

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 24095463R BCTH-23

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by The Building Center (Gastonia, NC).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I68238651 thru I68238661

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



September 17,2024

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238651 24095463R V6 Valley Job Reference (optional) The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:37 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-sWN1WkqMmCOb2lR0PA5otsPjp85mr2YWnEXU4gyd4WG 2-3-14 2-3-14 3x4 = Scale = 1:12.4 10.00 12 0-0-4 0-0-4 2x4 // 2x4 📏 4-7-8 4-7-13 0-0-5 4-7-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[2:0-2-0,Edge] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.06 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 вс Lumber DOL 1.15 0.18 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 WB 0.00 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-P Weight: 14 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD

BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD** Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-7-13 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=4-7-3, 3=4-7-3

Max Horz 1=-29(LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-1(LC 14), 3=-1(LC 14) Max Grav 1=154(LC 2), 3=154(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



September 17,2024



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238652 24095463R V5 Valley Job Reference (optional) The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:37 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-sWN1WkqMmCOb2lR0PA5otsPiy861r24WnEXU4gyd4WG 3-6-5 3-6-5 Scale = 1:20.1 4x4 = 2 10.00 12 3 0-0-4 0-0-4 4 2x4 // 2x4 📏 2x4 || 7-0-10 7-0-5 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defI L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.18 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.10 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 WB 0.03 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-P Weight: 26 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

> (size) 1=7-0-0, 3=7-0-0, 4=7-0-0 Max Horz 1=47(LC 13)

Max Uplift 1=-17(LC 14), 3=-17(LC 14)

Max Grav 1=143(LC 2), 3=143(LC 2), 4=213(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

REACTIONS.

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



September 17,2024



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238653 24095463R V4 Valley Job Reference (optional) The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:36 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-OJpeJOpk?vGkQbsqsSaZKesVyklO6bONYanxXDyd4WH 4-8-11 4-8-11 4-8-11 Scale = 1:26.3 4x4 = 2 10.00 12 0-0-4 0-0-4 2x4 // 2x4 💉 2x4 || LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI DEFL. in I/defI L/d **PLATES** GRIP (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.26 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.19 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 WB 0.06 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-S Weight: 36 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0 LUMBER-BRACING-2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 1=9-4-13, 3=9-4-13, 4=9-4-13

Max Horz 1=-65(LC 12)

Max Uplift 1=-15(LC 14), 3=-15(LC 14)

Max Grav 1=183(LC 2), 3=183(LC 2), 4=325(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-4-13, Interior(1) 3-4-13 to 4-8-11, Exterior(2) 4-8-11 to 7-8-11, Interior(1) 7-8-11 to 9-0-9 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat ro Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.





Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238654 24095463R V3 Valley Job Reference (optional) The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:36 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-OJpeJOpk?vGkQbsqsSaZKesXAkmQ6aENYanxXDyd4WH 11-10-3 Scale = 1:31.4 4x4 = 3 10.00 12 11 10 2x4 || 2x4 || 3x4 // 7 6 3x4 💉 8 2x4 || 2x4 || 2x4 || 11-10-3 11-9-14 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in I/defI L/d **PLATES** GRIP (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.19 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 вс 0.12 Vert(CT) n/a n/a 999 TCDL 10.0 WB 0.07 Rep Stress Incr YES Horz(CT) 0.00 n/a n/a BCLL 0.0 Code IRC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-S Weight: 49 lb FT = 20% BCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-9-10.

Max Horz 1=83(LC 13) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 8, 6

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 8=301(LC 23), 6=301(LC 24)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- $2) \ Wind: ASCE 7-10; \ Vult=120mph \ Vasd=95mph; \ TCDL=6.0psf; \ BCDL=6.0psf; \ h=25ft; \ B=45ft; \ L=24ft; \ eave=4ft; \ Cat. \ II; \ Exp \ B; \ ASCE 7-10; \ Vult=120mph \ Vasd=95mph; \ TCDL=6.0psf; \ h=25ft; \ B=45ft; \ L=24ft; \ eave=4ft; \ Cat. \ II; \ Exp \ B; \ BCDL=6.0psf; \ h=25ft; \ B=45ft; \ L=24ft; \ eave=4ft; \ Cat. \ II; \ Exp \ B; \ BCDL=6.0psf; \ h=25ft; \ B=45ft; \ BCDL=6.0psf; \ h=25ft; \ h=2$ Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-4-13, Interior(1) 3-4-13 to 5-11-2, Exterior(2) 5-11-2 to 8-11-2, Interior(1) 8-11-2 to 11-5-6 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5, 8, 6.



September 17,2024





building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238655 24095463R V2 Valley Job Reference (optional) The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:35 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-w7FG63o6Eb8tpSHell3KoRJNXKQHN7ZEJw2O?nyd4WI 7-1-8 7-1-8 Scale = 1:37.7 4x4 = 3 10.00 12 10 2x4 || 2x4 || 3x4 // 3x4 📏 8 7 6 2x4 || 2x4 || 2x4 || 14-3-0 14-2-11 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in (loc) I/defI L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0

LUMBER-

Snow (Pf/Pg)

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD

Vert(LL)

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

n/a

n/a

0.00

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

999

999

n/a

MT20

Weight: 61 lb

244/190

FT = 20%

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

n/a

n/a

n/a

REACTIONS. All bearings 14-2-6.

15.4/20.0

10.0

10.0

0.0

Max Horz 1=-101(LC 12) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 6

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 8=327(LC 23), 6=327(LC 24)

1.15

1.15

YES

TC

вс

WB

Matrix-S

0.18

0.12

0.10

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

Plate Grip DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

Lumber DOL

WEBS 2-8=-255/144, 4-6=-255/144

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) 0-4-13 to 3-1-8, Interior(1) 3-1-8 to 7-1-8, Exterior(2) 7-1-8 to 10-1-8, Interior(1) 10-1-8 to 13-10-3 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 6) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 6.



September 17,2024



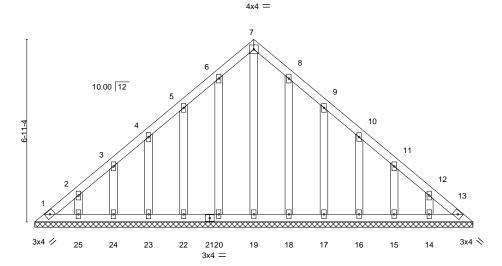
Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238656 24095463R V1GE Valley Job Reference (optional)

The Building Center,

Gastonia, NC - 28052,

8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:34 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-SxiuujnUTH00BliRk2Y5FDnE?x5aegO44GlqTLyd4WJ 16-7-13

Scale = 1:43.8



16-7-13 16-7-13

8-3-14 8-3-14

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 **OTHERS**

BRACING-

TOP CHORD BOT CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. All bearings 16-7-13.

Max Horz 1=-119(LC 12) (lb) -

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 13, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 13, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3) 0-4-13 to 3-4-13, Exterior(2) 3-4-13 to 8-3-14, Corner(3) 8-3-14 to 11-3-14, Exterior(2) 11-3-14 to 16-2-15 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 13, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 18, 17, 16, 15, 14.



PLATES

Weight: 110 lb

MT20

GRIP

244/190

FT = 20%

September 17,2024



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238657 B2 MONOPITCH 9 24095463R Job Reference (optional) The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:33 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-_l8WhNnsi_u9Z87FAK1sj0E_8Xh4vEZxscZHxuyd4WK 4-10-8 1-0-0 4-10-8 Scale = 1:15.0 2x4 | 6 5.00 12 2-1-14 0-2-0 0-3-8 2x4 || 2x4 = LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in (loc) I/defI L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.36 Vert(LL) 0.04 2-4 >999 240 MT20 244/190 15.4/20.0

LUMBER-TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

REACTIONS.

Snow (Pf/Pg)

TCDL

BCLL

BCDL

WEBS

2x4 SP No.3

(size) 2=0-3-0, 4=0-1-8 Max Horz 2=62(LC 16)

10.0

10.0

2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2

0.0

Max Uplift 2=-61(LC 16), 4=-48(LC 16) Max Grav 2=260(LC 2), 4=176(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

Lumber DOL

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 4-8-12 zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

1.15

YES

вс

WB

Matrix-P

0.29

0.00

Vert(CT)

Horz(CT)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

-0.05

0.00

except end verticals.

4-0-0 oc bracing.

>999

n/a

180

n/a

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-10-8 oc purlins,

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.



Weight: 19 lb

FT = 20%

September 17,2024



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

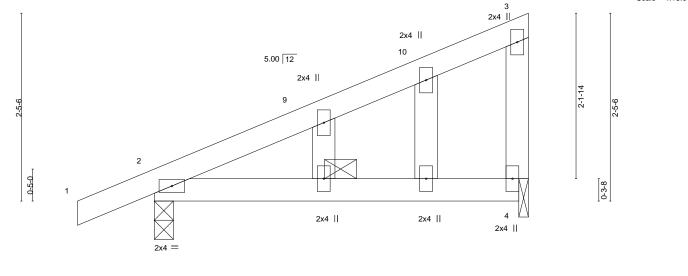
building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238658 24095463R B1GE MONOPITCH STRUCTURAL 2 Job Reference (optional) The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:33 2024 Page 1

ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-_l8WhNnsi_u9Z87FAK1sj0E_8Xh4vEZxscZHxuyd4WK 4-10-8 4-10-8

Scale = 1:15.0



LOADING (ps	,	SPACING-	2-0-0	CSI.			DEFL.	in	(loc)	I/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.15	TC	0.36	\	/ert(LL)	0.04	2-4	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg)	15.4/20.0	Lumber DOL	1.15	BC	0.29	\	/ert(CT)	-0.05	2-4	>999	180		
TCDL	10.0	Rep Stress Incr	YES	WB	0.00	1	Horz(CT)	0.00		n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0 *	Code IRC2015/TPI2014		Matrix-P		'	11012(01)	0.00		Π/α	Π/α	Weight: 23 lb	FT = 20%
BCDL	10.0	Code INC2015/1F	12014	iviatii	V-1							vveignt. 23 ib	1 1 = 20 /0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.3 WFBS **OTHERS** 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-10-8 oc purlins,

except end verticals.

BOT CHORD 4-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-0, 4=0-1-8

Max Horz 2=62(LC 16)

Max Uplift 2=-61(LC 16), 4=-48(LC 16) Max Grav 2=260(LC 2), 4=176(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1-0-0

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 4-8-12 zone; cantilever left exposed; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.



September 17,2024



Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238659 24095463R COMMON A3 Job Reference (optional) Gastonia, NC - 28052, 8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:32 2024 Page 1 The Building Center, ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-WYa8T1mExgmly_Y3ddWdAohis7D0AdEndypjOSyd4WL 10-0-0 11-5-3 1-5-3 17-0-0 18-0-0 1-0-0 23-1-12 . 28-6-8 34-0-0 -0-10₋₈ 4-11-1 5-6-13 4-11-1 5-0-15 5-1-12 5-5-8 Scale = 1:68.0 4x6 = 2x4 || 8 6.00 12 16-0-0 10-0-0 6x6 / 26 3x8 🗢 6x6 🖊 5 2x4 || 3x4 / 4x6 < 3x4 < 3x8 = 10 4x6 / 11 2x4 || 3x4 || 8-0-0 1-6-0 ₩ 13 28 29 30 15 14 19 18 16 3x6 3x4 = 3x4 3x6 = 5x8 = 4x8 = 3x8 MT20HS = 3x6 =3x4 =10-0-0 17-0-0 1₁8-0-0 25-9-3 34-0-0 10-0-0 7-0-0 1-0-0 7-9-3 8-2-13 Plate Offsets (X,Y)--[16:0-1-8,0-1-8], [18:0-1-8,0-2-4] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. in (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.78 Vert(LL) -0.23 14-16 >999 240 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.86 Vert(CT) -0.39 18-19 >999 180 MT20HS 187/143 TCDL 10.0

LUMBER-

BCLL

BCDL

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* BOT CHORD

17-19: 2x4 SP No.1, 16-18: 2x6 SP No.1 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*

5-18,8-16,6-21: 2x4 SP No.2, 5-6: 2x6 SP No.1

REACTIONS. (size) 19=0-3-8, 13=0-3-8

0.0

10.0

Max Horz 19=173(LC 15)

Max Grav 19=1524(LC 28), 13=1427(LC 29)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-5=-2060/0, 5-6=-1797/45, 6-7=-779/56, 7-8=-578/78, 8-9=-805/28, 9-11=-1999/54

BOT CHORD 18-19=0/1795. 16-18=0/1846. 14-16=0/1687. 13-14=-5/1671

WEBS 3-19=-1991/0, 5-18=0/415, 16-21=-113/486, 8-21=-126/267, 6-20=-1402/58,

Rep Stress Incr

Code IRC2015/TPI2014

YES

20-21=-1402/58, 9-16=-252/456, 11-13=-1931/0, 9-21=-1398/57

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-6-5, Interior(1) 2-6-5 to 17-0-0, Exterior(2) 17-0-0 to 20-4-13, Interior(1) 20-4-13 to 33-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

WB

Matrix-S

0.71

Horz(CT)

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

WEBS

JOINTS

0.08

13

except end verticals.

1 Brace at Jt(s): 20, 21

1 Row at midpt

n/a

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

n/a

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-10-15 oc purlins,

3-19, 6-20, 9-16, 11-13

- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) 150.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 14-0-0 from left end, supported at two points, 4-0-0 apart.
- 7) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.



Weight: 235 lb

FT = 20%

September 17,2024

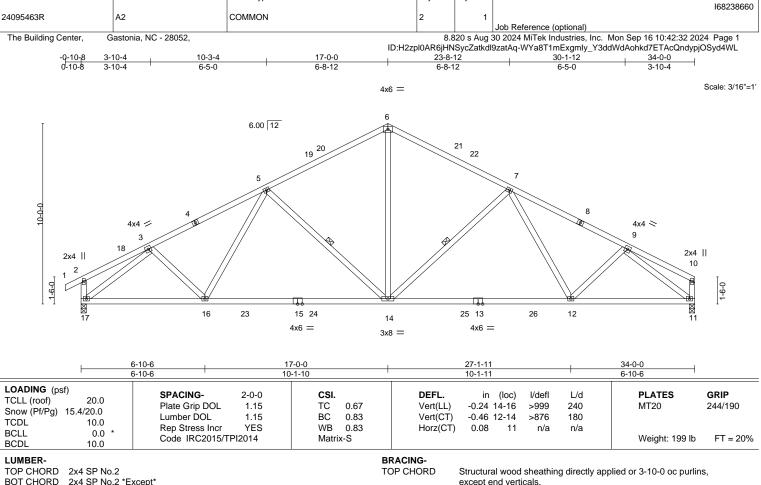


WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)





BOT CHORD

WFBS

Qty

Ply

BCTH-23

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

7-14. 5-14

1 Row at midpt

2x4 SP No.2 *Except* **BOT CHORD**

13-15: 2x4 SP No.1

WFBS 2x4 SP No.3

REACTIONS. (size) 17=0-3-8, 11=0-3-8

Max Horz 17=173(LC 15)

Truss

Truss Type

Max Uplift 17=-35(LC 16), 11=-10(LC 16) Max Grav 17=1411(LC 2), 11=1347(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 3-5=-1830/134, 5-6=-1445/176, 6-7=-1445/179, 7-9=-1835/144 **BOT CHORD** 16-17=-85/1530, 14-16=-54/1601, 12-14=-47/1536, 11-12=-96/1447

WFBS 6-14=-28/900, 7-14=-496/119, 5-14=-494/119, 3-17=-1813/83, 9-11=-1825/116

NOTES-

Job

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-6-5, Interior(1) 2-6-5 to 17-0-0, Exterior(2) 17-0-0 to 20-4-13, Interior(1) 20-4-13 to 33-10-4 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) All plates are 3x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 17, 11.



September 17,2024



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

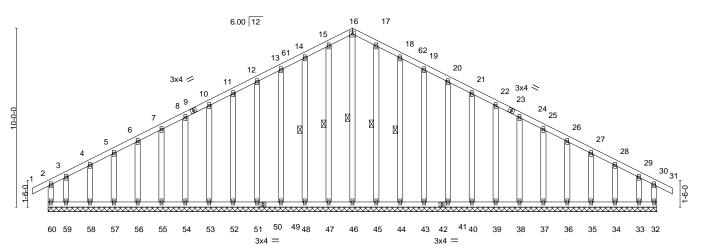


Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply BCTH-23 168238661 24095463R A1GE COMMON SUPPORTED GAB 2 Job Reference (optional)

The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052,

8.820 s Aug 30 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Sep 16 10:42:31 2024 Page 1 ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-2M0lGhlbAMeRKq_s3v?Odb9hgj3iRKTeOl4As0yd4WM 3<u>4-0-0</u>

Scale: 3/16"=1" 4x4 =



34-0-0 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL in (loc) I/defl I/d **PLATES** GRIP TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.17 Vert(LL) -0.00 31 n/r 120 MT20 244/190 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.09 Vert(CT) -0.00 31 n/r 120 TCDL 10.0 WB Rep Stress Incr YES 0.10 Horz(CT) -0.00 32 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-R Weight: 310 lb FT = 20%BCDL 10.0

34-0-0

LUMBER-BRACING-

17-0-0

17-0-0

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins **BOT CHORD** 2x4 SP No.2 except end verticals. 2x4 SP No.3 BOT CHORD WFBS Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 WFBS 1 Row at midpt 16-46, 15-47, 14-48, 17-45, 18-44

REACTIONS. All bearings 34-0-0.

(lb) -Max Horz 60=-175(LC 14)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 32, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33 except 60=-135(LC 14), 59=-136(LC 15)

All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 60, 32, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, Max Grav 45, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 12-13=-85/272, 13-14=-95/299, 14-15=-106/330, 15-16=-109/341, 16-17=-109/336,

17-18=-106/325, 18-19=-95/293, 19-20=-85/266

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-4-0, Exterior(2) 2-4-0 to 17-0-0, Corner(3) 17-0-0 to 20-4-13, Exterior(2) 20-4-13 to 34-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 10) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 13) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 32, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33 except (jt=lb) 60=135, 59=136.



September 17,2024



WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

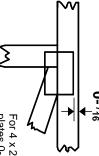


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated.
Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths.
Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- ¹/16" from outside edge of truss.

This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 × 4

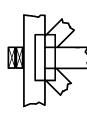
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number/letter where bearings occur Min size shown is for crushing only.

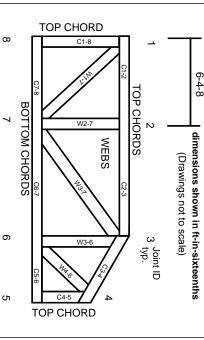
Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction Design Standard for Bracing.

Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

ANSI/TPI1: DSB-22:

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

© 2023 MiTek® All Rights Reserved

MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

▲ General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.

ω

- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other.

'n

- Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

œ

- Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.