

Trenco
818 Soundside Rd
Edenton, NC 27932

Re: 24052574
BCTH-31

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by The Building Center.

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I65584968 thru I65584973

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2024.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



May 16, 2024

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Job 24052574	Truss A1GE	Truss Type COMMON SUPPORTED GAB	Qty 2	Ply 1	BCTH-31 Job Reference (optional)	165584968
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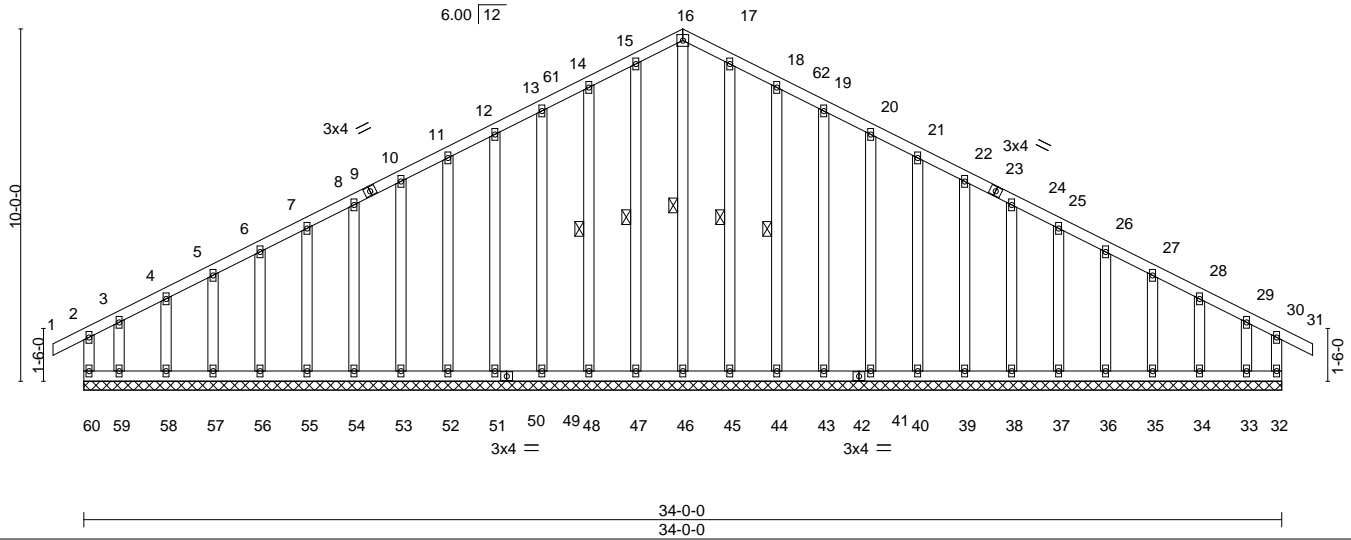
The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052,

8.730 s Apr 25 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 14 19:24:23 2024 Page 1
ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-M0NSyOdSfFNY19Ao1IzWZDGLio6q?paglpdH_OzGUh6

-0-10-8 17-0-0 34-0-0 34-10-8
0-10-8 17-0-0 17-0-0 34-10-8 0-10-8

4x4 =

Scale = 1:65.4



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.17	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.09	Vert(LL) -0.00 31 n/r 120		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.10	Vert(CT) -0.00 31 n/r 120		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-R	Horz(CT) -0.00 32 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014			Weight: 310 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-	BRACING-
TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2	BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3	WEBS 1 Row at midpt 16-46, 15-47, 14-48, 17-45, 18-44
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3	

REACTIONS. All bearings 34-0-0.
(lb) - Max Horz 60=-175(LC 14)
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 32, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33 except 60=-135(LC 14), 59=-136(LC 15)
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 60, 32, 46, 47, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 45, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
TOP CHORD 12-13=-85/272, 13-14=-95/299, 14-15=-106/330, 15-16=-109/341, 16-17=-109/336, 17-18=-106/325, 18-19=-95/293, 19-20=-85/266

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3) -0-10-8 to 2-4-0, Exterior(2) 2-4-0 to 17-0-0, Corner(3) 17-0-0 to 20-4-13, Exterior(2) 20-4-13 to 34-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load); Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow); Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
 - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
 - Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
 - Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 32, 48, 49, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 44, 43, 41, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33 except (jt=lb) 60=135, 59=136.



May 16, 2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

ENGINEERING BY
TRENCO
A MiTek Affiliate
818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job 24052574	Truss A2	Truss Type COMMON	Qty 2	Ply 1	BCTH-31 Job Reference (optional)	165584969
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The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052,

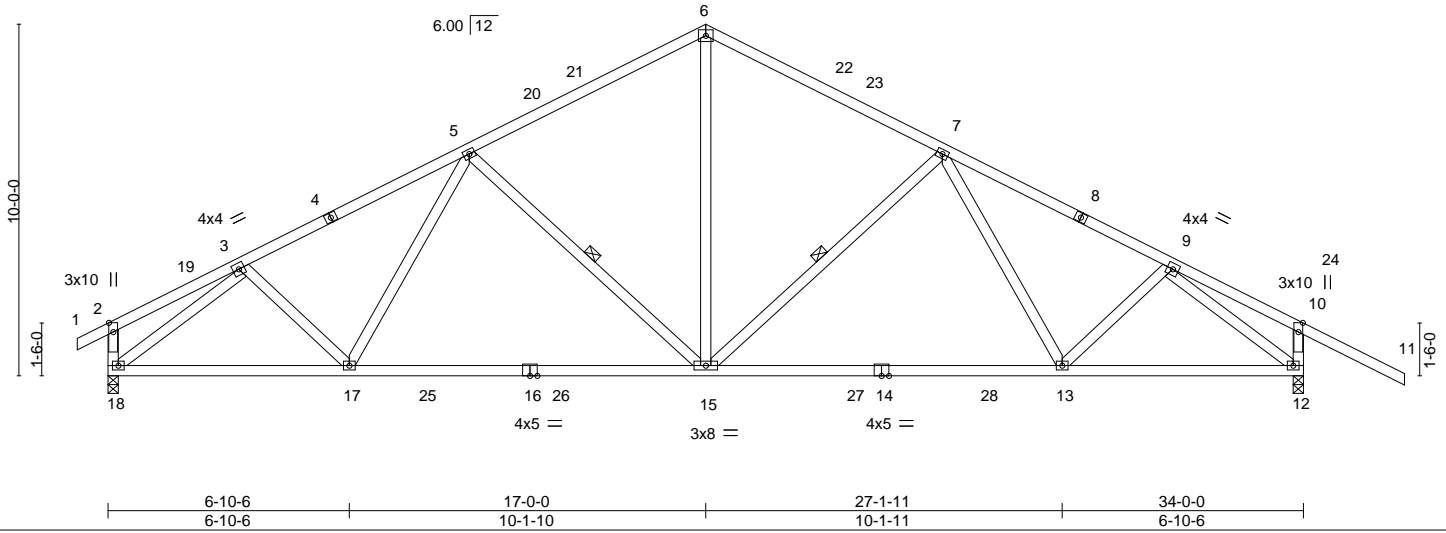
8.730 s Apr 25 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 14 19:24:24 2024 Page 1

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4x5 =

Scale = 1:65.5



LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.71	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.83	Vert(LL) -0.24 13-15 >999 240		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.84	Vert(CT) -0.46 15-17 >877 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.08 12 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014			Weight: 203 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*
 14-16: 2x4 SP No.1
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-6-12 oc purlins, except end verticals.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
 WEBS 1 Row at midpt 7-15, 5-15

REACTIONS.

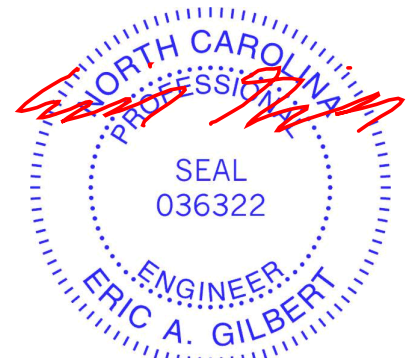
(size) 18=0-3-8, 12=0-3-8
 Max Horz 18=-187(LC 14)
 Max Uplift 18=-33(LC 16), 12=-88(LC 16)
 Max Grav 18=1402(LC 2), 12=1537(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-5=-1821/133, 5-6=-1429/175, 6-7=-1429/164, 7-9=-1786/114, 10-12=-273/169
 BOT CHORD 17-18=-5/1538, 15-17=0/1606, 13-15=0/1507, 12-13=0/1359
 WEBS 6-15=-25/889, 7-15=-476/117, 9-13=0/277, 5-15=-495/121, 3-18=-1801/82, 9-12=-1867/96

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-6-5, Interior(1) 2-6-5 to 17-0-0, Exterior(2) 17-0-0 to 20-4-13, Interior(1) 20-4-13 to 36-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load); Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15; Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow); Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15; Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- All plates are 3x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 18, 12.



May 16, 2024

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818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job 24052574	Truss A3	Truss Type COMMON	Qty 7	Ply 1	BCTH-31	165584970
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The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052,

8.730 s Apr 25 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 14 19:24:25 2024 Page 1

ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdI9zatAq-IOVcN4fiBsdf_SJB9j0_eeLYtcchTWWEyC76O2GzGUh4

-0-10-8	3-10-1	8-10-4	17-0-0	23-9-13	30-0-15	34-0-0	36-10-8
0-10-8	3-10-1	5-0-3	8-1-12	6-9-13	6-3-2	3-11-1	2-10-8

Scale = 1:74.5

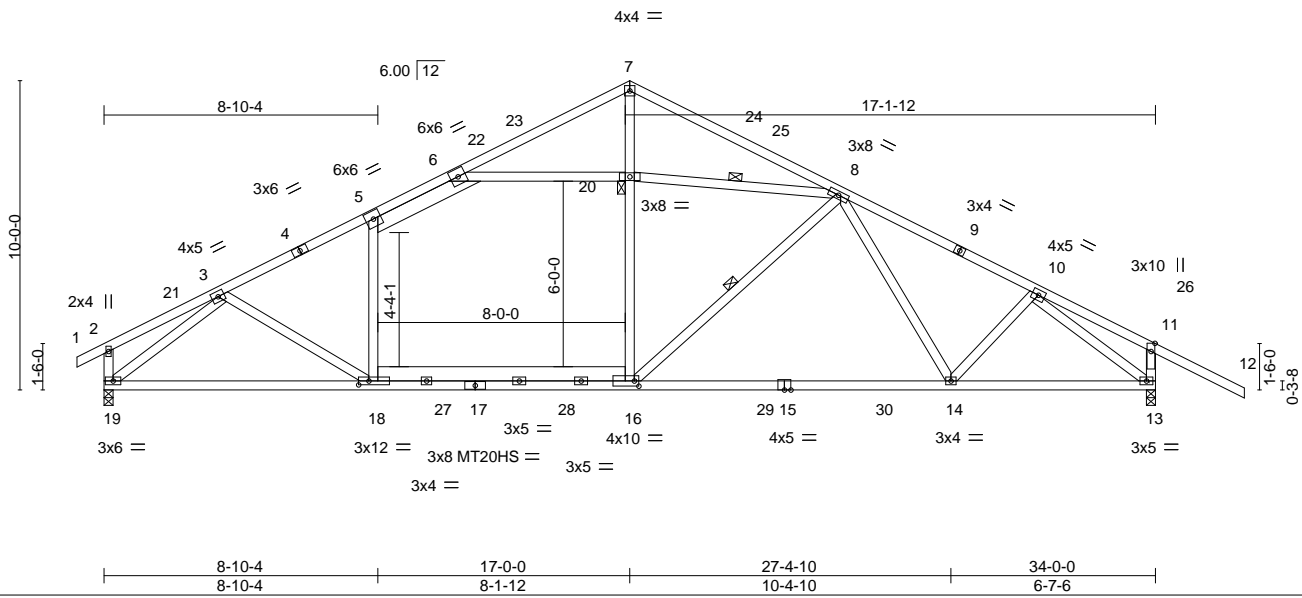


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [16:0-1-12,0-2-0], [18:0-4-0,0-1-8]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.77	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.80	Vert(LL) -0.23 14-16 >999 240	MT20HS	187/143
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.92	Vert(CT) -0.45 18-19 >908 180		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-S	Horz(CT) 0.08 13 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014			Weight: 235 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 *Except*
1-4,9-12: 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 *Except*
16-18: 2x6 SP No.1, 15-17: 2x4 SP DSS
WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 *Except*
7-16,5-18,6-20: 2x4 SP No.2, 5-6: 2x6 SP No.1

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-5-6 oc purlins, except end verticals.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.
WEBS 1 Row at midpt 8-16, 8-20
JOINTS 1 Brace at Jt(s): 20

REACTIONS.

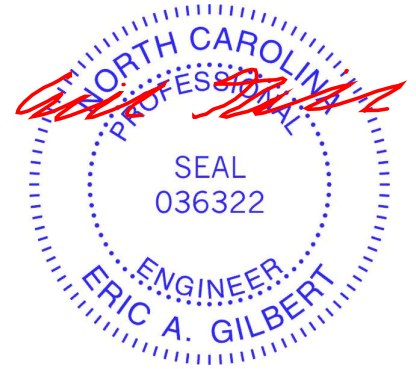
(size) 13=0-3-8, 19=0-3-8
Max Horz 19=-187(LC 14)
Max Uplift 13=-32(LC 16)
Max Grav 13=1600(LC 29), 19=1540(LC 28)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 3-5=-2064/0, 5-6=-1851/37, 6-7=-872/0, 7-8=-876/0, 8-10=-1959/25, 11-13=-287/170
BOT CHORD 18-19=0/1724, 16-18=0/1853, 14-16=0/1691, 13-14=0/1499
WEBS 16-20=0/586, 7-20=-30/541, 8-16=-243/381, 10-14=0/318, 10-13=-2013/7, 5-18=0/305, 6-20=-1297/125, 8-20=-1295/125, 3-19=-1996/0

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=34ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-6-5, Interior(1) 2-6-5 to 17-0-0, Exterior(2) 17-0-0 to 20-4-13, Interior(1) 20-4-13 to 36-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 150.0lb AC unit load placed on the bottom chord, 12-10-4 from left end, supported at two points, 4-0-0 apart.
- All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 13.



May 16, 2024

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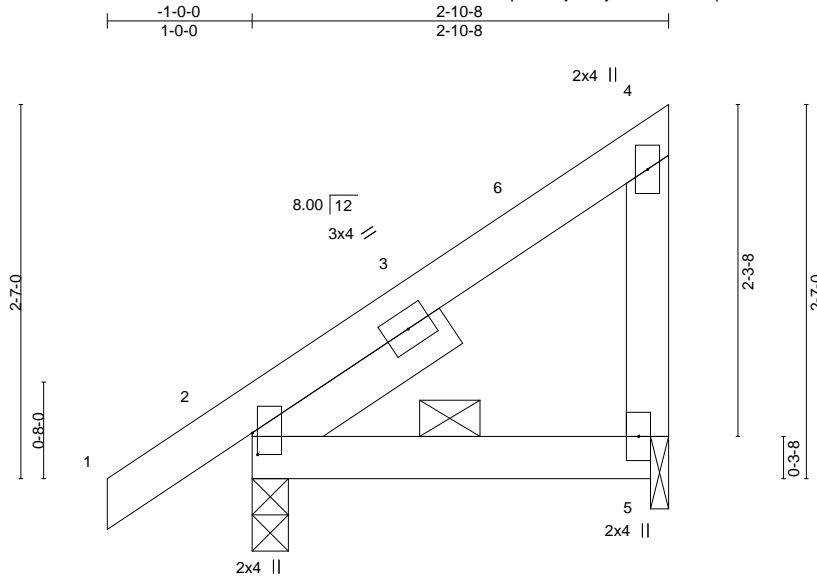
818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	BCTH-31	165584971
24052574	B1GE	MONOPITCH STRUCTURAL	2	1	Job Reference (optional)	

The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052,

8.730 s Apr 25 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 14 19:24:25 2024 Page 1

ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-IOVcN4fiBsdF_SJB9j0_eeLiucnSTkfyC76O2GzGUh4



Scale: 3/4"=1'

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-1-13,0-0-7]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.13	Vert(LL)	0.01	2-5	>999	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.08	Vert(CT)	-0.01	2-5	>999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014						Weight: 17 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-6-13

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-10-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.
 BOT CHORD 1-6-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-0, 5=0-1-8
 Max Horz 2=65(LC 14)
 Max Uplift 2=-33(LC 14), 5=-40(LC 14)
 Max Grav 2=180(LC 2), 5=98(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 2-8-12 zone; cantilever left exposed ; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 8) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 5.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.



May 16, 2024

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818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	BCTH-31	165584972
24052574	B2	MONOPITCH	3	1		

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8.730 s Apr 25 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 14 19:24:26 2024 Page 1

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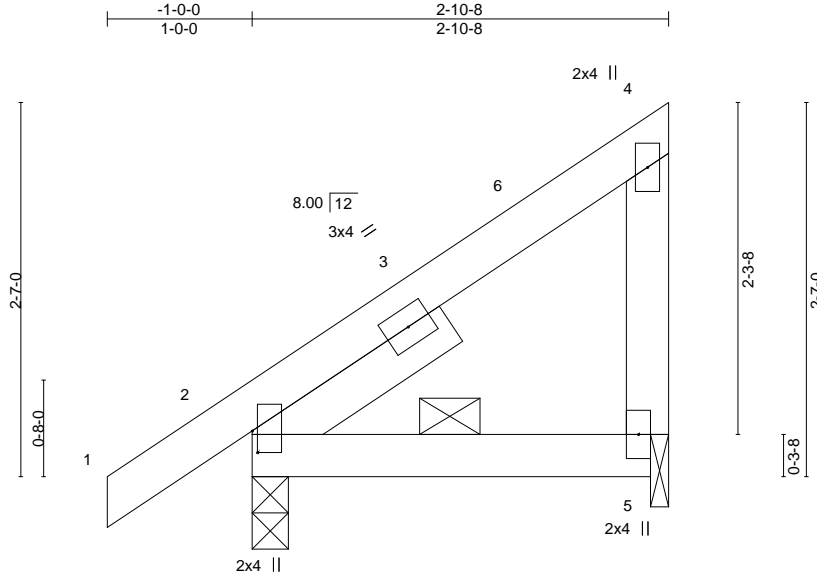


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-1-13,0-0-7]

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	in (loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.13	Vert(LL)	0.01 2-5	>999	240	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.08	Vert(CT)	-0.01 2-5	>999	180		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.00	Horz(CT)	0.00	n/a	n/a		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P						
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014						Weight: 17 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3
 SLIDER Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-6-13

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 2-10-8 oc purlins, except end verticals.
 BOT CHORD 1-6-0 oc bracing.

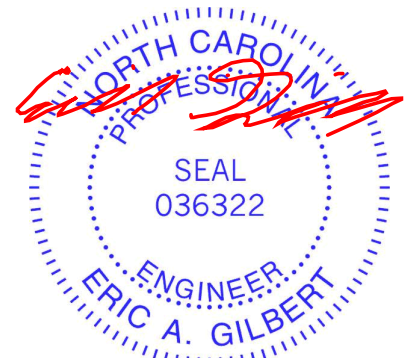
REACTIONS.

(size) 2=0-3-0, 5=0-1-8
 Max Horz 2=65(LC 14)
 Max Uplift 2=-33(LC 14), 5=-40(LC 14)
 Max Grav 2=180(LC 2), 5=98(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Exterior(2) -1-0-0 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 2-8-12 zone; cantilever left exposed ; end vertical left exposed; porch left exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- 3) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 5) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 6) Bearing at joint(s) 5 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 5.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 5.



May 16, 2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

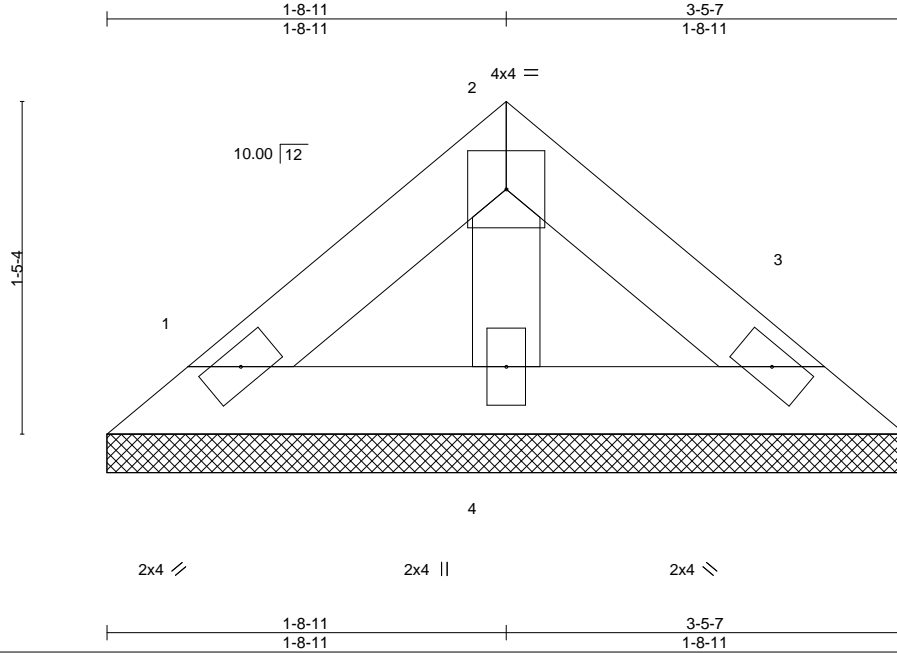


818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

Job 24052574	Truss V1GE	Truss Type Valley	Qty 1	Ply 1	BCTH-31 Job Reference (optional)	I65584973
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The Building Center, Gastonia, NC - 28052,

8.730 s Apr 25 2024 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue May 14 19:24:26 2024 Page 1
ID:H2zpl0AR6jHNSycZatkdl9zatAq-mb3_aQfKxAl6ccuNjQXDBrutA08jCBk6RnsxaizGUh3



Scale = 1:10.0

LOADING (psf)	SPACING-	CSI.	DEFL.	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof) 20.0	2-0-0	TC 0.03	in (loc) l/defl L/d	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0	Plate Grip DOL 1.15	BC 0.02	Vert(LL) n/a - n/a 999		
TCDL 10.0	Lumber DOL 1.15	WB 0.01	Vert(CT) n/a - n/a 999		
BCLL 0.0 *	Rep Stress Incr YES	Matrix-P	Horz(CT) 0.00 3 n/a n/a		
BCDL 10.0	Code IRC2015/TPI2014			Weight: 12 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2
OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING-

TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-5-7 oc purlins.
BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

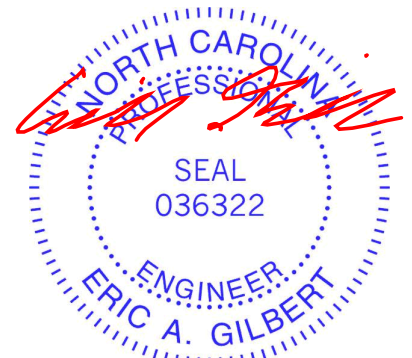
REACTIONS.

(size) 1=3-5-7, 3=3-5-7, 4=3-5-7
Max Horz 1=20(LC 13)
Max Uplift 1=-7(LC 14), 3=-7(LC 14)
Max Grav 1=61(LC 2), 3=61(LC 2), 4=90(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=120mph Vasd=95mph; TCCL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional) and C-C Corner(3) zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed;C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load; Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow; Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- Gable studs spaced at 1-4-0 oc.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.



May 16, 2024

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

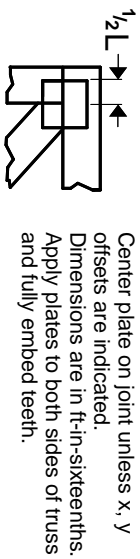
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPH Quality Criteria and DSB-22** available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and **BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)

ENGINEERING BY
TRENCO
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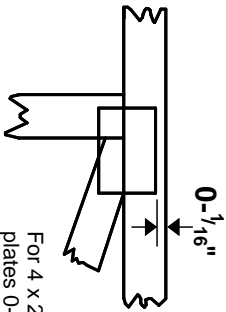
818 Soundside Road
Edenton, NC 27932

Symbols

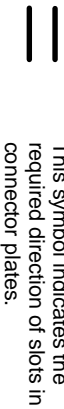
PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- 1/16\" from outside edge of truss.



This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

* Plate location details available in MITek software or upon request.

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

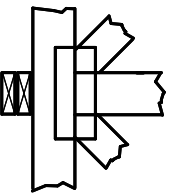
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number/letter where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

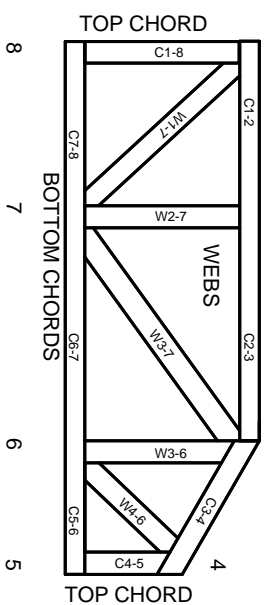
Industry Standards:

ANSI/TP1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-22: Design Standard for Bracing.
BCSI: Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System



1 TOP CHORDS
2 Joint ID
3 typ.



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282
ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TP1 section 6.3. These truss designs rely on Lumber values established by others.

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General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability/bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TP1 1.
7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TP1 1.
8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TP1 1 Quality Criteria.
21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.

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MITek Engineering Reference Sheet: MIL-7473 rev. 1/2/2023