February 16, 2022

Power Home Solar and Roofing 919 North Main Street Mooresville, North Carolina, 28115

Design Criteria:

Wind Speed (ASD)- 120.0 mph Ground Snow Load- 10.0 psf Risk Category- 2 Exposure Category- C

RE: Structural Roof Evaluation for the Samuel Neely Residence: 104 Blue Oak Dr, Lillington, North Carolina

We have evaluated the roof structure under the proposed solar panel array. The information used to evaluate this structure was gathered during a field visit by Power Home Solar and Roofing on behalf of Right Angle Engineering. The design criteria used to analyze this structure are listed above and included with this letter. The adopted building codes in this jurisdiction are: The 2018 North Carolina Residential Building code and ASCE 7-16.

Array Name	Panel Quantity	Connection Type	Min # Connections	Reinforcements
Array 1	15	L-Foot	23	None

Solar Panel Anchorage

The solar panel anchorage shall be installed according to the manufactures most current installation manual. For the loads to be evenly distributed, the roof attachments should be staggered and spread evenly throughout the panel array. Attachment points should be spaced at a maximum of 48 inches on center. Roof anchors that are attached to the substrucutre should have a 5/16" or 18/8 SS lag screw with 2.5" minimum penetration centered on each truss top chord or rafter.

Conclusion

Based on our assessment, we have determined that the existing roof framing will safely and adequately support the additional loads imposed by the solar panels without reinforcement. The equipment will not create a negative impact on the building's structural design, including any additional loads imposed (dead, snow, wind/seismic). A roof evaluation was performed with the required loading in accordance with section 324.4 of the Residential Code

Regards,

ROBERSON SEAL WILLIAM OUGLAS SMITH

02/16/2022

Robert D. Smythe, P.E. Right Angle Engineering

Scope of work and limitations

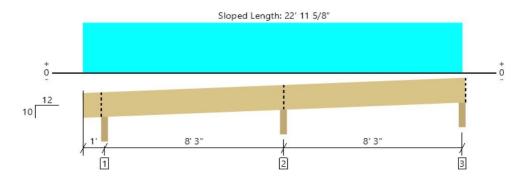
The evaluation is based on information provided by the client. All information is verified by the engineer from pictures, video, and third party software. Verification of the field observations is the responsibility of the contractor. The contractor shall verify the framing sizes, spacing, spans, and roof pitch noted in this letter and/or sealed plans. The contractor shall notify the engineer if there are any discrepancies, or if there is any damage to the structure (i.e., fire damage, water damage, dry rot, deflections, broken member, broken connection, etc). The scope of work is strictly limited to the fastener attachments and underlying roof framing directly under each solar array. Right Angle Engineering assumes no responsibility for improper installation of solar panels or their components. Waterproofing around the roof penetrations is the responsibility of others. Alterations to this engineering evaluation and/or sealed plans shall not be made without direct written consent of the engineer of record.

Design Criteria			
Design Wind Speed	120.0	mph	
Exposure Category	С		
Risk Category	2		
Mean Roof Height	30	ft	
Roof Type	Gable Roof		
Building Type	Enclosed		
Roof Dead Load			
Asphalt Shingles	2.0	psf	
5/8" Plywood Sheathing	2.0	psf	
Insulation	1.2	psf	
Roof Framing	1.57	psf	
1/2" Gypsum Sheathing	2.2	psf	
Solar Panel Array	2.39	psf	
Dead Load Without Panels	8.97	psf	
Dead Load With Panels	11.36	psf	
Roof Live Load			
Existing Roof Live Load	20	psf	ASCE 7-16 Table 4.3-1
Roof Live Load with Solar Panels	0.0	psf	
Roof Snow Load-ASCE 7-16			
Ground Snow Load(pg)	10.0	psf	Section 7.2
Exposure Factor (Ce)	0.9		Table 7.3-1
Thermal Factor (Ct)	1.1		Table 7.3-2
Importance Fator (Is)	1		Table 1.5-2
Flat Roof Snow Load (Pf)	6.93		Equation 7.3-1
Slippery Surface Slope Factor (Cs)	0.5		Figure 7.4-1
Non-Slippery Surface Slope Factor (C	s) 0.93	psf	Figure 7.4-1
Roof Snow Load	6.44	psf	Equation 7.4-1
Reduced Snow Load (Slippery Surfac	e) 3.49	psf	Equation 7.4-1

Array Name - Array 1			
Roof Slope	39.81	degrees	
Number of panels	15		
Panel Area	263.7375	ft^2	
Wind Calculations - ASCE 7-16			
GCp Zone 2	-1.8		Figure 30.3-(2A-5B)
Gcpi	-0.18		Table 26.13-1
kh	0.98		Table 26.10-1
kht	1		Equation 26.8-1
kd	0.85		Table 26.6-1
Velocity Pressure	28.2	psf	Equation 26.10-1
Zone 2 Pressure	-45.69	psf	Equation 30.7-1
Roof Connection			
Shear Capacity	190.0	lbs	NDS 2015 Table 12k
Pullout capacity	266.0	lbs/in	
Minumum # of connections	23		
Lag screw embedment	2.5	in	
Total pullout capacity	665.0	in	
Beam Stress			
Beam Span	99, 99	in	
Spacing	24.0	in	
Roof Framing type	2x6 Rafter DF#2		
Panel orientation	Portrait		
Number of panels per rafter	2		
Panel distance from eave	12.0	in	
Shear without Panels	292	lbs	see attached analysis
Shear with Panels	304	lbs	see attached analysis
Shear percent increase	104.0		
Bending Moment without Panels	530	ft-lbs	see attached analysis
Bending Moment with Panels	439	ft-lbs	see attached analysis
Bending percent increase	83.0		

Roof, roof: Joist before panels

1 piece(s) 2 x 6 DF No.2 @ 24" OC



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Actual @ Location Allowed Result LDF Load: Combination (Pattern) **Design Results** Member Reaction (lbs) 647 @ 9' 3" 4271 (3.50") Passed (15%) 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Adj Spans) Shear (lbs) 292 @ 9' 9" 1238 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Adj Spans) Passed (24%) 1.25 Moment (Ft-lbs) -530 @ 9' 3" 1060 Passed (50%) 1.25 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Adj Spans) Live Load Defl. (in) 0.116 @ 13' 8 3/4" 0.533 Passed (L/999+) 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Alt Spans) Total Load Defl. (in) 0.167 @ 13' 9 5/8" 0.711 Passed (L/768) 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Alt Spans)

Member Length: 23' 4 1/4"

System : Roof Member Type : Joist Building Use: Residential Building Code : IBC 2018 Design Methodology : ASD Member Pitch: 10/12

- Deflection criteria: LL (L/240) and TL (L/180).
- Overhang deflection criteria: LL (2L/240) and TL (2L/180).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.
- A 15% increase in the moment capacity has been added to account for repetitive member usage.
- · Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

	Bearing Length		Loads to Supports (lbs)					
Supports	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Roof Live	Snow	Total	Accessories
1 - Beveled Plate - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	98	177	57	332	Blocking
2 - Beveled Plate - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	238	409	132	779	Blocking
3 - Beveled Plate - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	73	136	44	253	Blocking

[•] Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	23' o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	14' 7" o/c	

[•]Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Vertical Load	Location (Side)	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Roof Live (non-snow: 1.25)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 17' 6"	24"	9.0	20.0	6.4	Dead load and snow load on roo before panels are added

Member Notes

Roof joist before solar panels are added

Weyerhaeuser Notes

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The product application, input design loads, dimensions and support information have been provided by Imported test Software Operator

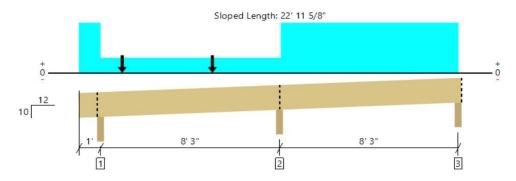
ForteWEB Software Operator	J ob Notes			
Taylor Smythe Right Angle Engineering (925) 787-3067 taylor@rightangleeng.com	Roof Joist before and after solar panels are added			



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Roof, roof: Joist with solar panels

1 piece(s) 2 x 6 DF No.2 @ 24" OC



All locations are measured from the outside face of left support (or left cantilever end). All dimensions are horizontal.

Actual @ Location Allowed Result LDF Load: Combination (Pattern) **Design Results** Member Reaction (lbs) 531 @ 9' 3" 4271 (3.50") Passed (12%) 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Adj Spans) Shear (lbs) 304 @ 9' 9" 1238 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Adj Spans) Passed (25%) 1.25 Moment (Ft-lbs) -439 @ 9' 3" 1060 Passed (41%) 1.25 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (Adj Spans) Live Load Defl. (in) 0.147 @ 13' 6 3/4" 0.533 Passed (L/871) 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (All Spans) Total Load Defl. (in) 0.200 @ 13' 8 13/16" 0.711 Passed (L/640) 1.0 D + 1.0 Lr (All Spans)

Member Length: 23' 4 1/4"

System: Roof Member Type: Joist Building Use: Residential Building Code: IBC 2018 Design Methodology: ASD Member Pitch: 10/12

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- Overhang deflection criteria: LL (2L/240) and TL (2L/180).
- Allowed moment does not reflect the adjustment for the beam stability factor.
- A 15% increase in the moment capacity has been added to account for repetitive member usage.
- · Applicable calculations are based on NDS.

	Bearing Length		Loads to Supports (lbs)					
Supports	Total	Available	Required	Dead	Roof Live	Snow	Total	Accessories
1 - Beveled Plate - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	154	33	45	232	Blocking
2 - Beveled Plate - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	328	203	96	627	Blocking
3 - Beveled Plate - DF	3.50"	3.50"	1.50"	89	146	45	280	Blocking

Blocking Panels are assumed to carry no loads applied directly above them and the full load is applied to the member being designed.

Lateral Bracing	Bracing Intervals	Comments
Top Edge (Lu)	20' 6" o/c	
Bottom Edge (Lu)	17' 11" o/c	

Maximum allowable bracing intervals based on applied load.

Vertical Loads	Location (Side)	Spacing	Dead (0.90)	Roof Live (non-snow: 1.25)	Snow (1.15)	Comments
1 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 17' 6"	24"	11.4	-	-	DL
2 - Uniform (PSF)	0 to 1'	24"	-	20.0	6.4	DL+SL below panels
3 - Point (lb)	2'	N/A	27	3	31	solar and SL
4 - Point (lb)	6' 1 7/8"	N/A	27	3	31	solar and SL
5 - Uniform (PSF)	9' 3 3/4" to 17' 6"	24"	5	20.0	6.4	DL+SL above panels

Member Notes

Roof joist with solar panels

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