[4	Evaluation	
]] Re-evaluation _	
		(number)

North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Division of Environmental Health

PREOCCUPANCY EVALUATION REPORT OF DRINKING WATER SUPPLY AND

WASTEWATER FACILITIES FOR MIGRANT HOUSING	
On 12- 2- 2020, as required in G.S. 95-225(c) and (d), an evaluation was conducted of the drinking water supply an	ıd
(date)	
wastewater system serving a migrant housing site composed of # of Mobile home units, # of House (s) and	. 4
Other type of housing/describe: located at 8220 (ox mi// /	20
Sanford NC 27332 and operated by John Gross (address or directions; use reverse if	needed) ——
of 1606 Pickett Rd, San Ford NC Z 7312 (name of person[s]/company) (mailing address)	
*** PLEASE SUBMIT ONE REPORT FOR EACH SEPTIC SYSTEM ***	
This report describes well/spring(number) and sewage system(number) (Use reverse for a drawing, if needed.)	
(number) The findings of this evaluation are as follows:	
WATER SUPPLY	
(yes/no) Community or non-transient-non-community water system under routine surveillance of Public Water Supply Sect Division of Environmental Health Yes (yes/no) Private Water or Non-Community System	ion,
At the time of inspection, there WAS NOT visual evidence of non-compliance with the "Protection of Water Supplies" (was/was not) 15A NCAC 18A .1700 (attach copy of bacteriological sample). List deficiencies which were identified:	
(Use reverse if necessary)	
WASTEWATER FACILITIES	
System	ı —
On-Site Septic Tank System [] Chemical Portable Toilets [] Others [] Privy(ies)	
t the time of inspection, there	
1962) "Laws and Rules for Sewage Treatment and Disposal System." List deficiencies which were identified:	
(Use reverse if necessary)	-
he wastewater system, to the best of my knowledge and belief, is sized to serve	
(maximum number)	
Harnett County Environmental Health Environmental Health Specialist Health Department	-
(7 7 - 7010	
72- Z- Z010 307 W. Cornelius Harnett Blvd. Date Address	
orward copies to: Migrant Housing Operator Department of Labor Lillington, NC 27546	
Agriculture Safety & Health Bureau910-893-7547	
Office Phone Number	

DENR 3765 (Revised 2/2011) On-Site Wastewater Section (Review 12/2010)



North Carolina State Laboratory of Public Health

Environmental Sciences

Microbiology Certificate of Analysis

4312 District Drive MSC 1918 Raleigh, NC 27699-1918

http://slph.ncpublichealth.com Phone: 919-733-7308 Fax: 919-715-8611

FINAL REPORT

Method: SM 9223B

12/03/2020

Report to: M Osborne

HARNETT CO ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

307 CORNELIUS HARNETT BLVD

Lillington, NC 27546

Name of System:

John Gross 8220 Cox Mill Rd Sanford, NC 27332

Harnett County NC Courier EIN: 566000306EH Delivery: 12/02/2020 Time Collected: 15:15 By: M Osborne Date Collected: StarLiMS ID: ES201203-0073 12/03/2020 08:50 Angela Heybroek Time Received: By: Date Received: Sampling Point: Outside faucet Well water Sample Source: GPS No. Sample Type: Well Permit No. Treatment:

Comment:

E. coli

Colilert Profile

Analyte Test Result Unit Conclusion Date Tested

Total Coliform Absent 12/03/2020

Report Date: 12/04/2020 Reported By: KPLEMMONS

Absent

Explanations of Coliform Analysis:

If coliform bacteria are **Absent**, the water is considered safe for drinking purpose. If coliform bacteria are **Present**, the water is considered unsafe for drinking purpose. Presence of *E. coli* (bacteria) generally indicates that the water has been contaminated with fecal material. It must be remembered that a water analysis refers only to the sample received and should not be regarded as a complete report on the water supply.

North Carolina Division of Public Health Occupational and Environmental Epidemiology Branch, Epidemiology Section BIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS REPORT

Private well water information and recommendations

County: Harnett Name: John Gross Sample ID Number: ES 201203-0073 Location: 8220 Cox mill Rd, SANFORD NC Reviewer M (Sborne REHS
Initial Sample Confirmation Sample
BIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS RESULTS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR USES OF YOUR PRIVATE WELL WATER (These recommendations are based on biological analysis only.)
No coliform bacteria were found in your well water. Your water can be used for all purposes including drinking, cooking, washing dishes, bathing and showering.
Total coliform bacteria were detected in your water sample. Total Coliform are a group of related bacteria that are (with few exceptions) not harmful to humans. A variety of bacteria, parasites, and viruses, known as pathogens, can potentially cause health problems if humans ingest them. EPA considers total coliforms a useful indicator of other pathogens for drinking water. Total coliforms are used to determine the adequacy of water treatment and the integrity of the distribution system.
Your well water needs to be re-tested to verify that the result is accurate.
Fecal coliform bacteria were detected in the sample. Do not use the water for drinking, cooking, washing dishes, bathing or showering.
If the re-test shows contamination by bacteria contact your local health department for assistance. There

If the re-test shows contamination by bacteria contact your local health department for assistance. There may be a problem with the construction of the well, the groundwater source, or operation of the well. The well needs to be inspected by the local health department or a local well contractor to determine the problem with the well and to give guidance on how to correct the problem.

Your well water was tested for biological contaminants (total coliform and fecal coliform bacteria). The results were evaluated using the federal drinking water standards.

Drinking water may contain substances that can occur naturally in water or can be introduced into water from man-made sources. Total coliform bacteria are found in soil and fecal coliform bacteria are found in animal and human waste. Total coliform or fecal coliform bacteria in well water indicate that the well may have structural problems or that the well was not properly disinfected.

If you have been drinking the well water and are pregnant, nursing, have a child in the household under 5 years of age, or immunocompromised (such as an individual with AIDS, cancer, hepatitis, dialysis or surgical procedures) inform your physician of these results at your next visit.

If the contamination continues, you should investigate the possibility of drilling a new well or installing a point-of-entry disinfection unit, which can use chlorine, ultraviolet light, or ozone.

For further information, please contact your county health department or the Occupational and Environmental Epidemiology Branch at 919-707-5900.