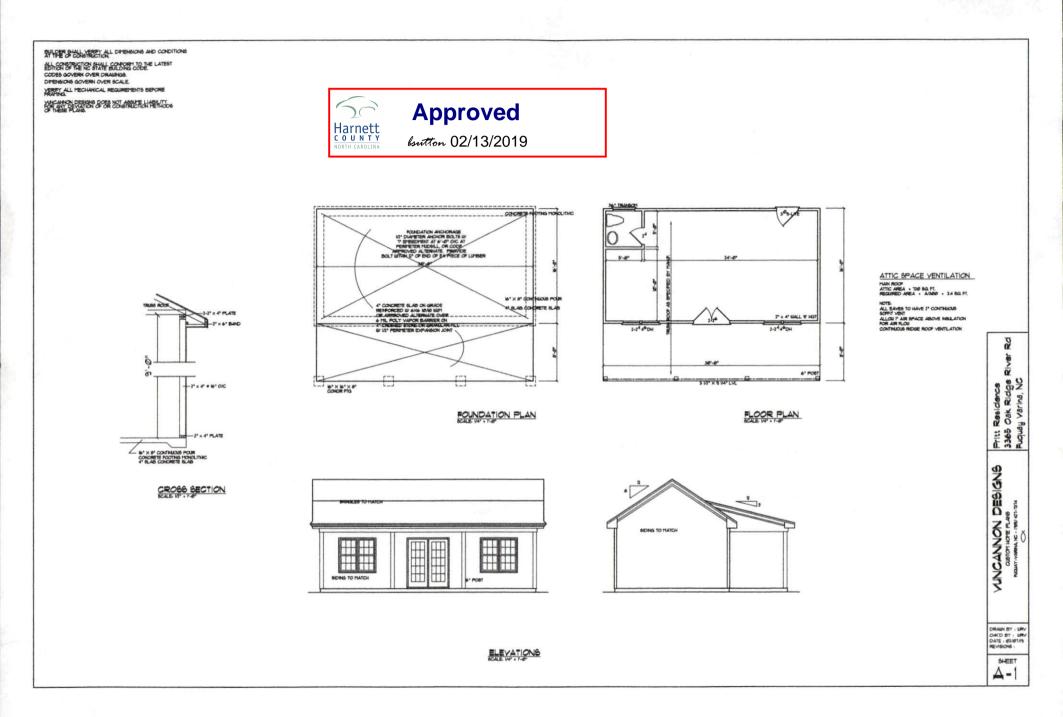
Application # BRES1903-10058
Harnett County Central Permitting PO Box 65 Lillington, NC 27546 - Ph: 910-893-7525 - Fx: 910-893-2793 - www.harnett.org/permits Certification of Work Performed By Owner/Contractor (Individual Trade Application)
Owner (s) of Structure: DONNIE PRITH Phone: 919.291-7251
Owner (s) Mailing Address: 3365 OAKRidge River Rd.
FUQUAY Vanim NG 27524
Land Owner Name (s): SAMEPhone:
Construction or Site Address: Parcel #
Job Cost: 25 000 Description of Work to be done 24 × 30 pool house
Mechanical: New Unit With Ductwork New Unit Without Ductwork Gas Piping Other
Electrical*: 200 Amp <200 Amp Service Change Service Reconnect Other * For Progress Energy customers we need the premise number
Plumbing: Water/Sewer Tap Number of Baths J Water Heater
Specific Directions to Job from Lillington: 401 North. Leff on Christian Light Gmile take Left On OAK Rigge job on Rish 1/2. Mile
Subdivision: Lot #:
(Contractors Name) will provide the Construction (Trade)
I am the building owner or my NC state license number is 41779, which entitles me to
perform such work on the above structure legally. All work shall comply with the State Building Code and all
other applicable State and local laws, ordinances and regulations.
Howell Builders INC. Contractor's Company Name, Telephone Telephone
101 Mels Meadows DR. FUEVAy Varian URYAND howell-buildens. com Address Address Email Address
<u>4(7)9</u> License #
- 1.1.1.1G
Structure Owner / Contractor Signature: 1/1/1 Lfund

By signing this application you affirm that you have obtained permission from the above listed license holder to purchase permits on their behalf. If doing the work as owner you understand that you cannot rent, lease or sell the listed property for 12 months after completion of the listed work.

*Company name, address, & phone must match information on license





Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

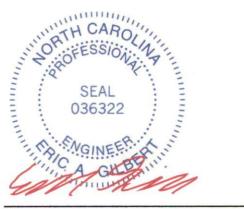
Re: 1680354_Pritt_Pool_House Howell Builders

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Builders FirstSource (Albermarle,NC).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: E12692886 thru E12692887

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2019.

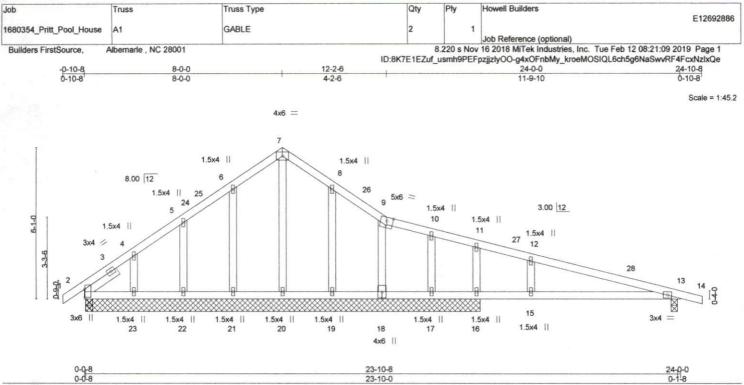
North Carolina COA: C-0844



February 12,2019

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: Truss Engineer's responsibility is solely for design of individual trusses based upon design parameters shown on referenced truss drawings. Parameters have not been verified as appropriate for any use. Any location identification specified is for file reference only and has not been used in preparing design. Suitability of truss designs for any particular building is the responsibility of the building designer, not the Truss Engineer, per ANSI/TPI-1, Chapter 2.



LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 * BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.62 BC 0.67 WB 0.08 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	in (loc) -0.10 13-15 -0.23 13-15 0.00 13 0.14 13-15	l/defi >929 >418 n/a >706	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 121 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2			BRACING- TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or				blied or 6-0-0 oc purlins	i.

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

5

2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 2x4 SP No.3 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3 OTHERS Left 2x4 SP No.3 1-7-3 SLIDER

REACTIONS All bearings 15-11-0 except (jt=length) 13=0-3-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=-92(LC 14)

11-16=-399/174

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 21, 22, 23, 19, 18, 13 except 17=-278(LC 43), 16=-116(LC 13) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 2, 20, 21, 22, 23, 19, 17 except 18=250(LC 2), 16=807(LC 43), 13=329(LC 2)

FORCES. (Ib) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (Ib) or less except when shown.

WEBS

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-0-0, Interior(1) 2-0-0 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2) 8-0-0 to 11-0-0, Interior(1) 11-0-0 to 24-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed ; porch right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10; Min. flat roof snow load governs.
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

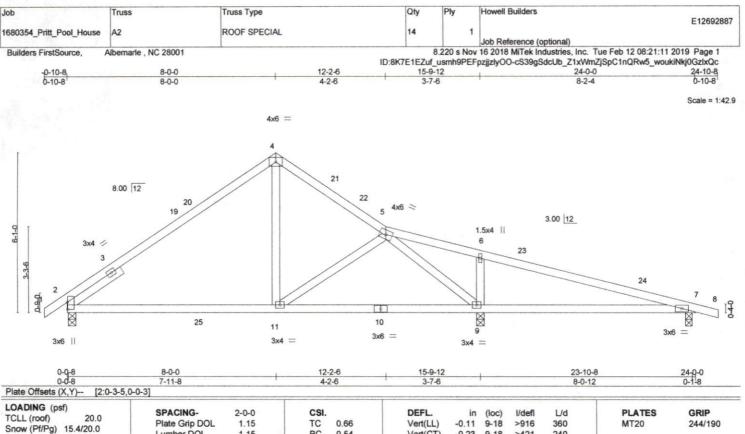
Safety Information

- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 21, 22, 23, 19, 18, 13 except (jt=lb) 17=278, 16=116.



WARNING - Verify design ers and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTeke connectors. This design is bead only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent bucking of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and properly damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see <u>ANS/TPHI Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Comp</u> **Certer information** n, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TPI1 Qua information available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.





LOADING (psf) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Snow (Pf/Pg) 15.4/20.0 TCDL 10.0 BCLL 0.0 BCDL 10.0	SPACING-2-0-0Plate Grip DOL1.15Lumber DOL1.15Rep Stress IncrYESCode IRC2015/TPI2014	CSI. TC 0.66 BC 0.54 WB 0.25 Matrix-AS	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(CT) Horz(CT) Wind(LL)	-0.11 -0.23 0.04	(loc) 9-18 9-18 2 9-18	l/defl >916 >421 n/a >574	L/d 360 240 n/a 240	PLATES MT20 Weight: 107 lb	GRIP 244/190 FT = 20%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SP No.2 WEBS 2x4 SP No.3		BRACING- TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied. BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied.							

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=594/0-3-8, 9=881/0-3-8, 7=314/0-3-0 Max Horz 2=-91(LC 14) Max Uplift 7=-79(LC 13) Max Grav 2=674(LC 2), 9=993(LC 2), 7=358(LC 2)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-4=-572/56, 4-5=-619/70

BOT CHORD 2-11=0/522, 9-11=-13/543 4-11=0/316, 6-9=-465/134, 5-9=-574/0 WEBS

Left 2x4 SP No.3 2-6-0

NOTES-

SLIDER

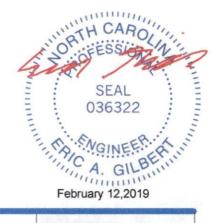
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1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=115mph (3-second gust) Vasd=91mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) and C-C Exterior(2) -0-10-8 to 2-1-8, Interior(1) 2-1-8 to 8-0-0, Exterior(2) 8-0-0 to 11-0-0, Interior(1) 11-0-0 to 24-10-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; porch right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=20.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=15.4 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 1.00 times flat roof load of 15.4 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 7) * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-6-0 tall by 2-0-0 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7.
 This truss design requires that a minimum of 7/16" structural wood sheathing be applied directly to the top chord and 1/2" gypsum sheetrock be applied directly to the bottom chord.



ters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev, 10/03/2015 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MTeke connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a trues system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and property incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent oclapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, retection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see **ANS/TPIT Quality Criteria, DSB-89 and BCSI Building Component Safety Information** available from Truss Plate Institute, 218 N. Lee Street, Suite 312, Alexandria, VA 22314.

818 Soundside Roa Edenton, NC 27932

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION

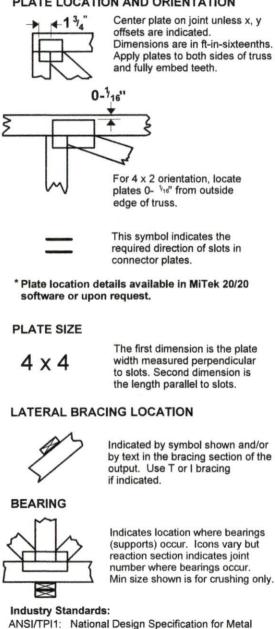


Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

Building Component Safety Information,

Guide to Good Practice for Handling,

Installing & Bracing of Metal Plate

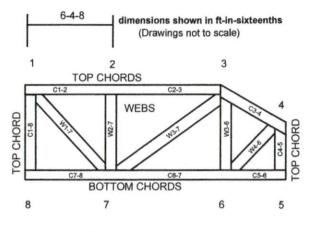
Design Standard for Bracing.

Connected Wood Trusses.

DSB-89:

BCSI:

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

PRODUCT CODE APPROVALS **ICC-ES Reports:**

ESR-1311, ESR-1352, ESR1988 ER-3907, ESR-2362, ESR-1397, ESR-3282

Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss unless otherwise shown.

Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values established by others.

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General Safety Notes

Failure to Follow Could Cause Property Damage or Personal Injury

- 1. Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI.
- 2. Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- 3. Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- 4. Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- 5. Cut members to bear tightly against each other.
- 6. Place plates on each face of truss at each joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1.
- 7. Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- 8. Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.
- 9. Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- 10. Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to camber for dead load deflection.
- 11, Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- 12. Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that specified.
- 13. Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- 14. Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others.
- 16. Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- 17. Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- 18. Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with project engineer before use.
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone is not sufficient.
- 20. Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.

