

Carter Sanford Component Plant 298 Harvey Faulk Rd Sanford, NC 27332

Phone #:919-775-1450

Builder: Cash/Walk in

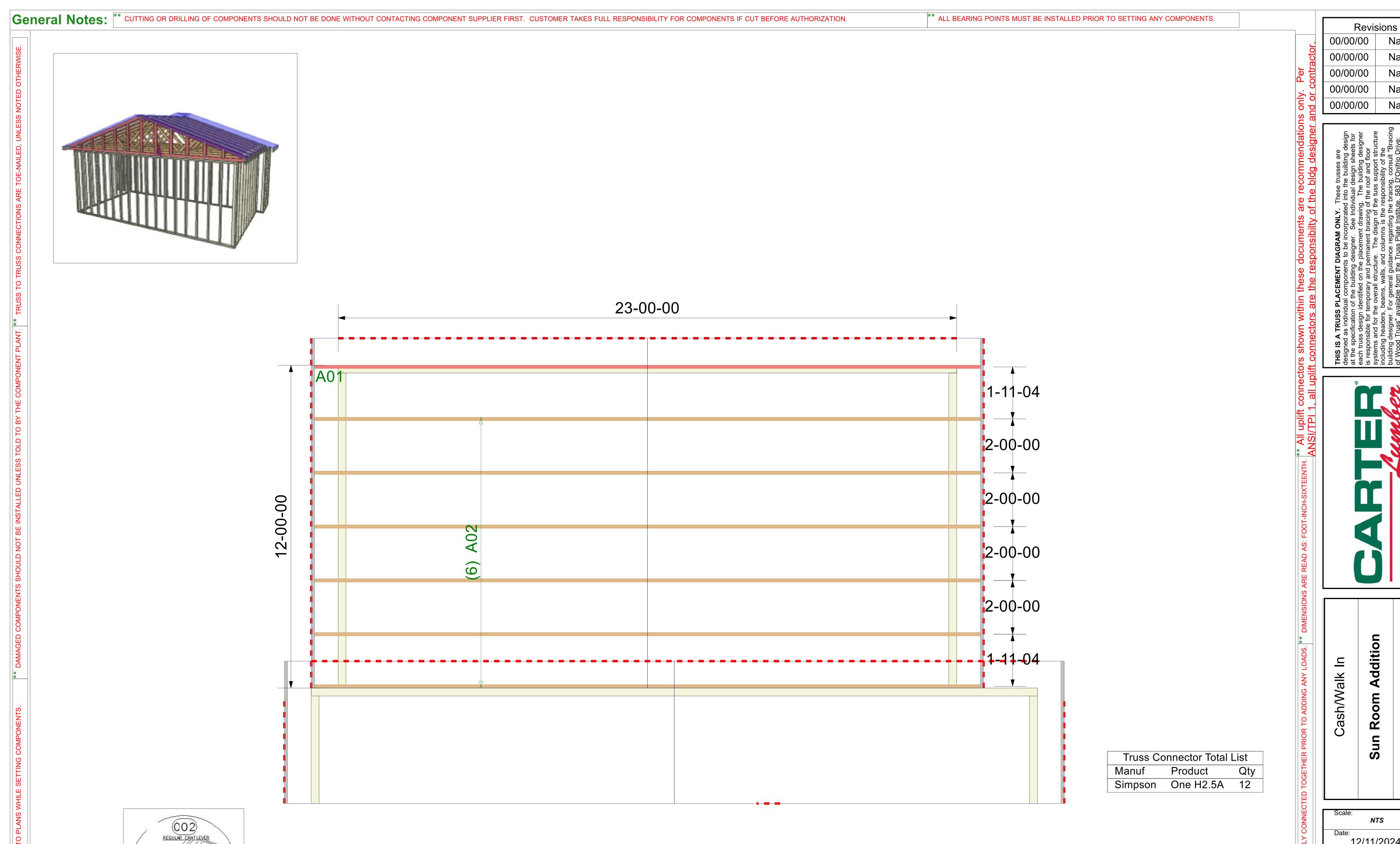
Model: Sun Room Addition



### THE PLACEMENT PLAN NOTES:

- 1. The Placement Plan is a diagram for truss installation. It is not an engineered drawing and has not been reviewed by an engineer. The Owner/Building Designer is responsible for obtaining an engineer's review if one is required by the local jurisdiction.
- 2. The responsibilities of the Owner, Contractor, Building Designer, Component Designer and Component Manufacturer shall be as set forth in ANSI/TPI 1. Capitalized terms shall be as defined in ANSI/TP 1 unless otherwise indicated.
- 3. Each Component is designed as an individual component utilizing information provided by others. The Owner/Building Designer is responsible for reviewing all Component Submittal Packages and individual Component Design Drawings for compliance with the Construction Documents and compatibility with the overall Building design.
- 4. Contractor will not proceed with component installation until the Owner/Building Designer has reviewed the Component Submittal Package. Questions on the suitability of any Component will be resolved by the Building Designer.
- 5. The Building Designer and Contractor are responsible for all temporary and permanent bracing.
- 6. The Placement Plan assumes the building is dimensionally correct, structurally sound, and in a suitable condition to support each Component during installation and thereafter, including but not limited to installation of all bearing points. Proper design and construction of all structural components, including foundations, headers, beams, walls and columns are the responsibility of the Owner, Building Designer and Contractor.
- 7. Do not cut, drill, or modify any Component without first consulting the Component Manufacturer or Building Designer. Damaged Components shall not be installed unless directed by the Building Designer or approved by the Component Manufacturer.
- 8. Components must be handled and installed following all applicable safety standards and best practices, including but not limited to BCSI, OSHA, TPI and local codes. Failure to properly handle, brace or otherwise install Component can result in serious injury or death.
- 9. All uplift connectors shown within these documents are recommendations only. Per ANSI/TPI 1, all uplift connectors are the responsibility of the building designer and or contractor.

Approved By:	Date:
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PLACEMENT Sun Room ROOF

Addition

Name

Name

Name

Name

12/11/2024 Designer: Nathan Clarke Project Number: **24110169** Sheet Number:

\*\* PLUMBING DROPS NOTED ARE IN THE APPROXIMATE LOCATIONS PER PLAN. BUILDER TO VERIFY LOCATIONS BEFORE SETTING TRUSSES.

SUPPORTING STRUCTURE

TRIANGULAR SYMBOL NEAR END OF TRUSS INDICATES LEFT END OF TRUSS AS SHOWN ON INDIVIDUAL TRUSS DRAWINGS.

Truss Drawing Left End Indicator

\*\* REFER TO FINAL TRUSS ENGINEERING SHEETS FOR PLY TO PLY CONNECTIONS.



Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 24110169-01

66 Ashbrook-ODell Bldg.-Roof-Sunroom Addition

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Carter Components (Sanford, NC)).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I70144669 thru I70144670

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



December 13,2024

Gilbert, Eric

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	66 Ashbrook-ODell BldgRoof-Sunroom Addition
24110169-01	A02	Common	6	1	Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.73 S Dec 5 2024 Print: 8.730 S Dec 5 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Wed Dec 11 11:26:39 ID:omqdYWHhOsn\_U?BIHlawrqyA33I-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f

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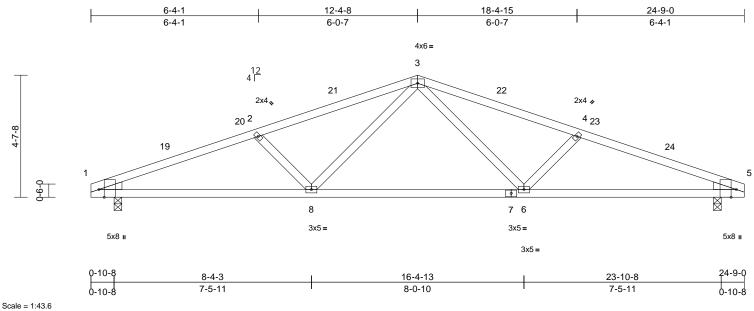


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [1:0-3-8,Edge], [5:0-3-8,Edge]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.77	Vert(LL)	-0.19	6-8	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.81	Vert(CT)	-0.41	6-8	>718	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.21	Horz(CT)	0.06	5	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 104 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.1 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3

WEDGE Left: 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E

Right: 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E

BRACING

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

2-7-4 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing.

REACTIONS (size) 1=0-3-8, 5=0-3-8

1=-65 (LC 15) Max Horiz

Max Uplift 1=-119 (LC 10), 5=-119 (LC 11) Max Grav 1=1032 (LC 20), 5=1032 (LC 21)

**FORCES** (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

TOP CHORD 1-2=-1958/368, 2-3=-1703/327,

3-4=-1703/327, 4-5=-1958/368

**BOT CHORD** 1-8=-283/1791, 6-8=-169/1220,

5-6=-283/1791 **WEBS** 3-6=-38/510, 4-6=-372/174, 3-8=-38/510,

2-8=-372/174

### NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior(2E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0, Interior (1) 3-0-0 to 9-4-8, Exterior(2R) 9-4-8 to 15-4-8, Interior (1) 15-4-8 to 21-9-0, Exterior(2E) 21-9-0 to 24-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00: Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- One H2.5A Simpson Strong-Tie connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 1 and 5. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard



December 13,2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



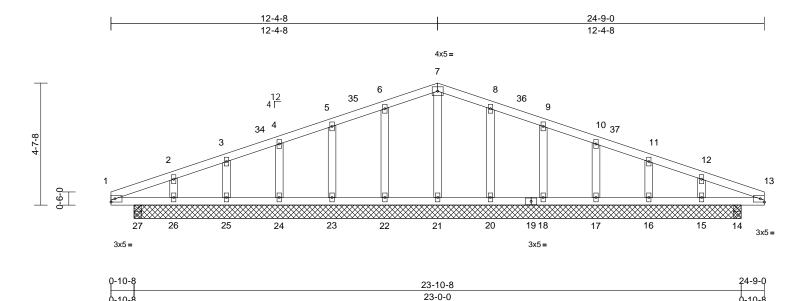
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	66 Ashbrook-ODell BldgRoof-Sunroom Addition
24110169-01	A01	Common Supported Gable	1	1	Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.73 E May 9 2024 Print: 8.730 E May 9 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Dec 12 16:36:19 ID:C3\_Lck6vhZ0zor63TMKeHtyA33W-5Vk\_zWw3N9ejWwEWuY\_EobJNMKbYRTo2azOzljy9g\_g Page: 1

ი-10-8



Scale = 1:43.6

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.08	Vert(LL)	0.00	26-27	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.07	Vert(CT)	0.00	26-27	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.06	Horz(CT)	0.00	14	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IRC2021/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH								
BCDL	10.0			1							Weight: 113 lb	FT = 20%

### LUMBER

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS** 

### **BRACING**

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or

10-0-0 oc purlins.

**BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc

bracing.

**REACTIONS** All bearings 23-0-0. except 27=0-3-8, 14=0-3-8

(lb) - Max Horiz 26=-65 (LC 15)

h-10-8

Max Uplift All uplift 100 (lb) or less at joint(s)  $14,\, 15,\, 16,\, 17,\, 18,\, 20,\, 22,\, 23,\, 24,\,$ 

25, 26, 27

Max Grav All reactions 250 (lb) or less at joint (s) 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22,

23, 24, 25, 26, 27

**FORCES** (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250

(lb) or less except when shown.

### NOTES

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Corner(3E) 0-0-0 to 3-0-0. Exterior(2N) 3-0-0 to 9-4-8, Corner(3R) 9-4-8 to 15-4-8, Exterior(2N) 15-4-8 to 21-9-0, Corner(3E) 21-9-0 to 24-9-0 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pf=20.0 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Fully Exp.; Ce=0.9; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this desian.
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

  \* This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) One RT4 MiTek connectors recommended to connect truss to bearing walls due to UPLIFT at jt(s) 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 20, 18, 17, 16, 15, 27, and 14. This connection is for uplift only and does not consider lateral forces.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

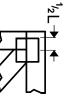


December 13,2024

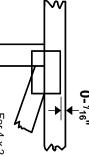
Edenton, NC 27932

### Symbols

## PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- <sup>1</sup>/16" from outside edge of truss.

₹

This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

\*Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request.

### PLATE SIZE

4 × 4

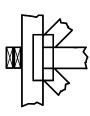
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

## LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

### **BEARING**



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number/letter where bearings occur Min size shown is for crushing only.

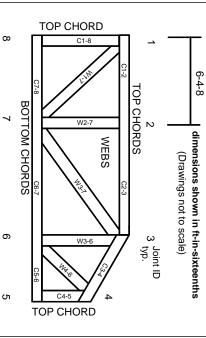
### Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction Design Standard for Bracing.

Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

ANSI/TPI1: DSB-22:

## Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

# Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

# Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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### MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

# ▲ General Safety Notes

# Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.

'n

- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.