

BLUE RAVEN SOLAR, LLC. Firm License No. D-0369 1403 North Research Way , Bldg. J Orem, UT 84097

June 24, 2021

To: Blue Raven Solar

1220 S. 630 E. Ste. 430 American Fork, UT. 84003

Subject: Certification Letter

Mack Residence 119 Bella Vita Way Angier, NC. 27501

To Whom It May Concern,

A jobsite observation of the condition of the existing framing system was performed by an audit team of Blue Raven Solar. All attached structural calculations are based on these observations and the design criteria listed below.

On the above referenced project, the roof structural framing has been reviewed for additional loading due to the installation of the solar PV addition to the roof. The structural review, including the plans and calculations only apply to the section of the roof that is directly supporting the solar PV system and its supporting elements. The observed roof framing is described below.

The roof structure of (MP1) consists of composition shingle on roof plywood that is supported by pre-manufactured trusses that are spaced at @ 24"o.c.. The top chords, sloped at 26 degrees, are 2x4 sections, the bottom chords are 2x4 sections and the web members are 2x4 sections. The truss members are connected by steel gusset plates. The max unsupported projected horizontal top chord span is approximately 7'-3".

The existing roof framing system of (MP1) is judged to be adequate to withstand the loading imposed by the installation of the solar panels. No reinforcement is necessary.

The spacing of the solar standoffs should be kept at 72" o.c. for landscape and 48" o.c. for portrait orientation, with a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loads.

The scope of this report is strictly limited to an evaluation of the fastener attachment, underlying framing and supporting structure only. The attachment's to the existing structure are required to be in a staggered pattern to ensure proper distribution of loading. All panels, racking and hardware shall be installed per manufacturer specifications and within specified design limitations. All waterproofing shall be provided by the manufacturer.

Design Criteria:

- Applicable Codes = 2018 North Carolina State Building Code (NCSBC), ASCE7-10, and NDS-12
- Roof Dead Load = 7 psf (MP1)
- Roof Live Load = 20 psf
- Wind Speed = 115 mph, Exposure C
- Ground Snow Load = 15 psf Roof Snow Load = 10.5 psf
- Attachments: (1) 5/16" dia lag screw with 2.5" min embedment depth, at spacing shown above.

Please contact me with any further questions or concerns regarding this project.

Sincerely,

John Calvert, P.E. Project Engineer Digitally signed by VA CALV John A. Calvert Date: 2021.06.24

13:30:53 -06'00'



Wind Calculations

Per ASCE7-10 Components and Cladding

Input Variables							
Wind Speed	115 mph						
Exposure Category	С						
Roof Shape	Gable/Hip						
Roof Slope	26 degrees						
Mean Roof Height	20 ft						
Effective Wind Area	20.6 ft						

Design Wind Pressure Calculations	
Wind Pressure P = qh*G*Cn	
qh = 0.00256 * Kz * Kzt * Kd * V^2	(Eq. 30.3-1)
Kz (Exposure Coefficient) = 0.9	(Table 30.3-1)
Kzt (topographic factor) = 1	(Fig. 26.8-1)
Kd (Wind Directionality Factor) = 0.85	(Table 26.6-1)
V (Design Wind Speed) = 115 mph	(Fig. 26.5-1A)
Risk Category = II	(Table 1.5-1)
qh = 25.90	
0.6 * qh = 15.54	

Standoff Uplift Calculations-Portrait						
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive		
GCp =	-0.85	-1.53	-2.42	0.43	(Fig. 30.4-1)	
Uplift Pressure =	-13.20 psf	-23.73 psf	-37.68 psf	11.2 psf		
X Standoff Spacing =	4.00	4.00	2.67			
Y Standoff Spacing =	6.09	3.042916667	3.04291667			
Tributary Area =	24.34	12.17	8.11			
Dead Load on Attachment=	73.03	36.52	24.34			
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W) =	-278 lb	-267 lb	-291 lb			

Standoff Uplift Calculations-Landscape						
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Zone 3	Positive	-	
GCp =	-0.85	-1.53	-2.42	0.43	(Fig. 30.4-1)	
Uplift Pressure =	-13.20 psf	-23.73 psf	-37.68 psf	10.0 psf	(Minimum)	
X Standoff Spacing =	6.00	6.00	4.00			
Y Standoff Spacing =	3.38	1.687916667	1.68791667			
Tributary Area =	20.26	10.13	6.75			
Dead Load on Attachment =	60.77	30.38	20.26			
Footing Uplift (0.6D+0.6W)=	-231 lb	-222 lb	-242 lb			

Standoff Uplift Check

Maximum Design Uplift = -291 lb Standoff Uplift Capacity = 450 lb 450 lb capacity > 291 lb demand Therefore, OK

Fastener Capacity Check

Fastener = 1 - 5/16" dia Lag
Number of Fasteners = 1
Embedment Depth = 2.5
Pullout Capacity Per Inch = 250 lb
Fastener Capacity = 625 lb
w/ F.S. of 1.5 & DOL of 1.6= 667 lb
667.2 lb capacity > 291 lb demand Therefore, OK



Gravity Loading

Roof Snow Load Calculations	
p _g = Ground Snow Load =	15 psf
$p_f = 0.7 C_e C_t I p_g$	
C _e = Exposure Factor =	1
C _t = Thermal Factor =	1
I = Importance Factor =	1
p_f = Flat Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf
$p_s = C_s p_f$	
Cs = Slope Factor =	1
p _s = Sloped Roof Snow Load =	10.5 psf

PV Dead Load = 3 psf (Per Blue Raven Solar)					
PV System Weight					
Weight of PV System (Per Blue Raven Solar)	3.0 psf				
X Standoff Spacing =	4.00 ft				
Y Standoff Spacing =	6.09 ft				
Standoff Tributary Area =	24.34 sft				
Point Loads of Standoffs	73 lb				

Note: PV standoffs are staggered to ensure proper distribution of loading

Roof Live Load = 20 psf

Note: Roof live load is removed in area's covered by PV array.

Roof Dead Load (MP1)		
Composition Shingle	4.00	-
Roof Plywood	2.00	
2x4 Top Chords @ 24"o.c.	0.73	
Vaulted Ceiling	0.00	(Ceiling Not Vaulted)
Miscellaneous	0.27	_
Total Roof DL (MP1)	7.0 psf	
DL Adjusted to 26 Degree Slope	7.8 psf	

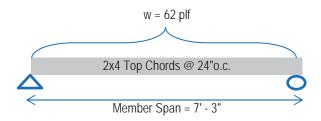


Framing Check

(MP1) PASS

Dead Load 7.8 psf PV Load 3.0 psf Live Load 20.0 psf

Governing Load Combo = DL + LL Total Load 30.8 psf



Member Properties					
Member Size	S (in^3)	I (in^4)	Lumber Sp/Gr	Member Spacing	
2x4	3.06	5.36	DF#2	@ 24"o.c.	

Check Bending Stress								
Fb (psi) =	f'b	Χ	Cd	Х	Cf	Χ	Cr	(NDS Table 4.3.1)
	900	Χ	1 25	Х	1.5	Χ	1 15	

Allowed Bending Stress = 1940.6 psi

Maximum Moment = $(wL^2) / 8$ = 404.5764 ft#

= 4854.916 in#

Actual Bending Stress = (Maximum Moment) / S

= 1585.3 psi

Allowed > Actual -- 81.7% Stressed -- Therefore, OK

	Check Deflection	
Allowed Deflection (Total Load) =	L/180	(E = 1600000 psi Per NDS)
	= 0.483 in	
Deflection Criteria Based on =	Continuous Span	
Actual Deflection (Total Load) =	(w*L^4) / (185*E*I)	
	= 0.186 in	
	= L/468 > L/180	Therefore OK
Allowed Deflection (Live Load) =	L/240	
	0.362 in	
Actual Deflection (Live Load) =	(w*L^4) / (185*E*I)	
	0.121 in	
	L/720 > L/240	Therefore OK

 Check Shear

 Member Area = 5.3 in^2
 Fv (psi) = 180 psi
 (NDS Table 4A)

 Allowed Shear = Fv * A = 945 lb
 Max Shear (V) = w * L / 2 = 223 lb

Allowed > Actual -- 23.7% Stressed -- Therefore, OK