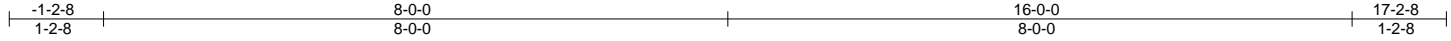


| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------|------------|-----|-----|----------------|-----------|
| Job | Truss | Truss Type | Qty | Ply | BARBOUR GARAGE | E14954774 |
| P20-10005 | T01 | Common | 15 | 1 | | |

Longleaf Truss Company, West End, NC - 27376,

8.330 s Jul 22 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 8 07:30:29 2020 Page 1

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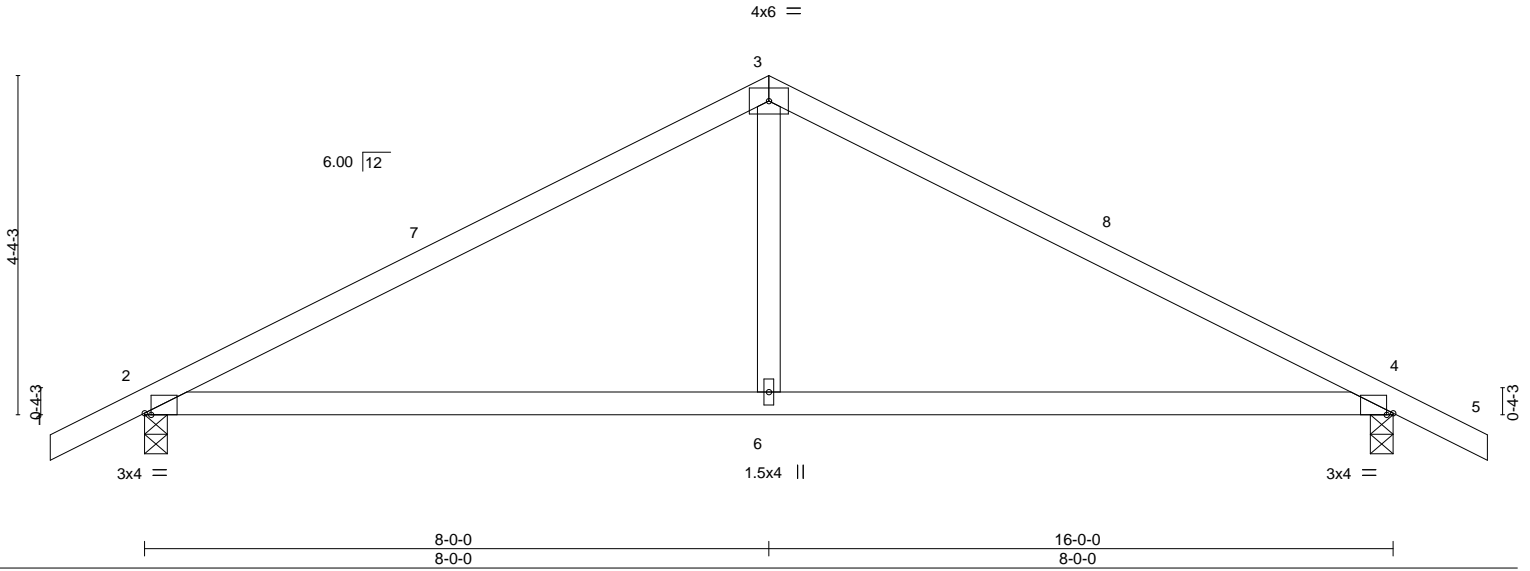


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-1-0,Edge], [4:0-1-0,Edge]

| LOADING (psf) | SPACING- | CSI. | DEFL. | in (loc) | l/defl | L/d | PLATES | GRIP |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------|----------------|----------|--------|-----|---------------|----------|
| TCLL (roof) 20.0 | 2-0-0 | TC 0.78 | Vert(LL) -0.08 | 2-6 | >999 | 240 | MT20 | 244/190 |
| Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 | Plate Grip DOL 1.15 | BC 0.51 | Vert(CT) -0.18 | 2-6 | >999 | 180 | | |
| TCDL 10.0 | Lumber DOL 1.15 | WB 0.15 | Horz(CT) 0.02 | 4 | n/a | n/a | | |
| BCLL 0.0 * | Rep Stress Incr YES | Matrix-S | | | | | | |
| BCDL 10.0 | Code IRC2018/TPI2014 | | | | | | Weight: 60 lb | FT = 20% |

LUMBER-
 TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1
 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1
 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3

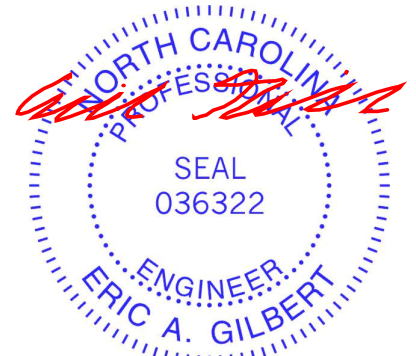
BRACING-
 TOP CHORD Sheathed or 3-10-14 oc purlins.
 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

REACTIONS. (size) 2=0-3-8, 4=0-3-8
 Max Horz 2=-79(LC 10)
 Max Uplift 2=-33(LC 12), 4=-33(LC 12)
 Max Grav 2=710(LC 2), 4=710(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.
 TOP CHORD 2-3=-890/13, 3-4=-890/0
 BOT CHORD 2-6=0/699, 4-6=0/699
 WEBS 3-6=0/383

NOTES-

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=12ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=4ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



October 8, 2020

WARNING - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 5/19/2020 BEFORE USE.

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANSI/TPI1 Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 2670 Crain Highway, Suite 203 Waldorf, MD 20601



818 Soundside Road
 Edenton, NC 27932

| | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------|------------------------|-----|-----|--------------------------|-----------|
| Job | Truss | Truss Type | Qty | Ply | BARBOUR GARAGE | E14954775 |
| P20-10005 | T01GE | Common Supported Gable | 2 | 1 | Job Reference (optional) | |

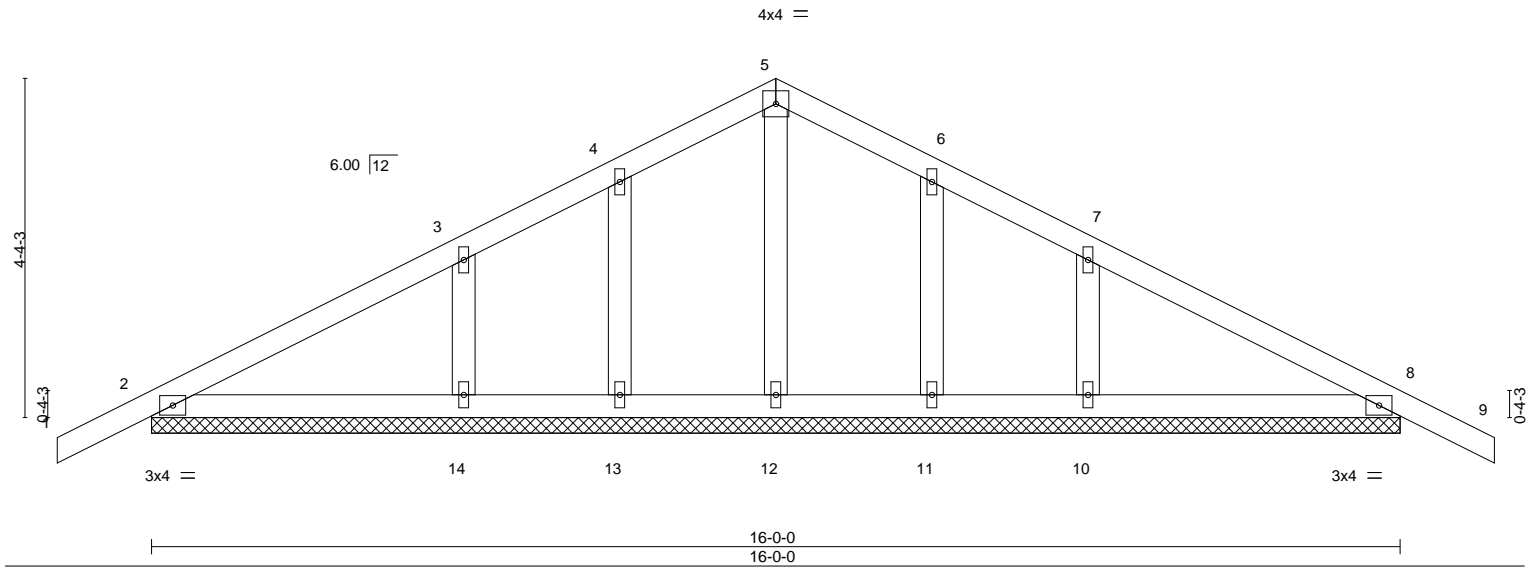
Longleaf Truss Company, West End, NC - 27376,

8.330 s Jul 22 2020 MiTek Industries, Inc. Thu Oct 8 07:30:30 2020 Page 1

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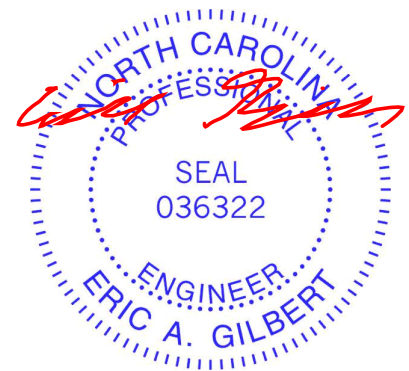
| LOADING (psf) | SPACING- | CSI. | DEFL. | PLATES | GRIP |
|------------------------|----------------------|----------|-------------------------|---------------|----------|
| TCLL (roof) 20.0 | 2-0-0 | TC 0.12 | in (loc) l/defl L/d | MT20 | 244/190 |
| Snow (Pf/Pg) 11.6/15.0 | Plate Grip DOL 1.15 | BC 0.08 | Vert(LL) 0.00 9 n/r 120 | | |
| TCDL 10.0 | Lumber DOL 1.15 | WB 0.05 | Vert(CT) 0.01 9 n/r 120 | | |
| BCLL 0.0 * | Rep Stress Incr YES | Matrix-S | Horz(CT) 0.00 8 n/a n/a | | |
| BCDL 10.0 | Code IRC2018/TPI2014 | | | Weight: 74 lb | FT = 20% |

| LUMBER- | BRACING- |
|-----------------------|--|
| TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 | TOP CHORD Sheathed or 6-0-0 oc purlins. |
| BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.1 | BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. |
| OTHERS 2x4 SP No.3 | |

REACTIONS. All bearings 16-0-0.
 (lb) - Max Horz 2=79(LC 10)
 Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10
 Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 8, 12, 13, 11 except 14=302(LC 2), 10=302(LC 2)

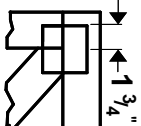
FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES-**
- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 - Wind: ASCE 7-16; Vult=130mph (3-second gust) Vasd=103mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=12ft; B=45ft; L=24ft; eave=2ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (directional); cantilever left and right exposed ; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 - Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
 - TCLL: ASCE 7-16; Pr=20.0 psf (roof LL: Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=15.0 psf; Pf=11.6 psf (Lum DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Is=1.0; Rough Cat B; Partially Exp.; Ce=1.0; Cs=1.00; Ct=1.10
 - Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 - This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 11.6 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
 - All plates are 1.5x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
 - Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
 - Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
 - This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
 - * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
 - Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 8, 13, 14, 11, 10.
 - Beveled plate or shim required to provide full bearing surface with truss chord at joint(s) 2.
 - This truss is designed in accordance with the 2018 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

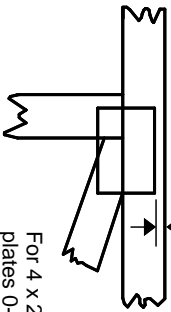


Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



Center plate on joint unless x, y offsets are indicated. Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths. Apply plates to both sides of truss and fully embed teeth.



For 4 x 2 orientation, locate plates 0- 1/16" from outside edge of truss.



This symbol indicates the required direction of slots in connector plates.

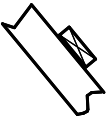
* Plate location details available in **MITek 20/20 software or upon request.**

PLATE SIZE

4 X 4

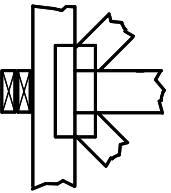
The first dimension is the plate width measured perpendicular to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots.

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



Indicated by symbol shown and/or by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated.

BEARING



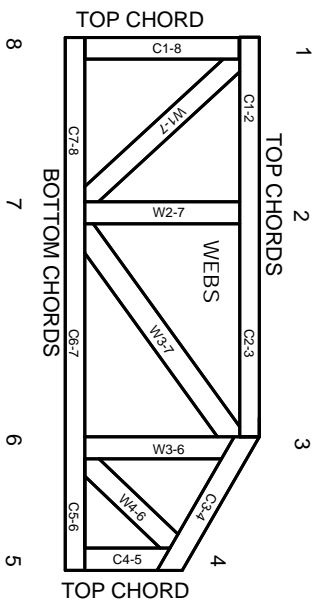
Indicates location where bearings (supports) occur. Icons vary but reaction section indicates joint number where bearings occur. Min size shown is for crushing only.

Industry Standards:

ANSI/TPI 1: National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.
DSB-89: Design Standard for Bracing, Building Component Safety Information, Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses.

Numbering System

6-4-8
dimensions shown in ft-in-sixteenths
(Drawings not to scale)



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988
ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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MITek Engineering Reference Sheet: Mill-7473 rev. 5/19/2020



General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative T or I bracing should be considered.
3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.