

ReBUILD NC

TO:

Paula Sue Copley 3110 Overhills Rd Bunnlevel NC 28323 DATE: 3/7/2022 APPLICATION ID: APP-05552 INSPECTION RECORD ID: INSP-0005702 P.O. Box 110465 Durham, NC 27709

www.rebuild.nc.gov

833-ASK-RBNC

Dear Paula Sue Copley:

Per the contract outlined by The North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency (NCORR), HORNE performed a limited asbestos inspection for the residence located at 3080 Overhills Rd, Bunnlevel, NC 28323. The inspection was performed by Kevin Fowler (NC Asbestos Inspector #13299 on 2/14/2022) and limited to the accessible areas of the roof.

ASBESTOS REPORT

METHODOLOGY

Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM)

In order to complete the required ACM Survey, EI performed this survey in general accordance with 40 CFR 763 Subpart E. The survey and sampling methods used as part of this survey are described below.

ACM Visual Survey Methodology

For the building structure a limited visual survey of building materials within the designated construction area was completed. The purpose of this was for the certified inspection staff to identify the locations of all suspected ACM. The inspector touched all suspected ACM to determine whether they are friable or non-friable materials. Based upon the AHERA regulations, friable materials can be determined as those materials, that when dry, may be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure, and includes non-friable materials that have become damaged to a point where they may also meet this determination. This visual survey was also completed to identify all homogeneous areas of suspected ACM and to assess the physical condition of each of these materials.

A homogeneous area is defined as an area of surfacing material, thermal system insulation material, or miscellaneous material that is uniform in color and texture. Once these homogeneous areas are established for the various inspected building, bulk samples were collected per the sampling methodology described below.

ACM Sampling Methodology

All sampling methods were collected in general accordance with NESHAP regulations. Depending on the type of building materials, various sampling methodologies were employed and are described below.

Surfacing Materials

Surfacing materials are defined as material that is sprayed-on, troweled-on, or otherwise applied to surfaces, such as acoustical plaster on ceilings and fireproofing materials on structural members, or other materials on



surfaces for acoustical, fireproofing, or other purposes. All surfacing materials were collected with at least three (3) bulk samples by an accredited inspector in a statistically random manner that is representative of the previously identified homogeneous area.

Miscellaneous Materials

Miscellaneous materials are defined as building material on structural components, structural members or fixtures, such as floor and ceiling tiles, and does not include surfacing material or TSI. All miscellaneous materials were collected by an accredited inspector in a manner sufficient to determine whether material is ACM or not ACM. An accredited inspector collected bulk samples from each identified homogeneous area.

Thermal System Insulation

Thermal System Insulation (TSI) includes pipe insulation, boiler insulation, tank insulation, any insulation and other insulation needed for heating/cooling processes. At least three (3) samples of TSI were collected in a statistically random matter.

EPA Method 600/R-93/116

The analysis includes testing of bulk building materials for asbestos by performing a visual estimation using the EPA Method 600/R-93/116. This method is the most widely used method for estimating asbestos in bulk building materials and works well for most sample types. However, it might require a more detailed method like point counting for accurate estimation of asbestos in samples with low asbestos concentration. This method is also not applicable for samples containing large amounts of fine fibers below the resolution of the PLM (< 0.3 microns). The method separates the sample material into various layers based on their morphology and then detects for the presence of the different asbestos fibers in each of these layers. The report will express the percentage of the different asbestos fibers detected in each of the different layers based upon the visual estimation.

ACM Analytical Methodology

An appropriate number of samples, per the described methodology, were collected and submitted for analysis to Eurofins CEI, an NC NVLAP accredited laboratory. Samples were analyzed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy. Per the EPA if any homogenous material contains >1% asbestos by weight that material is considered asbestos containing and is therefore regulated. A positive stop protocol was also employed. This directive to the lab stops analysis of samples at the first positive analysis of a homogeneous material group, eliminating multiple analyses of the same material.

EPA allows the drywall system components (wallboard, tape and joint compound) to be composited for analysis. See 40 CFR Part 61 (FRL-4821-7) "Asbestos NESHAP Clarification Regarding Analysis of Multi-layered Systems" as published on page 542 of the Federal Register Vol. 59, No. 3 dated January 8th, 1994.

Occupational Safety and Health Administrations (OSHA) considers any percentage of asbestos fiber in building material as a hazard and the building owner must ensure demolition contractor adhere all OSHA regulations regarding building materials containing asbestos fiber.

ReBuild NC is a program of the North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency. NCORR is a division of the North Carolina Department of Public Safety.



ReBUILD



FINDINGS/RESULTS

Suspect asbestos-containing materials that were visible/accessible within the residence consisted of the following:

- Roof Sealant
- ☑ Of the suspected asbestos containing materials collected, none were found by analytical analysis to be regulated asbestos materials (>1% by weight).

OR

□ Of the suspected asbestos containing materials collected, the following were found by analytical analysis to be regulated asbestos materials (>1% by weight). These materials are summarized below:

Material	Location	Condition	Approximate Quantity

OR

□ The following suspect asbestos-containing material was identified but not sampled due to accessibility and are presumed as asbestos-containing:

Material	Location	Condition	Approximate Quantity

CONCLUSION/RECOMMENDATIONS

□ If the above identified materials containing >1% asbestos are to be disturbed the owner must then adhere to all local, state, and federal regulations regarding the removal and disposal of asbestos containing materials (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants, Section 40 CFR Part 61.150). Any additional suspect materials identified outside of this survey should be presumed positive for ACM until further testing is completed.

OR

Any additional suspect materials identified outside of this survey should be presumed positive for ACM until further testing is completed.

Enclosed, please find copies of all chains of custody, laboratory analytical data, and licensure. If you have any questions regarding this information, please feel free to contact me at <u>Landon.West@rebuild.nc.gov</u> at your earliest convenience.





Sincerely,

Landon West Inspection Lead

Low Went

ReBuild NC Homeowner Recovery Program

Enclosed:

- Appendix A: Chain of Custody & Laboratory Analytical Data
- Appendix B: Certifications & Licensure
- Appendix C: Photographs





DEFINITIONS/ ACRONYMS

ABS: Asbestos Building Survey

ACM: Asbestos Containing Materials, or any material or product which contains more than one (1) percent asbestos

AHERA: Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act

Asbestos: The asbestiform varieties of: chrysotile (serpentine); crocidolite (riebeckite); amosite (cummingtonite grunerite); anthophyllite; tremolite; and actinolite.

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations

EPA: United States Environmental Protection Agency

Friable Asbestos Material: Any material containing more than one (1) percent asbestos as determined by Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, can be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure. If the asbestos content is less than ten (10) percent as determined by a method other than point counting by polarized light microscopy (PLM), verify the asbestos content by point counting using PLM

Homogenous Area: An area of surfacing material, thermal system insulation material, or miscellaneous material that is uniform in color and texture

HUD: United States Department of Housing and Urban Development

NCDEQ: North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality NCORR: North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency

NESHAP: National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants

Non-friable Asbestos Containing Material: Any material containing more than one (1) percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in appendix E, subpart E, 40 CFR part 763, section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy, that, when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Presumed Asbestos Containing Material (PACM): Thermal system insulation and surfacing material found in buildings. The designation of a material as "PACM" may be rebutted pursuant to paragraph (j)(8) of this section. (29 CFR 1910.1001(b))

ReBuild NC: North Carolina program for disaster recovery activities due to Hurricane Matthew and Hurricane Florence



Appendix A: Chain of Custody & Laboratory Analytical Data



February 21, 2022

Horne LLP 200 Park Offices Drive Durham, NC 27709

CLIENT PROJECT:APP-05552, Asbestos Roof SamplesCEI LAB CODE:B223780

CEI

Dear Customer:

Enclosed are asbestos analysis results for PLM Bulk samples received at our laboratory on February 16, 2022. The samples were analyzed for asbestos using polarizing light microscopy (PLM) per the EPA 600 Method.

Sample results containing >1% asbestos are considered asbestos-containing materials (ACMs) per EPA regulatory requirements. The detection limit for the EPA 600 Method is <1% asbestos by weight as determined by visual estimation.

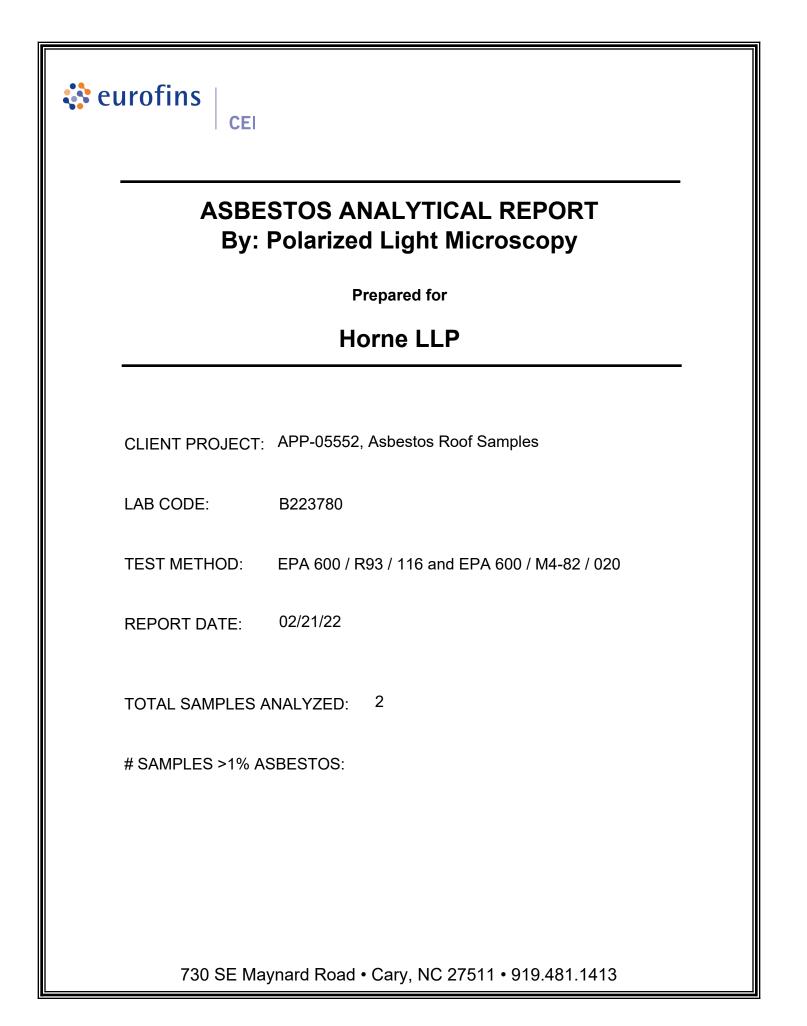
Thank you for your business and we look forward to continuing good relations.

Kind Regards,

Mansas Di

Tianbao Bai, Ph.D., CIH Laboratory Director







Asbestos Report Summary

By: POLARIZING LIGHT MICROSCOPY

PROJECT: APP-05552, Asbestos Roof Samples

LAB CODE: B223780

METHOD: EPA 600 / R93 / 116 and EPA 600 / M4-82 / 020

					ASBESTOS
Client ID	Layer	Lab ID	Color	Sample Description	%
001A		B223780.1	White,Gray	Sealant	None Detected
001B	Layer 1	B223780.2	White,Gray	Sealant	None Detected
	Layer 2	B223780.2	Silver	Sealant	None Detected



ASBESTOS BULK ANALYSIS

By: POLARIZING LIGHT MICROSCOPY

CEI

Client: Horne LLP 200 Park Offices Drive Durham, NC 27709
 Lab Code:
 B223780

 Date Received:
 02-16-22

 Date Analyzed:
 02-21-22

 Date Reported:
 02-21-22

Project: APP-05552, Asbestos Roof Samples

ASBESTOS BULK PLM, EPA 600 METHOD **NON-ASBESTOS COMPONENTS** Client ID ASBESTOS Lab Lab Description Lab ID Attributes **Fibrous Non-Fibrous** % 100% None Detected 001A Sealant Heterogeneous Caulk B223780.1 White,Gray <1% Paint Non-fibrous Bound 001B Sealant Heterogeneous 100% Caulk None Detected Layer 1 White, Gray <1% Paint B223780.2 Non-fibrous Bound 100% Binder None Detected Layer 2 Sealant Heterogeneous B223780.2 Silver <1% Paint Non-fibrous Bound



CEI

LEGEND:	Non-Anth	= Non-Asbestiform Anthophyllite
	Non-Trem	= Non-Asbestiform Tremolite
	Calc Carb	= Calcium Carbonate

METHOD: EPA 600 / R93 / 116 and EPA 600 / M4-82 / 020

REPORTING LIMIT: <1% by visual estimation

REPORTING LIMIT FOR POINT COUNTS: 0.25% by 400 Points or 0.1% by 1,000 Points

REGULATORY LIMIT: >1% by weight

Due to the limitations of the EPA 600 method, nonfriable organically bound materials (NOBs) such as vinyl floor tiles can be difficult to analyze via polarized light microscopy (PLM). EPA recommends that all NOBs analyzed by PLM, and found not to contain asbestos, be further analyzed by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM). Please note that PLM analysis of dust and soil samples for asbestos is not covered under NVLAP accreditation. Estimated measurement of uncertainty is available on request.

This report relates only to the samples tested or analyzed and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by Eurofins CEI. Eurofins CEI makes no warranty representation regarding the accuracy of client submitted information in preparing and presenting analytical results. Interpretation of the analytical results is the sole responsibility of the client. Samples were received in acceptable condition unless otherwise noted. This report may not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any other agency of the U.S. Government.

Information provided by customer includes customer sample ID and sample description.

ANALYST:

Kathryn Wescott

APPROVED BY:

Tianbao Bai, Ph.D., CIH Laboratory Director



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CHAIN OF CUSTODY

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730 SE Maynard Road, Cary, NC 27511 Tel: 866-481-1412; Fax: 919-481-1442 LAB USE ONLY:

CEI Lab Code:

B223780

CEI Lab I.D. Range:

COMPANY INFORMATION	PROJECT INFORMATION
CEI CLIENT #:	Job Contact: Kevin Fowler
Company: Horne LLP	Email / Tel: kevin.fowler@hornellp.com
Address: 1645 fawn lane, Creedmoor, nc 27522	Project Name: APP# OSSSZ
	Project ID#: ASBESTOS ROOF SAMPLES
Email: kevin.fowler@hornellp.com	PO #:
Tel:919024818 Fax:	STATE SAMPLES COLLECTED IN:

IF TAT IS NOT MARKED STANDARD 3 DAY TAT APPLIES.

		TURN AROUND TIME					
ASBESTOS	METHOD	4 HR	8 HR	1 DAY	2 DAY	3 DAY	5 DAY
PLM BULK	EPA 600					Х	
PLM POINT COUNT (400)	EPA 600						
PLM POINT COUNT (1000)	EPA 600						
PLM GRAV w POINT COUNT	EPA 600						
PLM BULK	CARB 435						
PCM AIR*	NIOSH 7400						
TEM AIR	EPA AHERA						
TEM AIR	NIOSH 7402						
TEM AIR (PCME)	ISO 10312						
TEM AIR	ASTM 6281-15						
TEM BULK	CHATFIELD						
TEM DUST WIPE	ASTM D6480-05 (2010)						
TEM DUST MICROVAC	ASTM D5755-09 (2014)						
TEM SOIL	ASTM D7521-16						
TEM VERMICULITE	CINCINNATI METHOD						
TEM QUALITATIVE	IN-HOUSE METHOD						
OTHER:							
Blanks should be taken from the same s REMARKS / SPECIAL IN							
					A AD	ccept Sampl	es
						eject Sample	es
Relinquished By:	Date/Time		Recei	ved By:		Date/Time	
Kevin Fowler	2/15/22 50	span		JB	3-116	5:	96
Kn					Manajara	0000.01	
Samples will be disposed of	f 30 davs after analysis				Page	CCOC.01.	10. 112.LD

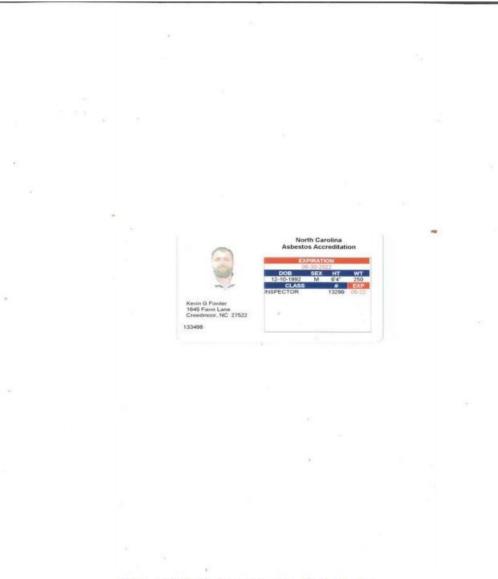


SAMPLING FORM

COMPANY CONTACT INFORMATION	
Company: Horne LLP	Job Contact: Kevin Fowler
Project Name: APP# 05552	
Project ID #: ASBESTOS ROOF SAMPLES	Tel: 919-802-4818

		VOLUME/		
SAMPLE ID#	DESCRIPTION / LOCATION	AREA	TES	F
001A	Root Sealant	comp	PLM 🗶	
001B	Roof Sealant	comp	PLM Z	TEM
			PLM	TEM
			PLM	TEM
				TEM
			PLM	
			PLM	TEM
			PLM	TEM
				TEM
			PLM	
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			PLM	TEM

Appendix B: Certifications & Licensure



13299, 06/30/2022, North Carolina, Kevin Fowler

Appendix C: Photographs

Photo Log APP-05552





Environmental, Health and Safety Solutions.™



November 24, 2020

Dewberry Engineers, Inc. - ReBuild Phase 2 1545 Peachtree Street NE, Suite 250 Atlanta, Georgia 30309

RE: Asbestos Inspection 3110 Overhills Road, Bunnlevel, North Carolina 28323 El Project No: IHMO200333.00 ReBuild NC Batch ID: APP-05552, INSP-0005702

Dear Ms. Paula Sue Copley:

Per the contract outlined by The North Carolina Office of Recovery and Resiliency (NCORR), The EI Group, Inc. performed a limited asbestos inspection for the residence located at 3110 Overhills Road in Bunnlevel, North Carolina. The inspection was performed by Mr. Curtis Duncan (NC Asbestos Inspector #10649) on November 11, 2020 and limited to the residence's accessible interior and exterior (roofing materials were excluded).

Methodology

Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM)

In order to complete the required ACM Survey, EI performed this survey in general accordance with 40 CFR 763 Subpart E. The survey and sampling methods used as part of this survey are described below.

ACM Visual Survey Methodology

For the building structure a limited visual survey of building materials within the designated construction area was completed. The purpose of this was for the certified inspection staff to identify the locations of all suspected ACM. The inspector touched all suspected ACM to determine whether they are friable or non-friable materials. Based upon the AHERA regulations, friable materials can be determined as those materials, that when dry, may be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure, and includes non-friable materials that have become damaged to a point where they may also meet this determination. This visual survey was also completed to identify all homogeneous areas of suspected ACM and to assess the physical condition of each of these materials. A

homogeneous area is defined as an area of surfacing material, thermal system insulation material, or miscellaneous material that is uniform in color and texture. Once these homogeneous areas are established for the various inspected building, bulk samples were collected per the sampling methodology described below.

ACM Sampling Methodology

All sampling methods were collected in general accordance with NESHAP regulations. Depending on the type of building materials, various sampling methodologies were employed and are described below.

Surfacing Materials

Surfacing materials are defined as material that is sprayed-on, troweled-on, or otherwise applied to surfaces, such as acoustical plaster on ceilings and fireproofing materials on structural members, or other materials on surfaces for acoustical, fireproofing, or other purposes. All surfacing materials were collected with at least three (3) bulk samples by an accredited inspector in a statistically random manner that is representative of the previously identified homogeneous area.

Miscellaneous Materials

Miscellaneous materials are defined as building material on structural components, structural members or fixtures, such as floor and ceiling tiles, and does not include surfacing material or TSI. All miscellaneous materials were collected by an accredited inspector in a manner sufficient to determine whether material is ACM or not ACM. An accredited inspector collected bulk samples from each identified homogeneous area.

Thermal System Insulation

Thermal System Insulation (TSI) includes pipe insulation, boiler insulation, tank insulation, any insulation and other insulation needed for heating/cooling processes. At least three (3) samples of TSI were collected in a statistically random matter.

ACM Analytical Methodology

An appropriate number of samples, per the described methodology, were collected and submitted for analysis to Eurofins CEI, an NC NVLAP accredited laboratory. Samples were analyzed by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) 600/R-93/116 Method using Polarized Light Microscopy. Per the EPA if any homogenous material contains >1% asbestos by weight that material is considered asbestos containing and is therefore regulated. A positive stop protocol was also employed. This directive to the lab stops analysis of samples at the first positive analysis of a homogeneous material group, eliminating multiple analyses of the same material.

EPA allows the drywall system components (wallboard, tape and joint compound) to be composited for analysis. See 40 CFR Part 61 (FRL-4821-7) "Asbestos NESHAP Clarification Regarding Analysis of Multi-layered Systems" as published on page 542 of the Federal Register Vol. 59, No. 3 dated January 8th, 1994.

Occupational Safety and Health Administrations (OSHA) considers any percentage of asbestos fiber in building material as a hazard and the building owner must ensure demolition contractor adhere all OSHA regulations regarding building materials containing asbestos fiber.

Findings/Results

Suspect asbestos-containing materials that were visible/accessible within the residence consisted of the following:

- 004 Caulk, Window
- 003 Gypsum Wallboard
- 002 Brown Linoleum
- 001 Textured Ceiling Material (Popcorn)

Of the suspected asbestos containing materials collected, none were found by analytical analysis to be regulated asbestos materials (>1% by weight).

Conclusion/Recommendations

Any additional suspect materials identified outside of this survey should be presumed positive for ACM until further testing is completed.

Enclosed, please find copies of all chains of custody, laboratory analytical data, and licensure. If you have any questions regarding this information, please feel free to contact me at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely, The EI Group, Inc.

Husten Bollins - Sinton

Ms. Kristen Switzer Industrial Hygienist

Appendix A: Chain of Custody & Labratory Analytical Data Appendix B: Certifications & Licensure Appendix C: Sample Location Maps Appendix D: Photographs

APPENDIX A: CHAIN OF CUSTODY AND LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA



November 16, 2020

The El Group 2101 Gateway Centre Blvd., Ste. 200 Morrisville, NC 27560

CLIENT PROJECT:APP-05552, INSP-0005702, Paula Sue Copley, 3110 Overhills
Road, Bunnlevel, North Carolina 28323, IHMO200333.00CEI LAB CODE:B2010622

Dear Customer:

Enclosed are asbestos analysis results for PLM Bulk samples received at our laboratory on November 11, 2020. The samples were analyzed for asbestos using polarizing light microscopy (PLM) per the EPA 600 Method.

Sample results containing >1% asbestos are considered asbestos-containing materials (ACMs) per EPA regulatory requirements. The detection limit for the EPA 600 Method is <1% asbestos by weight as determined by visual estimation.

Thank you for your business and we look forward to continuing good relations.

Kind Regards,

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Tianbao Bai, Ph.D., CIH Laboratory Director



730 SE Maynard Road • Cary, NC 27511 • 919.481.1413

🔅 eurofins	
	STOS ANALYTICAL REPORT Polarized Light Microscopy
	Prepared for
	The El Group
CLIENT PROJECT:	APP-05552, INSP-0005702, Paula Sue Copley, 3110 Overhills Road, Bunnlevel, North Carolina 28323, IHMO200333.00
LAB CODE:	B2010622
TEST METHOD:	EPA 600 / R93 / 116 and EPA 600 / M4-82 / 020
REPORT DATE:	11/16/20
TOTAL SAMPLES /	ANALYZED: 9
# SAMPLES >1% A	SBESTOS



Asbestos Report Summary By: POLARIZING LIGHT MICROSCOPY

PROJECT: APP-05552, INSP-0005702, Paula Sue Copley, 3110 Overhills Road, Bunnlevel, North

LAB CODE: B2010622

METHOD: EPA 600 / R93 / 116 and EPA 600 / M4-82 / 020

Client ID	Layer	Lab ID	Color	Sample Description	ASBESTOS %
001A		B161788	White	Textured Ceiling	None Detected
001B		B161789	White	Textured Ceiling	None Detected
001 C		B161790	White	Textured Ceiling	None Detected
002A		B161791	Brown	Linoleum	None Detected
002B		B161792	Brown	Linoleum	None Detected
003A		B161793	Brown,Gray	Wallboard	None Detected
003B		B161794	Brown,Gray	Wallboard	None Detected
004A		B161795	White,Gray	Window Caulking	None Detected
004B		B161796	White,Gray	Window Caulking	None Detected

Page 1 of 1



ASBESTOS BULK ANALYSIS

By: POLARIZING LIGHT MICROSCOPY

Client: The El Group 2101 Gateway Centre Blvd., Ste. 200 Morrisville, NC 27560

Lab Code:	B2010622
Date Received:	11-11-20
Date Analyzed:	11-16-20
Date Reported:	11-16-20

Project: APP-05552, INSP-0005702, Paula Sue Copley, 3110 Overhills Road, Bunnlevel, North Carolina 28323, IHMO200333.00

Client ID	Lab	Lab	NO	N-ASBESTOS	ASBESTOS		
Lab ID	Des cription	Attributes	Fibr	ous	Non-I	Fib ro us	%
001A B161788	Textured Ceiling	ed Ceiling Heterogeneous White Non-fibrous Bound			55 % 35 % 10 %	Binder Silicates Paint	None Detected
001B B161789	Textured Ceiling	Heterogeneous White Non-fibrous Bound			55 % 35 % 10 %	Binder Silicates Paint	None Detected
001C B161790	Textured Ceiling	Heterogeneous White Non-fibrous Bound			55 % 35 % 10 %	Binder Silicates Paint	None Detected
002A B161791	Linoleum	Heterogeneous Brown Fibrous Bound	50%	Cellulose	50 %	Vinyl	None Detected
002 B B161792	Linoleum	Heterogeneous Brown Fibrous Bound	50%	Cellulose	50 %	Vinyl	None Detected
003A B161793	Wallboard	Heterogeneous Brown,Gray Fibrous Bound	20%	Cellulose	80%	Gypsum	None Detected
003B B161794	Wallboard	Heterogeneous Brown,Gray Fibrous Bound	20%	Cellulose	80 %	Gypsum	None Detected

Page 1 of 3



ASBESTOS BULK ANALYSIS

By: POLARIZING LIGHT MICROSCOPY

Client: The El Group 2101 Gateway Centre Blvd., Ste. 200 Morrisville, NC 27560
 Lab Code:
 B2010622

 Date Received:
 11-11-20

 Date Analyzed:
 11-16-20

 Date Reported:
 11-16-20

Project: APP-05552, INSP-0005702, Paula Sue Copley, 3110 Overhills Road, Bunnlevel, North Carolina 28323, IHMO200333.00

Client ID	Lab	Lab	NON-ASBESTOS COMPONENTS			ASBESTOS
Lab ID	Description	Attributes	Fibrous	Non-F	ib ro us	%
004A	Window Caulking	Heterogeneous		100%	Caulk	None Detected
B161795		White,Gray		<1%	Paint	
		Non-fibrous				
		Bound				
004 B	Window Caulking	Heterogeneous		100%	Caulk	None Detected
B161796		White, Gray		<1%	Paint	
		Non-fibrous				
		Bound				

Page 2 of 3



LEGEND: Non-Anth = Non-Asbestiform Anthop hyllite Non-Trem = Non-Asbestiform Tremolite Calc Carb = Calcium Carbonate

METHOD: EPA 600 / R93 / 116 and EPA 600 / M4-82 / 020

REPORTING LIMIT: <1% by visual estimation

REPORTING LIMIT FOR POINT COUNTS: 0.25% by 400 Points or 0.1% by 1,000 Points

REGULATORY LIMIT: >1% by weight

Due to the limitations of the EPA 600 method, nonfriable organically bound materials (NOBs) such as vinyl floor tiles can be difficult to analyze via polarized light microscopy (PLM). EPA recommends that all NOBs analyzed by PLM, and found not to contain asbestos, be further analyzed by Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM). Please note that PLM analysis of dust and soil samples for asbestos is not covered under NVLAP accreditation. *Estimated measurement of uncertainty is available on request.*

This report relates only to the samples tested or analyzed and may not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval by Eurofins CEI. Eurofins CEI makes no warranty representation regarding the accuracy of client submitted information in preparing and presenting analytical results. Interpretation of the analytical results is the sole responsibility of the client. Samples were received in acceptable condition unless otherwise noted. This report may not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any other agency of the U.S. Government.

Information provided by customer includes customer sample ID and sample description.

ANALYST:	Kathuyen Wescott	APPROVED BY: Man Sao Di
	Kathryn Wescott	Tianbao Bai, Ph.D., CIH
		Laboratory Director

Page 3 of 3



Chain of Custody

The El Group, Inc. 2101 Gateway Centre Boulevard, Suite 200

Morrisville, North Carolina 27560

EUROFINS CEI, INC SAMPLES ACCEPTED

+

Laboratory Notes

Stop after first positive for each HM

Laboratory: Eurofins CEI

Project: APP-05552, INSP-0005702 Additional Project Number: IHMO200333.00 Site Location: Paula Sue Copley 3110 Overhills Road Bunnlevel, North Carolina 28323 Sampled By: Ryan Bumpass (humpass@ei1.com) Purpose: NESHAP Compliance (Pre-Renovation/Pre-Demolition)

Turn-Around Time Request

3 Day

20070370370370275	
Samples	

Sample ID	Material	Floor / Section	Space	Analysis	
001A	001 - Textured Ceiling Material (Popcorn)	Main floor	Living Room	EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
001B	001 - Textured Ceiling Material (Popcorn) Main floor		Kitchen	EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
001C	001 - Textured Ceiling Material (Popcom)	Main floor	Bedroom 1	EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
002A	002 - Brown Linoleum	Main floor	Bathroom 1	EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
002B	002 - Brown Linoleum	Main floor	Kitchen	EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
003A	003 - Gypsum Wallboard	Main floor	Bedroom 3	EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
003B	003 - Gypsum Wallboard	Main floor	Bedroom 2	EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	

The El Group, Inc. - Chain of Custody For Dewberry Engineers, Inc. - ReBuild Phase 2 Paula Sue Copley - APP-05552, INSP-0005702

1 of 2

B20+0622

004A	004 - Caulk	Caulk, Window		Main floor		side a		EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
004B	004 - Caulk	k, Window		Mainfloor		side c		EPA Test Method 600/R-93/116 (PLM)	
			7						
Sampled By	Date	Time	-						
28	<u>ulji</u>	4:50							
Received By	Date	Time	Received By	Date	Time	Received By	Date	Time	
Relinquished By	Date	Time	Relinquished By	Date	Time	Relinquished By	Date	Time	
Analysis By	Date	Time	-						

The EI Group, Inc. - Chain of Custody For Dewberry Engineers, Inc. - ReBuild Phase 2 Paula Sue Copley - APP-05552, INSP-0005702

2 of 2

APPENDIX B: LICENSES AND CERTIFICATIONS



NC DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

ROY COOPER . Governor

MANDY COHEN, MD, MPH . Secretary

MARK T. BENTON • Assistant Secretary for Public Health,

Division of Public Health

November 2, 2020



Robert Curtis Duncan 925 Halsey Knob Rd Sparta, NC 28675 North Carolina Asbestos Accreditation

COLUMN STREET,	11:251	- Arton - Contest	
DOB	SEX	HT 5'7"	WT 120
05-29-1957 CLASS	M	#	EP
AIR MONITOR		80040 10649	10-21 10-21

Robert Curtis Duncan 925 Halsey Knob Rd Sparta, NC 28675

925 Halsey Knob R Sparta, NC 28675 130502

Dear Mr. Duncan:

Based upon the review of your accreditation application, the Health Hazards Control Unit (HHCU) has determined that you have fulfilled the requirements and are eligible for asbestos accreditation as a(n) INSPECTOR. Your assigned North Carolina accreditation number is 10649, which is reflected on your enclosed North Carolina Accreditation card. Please be sure to take this card with you to any asbestos work site where you are employed. The State requires that all persons conducting asbestos abatement or asbestos management activities be accredited and have their identification card on site.

Your North Carolina Inspector accreditation will expire on OCTOBER 31, 2021. It is NOT the policy of the HHCU to issue renewal notices. If you wish to continue working as a(n) Inspector after this expiration date, you must successfully complete the required training and submit a completed application to this office prior to October 31, 2021. If you should continue to perform asbestos management activities as a(n) Inspector without a valid North Carolina accreditation, you will be in violation of State regulations and may be cited for noncompliance.

Sincerely, -3 w

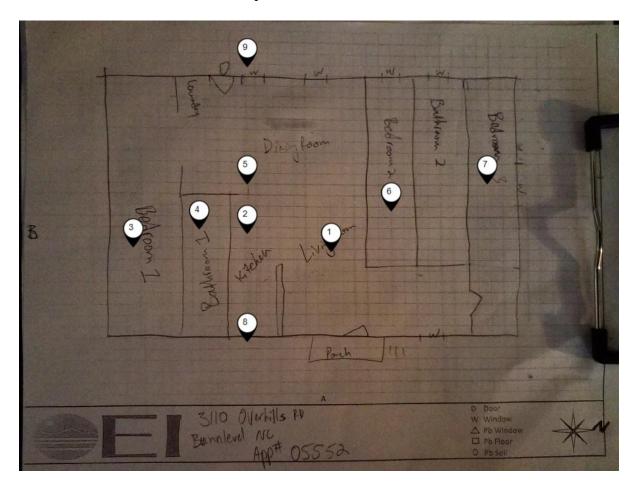
Ed Norman Program Manager Health Hazards Control Unit

Enclosure

NC DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES . DIVISION OF PUBLIC HEALTH

LOCATION: 5505 Six Forks Road, Building 1, Raleigh, NC 27609 MAILING ADDRESS: 1912 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, NC 27699-1912 www.ncdhhs.gov . TEL: 919-707-5950 . FAX: 919-870-4808

APPENDIX C: SAMPLE LOCATION MAPS



All Sample Locations for Main floor

Map ID	Sample ID	Section Name	Space Name	Material	Lab Result	Analytical Result
1	001A	Main floor	Living Room	001 - Textured Ceiling Material (Popcorn)	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
2	001B	Main floor	Kitchen	001 - Textured Ceiling Material (Popcorn)	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
3	001C	Main floor	Bedroom 1	001 - Textured Ceiling Material (Popcorn)	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
4	002A	Main floor	Bathroom 1	002 - Brown Linoleum	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
5	002B	Main floor	Kitchen	002 - Brown Linoleum	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
6	003A	Main floor	Bedroom 3	003 - Gypsum Wallboard	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
7	003B	Main floor	Bedroom 2	003 - Gypsum Wallboard	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
8	004A	Main floor	Side A	004 - Caulk, Window	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A
9	004B	Main floor	Side C	004 - Caulk, Window	Tested Negative by Lab (No Asbestos Detected)	N/A

APPENDIX D: PHOTOGRAPHS

Asbestos-Containing Material (Tested Greater Than 1%) Photographs

No images found for samples that have tested positive containing at least 1% asbestos

Asbestos-Containing Material (Assumed Positive) Photographs

No images found for homogenous materials that are assumed positive containing asbestos

Trace Positive Material (Equal to or Less Than 1% Asbestos) Photographs

No images found for samples that have tested positive containing less than or equal to 1% asbestos.

Materials That Tested Negative for Asbestos Photographs



001A, 001 - Textured Ceiling Material (Popcorn), Living Room, Main floor



003A, 003 - Gypsum Wallboard, Bedroom 3, Main floor



002A, 002 - Brown Linoleum, Bathroom 1, Main floor



003B, 003 - Gypsum Wallboard, Bedroom 2, Main floor



004A, 004 - Caulk, Window, Side A, Main floor



Living Room, Main floor



Bedroom 3, Main floor



Bedroom 1, Main floor

Elevation Photos



Side A



Side B



Side C



Side D