

North Carolina State Laboratory of Public Health Environmental Sciences Inorganic Chemistry

Certificate of Analysis

P.O. Box 28047 4312 District Drive Raleigh, NC 27611-8047 http://slph.ncpublichealth.com

Phone: 919-733-7308 Fax: 919-715-8611

Report To: ANDREW CURRIN

Name of System:

HARNETT CO ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH

JOSEPH BAIN

307 CORNELIUS HARNETT BLVD

1282 WARREN ROAD

LILLINGTON, NC 27546

Courier # 14-73-01

EIN: 566000306EH

ERWIN, NC 28339

StarLiMS ID:

ES020118-0019001

Date Collected: 01/31/18 Date Received: 02/01/18 Time Collected: 10:00 AM

Amdrew Currin

Sample Type:

Sampling Point: Well head

Sample Source: New Well

Well Permit #:

17-5-41987

Temp. at Recéipt: 1.4

GPS #:

Collected By:

Sample Description:

Comment:

New Well I (Profile)

| New well i (Profile) | <u> </u> | | ! ! | |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------|--------------|
| Analyte | Result | Allowable Limit | Unit | Qualifier(s) |
| Arsenic | . < 0.005 | 0.010 | mg/L | |
| Barium | < 0.1 | 2.00 | mg/L | |
| Cadmium | < 0.001 | 0.005 | mg/L | |
| Calcium | < 1.0 | | , mg/L | |
| Chloride | 9.30 | 250 | mg/L | |
| Chromium | < 0.01 | 0.10 | mg/L | |
| Copper | < 0.05 | 1.3 | mg/L | |
| Fluoride | < 0.20 | 4.00 | mg/L | · |
| /Iron | 4.90 | 0.30 | - mg/L | |
| Lead | < 0.005 | 0.015 | mg/L | |
| Magnesium | < 1.0 | | mg/L | |
| Marigariese | 0.034 | 0.05 | . mg/L | |
| iviercury | < 0.0005 | 0.002 | mg/L | |
| I AIM GIG | < 1.00 | 10.00 | mg/L | |
| Nitrite | < 0.1 | 1.00 | mg/L | |
| pH | 6.0 | - · · | N/A | |
| Selenium | < 0.005 | 0.05 | mg/L | |
| Silver | < 0.05 | 0.10 | mg/L | |
| Sodium | 6.40 | | mg/L | |
| Sulfate | < 5.00 | 250 | mg/L | |
| Total Alkalinity | 9 | | mg/L | |
| Total Hardness | < 7 | | mg/L | |
| Zinc | 0.07 | 5.00 | mg/L | |

Report Date: 02/14/2018

Reported By:

Debbie Moncol

The Fenvironmental Protection Agency (EPA) considers Iron as a secondary contaminant which dreams it does not have a direct impact on health. [Aesthetic Effects



Private Well Information and Use Recommendations

For Inorganic Chemical Contaminants

| County: Harrette | | | | | Name: Joseph Bain | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------------------------|-------------|------------|---|-------------|---------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|----------|--|
| Sample ID #: (5020118-001900) | | | | Revie | Name: Joseph Bain Reviewer: Andrew Curain, Nets | | | | | | | |
| TEST RESULTS AND USE RECOMMENDATIONS 1. Your well water meets federal drinking water standards for inorganic chemicals. Your water can be used for drinking, cooking, washing, cleaning, bathing, and showering based on the inorganic chemical results only. You may have other water sampling results that are not taken into account in this report. 2. The following substance(s) exceeded federal drinking water standards or the North Carolina 2L calculated health levels. The North Carolina Division of Public Health recommends that your well water not be used for drinking and cooking, unless you install a water treatment system to remove the circled substance(s). However, it may be used for washing, cleaning, bathing and showering based on the inorganic chemical results only. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Arsenic | Barium | Cadmiu | | romium | Copper | Fluoride | Lea | ıd | Iron | | | |
| Manganese | Mercury | Nitrate/ | Nitrite Se | lenium | Silver | Magnesiun | ı Zin | С | pН | | | |
| 3. a. Sodium levels exceed the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (USEPA) Health Advisory level for sodium of 20 mg/l. The North Carolina Division of Public Health recommends that only individuals on no or low sodium restricted diets not use this water for drinking or cooking. It may be used for washing, cleaning, bathing, and showering based on the <i>inorganic chemical results only</i> . b. Levels over 30 mg/l may pose aesthetic problems such as bad taste, odor, staining of porcelain, etc. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. Re-sampling is recommended inmonths. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. Re-sample for lead and /or copper. Take a first draw, 5 minute, and 15 minute sample inside the house (preferably the kitchen) and if possible a first draw, 5 minute and a 15 minute sample at the well head to determine the source of the lead and/or copper. | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| cooking, was such as bad t | llowing subst shing, cleanin aste, odor, sta sthetic proble | ig, bathing aining of j | g, and show | ering base | ed on the <u>ino</u> | rganic chem | ical re | sults one | <i>ly</i> , but : | aesthetic | problems | |
| | Bariu | ım (| Cadmium | Chromiu | m Fluori | de Iron | | Magne | sium | | | |
| | — | | Selenium | Silver | pH | Zinc | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | _ | | | | |