

BLUE RAVEN SOLAR, LLC. Firm License No. D-0369 1403 North Research Way , Bldg. J Orem, UT 84097

August 16, 2021

To: Blue Raven Solar

1220 S. 630 E. Ste. 430 American Fork, UT. 84003

Subject: Certification Letter

Fowler Residence 64 Thunder Valley Ct Lillington, NC. 27546

To Whom It May Concern,

A jobsite observation of the condition of the existing framing system was performed by an audit team of Blue Raven Solar. All attached structural calculations are based on these observations and the design criteria listed below.

On the above referenced project, the roof structural framing has been reviewed for additional loading due to the installation of the solar PV addition to the roof. The structural review, including the plans and calculations only apply to the section of the roof that is directly supporting the solar PV system and its supporting elements. The observed roof framing is described below.

The roof structure of (MP1,2,&3) consists of composition shingle on roof plywood that is supported by pre-manufactured trusses that are spaced at @ 24"o.c.. The top chords, sloped at 30 degrees, are 2x4 sections, the bottom chords are 2x4 sections and the web members are 2x4 sections. The truss members are connected by steel gusset plates. The max unsupported projected horizontal top chord span is approximately 7'-0".

The existing roof framing system of (MP1,2,&3) are judged to be adequate to withstand the loading imposed by the installation of the solar panels. No reinforcement is necessary.

The spacing of the solar standoffs should be kept at 72" o.c. for landscape and 48" o.c. for portrait orientation, with a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loads.

The scope of this report is strictly limited to an evaluation of the fastener attachment, underlying framing and supporting structure only. The attachment's to the existing structure are required to be in a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loading. All panels, racking and hardware shall be installed per manufacturer specifications and within specified design limitations. All waterproofing shall be provided by the manufacturer.

### Design Criteria:

- Applicable Codes = 2018 North Carolina State Building Code (NCSBC), ASCE7-10, and NDS-12
- Roof Dead Load = 7 psf (MP1,2,&3)
- Roof Live Load = 20 psf
- Wind Speed = 117 mph, Exposure C
- Ground Snow Load = 15 psf Roof Snow Load = 10.5 psf
- Attachments: (1) 5/16" dia lag screw with 2.5" min embedment depth, at spacing shown above.

Please contact me with any further questions or concerns regarding this project.

Sincerely,

John Calvert, P.E. Project Engineer



Calvert
Date: 2021.08.16 19:41:02
-06'00'
Fowler Lillington NC 1



#### **Wind Calculations**

## Per ASCE7-10 Components and Cladding

Input Variables							
Wind Speed	117 mph						
Exposure Category	С						
Roof Shape	Gable/Hip						
Roof Slope	30 degrees						
Mean Roof Height	20 ft						
Effective Wind Area	21.3 ft						

Design Wind Pressure Calculations	
Wind Pressure P = qh*G*Cn	
qh = 0.00256 * Kz * Kzt * Kd * V^2	(Eq. 30.3-1)
Kz (Exposure Coefficient) = 0.9	(Table 30.3-1)
Kzt (topographic factor) = 1	(Fig. 26.8-1)
Kd (Wind Directionality Factor) = 0.85	(Table 26.6-1)
V (Design Wind Speed) = 117 mph	(Fig. 26.5-1A)
Risk Category = II	(Table 1.5-1)
qh = 26.81	
0.6 * qh = 16.09	

Standoff Uplift Calculations-Portrait						
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive		
GCp =	-0.94	-1.15	-1.15	0.86	(Fig. 30.4-1)	
Uplift Pressure =	-15.06 psf	-18.43 psf	-18.43 psf	23.2 psf		
X Standoff Spacing =	4.00	4.00	2.67			
Y Standoff Spacing =	6.08	3.041666667	3.04166667			
Tributary Area =	24.33	12.17	8.11			
Dead Load on Attachment=	73.00	36.50	24.33			
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W) =	-323 lb	-202 lb	-135 lb			

Standoff Uplift Calculations-Landscape						
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive	_	
GCp =	-0.94	-1.15	-1.15	0.86	(Fig. 30.4-1)	
Uplift Pressure =	-15.06 psf	-18.43 psf	-18.43 psf	10.5 psf		
X Standoff Spacing =	6.00	6.00	4.00			
Y Standoff Spacing =	3.50	1.75	1.75			
Tributary Area =	21.00	10.50	7.00			
Dead Load on Attachment =	63.00	31.50	21.00			
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W)=	-279 lb	-175 lb	-116 lb			

## Standoff Uplift Check

Maximum Design Uplift = -323 lb Standoff Uplift Capacity = 450 lb 450 lb capacity > 323 lb demand Therefore, OK

#### **Fastener Capacity Check**

Fastener = 1 - 5/16" dia Lag
Number of Fasteners = 1
Embedment Depth = 2.5
Pullout Capacity Per Inch = 250 lb
Fastener Capacity = 625 lb
w/ F.S. of 1.5 & DOL of 1.6= 667 lb
667.2 lb capacity > 323 lb demand Therefore, OK



# **Gravity Loading**

Roof Snow Load Calculations	
$p_g$ = Ground Snow Load =	15 psf
$p_f = 0.7 C_e C_t I p_g$	
C <sub>e</sub> = Exposure Factor =	1
C <sub>t</sub> = Thermal Factor =	1
I = Importance Factor =	1
$p_f$ = Flat Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf
$p_s = C_s p_f$	
Cs = Slope Factor =	1
p <sub>s</sub> = Sloped Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf

PV Dead Load = 3 psf (Per Blue Raven Solar)					
PV System Weight					
Weight of PV System (Per Blue Raven Solar)	3.0 psf				
X Standoff Spacing =	4.00 ft				
Y Standoff Spacing =	6.08 ft				
Standoff Tributary Area =	24.33 sft				
Point Loads of Standoffs	73 lb				

Note: PV standoffs are staggered to ensure proper distribution of loading

## Roof Live Load = 20 psf

Note: Roof live load is removed in area's covered by PV array.

Roof Dead Load (MP1,2,&3)		
Composition Shingle	4.00	_
Roof Plywood	2.00	
2x4 Top Chords @ 24"o.c.	0.73	
Vaulted Ceiling	0.00	(Ceiling Not Vaulted)
Miscellaneous	0.27	
Total Roof DL (MP1,2,&3)	7.0 psf	
DL Adjusted to 30 Degree Slope	8.1 psf	

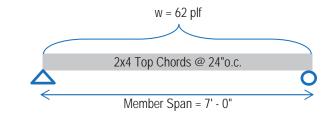


## **Framing Check**

(MP1,2,&3)**PASS** 

> Dead Load 8.1 psf PV Load 3.0 psf Live Load 20.0 psf

Governing Load Combo = DL + LL **Total Load** 31.1 psf



Member Properties						
Member Size	S (in^3)	I (in^4)	Lumber Sp/Gr	Member Spacing		
2x4	3.06	5.36	DF#2	@ 24"o.c.		

Check Bending Stress								
Fb (psi) =	f'b	Х	Cd	Χ	Cf	Х	Cr	(NDS Table 4.3.1)
	900	Х	1.25	Χ	1.5	Χ	1.15	

Allowed Bending Stress = 1940.6 psi

Maximum Moment  $= (wL^2) / 8$ 

= 380.766 ft#

= 4569.19 in#

Actual Bending Stress = (Maximum Moment) / S

= 1492 psi

Allowed > Actual -- 76.9% Stressed -- Therefore, OK

	Check Deflection	
Allowed Deflection (Total Load) =	L/180	(E = 1600000 psi Per NDS)
	= 0.466 in	
Deflection Criteria Based on =	Continuous Span	
Actual Deflection (Total Load) =	(w*L^4) / (185*E*I)	
	= 0.163 in	
	= L/516 > L/180	Therefore OK
Allowed Deflection (Live Load) =	L/240	
	0.35 in	
Actual Deflection (Live Load) =	(w*L^4) / (185*E*I)	
	0.105 in	
	L/800 > L/240	Therefore OK

**Check Shear** (NDS Table 4A) Member Area = 5.3 in^2 Fv (psi) = 180 psi Allowed Shear = Fv \* A = 945 lbMax Shear (V) = w \* L / 2 =218 lb

Allowed > Actual -- 23.1% Stressed -- Therefore, OK