

March 1, 2023

- To: Blue Raven Solar 1403 North Research Way, Building J Orem, UT. 84097
- Subject: Certification Letter Wilson Residence 488 Stone Cross Dr Spring Lake, NC. 28390

To Whom It May Concern,

A jobsite observation of the condition of the existing framing system was performed by an audit team of Blue Raven Solar. All review is based on these observations and the design criteria listed below and only deemed valid if provided information is true and accurate.

On the above referenced project, the roof structural framing has been reviewed for additional loading due to the installation of the solar PV addition to the roof. The structural review only applies to the section of the roof that is directly supporting the solar PV system and its supporting elements. The observed roof framing is described below. If field conditions differ, contractor to notify engineer prior to starting construction.

The roof structure of (MP1) consists of metal roofing on roof plywood that is supported by pre-manufactured trusses that are spaced at @ 24"o.c.. The top chords, sloped at 39 degrees, are 2x4 sections, the bottom chords are 2x4 sections and the web members are 2x4 sections. The truss members are connected by steel gusset plates. The max unsupported projected horizontal top chord span is approximately 7'-0".

The existing roof framing system of (MP1) is judged to be adequate to withstand the loading imposed by the installation of the solar panels. No reinforcement is necessary.

The spacing of the solar standoffs should be kept at 32" o.c. for landscape and 32" o.c. for portrait orientation, with a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loads.

The scope of this report is strictly limited to an evaluation of the fastener attachment, underlying framing and supporting structure only. The attachment's to the existing structure are required to be in a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loading. All panels, racking and hardware shall be installed per manufacturer specifications and within specified design limitations. All waterproofing shall be provided by the manufacturer.

Note: Seismic check is not required since Ss<.4g and Seismic Design Category (SDC) < B

Design Criteria:

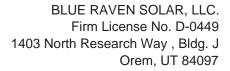
- Applicable Codes = 2018 North Carolina State Building Code (NCSBC), ASCE 7-10
- Roof Dead Load = 4 psf (MP1)
- Roof Live Load = 20 psf
- Wind Speed = 115 mph (Vult), Exposure C, Risk Category II
- Ground Snow Load = 15 psf Roof Snow Load = 10.5 psf
- Attachment: S-5! Solarfoot w/ (4) 1/4 x 1 1/2" fasteners into the wood decking, at spacing shown above.

Please contact me with any further questions or concerns regarding this project.

Sincerely,



Digitally signed by John A. Calvert Date: 2023.03.01 10:33:29 -07'00'





Gravity Loading

Roof Snow Load Calculations		
p _g = Ground Snow Load =	15 psf	-
$p_f = 0.7 C_e C_t I p_g$		(ASCE7 - Eq 7-1)
C_e = Exposure Factor =	1	(ASCE7 - Table 7-2)
C _t = Thermal Factor =	1	(ASCE7 - Table 7-3)
I = Importance Factor =	1	
p _f = Flat Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf	
$p_s = C_s p_f$		(ASCE7 - Eq 7-2)
Cs = Slope Factor =	1	
p _s = Sloped Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf	

PV Dead Load = 3 psf (Per Blue Raven Solar)	
DL Adjusted to 39 Degree Slope	3.86 psf
PV System Weight	
Weight of PV System (Per Blue Raven Solar)	3.0 psf
X Standoff Spacing =	2.67 ft
Y Standoff Spacing =	3.04 ft
Standoff Tributary Area =	8.11 sft
Point Loads of Standoffs	24 lb
	C 1 11

Note: PV standoffs are staggered to ensure proper distribution of loading

Roof Live Load = 20 psf

Note: Roof live load is removed in area's covered by PV array.

Roof Dead Load (MP1)		
Metal Roofing	1.00	-
Roof Plywood	2.00	
2x4 Top Chords @ 24"o.c.	0.73	
Vaulted Ceiling	0.00	(Ceiling Not Vaulted)
Miscellaneous	0.27	
Total Roof DL (MP1)	4.0 psf	
DL Adjusted to 39 Degree Slope	5.1 psf	

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Wind Calculations Per ASCE 7-10 Components and Cladding

Input Variables	5
Wind Speed	115 mph
Exposure Category	С
Roof Shape	Hip/Gable
Roof Slope	39 degrees
Mean Roof Height	20 ft
Effective Wind Area	21.3 ft

Design Wind Pressure Calculations	
Wind Pressure P = qh*G*Cn	
qh = 0.00256 * Kz * Kzt * Kd * V^2	(Eq. 30.3-1)
Kz (Exposure Coefficient) = 0.9	(Table 30.3-1)
Kzt (topographic factor) = 1	(Fig. 26.8-1)
Kd (Wind Directionality Factor) = 0.85	(Table 26.6-1)
V (Design Wind Speed) = 115 mph	(Fig. 26.5-1A)
Risk Category = II	(Table 1.5-1)
qh = 25.90	
0.6 * qh = 15.54	

Star	ndoff Uplift Ca	Iculations-Portr	ait		
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive	_
GCp =	-0.94	-1.15	-1.15	0.86	(Fig. 30.4-
Uplift Pressure =	-14.55 psf	-17.80 psf	-17.80 psf	22.4 psf	
X Standoff Spacing =	2.67	2.67	1.78		
Y Standoff Spacing =	3.04	3.041666667	3.04166667		
Tributary Area =	8.11	8.11	5.41		
Dead Load on Attachment=	24.33	24.33	16.22		
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W)=	-103 lb	-130 lb	-87 lb		

Stand	loff Uplift Calc	ulations-Landso	cape		
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive	
GCp =	-0.94	-1.15	-1.15	0.86	(Fig. 30.4-1)
Uplift Pressure =	-14.55 psf	-17.80 psf	-17.80 psf	10.0 psf	(Minimum)
X Standoff Spacing =	2.67	2.67	1.78		
Y Standoff Spacing =	1.75	1.75	1.75		
Tributary Area =	4.67	4.67	3.11		
Dead Load on Attachment=	14.00	14.00	9.33		
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W) =	-60 lb	-75 lb	-50 lb		

Standoff Uplift Check

Maximum Design Uplift = -130 lb Standoff Uplift Capacity = 178 lb 178 lb capacity > 130 lb demand Therefore, OK

Fastener Capacity Check

Fastener = 4 - 1/4 x 1 1/2" Number of Fasteners = 4 Embedment Depth = 0.5 Pullout Capacity Per Screw = 177 lb Fastener Capacity = 708 lb w/ F.S. of 4 & DOL of 1.6= 283 lb 283.2 lb capacity > 130 lb demand Therefore, OK



		(M	P1)		PASS	
Dead Load	5.1 psf			w = 58	olf	
PV Load	3.9 psf					
Live Load	20.0 psf		(2x4 Top Chords	@ 24"o.c.	
			Δ		0	
Governing Load (Total Load	Combo = DL + LL 29.0 psf		<	Member Span	= 7' - 0"	
		Member	Properties			
Member S	Size			mber Sp/Gr	Member Spacing	
2x4		3.06	5.36	DF#2	@ 24"o.c.	
Fb (psi)	= f'b x		ending Stress		(NDS Table 4.3.1)	
Denoing	Stress = 1940.6 p	51				
Maximum	Moment tress = (Maximum	= (wL^2) / 8 = 355.3396 ft# = 4264.076 in# Moment) / S = 1392.4 psi ved > Actual 71.89		erefore, OK		
Maximum Actual Bending St	Moment tress = (Maximum Allow	= (wL^2) / 8 = 355.3396 ft# = 4264.076 in# Moment) / S = 1392.4 psi ved > Actual 71.89	Deflection		= 1600000 psi Per NDS)	
Maximum Actual Bending St	Moment tress = (Maximum Allow n (Total Load) = a Based on =	= (wL^2) / 8 = 355.3396 ft# = 4264.076 in# Moment) / S = 1392.4 psi ved > Actual 71.89 Check L/11 = 0.44 Cor	Deflection 80 66 in htinuous Span L^4) / (185*E*I) 52 in		= 1600000 psi Per NDS)	
Maximum Actual Bending St Allowed Deflection Deflection Criteria Actual Deflection	Moment tress = (Maximum Allow n (Total Load) = a Based on = (Total Load) =	= (wL^2) / 8 = 355.3396 ft# = 4264.076 in# Moment) / S = 1392.4 psi ved > Actual 71.89 Check L/11 = 0.44 Cor (w* = 0.11 = L/51 L/22	Deflection 80 66 in htinuous Span L^4) / (185*E*I) 52 in 53 > L/180 40	(E =	= 1600000 psi Per NDS)	
Maximum Actual Bending Si Allowed Deflection Deflection Criteria	Moment tress = (Maximum Allow n (Total Load) = a Based on = (Total Load) = n (Live Load) =	= (wL^2) / 8 = 355.3396 ft# = 4264.076 in# Moment) / S = 1392.4 psi ved > Actual 71.89 Check L/11 = 0.44 Cor (w* = 0.11 = L/51 L/22 0.33 (w*	Deflection 80 56 in L^4) / (185*E*I) 52 in 53 > L/180 40 5 in L^4) / (185*E*I) 05 in	(E =	= 1600000 psi Per NDS)	

Allowed > Actual -- 21.5% Stressed -- Therefore, OK