection (Total Load) = $(w * L^4) / (185 * E * I)$
 = 0.123 in
 $L/635 > L/180$ Therefore OK

Allowed Deflection (Live Load) = $L/240$
 = 0.325 in
 Actual Deflection (Live Load) = $(w * L^4) / (185 * E * I)$
 = 0.078 in
 $L/1000 > L/240$ Therefore OK

Check Shear

Member Area = 5.3 in² F_v (psi) = 180 psi (NDS Table 4A)
 Allowed Shear = F_v * A = 945 lb Max Shear (V) = w * L / 2 = 205 lb

Allowed > Actual -- 21.7% Stressed -- Therefore, OK