

2018 APPENDIX B
BUILDING CODE SUMMARY
FOR ALL COMMERCIAL PROJECTS
(EXCEPT 1 AND 2-FAMILY DWELLINGS AND TOWNHOUSES)
(Reproduce the following data on the building plans sheet 1 or 2)

Name of Project: PJA's Truck Bodies & Equipment - Expansion
Address: 4298 Hodges Chapel Rd Dunn, NC Zip Code 28334
Owner/Authorized Agent: Junior Faircloth Phone # (910) 892 - 5286 E-Mail jonas@pjstruckbodies.com
Owned By: ☐ City/County ☒ Private ☐ State
Code Enforcement Jurisdiction: ☐ City ☒ County Harnett ☐ State

CONTACT: Jones Parrish
DESIGNER FIRM NAME LICENSE # TELEPHONE # E-MAIL
Architectural N/A --- () ---
Civil Smith Engineering + Design Joe Smith 024918 (919) 738-2141 smithengineeringnc@hotmail.com
Electrical Chris Sinclair Electric Chris Sinclair 27818-L (919) 620-6229 chris Sinclair Electric@gmail.com
Fire Alarm N/A --- () ---
Plumbing N/A --- () ---
Mechanical N/A --- () ---
Sprinkler-Standpipe N/A --- () ---
Structural Renegade Steel Buildings Wayne B. Baker 33446 (706) 654-3100
Retaining Walls >5' High NA --- () ---
Other NA --- () ---
(*Others* should include firms and individuals such as truss, precast, pre-engineered, interior designers, etc.)

2018 NC CODE FOR: ☒ New Construction ☐ Addition ☐ Renovation
☐ 1st Time Interior Completion
☐ Shell/Core
☐ Phased Construction - Shell/Core
☐ Renovation
2018 NC EXISTING BUILDING CODE: ☐ Prescriptive ☐ Repair ☐ Chapter 14
Alteration: ☐ Level I ☐ Level II ☐ Level III
☐ Historic Property ☐ Change of Use
CONSTRUCTED: (date) ORIGINAL OCCUPANCY(S) (Ch. 3):
RENOVATED: (date) CURRENT OCCUPANCY(S) (Ch. 3): F-1
RISK CATEGORY (table 1604.5) Current: ☐ I ☐ II ☐ III ☐ IV
Proposed: ☐ I ☒ II ☐ III ☐ IV

BASIC BUILDING DATA
Construction Type: ☐ I-A ☐ II-A ☐ III-A ☐ IV ☐ V-A
(check all that apply) ☐ I-B ☒ II-B ☐ III-B ☐ V-B
Sprinklers: ☒ No ☐ Partial ☐ Yes ☐ NFPA 13 ☐ NFPA 13R ☐ NFPA 13D
Standpipes: ☒ No ☐ Yes Class ☐ I ☐ II ☐ III ☐ Wet ☐ Dry
Fire District: ☐ No ☒ Yes (Primary) Flood Hazard Area: ☒ No ☐ Yes
Special Inspections Required: ☒ No ☐ Yes

Gross Building Area:			
FLOOR	EXISTING (SQ FT)	NEW (SQ FT)	RENO/ALTER (SQ FT)
6 th Floor			
5 th Floor			
4 th Floor			
3 rd Floor			
2 nd Floor			
Mezzanine			
1 st Floor		2,400	
Basement			
TOTAL			2,400

ALLOWABLE AREA
Primary Occupancy Classification: **SELECT ONE**
Assembly ☐ A-1 ☐ A-2 ☐ A-3 ☐ A-4 ☐ A-5
Business ☐
Educational ☐
Factory ☒ F-1 Moderate ☐ F-2 Low
Hazardous ☐ H-1 Detonate ☐ H-2 Deflagrate ☐ H-3 Combust ☐ H-4 Health ☐ H-5 HPM
Institutional ☐ I-1 Condition ☐ 1 ☐ 2
☐ I-2 Condition ☐ 1 ☐ 2
☐ I-3 Condition ☐ 1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ 4 ☐ 5
☐ I-4
Mercantile ☐
Residential ☐ R-1 ☐ R-2 ☐ R-3 ☐ R-4
Storage ☐ S-1 Moderate ☐ S-2 Low ☐ High-piled
☐ Parking Garage ☐ Open ☐ Enclosed ☐ Repair Garage
Utility and Miscellaneous ☐
Accessory Occupancy Classification(s): B
Incidental Uses (Table 509): NA
Special Uses (Chapter 4 - List Code Sections)
Special Provisions: (Chapter 5 - List Code Sections):
Mixed Occupancy: ☒ No ☐ Yes Separation: _____ Hr. Exemption: _____
☐ Non-Separated Use (508.3)
The required type of construction for the building shall be determined by applying the height and area limitations for each of the applicable occupancies to the entire building. The most restrictive type of construction, so determined, shall apply to the entire building.
☐ Separated Use (508.4) -
See below for area calculations for each story, the area of the occupancy shall be such that the sum of the ratios of the actual floor area of each use divided by the allowable floor area for each use shall not exceed 1.

$$\frac{\text{Actual Area of Occupancy A}}{\text{Allowable Area of Occupancy A}} + \frac{\text{Actual Area of Occupancy B}}{\text{Allowable Area of Occupancy B}} \leq 1$$
$$----- + ----- + \dots = ----- \leq 1.00$$

STORY NO.	DESCRIPTION AND USE	(A) BLDG AREA PER STORY (ACTUAL)	(B) TABLE 506.2 ¹ AREA	(C) AREA FOR FRONTAGE INCREASE ^{1,2}	(D) ALLOWABLE AREA PER STORY OR UNLIMITED ^{1,3}
1	Body Installation	2,400	15,500	3,875	19,375
---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---
---	---	---	---	---	---

- ¹ Frontage area increases from Section 506.3 are computed thus:
a. Perimeter which fronts a public way or open space having 20 feet minimum width = 160 (F)
b. Total Building Perimeter = 200 (P)
c. Ratio (F/P) = 0.8 (F/P)
d. W = Minimum width of public way = 30 (W)
e. Percent of frontage increase 1p = 100 [(F/P - 0.25) x W/30] = 25 (%)
² Unlimited area applicable under conditions of Section 507
³ Maximum Building Area = total number of stories in the building x D (maximum 3 stories) (506.2).
⁴ The maximum area of open parking garages must comply with Table 406.5.4
⁵ Frontage increase is based on the unsprinklered area value in Table 506.2

ALLOWABLE HEIGHT			
	ALLOWABLE (TABLE 503)	SHOWN ON PLANS	CODE REFERENCE
Building Height in Feet (Table 504.3)	55	19'-4"	---
Building Height in Stories (Table 504.4)	2	1	---

- ¹ Provide code reference if the "Show on Plans" quantity is not based on Table 504.3 or 504.4.
² The maximum height of air traffic control towers must comply with Table 412.3.1
³ The maximum height of open parking garages must comply with Table 406.5.4

LIFE SAFETY SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Emergency Lighting: ☐ No ☒ Yes
Exit Signs: ☐ No ☒ Yes
Fire Alarm: ☒ No ☐ Yes
Smoke Detection Systems: ☒ No ☐ Yes ☐ Partial _____
Carbon Monoxide Detection: ☒ No ☐ Yes

LIFE SAFETY PLAN REQUIREMENTS

Life Safety Plan Sheet #: LS _____

- ☐ Fire and/or smoke rated wall locations (Chapter 7)
☐ Assumed and real property line locations (if not on the site plan)
☐ Exterior wall opening area with respect to distance to assumed property lines (705.8)
☒ Occupancy types for each area as it relates to occupant load calculation (Table 1004.1.2)
☒ Occupant loads for each area
☒ Exit access travel distances (1017)
☐ Common path of travel distances (1006.2.1 & 2006.3.2(1))
☐ Dead end lengths (1020.4)
☐ Clear exit widths for each exit door
☐ Maximum calculated occupant load capacity each exit door can accommodate based on egress width (1005.3)
☐ Actual occupant load for each exit door
☐ A separate schematic plan indicating where fire rated floor/ceiling and/or roof structure is provided for purposes of occupancy separation and supporting construction for a fire barrier/fire partition/smoke barrier.
☐ Location of doors with panic hardware (1010.1.10)
☐ Location of doors with delayed egress locks and the amount of delay (1010.1.9.7)
☐ Location of doors with electromagnetic egress locks (1010.1.9.9)
☐ Location of doors equipped with hold-open devices
☐ Location of emergency escape windows (1030)
☐ The square footage of each fire area (202)
☐ The square footage of each smoke compartment for Occupancy Classification I-2 (407.5)
☐ Note any code exceptions or table notes that may have been utilized regarding the items above

Section/Table/Note	Title

ACCESSIBLE DWELLING UNITS
(SECTION 1107)

TOTAL UNITS	ACCESSIBLE UNITS REQUIRED	ACCESSIBLE UNITS PROVIDED	TYPE A UNITS REQUIRED	TYPE A UNITS PROVIDED	TYPE B UNITS REQUIRED	TYPE B UNITS PROVIDED	TOTAL ACCESSIBLE UNITS PROVIDED
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

ACCESSIBLE PARKING

(SECTION 1106)

LOT OR PARKING AREA	TOTAL # OF PARKING SPACES REQUIRED	PROVIDED	# OF ACCESSIBLE SPACES PROVIDED			TOTAL # ACCESSIBLE PROVIDED
			REGULAR WITH 5' ACCESS AISLE	VAN SPACES WITH 13'2" ACCESS AISLE	5' ACCESS AISLE	
Parking	6	8			1	1
					1	1
TOTAL					1	1

PLUMBING FIXTURE REQUIREMENTS
(TABLE 2902.1)

USE	WATER CLOSETS			URINALS	LAVATORIES			SHOWERS / TUBS	DRINKING FOUNTAINS	
	MALE	FEMALE	UNISEX		MALE	FEMALE	UNISEX		REGULAR	ACCESSIBLE
SPACE	EXIST'G									
	NEW	1	1		N/A	1	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
	REQ'D			1			1			

SPECIAL APPROVALS

Special approval: (Local Jurisdiction, Department of Insurance, SCO, DPI, DHHS, ICC, etc., describe below)

ENERGY SUMMARY

ENERGY REQUIREMENTS:

The following data shall be considered minimum and any special attribute required to meet the **North Carolina Energy Conservation Code** shall also be provided. Each Designer shall furnish the required portions of the project information for the plan data sheet. If performance method, state the annual energy cost for the standard reference design vs annual energy cost for the proposed design.

Existing building envelope complies with code: ☐ No ☐ Yes (The remainder of this section is not applicable)

Exempt Building: ☐ No ☐ Yes (Provide Code or Statutory reference): _____

Climate Zone: ☐ 3A ☐ 4A ☐ 5A

Method of Compliance: **Energy Code** ☐ Performance ☐ Prescriptive
ASHRAE 90.1 ☐ Performance ☐ Prescriptive
(If "Other" specify source here)

THERMAL ENVELOPE (Prescriptive method only)

Roof/ceiling Assembly (each assembly)

Description of assembly: _____
U-Value of total assembly: _____
R-Value of insulation: _____
S Skylights in each assembly: _____
U-Value of skylight: _____
Total square footage of skylights in each assembly: _____

Exterior Walls (each assembly)

Description of assembly: _____
U-Value of total assembly: _____
R-Value of insulation: _____
Openings (windows or doors with glazing)
U-Value of assembly: _____
Solar heat gain coefficient: _____
Projection factor: _____
Door R-Values: _____

Walls below grade (each assembly)

Description of assembly: _____
U-Value of total assembly: _____
R-Value of insulation: _____

Floors over unconditioned space (each assembly)

Description of assembly: _____
U-Value of total assembly: _____
R-Value of insulation: _____

Floors slab on grade

Description of assembly: _____
U-Value of total assembly: _____
R-Value of insulation: _____
Horizontal/Vertical requirement: _____
Slab Heated: _____

2018 APPENDIX B
BUILDING CODE SUMMARY FOR ALL COMMERCIAL PROJECTS
STRUCTURAL DESIGN
(PROVIDE ON THE STRUCTURAL SHEETS IF APPLICABLE)

DESIGN LOADS:

Importance Factors: Snow (I_s) 1.00
Seismic (I_s) 1.00

Live Loads: Roof 20.0 psf
Mezzanine --- psf
Floor --- psf

Ground Snow Load: 15 psf

Wind Load: Ultimate Wind Speed 120 mph (ASCE-7)
Exposure Category B

SEISMIC DESIGN CATEGORY:

Provide the following Seismic Design Parameters:
Risk Category (Table 1604.5) ☐ I ☒ II ☐ III ☐ IV
Spectral Response Acceleration S_s 0.1810 %g S₁ 0.0950 %g
Site Classification (ASCE 7) ☐ A ☐ B ☐ C ☒ D ☐ E ☐ F
Data Source: ☐ Field Test ☒ Presumptive ☐ Historical Data
Basic structural system ☐ Bearing Wall ☐ Dual w/Special Moment Frame
☒ Building Frame ☐ Dual w/Intermediate R/C or Special Steel
☐ Moment Frame ☐ Inverted Pendulum
☐ Simplified ☐ Equivalent Lateral Force ☐ Dynamic
Analysis Procedure: Architectural, Mechanical, Components anchored? ☐ Yes ☐ No

LATERAL DESIGN CONTROL: Earthquake ☐ Wind ☒

SOIL BEARING CAPACITIES:

Field Test (provide copy of test report) --- psf
Presumptive Bearing capacity 2,000 psf
Pile size, type, and capacity ---

SHEET INDEX

SHEET	TITLE
AB	APPENDIX B
C1.0	SITE, GRADING, DRAINAGE, & EROSION CONTROL PLAN
C2.0	DETAILS
C2.1	DETAILS
C2.2	DETAILS & HRW UTILITY NOTES
F-1	FOUNDATION PLAN
F-2	FOUNDATION DETAILS
A100	FLOOR PLAN & ELEVATIONS
LS	LIFE SAFETY & PLUMBING SUPPLY/WASTE PLANS
E100	ELECTRICAL LIGHTING & POWER PLANS

JPF PROPERTIES
HODGES CHAPEL
RD. BUILDING

ADDRESS PENDING
Dunn, NC 28334

Permit Set
11.10.2023

1560 George Perry Lee Rd.
Dunn, NC 28334

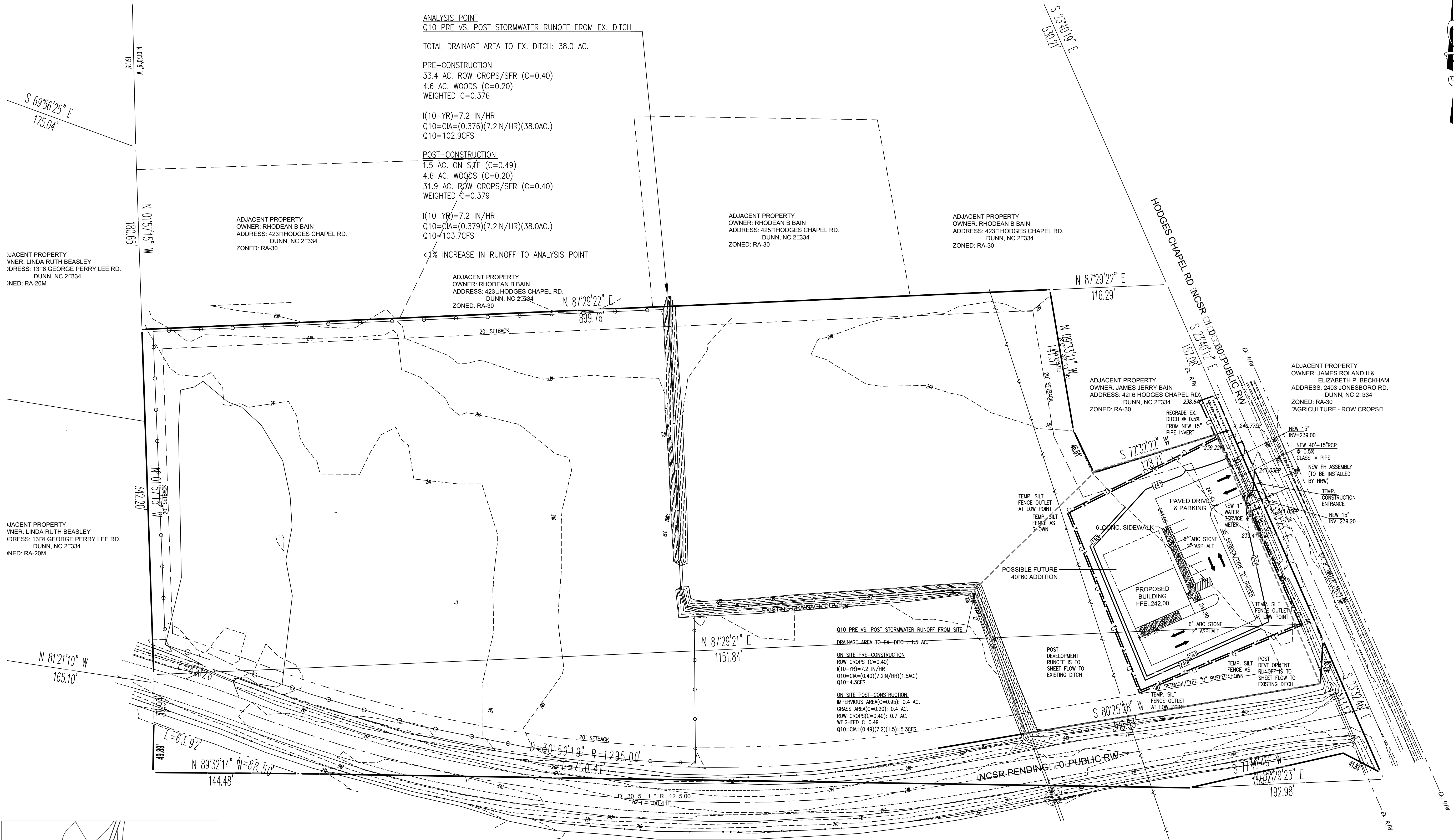
Telephone: 910.892.5286
Fax: 910.891.4396

Email: jonas@pjstruckbodies.com

Website: www.pjstruckbodies.com

APPENDIX B

AB



The Harnett County Development Review Board has approved this Site Plan. This project is subject to all federal, state, and local government regulations and applicable expiration periods. 09/18/2025 *[Signature]*

DEVELOPMENT REVIEW BOARD CHAIRMAN	DATE
-----------------------------------	------

GRAPHIC SCALE

(IN FEET)
1 inch = 50 ft.

E, GRADING, DRAINAGE, AND EROSION CONTROL PLAN FOR PJ'S TRUCK BODIES

HORIZONTAL SCALE: 1" = 50'	DATE: 06.26.2024	C1.0
VERTICAL SCALE: N/A	FTE JOB# 0069	

NOTE:

REVISIONS	LOCATION:
07.09.2025: HRW SUBMITTAL	SR 1709 - HO
09.02.2025: HRW COMMENTS	AVERASBOROUGH
	HARNETT CC
	PROPERTY OF
	JPE PROPERTY
	PO BOX 1207
	DUNN, NC 28

FLEETTEMPLE
ENGINEERING PLLC
5245 Red Hill Church Road • Coats, NC 27521

5245 Red Hill Church Road • Coats, NC 27521
910.658.2446 • feet@templeengineering.com • P-2357

LOCATION:
SR 1709 - HODGES CHAPEL RD.
AVERASBORO TOWNSHIP
HARNETT COUNTY

PROPERTY OWNER/DEVELOPER:
JPF PROPERTIES LLC
PO BOX 1207
DUNN, NC 28335-1207

ALL CONSTRUCTION MUST CONFORM TO THE
UNDERGROUND UTILITY PROTECTION ACT



BEFORE YOU DIG!
CONTACT ONE-CALL CENTER
1-800-632-4949 or 811

DocuSigned by
B27A3A58-E356-433
09/02/2025

GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING PRACTICES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE NCG01 CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT

Implementing the details and specifications on this plan sheet will result in the construction activity being considered compliant with the Ground Stabilization and Materials Handling sections of the NCG01 Construction General Permit (Sections E and F, respectively). The permittee shall comply with the Erosion and Sediment Control plan approved by the delegated authority having jurisdiction. All details and specifications shown on this sheet may not apply depending on site conditions and the delegated authority having jurisdiction.

SECTION E: GROUND STABILIZATION		
Required Ground Stabilization Timeframes		
Site Area Description	Stabilize within the many calendar days after ceasing land disturbance	Timeframe variations
(a) Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, and perimeter slopes	7	None
(b) High Quality Water (HQW) Zones	7	None
(c) Slopes steeper than 3:1	7	If slopes are 10' or less in length and are not steeper than 1:1, 14 days are allowed.
(d) Slopes 3:1 to 4:1	14	- 7 days for slopes greater than 50' in length and with slopes steeper than 4:1 - 7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones - 10 days for Falls Lake Watershed
(e) Areas with slopes flatter than 4:1	14	- 7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones - 10 days for Falls Lake Watershed unless there is zero slope

Note: After the permanent cessation of construction activities, any areas with temporary ground stabilization shall be converted to permanent ground stabilization as soon as practicable but in no case longer than 90 calendar days after the last disturbing activity. Temporary ground stabilization shall be maintained in a manner to render the surface stable against accelerated erosion until permanent ground stabilization is achieved.

GROUND STABILIZATION SPECIFICATION	
Stabilize the ground sufficiently so that rain will not dislodge the soil. Use one of the techniques in the table below:	
Temporary Stabilization	Permanent Stabilization
- Temporary grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers - Hydroseeding - Rollled erosion control products with or without temporary grass seed - Appropriately applied straw or other mulch - Plastic sheeting	- Permanent grass seed covered with straw or other mulches and tackifiers - Geotextile fabrics such as permanent soil reinforcement matting - Hydroseeding - Shrubs or other permanent plantings covered with mulch - Uniform and evenly distributed ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion - Structural methods such as concrete, asphalt or retaining walls - Rollled erosion control products with grass seed

POLYACRYLAMIDES (PAMS) AND FLOCCULANTS
Only use PAMS and flocculants that are appropriate for the soils being exposed during construction, selecting from the CANNESVILLE AND DEVELOPMENTAL PAMS and FLOCCULANTS lists. Do not use PAMS or flocculants at or before the inlets to Erosion and Sediment Control Measures. Do not use PAMS or flocculants at the concentrations specified in the NC DWIR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in the NC DWIR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants. Do not use PAMS or flocculants in any other manner.

NCG01 GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

PART III SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING		
1. E&S Plan Documentation		
Item to Document	Documentation Requirements	
(a) Each E&S measure has been installed and does not significantly deviate from the locations, dimensions and relative elevations shown on the approved E&S plan.	Initial and date each E&S measure on a copy of the approved E&S plan on complete, date and sign an inspection report that lists each E&S measure shown on the approved E&S plan. This documentation is required upon the initial installation of the E&S measures or if the E&S measures are modified after initial installation.	
(b) A phase of grading has been completed.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&S plan on complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate completion of the construction phase.	
(c) Ground cover is located and installed in accordance with the approved E&S plan.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&S plan on complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate compliance with approved ground cover specifications.	
(d) The maintenance and repair requirements for all E&S measures have been performed.	Complete, date and sign an inspection report.	
(e) Corrective actions have been taken to E&S measures.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&S plan on complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate the completion of the corrective action.	
2. Additional Documentation to be Kept on Site		
In addition to the E&S plan documents above, the following items shall be kept on the site and available for inspection at all times during normal business hours, unless the Division provides a site-specific exemption based on unique site conditions that make this requirement not practical:		
(a) This General Permit as well as the Certificate of Coverage, after it is received.		
(b) Records of inspections made during the previous twelve months. The permittee shall record the required observations on the Inspection Record Form provided by the Division or a similar inspection form that includes all of the required elements. Use of electronically available records in lieu of the required paper copies will be allowed if shown to provide equal access and utility as the hard copy records.		
3. Documentation to be Retained for Three Years		
All data used to complete the e-NOI and all inspection records shall be maintained for a period of three years after project completion and made available upon request. (40 CFR 122.41)		

PART I: SECTION G, ITEM (H)

PERMANENT STABILIZATION OR CLOSURE

- (a) The E&S plan authority has been provided with documentation of the non-surface withdrawal and the specific time periods or conditions in which it will occur. The non-surface withdrawal shall not commence until the E&S plan authority has approved these items.
- (b) The non-surface withdrawal has been reported as an anticipated bypass in accordance with Part II, Section C, Item D(2)(a) and (d) of this permit.
- (c) Dewatering discharges are treated with controls to minimize discharges of pollutants from stormwater that is removed from the sediment basin. Examples of appropriate controls include properly sited, designed and maintained dewatering tanks, wet tanks, and filtration systems.
- (d) Vegetated, upland areas of the sites or a properly designed stone pad is used to the extent feasible at the outlet of the dewatering treatment devices described in item (c) above.
- (e) Velocity dissipation devices such as check dams, sediment traps, and riprap are provided at the discharge points of all dewatering devices, and
- (f) Sediment removed from the dewatering treatment devices described in item (c) above is disposed of in a manner that does not cause deposition of sediment into waters of the United States.

NCG01 SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

- Maintain vehicle and equipment to prevent discharge of fluids.
- Provide drip pans under any stored equipment.
- Identify leaks and repair as soon as feasible, or remove leaking equipment from the project.
- Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers and properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle when possible).
- Remove leaking vehicles and construction equipment from service until the problem has been corrected.
- Bring used fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids and other petroleum products to a recycling or disposal center that handles these materials.

LITTER, BUILDING MATERIAL AND LAND CLEARING WASTE

- Never bury or burn waste. Place litter and debris in approved waste containers.
- Provide a sufficient number and size of waste containers (e.g. dumpster, trash receptacle) on site to contain construction and domestic wastes.
- Locate waste containers at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runoff from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland.
- Cover waste containers at the end of each workday and before storm events or provide secondary containment. Repair or replace damaged waste containers.
- Anchor all lightweight items in waste containers during times of high winds.
- Empty waste containers as needed to prevent overflow. Clean up immediately if containers overflow.
- Dispose waste off-site at an approved disposal facility.
- On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.

PAINT AND OTHER LIQUID WASTE

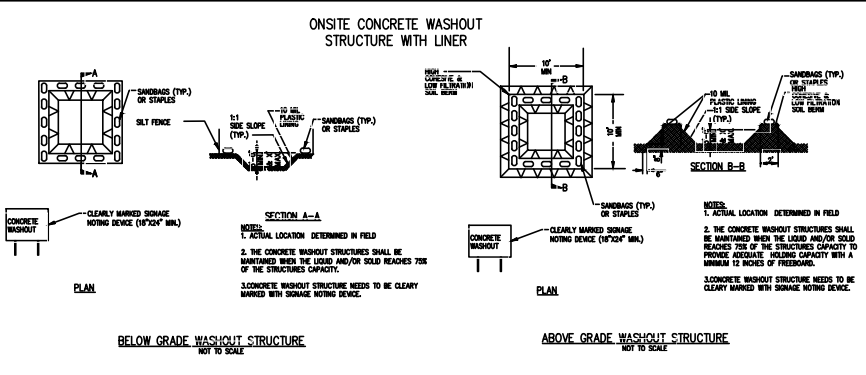
- Do not dump paint and other liquid waste into storm drains, streams or wetlands.
- Locate paint washouts at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- Contain liquid wastes in a controlled area.
- Containment must be labeled, sized and placed appropriately for the needs of site.
- Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and other liquid wastes from construction sites.

PORTABLE TOILETS

- Install portable toilets on level ground, at least 50 feet away from storm drains, streams or wetlands unless there is no alternative reasonably available. If 50 foot offset is not attainable, provide relocation of portable toilet behind silt fence or place on a gravel pad and surround with sand bags.
- Provide staking or anchoring of portable toilets during periods of high winds or in high foot traffic areas.
- Monitor portable toilets for leaking and properly dispose of any leaked material. Utilize a licensed sanitary waste hauler to remove leaking portable toilets and replace with properly operating unit.

EARTHEN STOCKPILE MANAGEMENT

- Show stockpile locations on plans. Locate earthen-material stockpile areas at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets, sediment basins, perimeter sediment controls and surface waters unless it can be shown no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- Protect stockpile with silt fence installed along top of slope with a minimum offset of five feet from the toe of stockpile.
- Provide stable stone access point when feasible.
- Stabilize stockpile within the timeframes provided on this sheet and in accordance with the approved plan and any additional requirements. Soil stabilization is defined as vegetative, physical or chemical stabilization techniques that will restrain accelerated erosion on disturbed soils for temporary or permanent control needs.



CONCRETE WASHOUTS

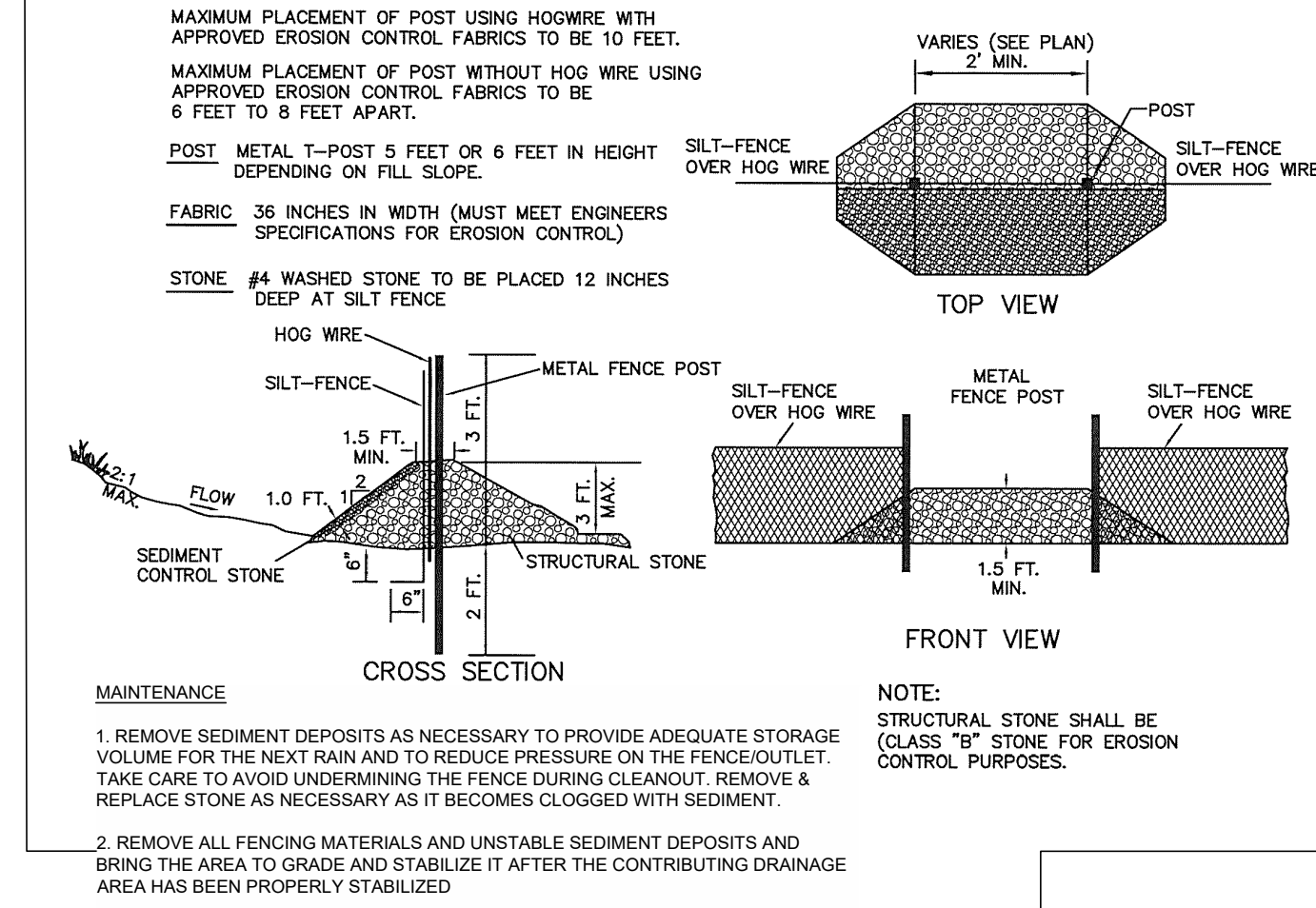
- Do not discharge concrete or cement slurry from the site.
- Dispose of, or recycle settled, hardened concrete residue in accordance with local and state solid waste regulations and at an approved facility.
- Manage washout from mortar mixers in accordance with the above item and in addition place the mixer and associated materials on impervious barrier and within lot perimeter silt fence.
- Install temporary concrete washouts per local requirements, where applicable. If an alternate method or product is to be used, contact your approval authority for review and approval. If local standard details are not available, use one of the two types of temporary concrete washouts provided on this detail.
- Do not use concrete washouts for dewatering or storing defective curb or sidewalk sections. Stormwater accumulated within the washout may not be pumped out or discharged to the storm drain system or receiving surface waters. Liquid waste must be pumped out and removed from project.
- Locate washouts at least 50 feet from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. At a minimum, install protection of storm drain inlet(s) closest to the washout which could receive spills or overflow.
- Locate washouts in an easily accessible area, on level ground and install a stone entrance pad in front of the washout. Additional controls may be required by the approving authority.
- Install at least one sign directing concrete trucks to the washout within the project limits. Post signage on the washout itself to identify this location.
- Remove leavings from the washout when at approximately 75% capacity to limit overflow events. Replace the tarp, sand bags or other temporary structural components when no longer functional. When using alternative or proprietary products, follow manufacturer's instructions.
- At the completion of the concrete work, remove remaining leavings and dispose of in an approved disposal facility. Fill pit, applicable, and stabilize any disturbance caused by removal of washout.

HERBICIDES, PESTICIDES AND RODENTICIDES

- Store and apply herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in accordance with label restrictions.
- Store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in their original containers with the label, which lists directions for use, ingredients and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.
- Do not store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in areas where flooding is possible or where they may spill or leak into wells, stormwater drains, ground water or surface water. If a spill occurs, clean area immediately.
- Do not stockpile these materials onsite.

HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC WASTE

- Create designated hazardous waste collection areas on-site.
- Place hazardous waste containers under cover or in secondary containment.
- Do not store hazardous chemicals, drums or bagged materials directly on the ground.



TEMPORARY STONE OUTLET FOR SILT FENCE

DESIGN CRITERIA

AGGREGATE SIZE - USE 2-3 INCH WASHED STONE.

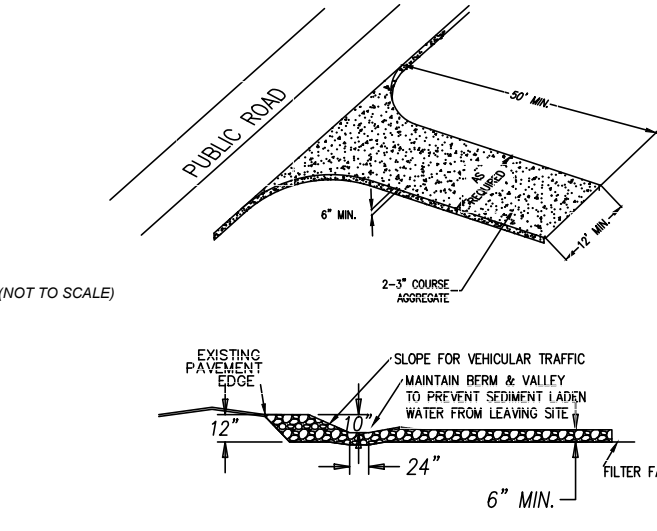
DIMENSIONS OF GRAVEL PAD:

THICKNESS - 6 INCHES MINIMUM

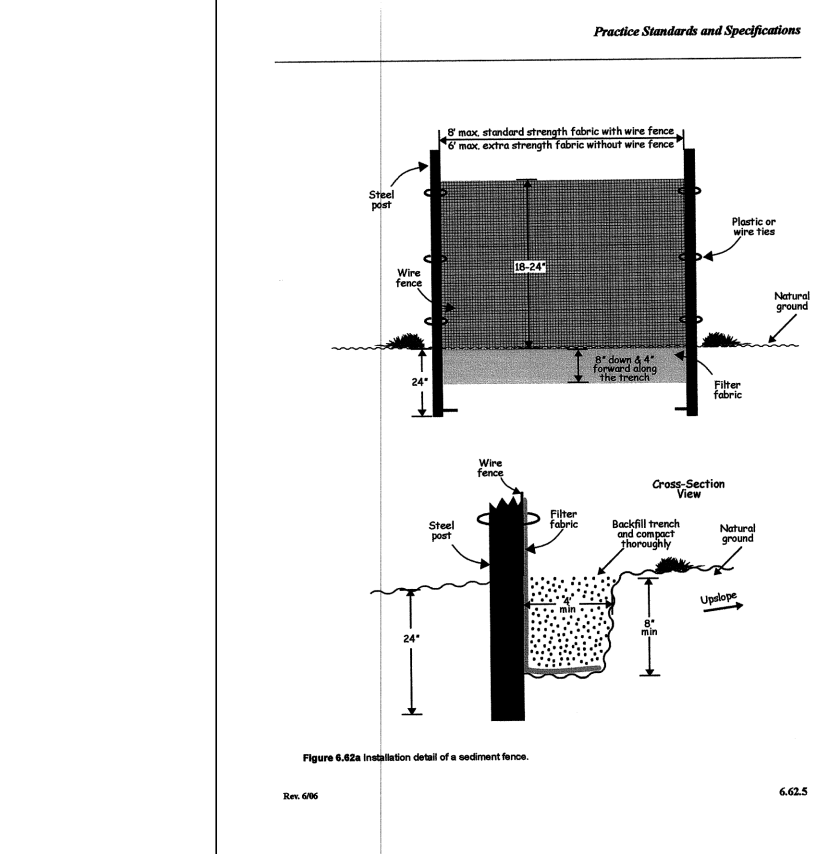
VEHICULAR ENTRANCE AND EXIT

AREA, WHICHEVER IF GREATER

LENGTH - 50-FEET MINIMUM



TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



SILT FENCE DETAIL

(NOT TO SCALE)

MULCHING
IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEED AREA SOWN, MULCH THE ENTIRE AREA EVENLY WITH A LAYER OF WHEAT STRAW TO PROTECT AREA FROM EROSION. MULCH TO BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 75-100 LBS. PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

SECURING MULCH:
THE MULCH SHALL BE HELD IN PLACE BY EMULSIFIED ASPHALT BINDER ON SLOPES 2 TO 1 OR STEEPER, OR AS REQUIRED. APPLY ASPHALT AT 0.10 GALLON PER SQUARE YARD. IN HEAVY TRAFFIC AREAS, USE TYPE "RS" OR "CS" TO MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF TACK COAT. SYNTHETIC BINDERS MAY BE USED AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER TO ANCHOR THE MULCH.

TEMPORARY CHANNEL LININGS IF REQUIRED SHALL BE INSTALLED IN AREAS AS SHOWN ON PLANS, OR AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT EROSION. LININGS AREA TO BE LEFT IN PLACE THROUGHOUT PERMANENT SEEDING PROCEDURE.

MAINTENANCE
I. TEMPORARY SEEDING:
RESEED AND MULCH AREAS WHERE SEEDLING EMERGENCE IS POOR, OR WHERE EROSION OCCURS, AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. DO NOT MOW. PROTECT FROM TRAFFIC AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE.

II. PERMANENT SEEDING:
GENERALLY, A STAND OF VEGETATION CANNOT BE DETERMINED TO BE FULLY ESTABLISHED UNTIL SOIL COVER HAS BEEN MAINTAINED FOR ONE FULL YEAR FROM PLANTING. INSPECT SEEDING AREAS FOR FAILURE AND MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS AND RESEEDINGS WITHIN THE SAME SEASON, IF POSSIBLE.

RESEEDING--IF A STAND HAS INADEQUATE COVER, RE-EVALUATE CHOICE OF PLANT MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES OF LIME AND FERTILIZER. RE-ESTABLISH THE STAND AFTER SEEDING PREPARATION OR OVER-SEED THE STAND. CONSIDER SEEDING TEMPORARY, ANNUAL SPECIES IF THE TIME OF YEAR IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR PERMANENT SEEDING.

NOTE: Pursuant to G.S. 113A-57(2), the angle for graded slopes and fills shall be no greater than the angle that can be retained by vegetative cover or other adequate erosion-control devices or structures. In any event, slopes left exposed will, within 14 calendar days of completion of any phase of grading be planted or otherwise provided with temporary or permanent ground cover, devices, or structures sufficient to restrain erosion. Pursuant to 113A-57(3), provisions for permanent ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion must be accomplished for all disturbed areas within 14 working days or 90 calendar days (whichever is shorter) following completion of construction or development.

VEGETATION MAINTENANCE:
IF A STAND HAS INADEQUATE COVER, RE-EVALUATE CHOICE OF PLANT MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES OF LIME AND FERTILIZER. RE-ESTABLISH THE STAND AFTER SEEDING PREPARATION OR OVER-SEED THE STAND. CONSIDER SEEDING TEMPORARY, ANNUAL SPECIES IF THE TIME OF THE YEAR IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR PERMANENT SEEDING.

SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

SEEDING PREPARATION
THOROUGHLY CULTIVATE LAWN AREAS BY DISCING TO A DEPTH OF 6" AND RAKING THE SURFACE SMOOTH TO REQUIRED GRADES. APPLY 4,000 LBS. OF AGRICULTURAL LIME PER ACRE AND 1,000 LBS. OF 10-10-10 OR EQUIVALENT FERTILIZER PER ACRE.

TEMPORARY SEEDING
TEMPORARY SEEDING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO SEEDING OF PERMANENT LAWNS OR FILL SLOPES, PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:

AUG. 15TH-MAR. 1ST SOW RYE GRAIN AT THE RATE OF 120 LBS. PER ACRE.
MAR. 1ST-AUG. 15TH SOW RYE GRASS AT THE RATE OF 40 LBS. PER ACRE.

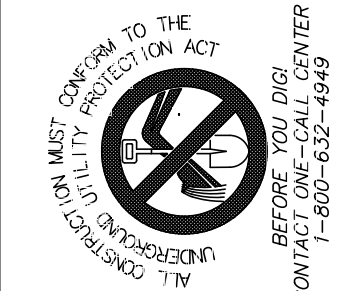
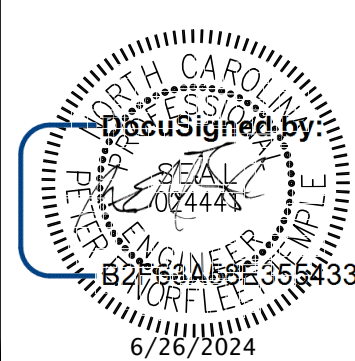
PERMANENT SEEDING	SEASON	VARIETY	RATE (LBS./ACRE)
AUG. 15 - NOV. 1ST	NOV. 15 - MARCH 1ST	KOBE LESPEDEZA	50
		KOBE LESPEDEZA AND TALL FESCUE	60
NOV. 15 - MARCH 1ST	MARCH 1 - APRIL 15	TALL FESCUE	120
		AND ABRUZZI RYE	25
APRIL 15 - JUNE 30	JUNE 30 - AUG. 15	TALL FESCUE	120
		HULLED COMMON BERMUDA	12
JUNE 30 - AUG. 15	AUG. 15 - NOV. 1ST	TALL FESCUE	60
		AND BROWN TOP MILLET	25

WARNING: IF CONDITIONS AT THE SITE ARE SUCH THAT MOST OF THE MUD AND SEDIMENT ARE NOT REMOVED BY VEHICLES TRAVELING OVER THE GRAVEL, THE TIRES SHOULD BE WASHED. WASHING SHOULD BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR OTHER SUITABLE DISPOSAL AREA. A WASH RACK MAY ALSO BE USED TO WASH WASHING MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT.

CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS
1. CLEAR THE ENTRANCE AND EXIT AREA OF ALL VEGETATION, ROOTS AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIVE MATERIAL AND PROPERLY GRADE IT.
2. PLACE THE GRAVEL TO THE SPECIFIC GRADE AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SMOOTH IT.
3. SUPPORT STANDARD STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC BY WIRE MESH FASTENED SECURELY TO THE UPO-SLOPE SIDE OF THE TRENCH. EXTEND THE WIRE MESH SUPPORT TO THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. FASTEN THE WIRE REINFORCEMENT, THEN FABRIC ON THE UPO-SLOPE SIDE OF THE TRENCH. POST. WIRE OR PLASTIC ZIP TIES SHOULD HAVE MINIMUM 50 POUND TENSILE STRENGTH.
4. WHEN A WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE IS USED, SPACE POSTS A MAXIMUM OF 8 FEET APART. SUPPORT POSTS SHOULD BE DRIVEN SECURELY INTO THE GROUND A MINIMUM OF 24 INCHES.
5. EXTRA STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC WITH 6 FEET POST SPACING DOES NOT REQUIRE WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE. SECURELY FASTEN THE FILTER FABRIC DIRECTLY TO POSTS. WIRE OR PLASTIC ZIP TIES SHOULD HAVE MINIMUM 50 POUND TENSILE STRENGTH.
6. THE INSTALLATION SHOULD BE CHECKED AND CORRECTED FOR ANY DEFICIENCIES BEFORE THE LINE OF POSTS AND UPO-SLOPE OF THE BARRIER (FIGURE 6.62a).
7. EXCAVATE A TRENCH APPROXIMATELY 4 INCHES WIDE AND 6 INCHES DEEP ALONG THE PROPOSED LINE OF POSTS AND UPO-SLOPE OF THE BARRIER (FIGURE 6.62a).
8. PLACE 12 INCHES OF THE FABRIC ALONG THE BOTTOM AND SIDE OF THE TRENCH.
9. BACKFILL THE TRENCH WITH SOIL PLACED OVER THE FILTER FABRIC AND COMPACT. THOROUGH COMPACTION OF THE BACKFILL IS CRITICAL TO SILT FENCE PERFORMANCE.
10. DO NOT ATTACH FILTER FABRIC TO EXISTING TREES.
11. NO MEASURES ARE TO BE REMOVED UNTIL DENR APPROVAL.

INSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS
1. THE BASE OF BOTH END POSTS SHOULD BE AT LEAST ONE FOOT HIGHER THAN THE MIDDLE OF THE FENCE. CHECK WITH A LEVEL IF NECESSARY.
2. INSTALL POSTS 4 FEET APART IN CRITICAL AREAS AND 6 FEET APART ON STANDARD APPLICATIONS.
3. INSTALL POSTS 2 FEET DEEP ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE SILT FENCE, AND AS CLOSE AS POSSIBLE TO THE FABRIC. CHAIRING POSTS TO SUPPORT THE FABRIC FROM UPSTREAM WATER PRESSURE.
4. INSTALL POSTS WITH THE NIPPLES FACING AWAY FROM THE SILT FABRIC.
5. ATTACH THE FABRIC TO EACH POST WITH THREE TIES, ALL SPACED WITHIN THE TOP 8 INCHES OF EACH POST. EACH TIE SHOULD BE DRIVEN THROUGH THE FABRIC AND INTO THE GROUND TO A PUNCTURE AT LEAST 1 INCH VERTICALLY APART. ALSO, EACH TIE SHOULD BE POSITIONED TO HANG ON A POST NIPPLE WHEN TIGHTENED TO PREVENT SAGGING.
6. WRAP APPROXIMATELY 6 INCHES OF FABRIC AROUND THE END POSTS AND SECURE WITH 3 TIES.
7. NO MORE THAN 24 INCHES OF A 36 INCH FABRIC IS ALLOWED ABOVE GROUND LEVEL.
8. THE INSTALLATION SHOULD BE CHECKED AND CORRECTED FOR ANY DEFICIENCIES BEFORE COMPACTION.
9. COMPACTION IS CRITICAL FOR EFFECTIVE RESULTS. COMPACT THE SOIL IMMEDIATELY NEXT TO THE SILT FENCE FABRIC WITH THE FRONT WHEEL OF THE TRACTOR, SKID STEER, OR ROLLER EXERTING AT LEAST 60 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH. COMPACT THE UPSTREAM SIDE FIRST, AND THEN EACH SIDE TWICE FOR A TOTAL OF 4 TIMES.

MAINTENANCE
INSPECT SEDIMENT FENCES AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL. MAKE ANY REQUIRED REPAIRS IMMEDIATELY.
SHOULD THE FABRIC OF A SEDIMENT FENCE COLLAPSE, TEAR, DECOMPOSE, OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE, REPLACE IT PROMPTLY.
REMOVE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS AS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STORAGE VOLUME FOR THE NEXT RAIN AND TO REDUCE PRESSURE ON THE FENCE. TAKE CARE TO AVOID UNDERMINING THE FENCE DURING CLEANOUT.
REMOVE ALL FENCING MATERIALS AND UNSTABLE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS AND BRING THE AREA TO GRADE AND STABILIZE IT AFTER THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY STABILIZED.



LOCATION: SR 1709 - HODGES CHAPEL RD. AVERASBORO TOWNSHIP HARNETT COUNTY
PROPERTY OWNER/DEVELOPER: JPF PROPERTIES LLC PO BOX 1207 DUNN, NC 28335-1207

REVISIONS

REVISIONS	DATE	DESCRIPTION
1	04/01/19	ISSUED

FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING PLLC

5245 Ried Hill Church Road • Coats, NC 27521
910.558.2240 • fleet@templeengineering.com • P-2357

DETAILS FOR P.J.'S TRUCK BODIES

DATE: 06/26/2024
P.E. JOB 0089

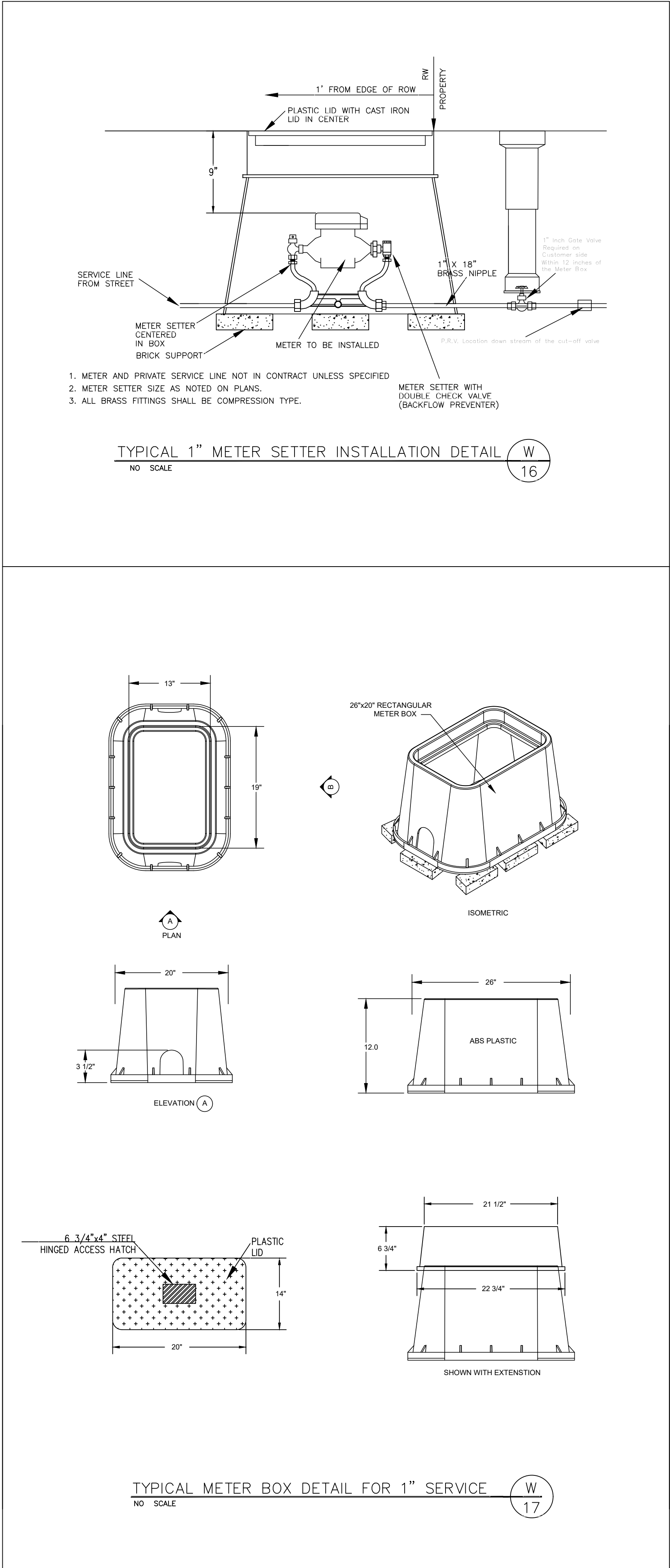
HORIZONTAL SCALE: N/A
VERTICAL SCALE: N/A

C2.0

NOTE: This document, in physical or electronic form, discloses subject matter considered confidential to FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING, PLLC and on which FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING, PLLC has exclusive property right. Neither reprint nor possession thereof confers or transfers any right to reproduce this document or to use it for any purpose without the written permission of FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING, PLLC.



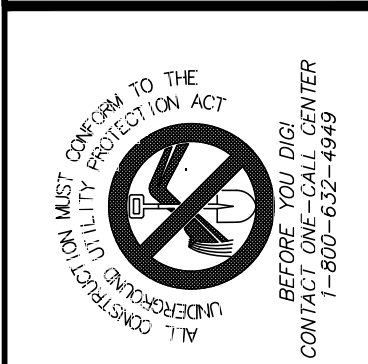
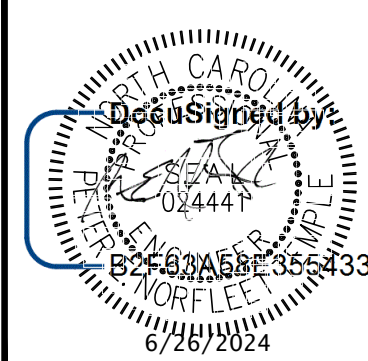
NOTE: This document, in physical or electronic form, discloses subject matter considered confidential to FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING, PLLC and on which FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING, PLLC has exclusive property rights. Neither recipient nor possession hereof confers or transfers any rights to reproduce this document or any part thereof, or to disclose any information contained herein to others, or to use it for any purpose without the written permission of FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING, PLLC.



2022 HRW REQUIRED UTILITY NOTES (Revision 10- April 19, 2022)

WATER

- The Fire Marshal's Office shall approve all hydrant types and locations in new subdivisions. However, Harnett Regional Water (HRW) prefers the contractors to install one of the following fire hydrants:
 - Mueller – Super Centurion 250 A-423 model with a 5/4" main valve opening three way (two hose nozzles and one pump nozzle);
 - American Darling – Mark B-84-B model with a 5/4" main valve opening three way (two hose nozzles and one pump nozzle);
 - Waterous – Pacer B-67-250 model with a 5/4" main valve opening three way (two hose nozzles and one pump nozzle) or approved equal for standardization. *All fire hydrants listed above must have American National Fire Hose Connection Screw Threads NST/NH hose threads.
- Fire hydrants are installed at certain elevations. Any grade change near any fire hydrant, which impedes its operation, shall become the responsibility of the Utility Contractor for correction. Corrections will be monitored by the HRW Utility Construction Inspector and the Harnett County Fire Marshal.
- The Professional Engineer (PE) shall obtain and provide the NCDEQ 'Authorization to Construct' permit to the Utility Contractor before the construction of the water line shall begin. The Utility Contractor must post a copy of the NCDEQ 'Authorization to Construct' permit issued by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality (NCDEQ) on site prior to the start of construction. The permit must be maintained on site throughout the entire construction process of the proposed water lines that will serve this project.
- The Utility Contractor shall notify Harnett Regional Water (HRW) and the Professional Engineer (PE) at least two days prior to construction commencing. The Utility Contractor must schedule a pre-construction conference with Mr. Chad Everett, HRW Utility Construction Inspector at least two (2) days before construction will begin and the Utility Contractor must coordinate with HRW for regular inspection visitations and acceptance of the water system(s). Construction work shall be performed only during the normal working hours of HRW which is 8:00 am – 5:00 pm Monday through Friday. Holiday and weekend work is not permitted by HRW.
- The Professional Engineer (PE) shall provide HRW and the Utility Contractor with a set of NCDEQ approved plans marked 'Released for Construction' at least two days prior to construction commencing. The Registered Land Surveyor (RLS) should stake out all lot corners and the grade stakes for the proposed finish grade for each street before the Utility Contractor begins construction of the water line(s). The grade stakes should be set with a consistent offset from the street centerline so as not to interfere with the street grading and utility construction.
- The Utility Contractor shall provide the HRW Utility Construction Inspector with material submittals and shop drawings for all project materials prior to the construction of any water line extension(s), and associated water services in Harnett County. The materials to be used on the project must meet the established specifications of HRW and be approved by the Engineer of Record prior to construction. All substandard materials or materials not approved for use in Harnett County found on the project site must be removed immediately when notified by the HRW Utility Construction Inspector.
- The water main(s), fire hydrants, service lines, meter setters and all associated appurtenances shall be constructed in strict in accordance with the standard specifications of the Harnett Regional Water (HRW). The Utility Contractor shall be responsible to locate the newly installed water main(s), water service lines and all associated meter setters and meter boxes for other utility companies and their contractors until the new water main(s) have been approved by the North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality, Division of Environmental Health, Public Water Supply Section (NCDEQ, DEH, PWS) and accepted by HRW.
- Prior to acceptance, all services will be inspected to ensure that they are installed at the proper depth. All meter boxes must be flush with the ground level at final grade and the meter setters must be a minimum of 8" below the meter box lid. Meter setters shall be centered in the meter box and supported by brick, block or stone.
- The Utility Contractor shall provide the Professional Engineer (PE) and HRW Utility Construction Inspector with a set of red line drawings identifying the complete water system installed for each project. The red line drawings should identify the materials, pipe sizes and approximate depths of the water lines as well as the gate valves, fire hydrants, meter setters, blow off assemblies and all associated appurtenances for all water line(s) constructed in Harnett County. The red line drawings should clearly identify any deviations from the NCDEQ approved plans. All change orders must be approved by HRW and the Professional Engineer (PE) in writing and properly documented in the red line field drawings.
- Potable water mains crossing other utilities and non-potable water lines (sanitary sewer, storm sewer, RCP, etc.) shall be laid to provide a minimum vertical distance of twentyfour (24") inches between the potable water main and all other utilities. NCDOT requires the new water mains to be installed under the storm water lines. The potable water main shall be installed with twentyfour (24") inches of vertical separation and with ductile iron pipe when designed to be placed under a nonpotable watery line such as sanitary sewer or storm sewer lines. If these separations cannot be maintained then the water main shall be installed with ductile iron pipe. Both the po table water main and the nonpotable water line must be cast iron or ductile iron pipe (DIP) if the state minimum separations cannot be maintained. The ductile iron pipe must be laid so the mechanical joints are at least (10) feet from the point where the water main crosses the nonpotable water line.
- Potable water mains installed parallel to none potable water lines (sanitary sewer, storm sewer, RCP, etc.) shall be laid to provide a minimum horizontal distance of ten (10) feet between the potable water main and sanitary sewer mains, sewer laterals and services. The horizontal separation between the potable water main and any other utility or storm sewer shall not be less than five (5) feet. The potable water main must be ductile iron pipe if this horizontal separation of ten (10) feet cannot be maintained. The ductile iron pipe shall extend at least ten (10) feet beyond the point where the minimum required horizontal separation of ten (10) feet can be re
- Meter setters shoestablished. It be installed in pairs on every other lot line where possible to leave adequate space for other utilities to be installed at a later time. The meter setters shall be installed at least one (1) foot inside the right fwy and at least three (3) to e (5) feet from the property line between the lots.
- HRW requires that meter boxes for 1/2 services shall be 12" wide x 17" long ABS plastic boxes at least 18" in height with cast iron lids/covers. Meter boxes for 1" services shall be 17" wide x 21" long ABS plastic boxes at least 18" in height with plastic lids and cast iron flip covers in the center of the lids. Meter boxes for 2" services shall be 20" wide x 32" long ABS plastic boxes at least 20" in height with plastic lids and cast iron flip covers in the center of the lids.
- Master meters must be installed in concrete vaults sized for the meter assembly and associated appurtenances so as to provide at least eighteen (18") inches of clearance between the bottom of the concrete vault and the bottom of the meter setter. The master meter must be provided test ports if the meter is not equipped with test ports from the manufacturer in accordance with the HRW established standard specifications and details. Ductile iron pipe must be used for the master meter vault piping and valve piping. The Utility Contractor must provide shop drawings for the meter vaults to HRW prior to ordering the concrete vaults.
- The Utility Contractor will install polyethylene SDR-9 water service lines that cross under the pavement inside a schedule 40 PVC conduit to allow removal and replacement in the future. Two (2) independent 1/2" water service lines may be installed inside one (1) – two (2") inch schedule 40 PVC conduit or two (2) independent 1" water service lines may be installed inside one (1) – three (3") inch schedule 40 PVC conduit, but each water service shall be tapped directly to the water main. Split services are not allowed by HRW. If sidewalks are proposed, the conduit must extend past the sidewalk.
- The water main(s), fire hydrants, gate valves, service lines, meter setters and associated appurtenances must be rated for 200 psi and hydrostatically pressure tested to 200 psi. The hydrostatic pressure test(s) must be witnessed by the HRW Utility Construction Inspector. The Utility Contractor must notify HRW when they are ready to begin filling in lines and coordinate with Harnett Regional Water to witness all pressure testing.
- The Utility Contractor shall conduct a pneumatic pressure test using compressed air or other inert gas on the stainless steel tapping sleeve(s) prior to making the tap on the existing water main. This pneumatic pressure test must be witnessed by the HRW Utility Construction Inspector. The Utility Contractor shall use Romax brand stainless steel tapping sleeve(s) or approved equal for all taps made in Harnett County. All new water line extensions must begin with a resilient wedge type gate valve sized equal to the diameter of the new water line extension in order to provide a means of isolation between Harnett Regional Water's existing water mains and the new water line extensions under construction.
- All water mains will be constructed with SDR-21 PVC Pipe or Class 50 Ductile Iron Pipe rated for at least 200 psi or greater. All pipes must be protected during loading, transport, unloading, staging, and installation. PVC pipe must be protected from extended exposure to sunlight prior to installation.
- All water mains will be flushed and disinfected in strict accordance with the standard specifications of the Harnett Regional Water. All water samples collected for bacteria testing HRW Utility Construct ion Inspector and will be collected by the tested in the HRW Laboratory.
- All fittings larger than two (2") inches diameter shall be ductile iron. HRW requires that mechanical joints be assembled with grip rings as Megadug fittings are not approved by Harnett Regional Water for pipe sizes smaller than twelve inches (12") diameter. PVC pipe used for water mains shall be connected by slip joint or mechanical joint with grip rings. Glue pipe joints are not allowed for PVC pipe used for water mains in Harnett County.
- HRW requires that the Utility Contractor install tracer wire in the trench with all water lines. The tracer wire shall be 12 ga. insulated, solid copper conductor and it shall be terminated at the top of the valve boxes or manholes. No spliced wire connection s shall be made underground on tracer wire installed in Harnett County. The tracer wire may be secured with duct tape to the top of the pipe before backfilling.
- The Utility Contractor will provide Professional Engineer (PE) and the Utility Construction Inspector with a set of red line field drawings to identify the installed locations of the water line(s) and all associated services. All change orders must be pre approved by HRW and the Professional Engineer (PE) in writing and properly documente d in the red line field drawings.
- The Utility Contractor shall spot dig to expose each utility pipe or line which may conflict with construction of proposed water line extensions well in advance to verify locations of the existing utilities. The Utility Contractor shall provide both horizontal and vertical clearances to the Professional Engineer (PE) to allow the PE to adjust the water line design in order to avoid conflicts with existing underground utilities. The Utility Contractor shall coordi nate with the utility owner and be responsible for temporary relocation and/or securing existing utility poles, pipes, wires, cables, signs and/or utilities including services in accordance with the utility owner requirements during water line installation , grading and street construction.
- Prior to the commencement of any work within established utility easements or NCDOT rightofways the Utility Contractor is required to have a signed NCDOT encroachment agreement posted on site and notify all concerned utility companies in accordance with G.S. 87102. The Utility Contractor must call the NC One Call Center at 811 or (800) 6324949 to verify the location of existing utilities prior to the beginning of construction. Existing utilities shown in these pla ns are taken from maps furnished by various utility companies and have not been physically located or verified by the P.E. (i.e. TELEPHONE, CABLE, WATER, SEWER, ELECTRICAL POWER, FIBER OPTIC, NATURAL GAS, ETC.). The Utility Contractor will be responsible to repair any and all damages to the satisfaction of the related utility company.
- The Utility Contractor shall provide HRW with at least one (1) fire hydrant wrench and one (1) break-away flange kit for every subdivision with fire hydrants developed in Harnett County. These items must be provided to HRW before the final inspection will be scheduled by the HRW Utility Construction Inspector. In addition, the Utility Contractor shall install a 4" x 4" concrete valve marker at the edge of the right-of-way to identify the location of each gate valve installed in the new water system with the exception of the fire hydrant isolation valves. The contractor shall measure the distance from the center of the concrete marker to the center of the valve box. This distance (in linear feet) shall be stamped on the brass plate located on the top of the concrete valve marker. In lieu of installing the concrete valve markers, the Utility Contractor may provide at least two measurements from two independent permanent above ground structures to the Professional Engineer (PE) in the red line drawings to identify the valve locations. The Professional Engineer (PE) must include these measurements in the As-Built Record Drawings submitted to HRW.
- The Utility Contractor will be responsible for any and all repairs due to leakage damage from poor workmanship during the one (1) year warranty period once the water system improvements have been accepted by Harnett Regional Water. Harnett Regional Water will provide maintenance and repairs when requested and bill the Developer and/or Utility Contractor if necessary due to lack of response within 48 hours of notification of warranty work. The Utility Contractor will be responsible for any and all repairs due to damages resulting from failure to locate the new water lines and associated appurtenances for other contractors until the water lines have been approved by NCDEQ and accepted by HRW. The final inspection of water system improvements cannot be scheduled with HRW until the streets have been paved, the rights-of-way and utility easements have been seeded and stabilized with an adequate stand of grass in place to prevent erosion issues on site.
- The Engineer of Record is responsible to ensure that construction is, at all times, in compliance with accepted sanitary engineering practices and approved plans and specifications. No field changes to the approved plans are allowed without prior written approval by HRW. A copy of each engineer's field report is to be submitted to HRW as each such inspection is made on system improvements or testing is performed by the contractor. Water and sewer infrastructure must pass all HRW specifications and those of all applicable regulatory agencies. These tests include, but are not limited to: air test, vacuum test, mandrel test, visual test, pressure test, bacteriological test, etc. A HRW Inspector must be present during testing and all test results shall be submitted to HRW. All tests must be satisfied before the final inspection will be scheduled with the HRW Inspector. The Engineer of Record must request in writing to schedule the final inspection once all construction is complete. The Developer's Engineer of Record and the HRW Utility Construction Inspector shall prepare a written punch list of any defects or deficiencies noted during the final inspection, should any exist. Upon completion of the punch list, the Developer's Engineer of Record will schedule another inspection. In the event the number of inspections performed by the HRW exceeds two, additional fees may be assessed to the Developer.



LOCATION: SR 1709 - HODGES CHAPEL RD. AVERASBORO TOWNSHIP HARNETT COUNTY

PROPERTY OWNER/DEVELOPER: JPF PROPERTIES LLC PO BOX 1207 DUNN, NC 28335-1207

REVISIONS:

FLEET TEMPLE ENGINEERING PLLC

5245 Red Hill Church Road • Coats, NC 27521
910.955.2246 • fleet@templeengineering.com • P-2357

DETAILS FOR P/J'S TRUCK BODIES

HORIZONTAL SCALE: N/A
VERTICAL SCALE: N/A

DATE: 06/26/2024
P/E JOB# 1089

C2.2

GENERAL

- THESE DRAWINGS ARE TO BE COORDINATED WITH THE ARCHITECTURAL, MECHANICAL, PLUMBING, ELECTRICAL, AND CIVIL DRAWINGS.
- THIS STRUCTURE AND ALL CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO ALL APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE NC BUILDING CODE AND ANY LOCAL LAWS WHERE THE STRUCTURE IS TO BE CONSTRUCTED.
- THESE STRUCTURAL NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS AND ARE TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE JOB SPECIFICATIONS. WHEN THERE ARE NO SPECIFICATIONS IN ADDITION TO THESE NOTES SHALL GOVERN. WHEN THERE IS A SPECIFICATION IN ADDITION TO THE NOTES THE MORE STRINGENT OF THE TWO SHALL GOVERN.

MISCELLANEOUS

- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ADEQUATE TEMPORARY BRACING, SHORING, AND GUYING OF FRAMING AND WALLS AGAINST WIND, CONSTRUCTION LOADS, AND OTHER TEMPORARY FORCES UNTIL SUCH PROTECTION IS NO LONGER REQUIRED FOR THE SAFE SUPPORT OF THE FRAMING.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REVIEWING THE DIMENSIONS OF THE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS AND ADVISING THE ENGINEER OF ANY DIFFERENCES IN DIMENSIONS BETWEEN THE PRE-ENGINEERED METAL BUILDING PLANS AND SECTIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION.
- CONSTRUCTION SAFETY: THESE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS DO NOT CONTAIN NECESSARY COMPONENTS FOR SAFETY DURING CONSTRUCTION.

FOUNDATIONS

- THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER HAS NOT PERFORMED A SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION. THE FOUNDATION IS BASED UPON AN ASSUMED SOIL BEARING CAPACITY OF 2000 PSF NET BEARING. VERIFICATION OF THIS ASSUMED VALUE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER OR CONTRACTOR. SHOULD ANY ADVERSE SOIL CONDITION BE ENCOUNTERED, THE STRUCTURAL ENGINEER MUST BE CONTACTED BEFORE PROCEEDING.
- ANY FILL SHALL BE PLACED UNDER THE DIRECTION OR RECOMMENDATION OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. THE RESULTING SOIL SHALL BE COMPACTED TO A MINIMUM OF 95 PERCENT MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY.
- SITE PREPARATION: REMOVE TOPSOIL, ORGANICS, SOFT CLAY, AND ANY OTHER UNSOUND MATERIAL FROM UNDER ALL FLOOR SLABS, FOOTINGS, AND 5'-0" BEYOND BUILDING WALL. PROOFROLL THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE WITH A FULLY LOADED, TANDEN AXLE DUMP TRUCK OR SIMILAR RUBBER Tired CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT AS RECOMMENDED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER IN ORDER TO DENSIFY THE EXPOSED SUBGRADE AND TO LOCATE SOFT UNSUITABLE SOILS. REMOVE AND REPLACE ANY UNSUITABLE SOILS AS DIRECTED BY THE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. BACKFILL AS REQUIRED WITH CLEAN SELECTED FILL, COMPACTED IN 8" TO 10" LOOSE THICKNESS LIFTS AND COMPACT TO 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY AT OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT. UPPER 18" OF FILL UNDER FLOOR SLABS TO BE COMPACTED IN 6" MAXIMUM LAYERS TO 98% DENSITY AT OPTIMUM MOISTURE CONTENT (ASTM D-698).
- WHEN BOTTOM OF FOUNDATIONS ARE AT OR BELOW THE GROUND WATER TABLE, PROPERLY DEWATER THE FOUNDATION EXCAVATION PRIOR TO PLACING CONCRETE.
- AN IMAGINARY 45 DEGREE LINE EXTENDING DOWNWARD AND OUTWARD FROM THE BOTTOM CORNER OF ANY EXISTING FOUNDATION SHALL NOT INTERSECT ANT INTENDED EXCAVATION FOR ADJACENT FOUNDATIONS OR UTILITIES, UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE ON THE DRAWINGS.

CONCRETE

- REINFORCED CONCRETE WORK SHALL COMPLY WITH BOTH "SPECIFICATIONS FOR STRUCTURAL BUILDINGS" ACI 301 AND "BUILDING CODE REQUIREMENTS FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE" ACI 318
- CONCRETE SHALL BE PLACED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACI 304R.
- DURING HOT WEATHER THE CONTROL OF CONCRETE PLACEMENT, PROTECTION AND CURING SHALL COMPLY WITH ACI 306R.
- WHEN THE MEAN DAILY TEMPERATURE IS BELOW 40 DEGREES F THE CONTROL OF PLACEMENT, PROTECTION AND CURING SHALL COMPLY WITH ACI 306R.
- CONCRETE SHALL HAVE NORMAL WEIGHT AGGREGATE AND A MINIMUM COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH (F_c) AT 28 DAYS AS LISTED BELOW.

5.1

FOOTINGS

3000 PSI

5.2

SLABS-ON-GRADE

3000 PSI
- ENTRAINED AIR MUST BE USED IN ALL CONCRETE THAT WILL BE EXPOSED TO FREEZING AND THAWING AND DEICING CHEMICALS. AMOUNT OF AIR ENTRAINMENT (PERCENT) SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING SCHEDULE WITH A RANGE OF -1 TO +2 PERCENTAGE POINTS OF THE TARGET VALUE:

6.1

FOOTINGS

5%

6.2

INTERIOR SLABS

0%, SEE NOTE BELOW

6.3

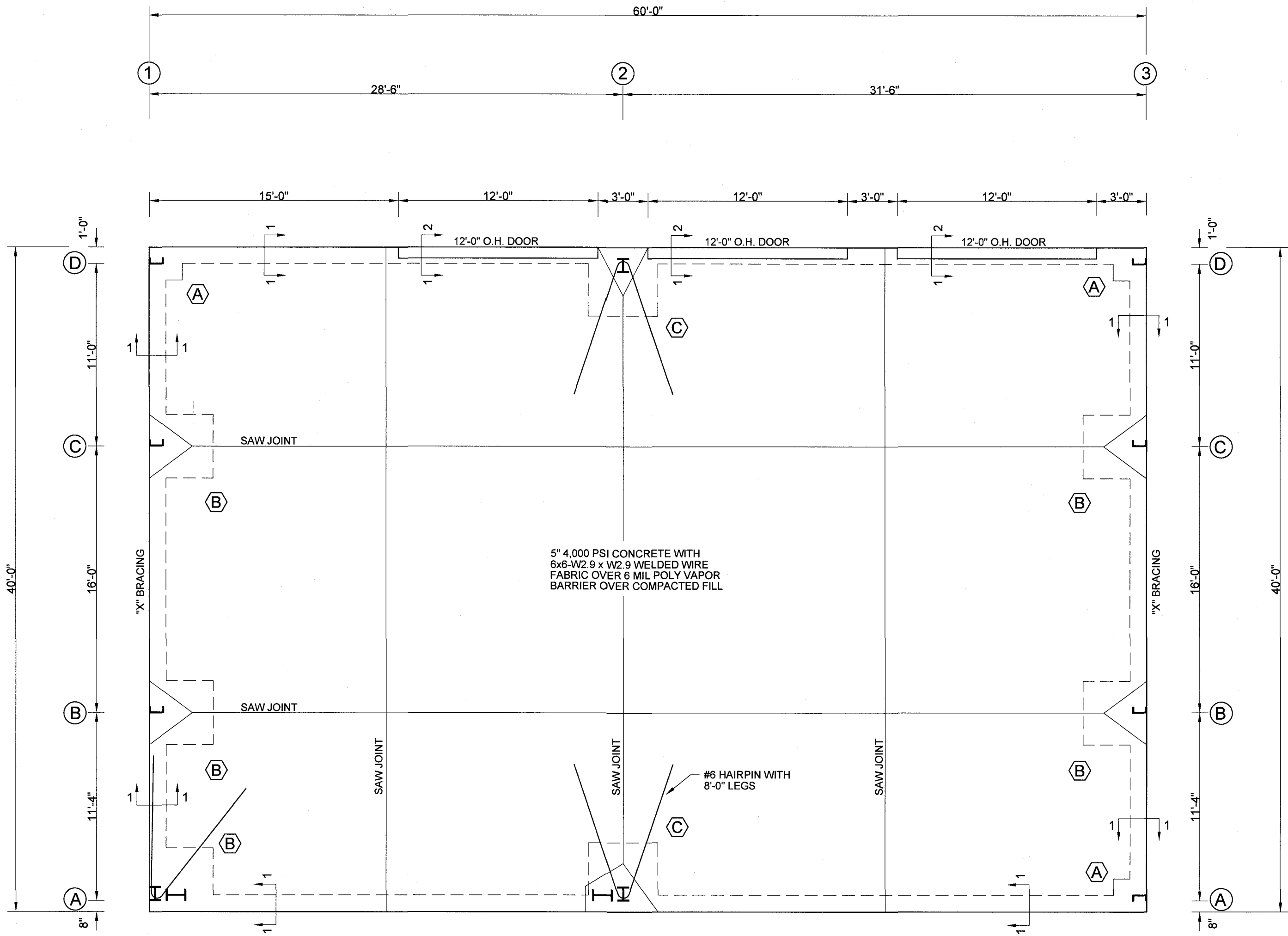
EXTERIOR SLABS

5%

NOTE: IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT INTERIOR SLABS TO BE GIVEN A SMOOTH, DENSE, HARD-TROWELED FINISH NOT TO CONTAIN ENTRAINED AIR SINCE BLISTERING OR DELAMINATION MAY OCCUR. IF SLAB WILL BE EXPOSED TO DEICING OR OTHER AGGRESSIVE CHEMICALS, CONTACT STRUCTURAL ENGINEER FOR PROPER AIR ENTRAINMENT REQUIREMENTS.
- CONCRETE SLABS ON GRADE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACI 302.1R-96 "GUIDE FOR CONCRETE SLAB AND SLAB CONSTRUCTION"
- CONTROL JOINTS SHALL BE SPACED IN SLABS ON GRADE AT A MAXIMUM OF 20'-0" O.C. UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.

REINFORCING STEEL

- REINFORCING STEEL SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM A615, GRADE 60. WELDED WIRE FABRIC SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM A185. WELDABLE REINFORCING BARS SHALL COMPLY WITH ASTM A706, GRADE 60.
- CLEAR CONCRETE COVER ON REINFORCING STEEL: BOTTOM OF FOOTINGS= 3", SIDE AND TOP SURFACE OF FOOTINGS= 2", BOTTOM OF SLAB ON GRADE = 2 1/2", WALL SURFACE = 2", TOP OR BOTTOM SURFACE OF FLOOR SLABS = 3/4"
- PROVIDE CLASS 3 BAR AND MESH SUPPORTS.
- DETAILING, FABRICATION AND PLACEMENT OF REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ACI 315 (LATEST EDITION) MANUAL OF STANDARD PRACTICE FOR DETAILING CONCRETE STRUCTURES.
- HORIZONTAL FOOTING AND WALL REINFORCEMENT SHALL BE CONTINUOUS AND AND SHALL HAVE 90° BENDS OR CORNER BARS SHALL BE INSTALLED. THE CORNER BAR SHALL HAVE THE SAME SIZE AND SPACING AS THE HORIZONTAL REINFORCEMENT WITH A CLASS B TENSION SPLICE.
- LAP REINFORCEMENT AS REQUIRED A MINIMUM OF 40 BAR DIAMETERS FOR TENSION OR COMPRESSION UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE. SPLICES IN MASONRY SHALL BE A MINIMUM OF 48 BAR DIAMETERS.
- WHERE REINFORCING DOWELS ARE REQUIRED THEY SHALL BE EQUIVALENT SIZE AND SPACING AS THE VERTICAL REINFORCEMENT. THE DOWEL SHALL EXTEND 48 BAR DIAMETERS VERTICALLY AND 20 BAR DIAMETERS INTO FOOTING.



1
F-1
FOUNDATION PLAN
SCALE: 3/16"=1'-0"

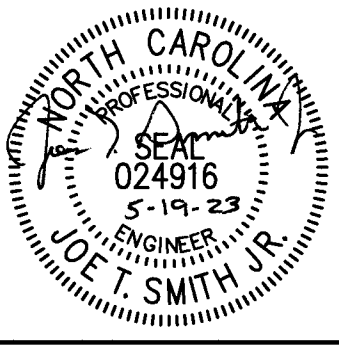
ANCHOR BOLTS REQUIRED

SIZE	TYPE	NUMBER	LENGTH	LT	NUTS	WASHERS
3/4"	ROD	48	18"	4"	48	48

NOTE: DO NOT "RAM" ANCHOR BOLTS INTO FRESHLY POURED CONCRETE SLAB. ALL ANCHOR BOLTS, WITH NUTS ATTACHED, ARE TO BE PLACED IN PRE DRILLED TEMPLATES AND PROPERLY SUPPORTED, PRIOR TO CONCRETE POUR. BE SURE TO VIBRATE CONCRETE AROUND ANCHOR BOLTS.

COPYRIGHT 2023 © SMITH ENGINEERING AND DESIGN, P.A. — ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

**SMITH ENGINEERING
AND DESIGN, P.A.**
1103 Gracie Place, Suite A
Goldshoro, N.C. 27534
Corporation License No. C-2241
Phone: 919.736.2141 Fax: 919.736.2142



REVISIONS	
REV	DESCRIPTION

**PJ's Truck Bodies
& Equipment Co.**
1560 George Perry Lee Road
Dunn, NC 28334

DATE: 19 May 2023

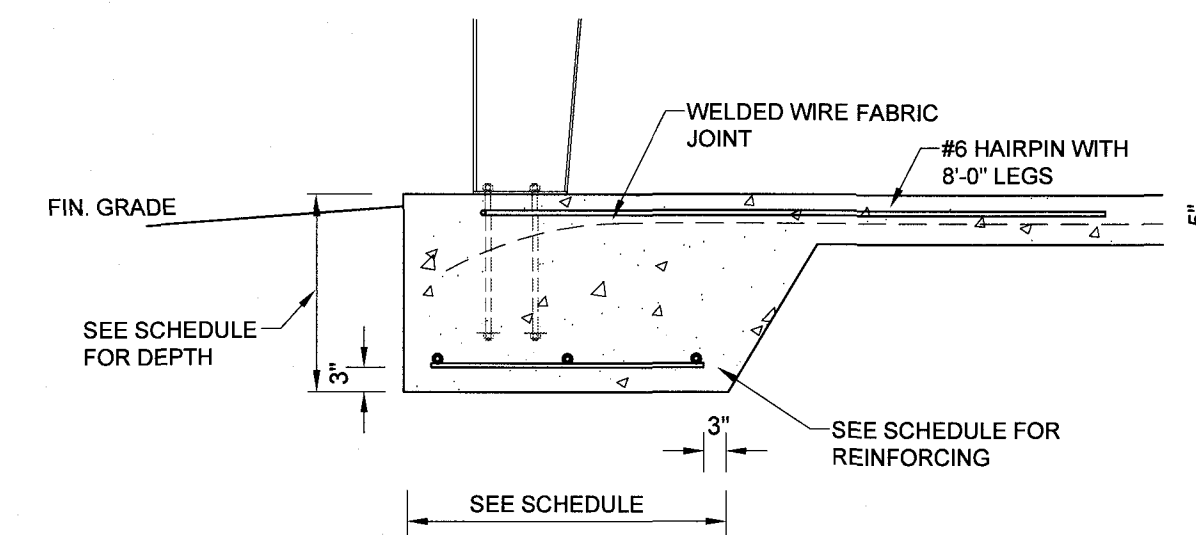
DRAWN BY: J.S.

SCALE: 3/16" = 1'-0"

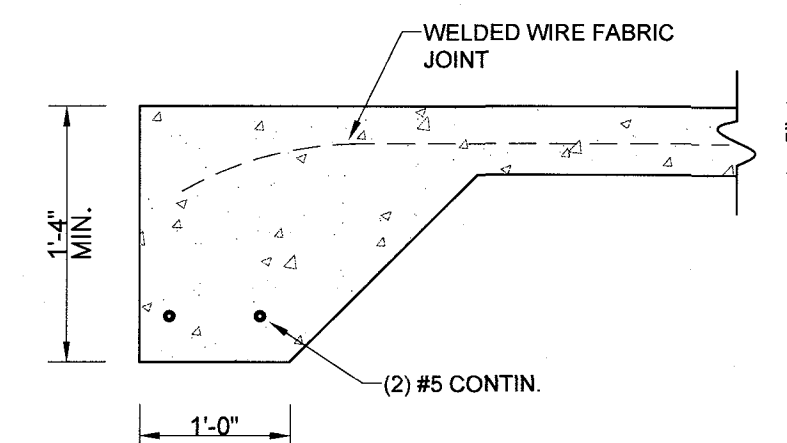
F-1



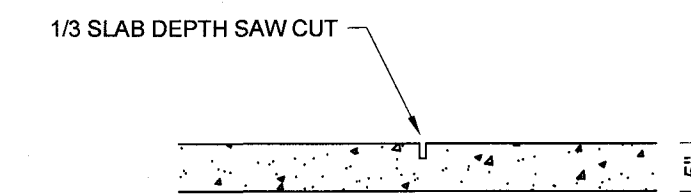
MARK	FOOTING SIZE	REBAR
	2'-0" X 2'-0" X 2'-0"	(3) #4 E.W.
	3'-10" X 3'-10" X 2'-0"	(5) #4 E.W.
	4'-2" X 4'-2" X 2'-0"	(6) #4 E.W.



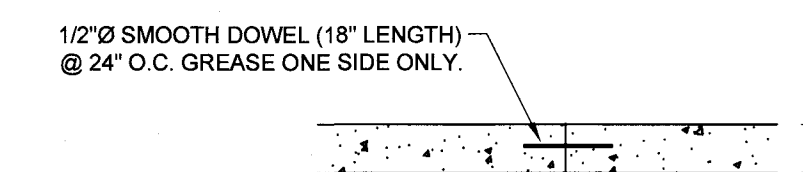
FOOTING DETAIL



SECTION 1-1

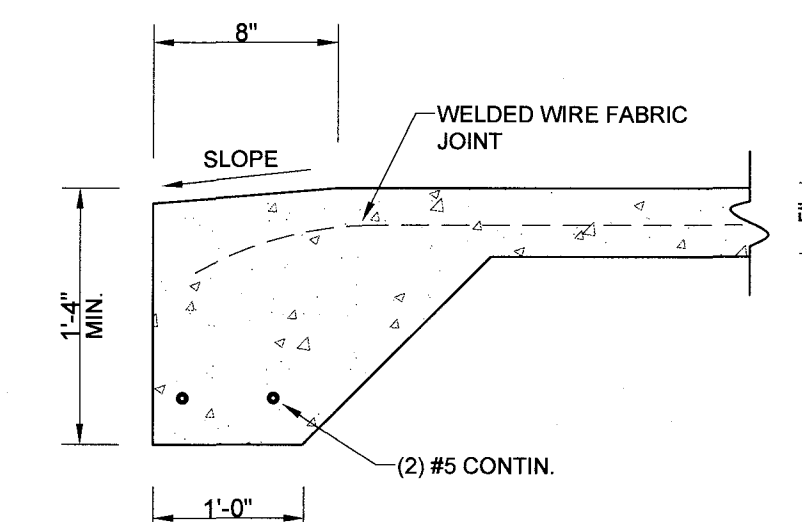


SAW JOINT



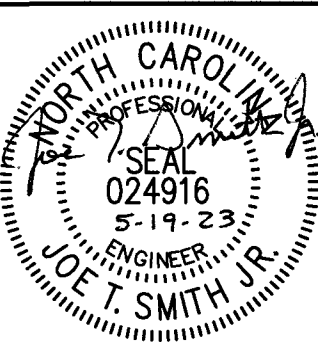
DOWEL CONSTRUCTION JOINT

NOTE: DOWELED CONSTRUCTION JOINTS
MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR SAW JOINTS.



SECTION 1-2
AT O.H. DOORS

**SMITH ENGINEERING
AND DESIGN, P.A.**
1103 Gracie Place, Suite A
Goldsboro, N.C. 27534
Corporation License No. C-2241
Phone: 919.736.2141 Fax: 919.736.2142

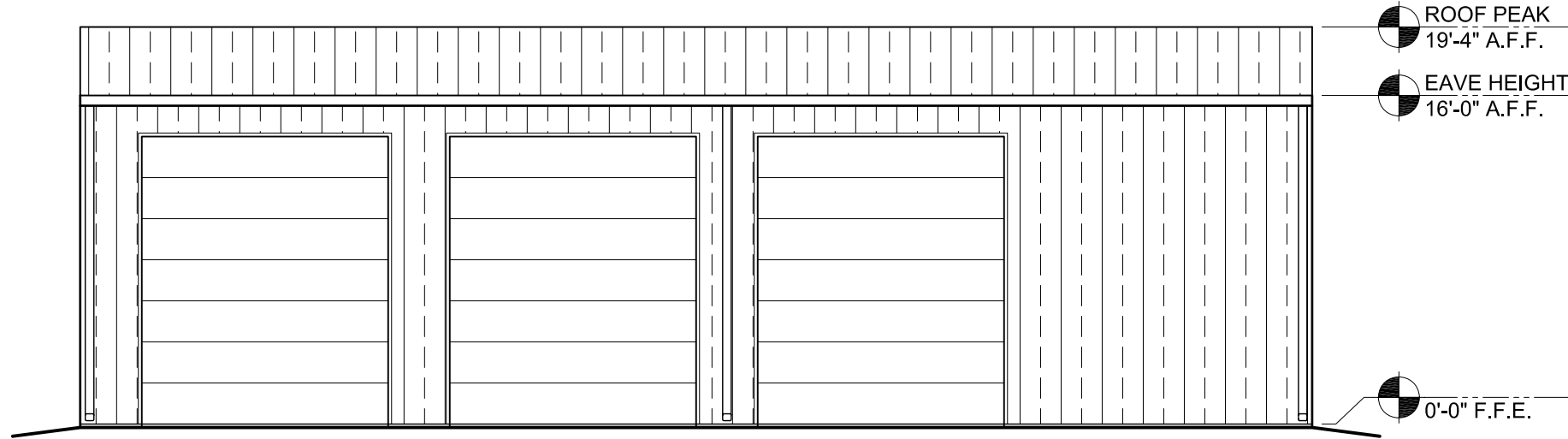
[illegible]

**PJ's Truck Bodies
& Equipment Co.**
1560 George Perry Lee Road
Dunn, NC 28334

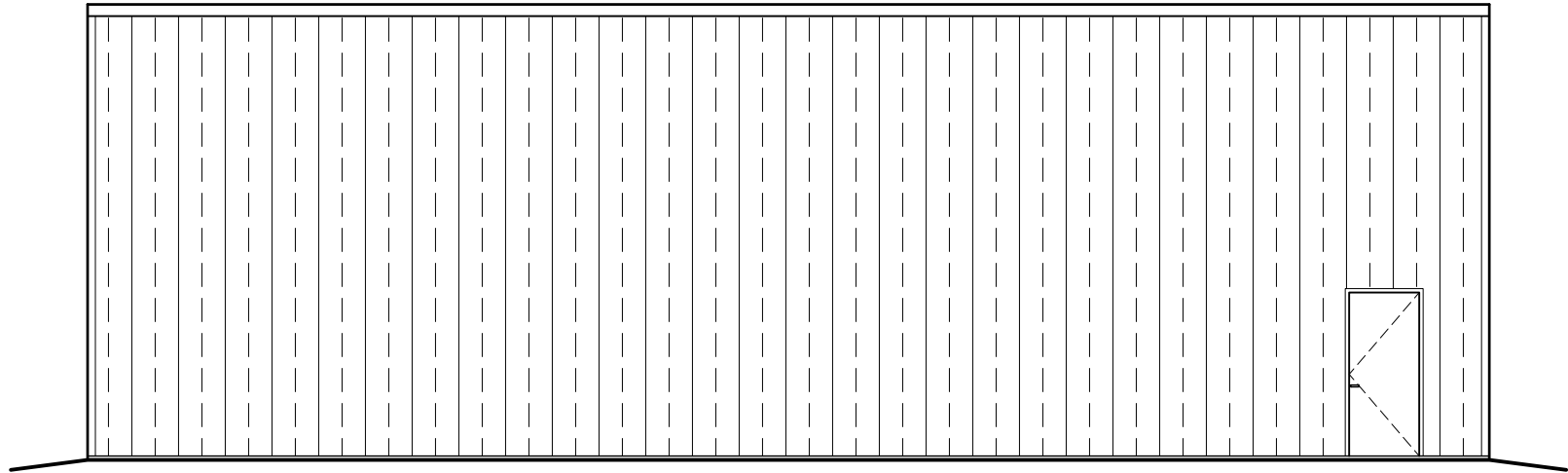
1560 George Perry Lee Road
Dunn, NC 28334

DATE:	19 May 2023
DRAWN BY:	J.S.
SCALE:	N.T.S.

F-2



2 SOUTH ELEVATION
Scale : 1/8" = 1'-0"



3 NORTH ELEVATION
Scale : 1/8" = 1'-0"

LEGEND

FIRE EXTINGUISHER

FE

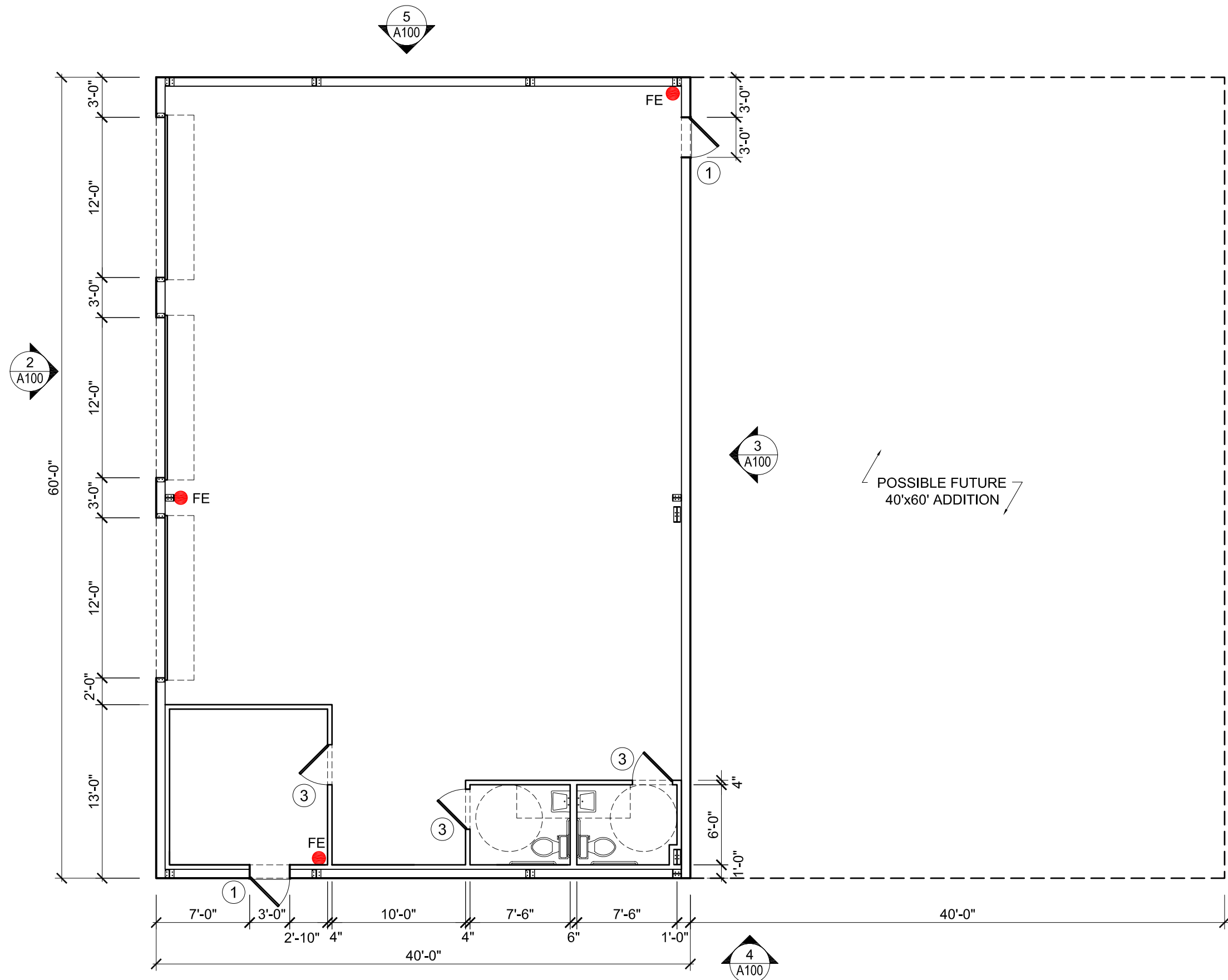
NOTES:

1. Field verify all dimensions and conditions.

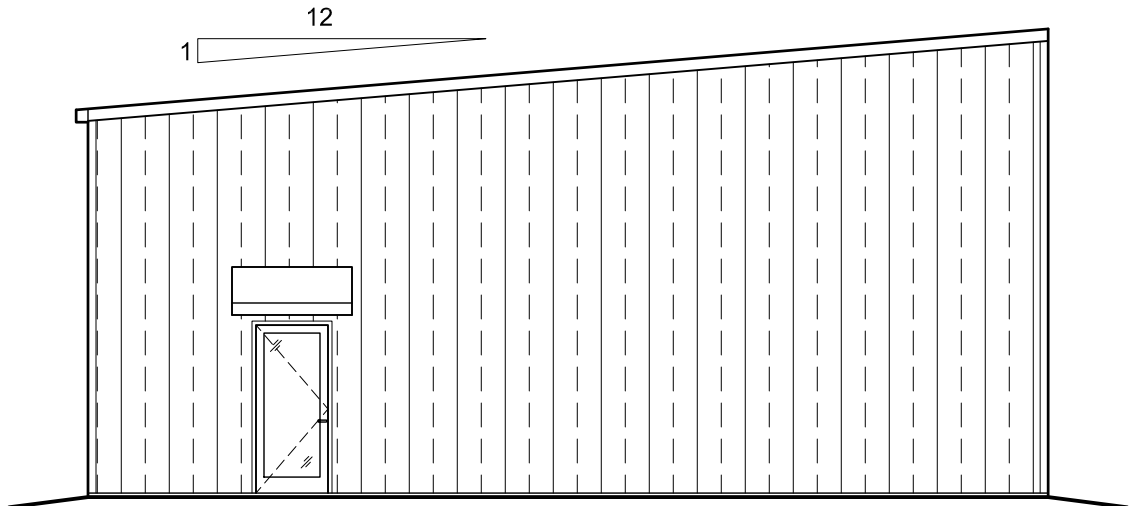
2. All work is to be done in accordance with the current version of the NC Building Code.

3. For F-1 Occupancy and Type II-B construction with a fire separation distance of greater than 10' the exterior walls require 0 fire-resistance ratings. (NCBC Table 602)

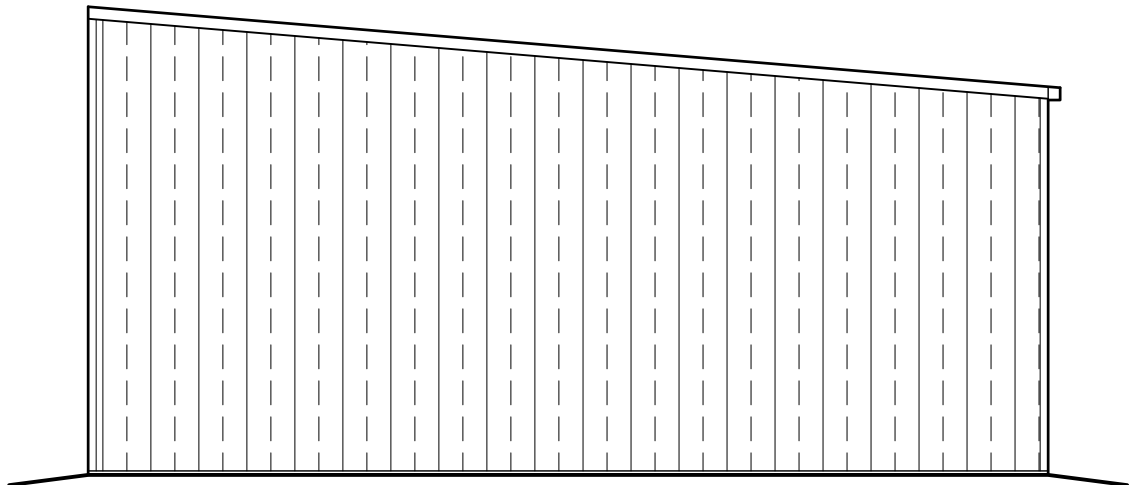
DOOR SCHEDULE			
SYM	SIZE	QTY.	NOTES
①	3'-0"x7'-0"	2	EXTERIOR DOOR
②	12'-0"x14'-0"	3	OVERHEAD GARAGE DOOR
③	3'-0"x7'-0"	3	INTERIOR DOOR



1 FLOOR PLAN
Scale : 1/8" = 1'-0"



4 EAST ELEVATION
Scale : 1/8" = 1'-0"



5 WEST ELEVATION
Scale : 1/8" = 1'-0"

PLUMBING SCHEDULE		
DESCRIPTION	SYMBOL	
COLD WATER		CW
HOT WATER		HW
HOT WATER RECIRC.		HWRECIRC.
VENT PIPING		V
WASTE PIPING		W
CLEAN OUT @ GRADE		C.O.A.G.
FLOOR CLEAN OUT		F.C.O.
FLOOR CLEAN OUT		F.C.O.
NON FREEZE HOSE BIBB		NFHB
FLOOR DRAIN		F.D.
CHECK VALVE		
BALL VALVE		
GATE VALVE		
SHUT-OFF VALVE		
BACKFLOW PREVENTER		
FIXTURE DESIGNATION	P--	
MOUNTING HEIGHT	MH	
SHOCK ABSORBER W/BALL VALVE SHUT-OFF		SA (SIZE PER MANUF. RECOMMENDATIONS)
HOSE BIBB		HB MH=24"

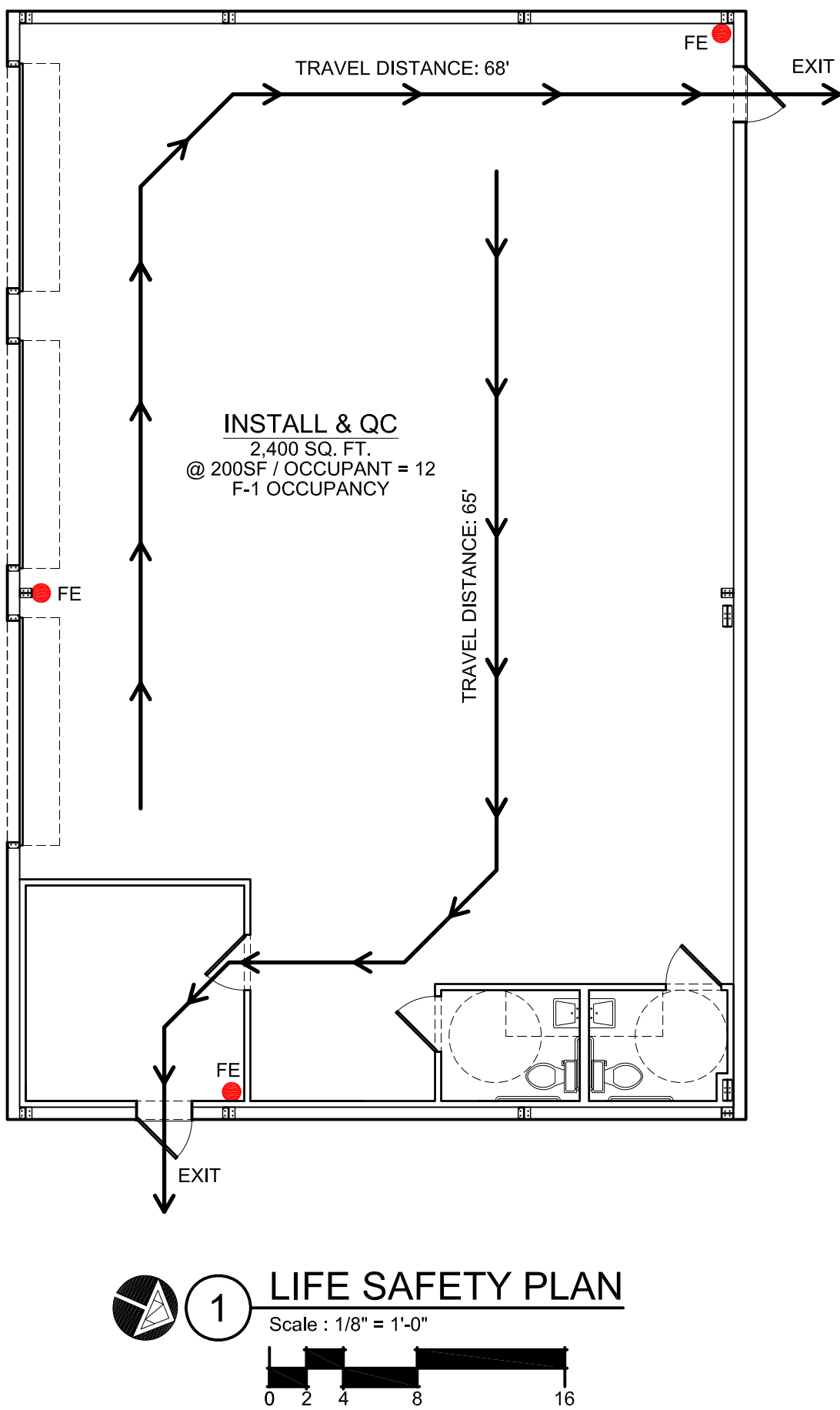
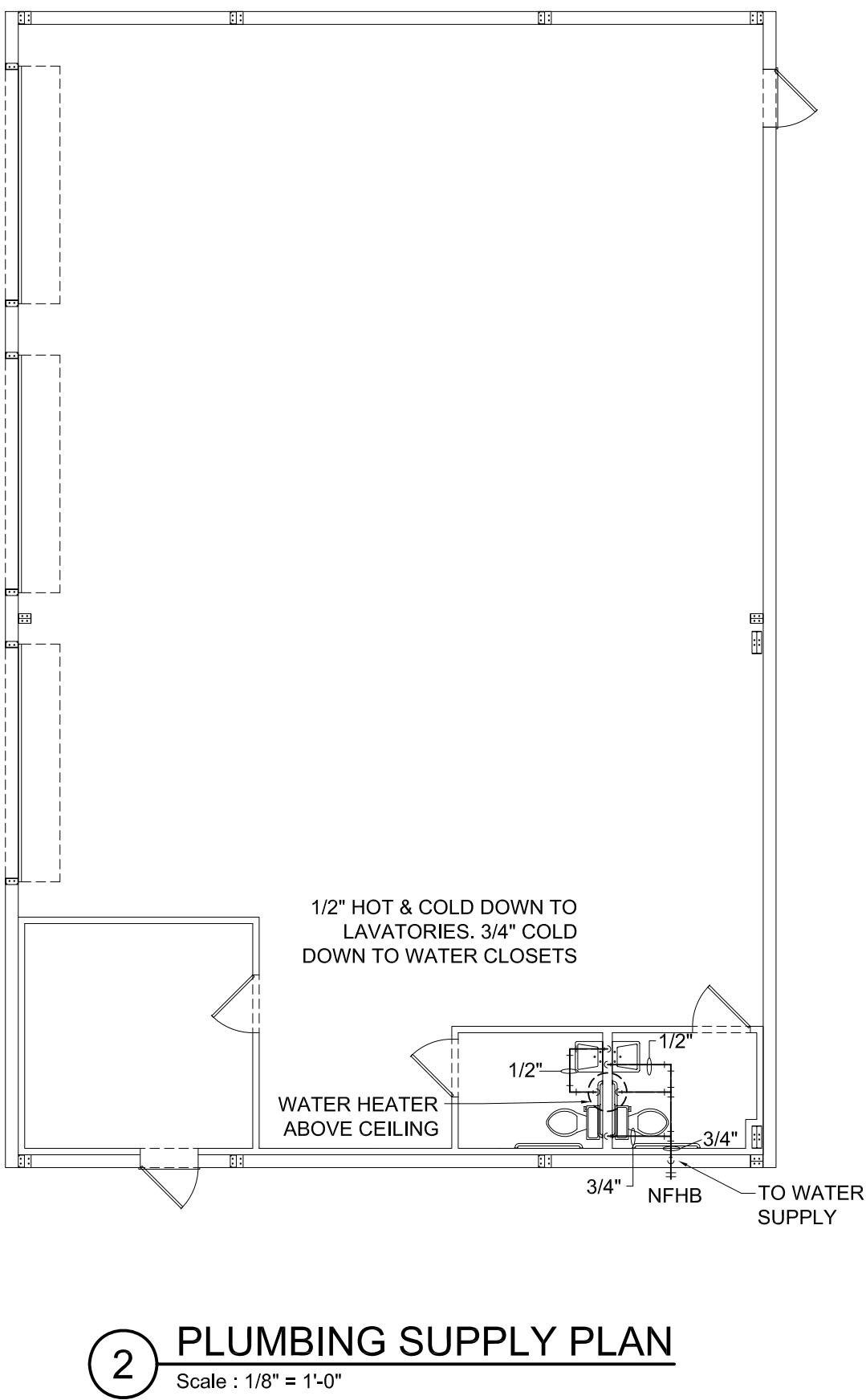
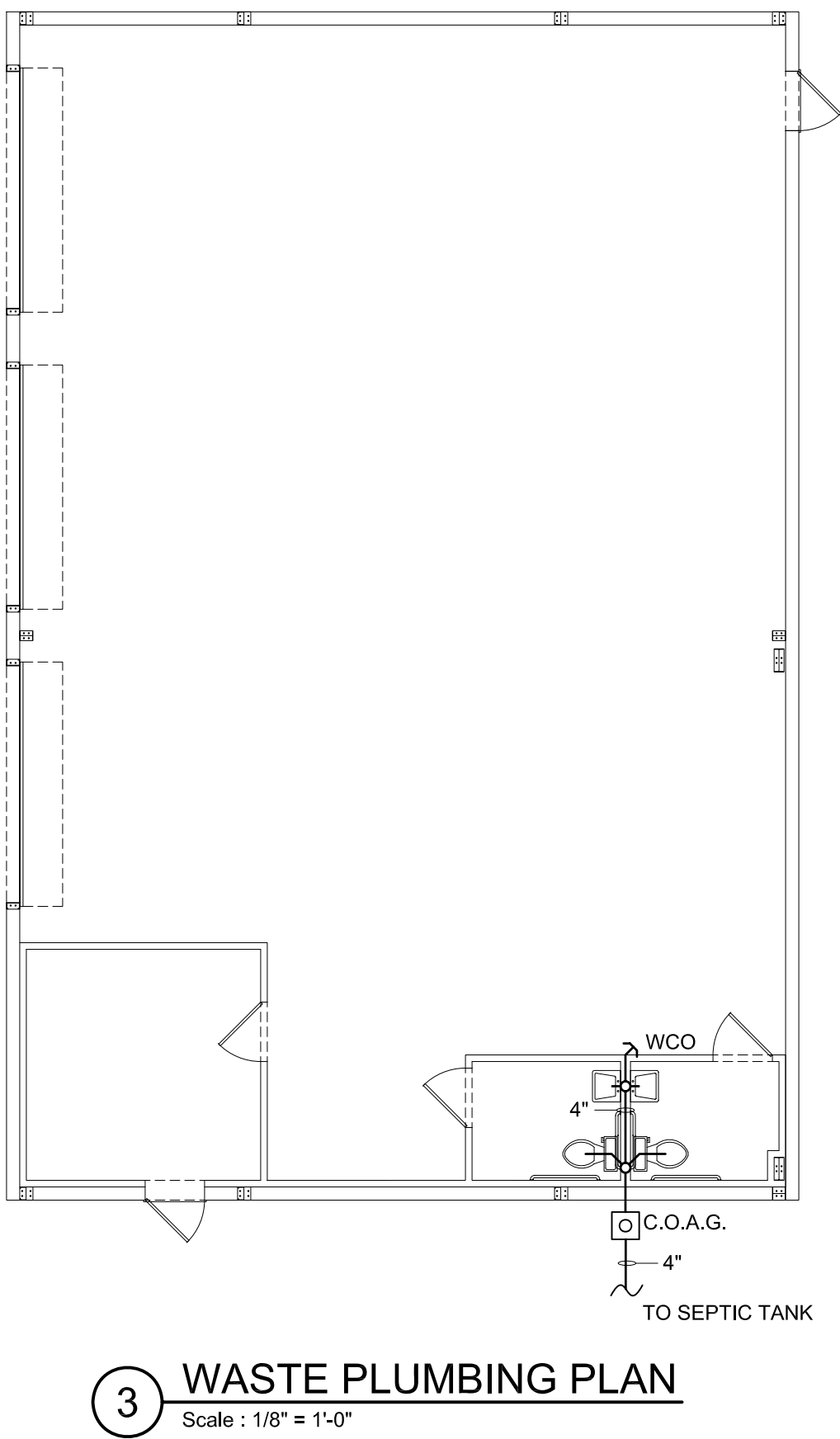
NOTES:

- Field verify all dimensions and conditions.
- All work shall comply with the International Plumbing Code, the NC Building Code, and the requirements of the local inspector.
- All work shall be done by a licensed plumbing contractor.

LEGEND

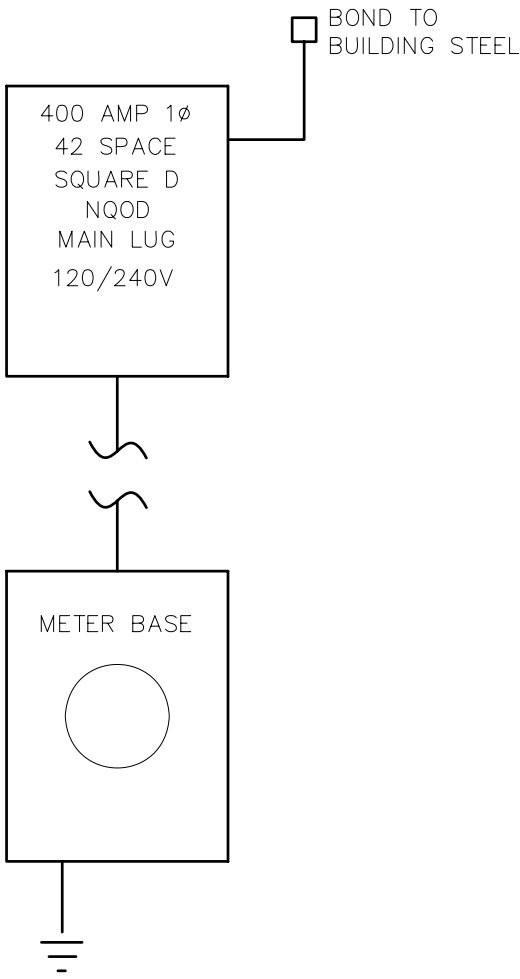
FIRE EXTINGUISHER

FE



PANEL: TBD		SCHEDULE: _____		MANUFACTURER: SQ. D.		NO. OF SPACES: 42							
VOLTS: 120/240		AMPS: 400		TYPE: "N00D"		MOUNTING SURFACE _____							
ENCLOSURE: NEMA 1		# 1		SHORT CIRCUIT RATING: 10K		_____							
MAIN: □		MLD: □		TOP FEED: □		BOTTOM FEED: □							
				COPPER BUS: □		GROUND BAR KIT: □							
						NEUTRAL BAR KIT: □							
L1	L2	CIRCUIT	POLES	TRIP	ASSIGNMENT	PHASE		ASSIGNMENT	TRIP	POLES	CIRCUIT	L1	L2
TBD	*	1	1	20	OFFICE LIGHTS	○		OFFICE RECEPTACLES	20	1	2	TBD	*
*	TBD	3	1	20	RESTROOM LIGHTS	○		SHOP RECEPTACLES	20	1	4	*	TBD
TBD	*	5	1	20	SHOP LIGHTS	○		SHOP RECEPTACLES	20	1	6	TBD	*
*	TBD	7	1	20	SHOP LIGHTS	○		ROLLUP DOOR 1	20	1	8	*	TBD
TBD	*	9	1	20	EXTERIOR LIGHTS	○		ROLLUP DOOR 2	20	1	10	TBD	*
*	TBD	11	1			○		ROLLUP DOOR 3	20	1	12	*	TBD
*	*	13	1			○				1	14	*	*
*		15	1			○				1	16	*	*
*	*	17	1			○				1	18	*	*
*		19	1			○				1	20	*	*
*	*	21	1			○				1	22	*	*
*		23	1			○				1	24	*	*
*	*	25	1			○				1	26	*	*
*		27	1			○				1	28	*	*
*	*	29	1			○				1	30	*	*
*		31	1			○				1	32	*	*
*	*	33	1			○				1	34	*	*
*		35	1			○				1	36	*	*
*	*	37	1			○				1	38	*	*
*		39	1			○				1	40	*	*
*	*	41	1			○				1	42	*	*

L1 = TBD A
L2 = TBD A



- NOTES:
- Field verify all dimensions and conditions.
 - All work shall comply with the National Electric Code, the NC Building Code, and the requirements of the local inspector.
 - All work shall be done by a licensed electrical contractor.

LEGEND

BATTERY BACKUP EMERGENCY LIGHTING

EXTERIOR LIGHT OVER EXIT

BACK LIT EXIT SIGN

LED LIGHT FIXTURE

LED LIGHT FIXTURE NIGHT LIGHT (UNSWITCHED)

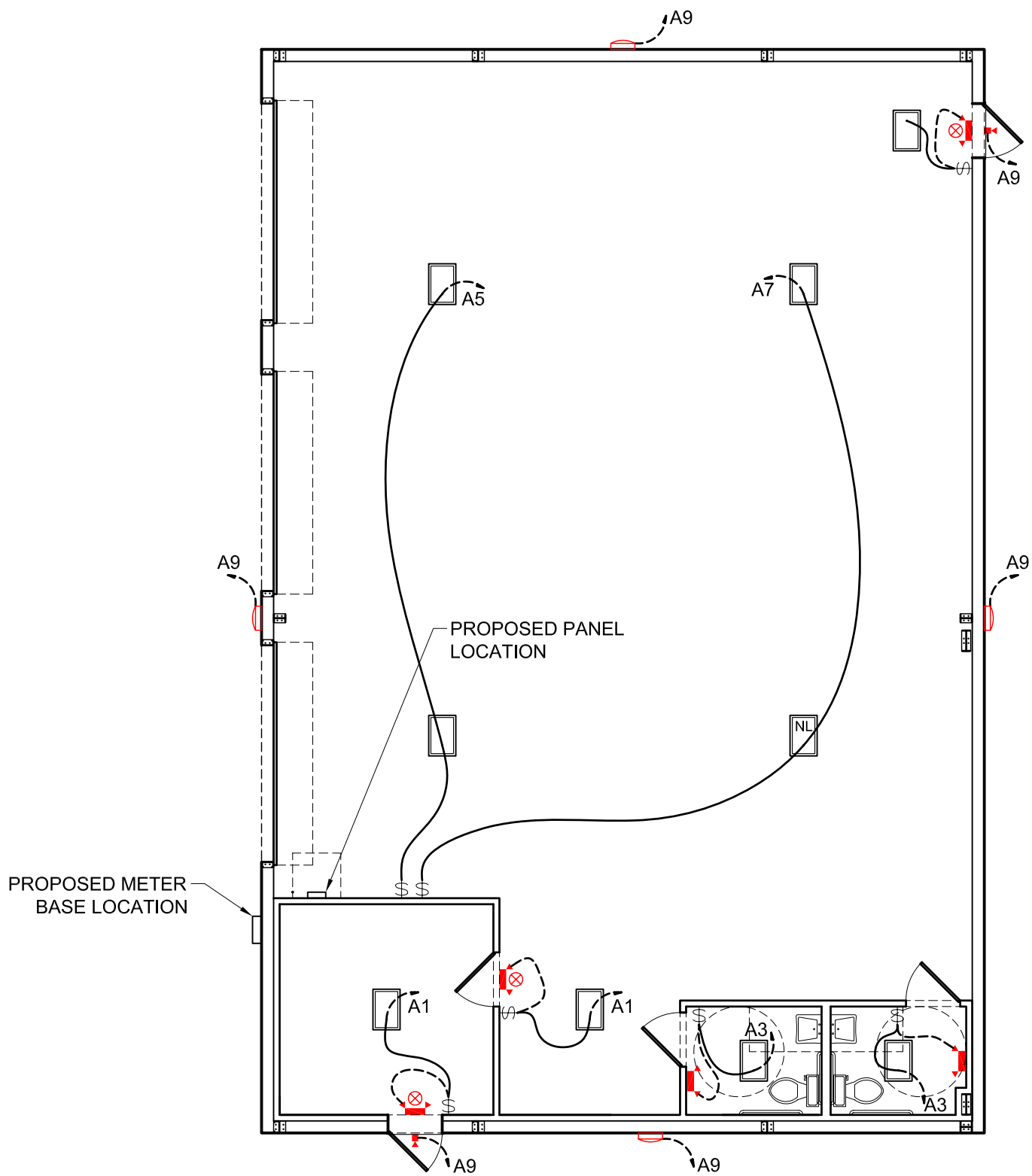
SWITCHED BRANCH CIRCUIT

UNSWITCHED BRANCH CIRCUIT

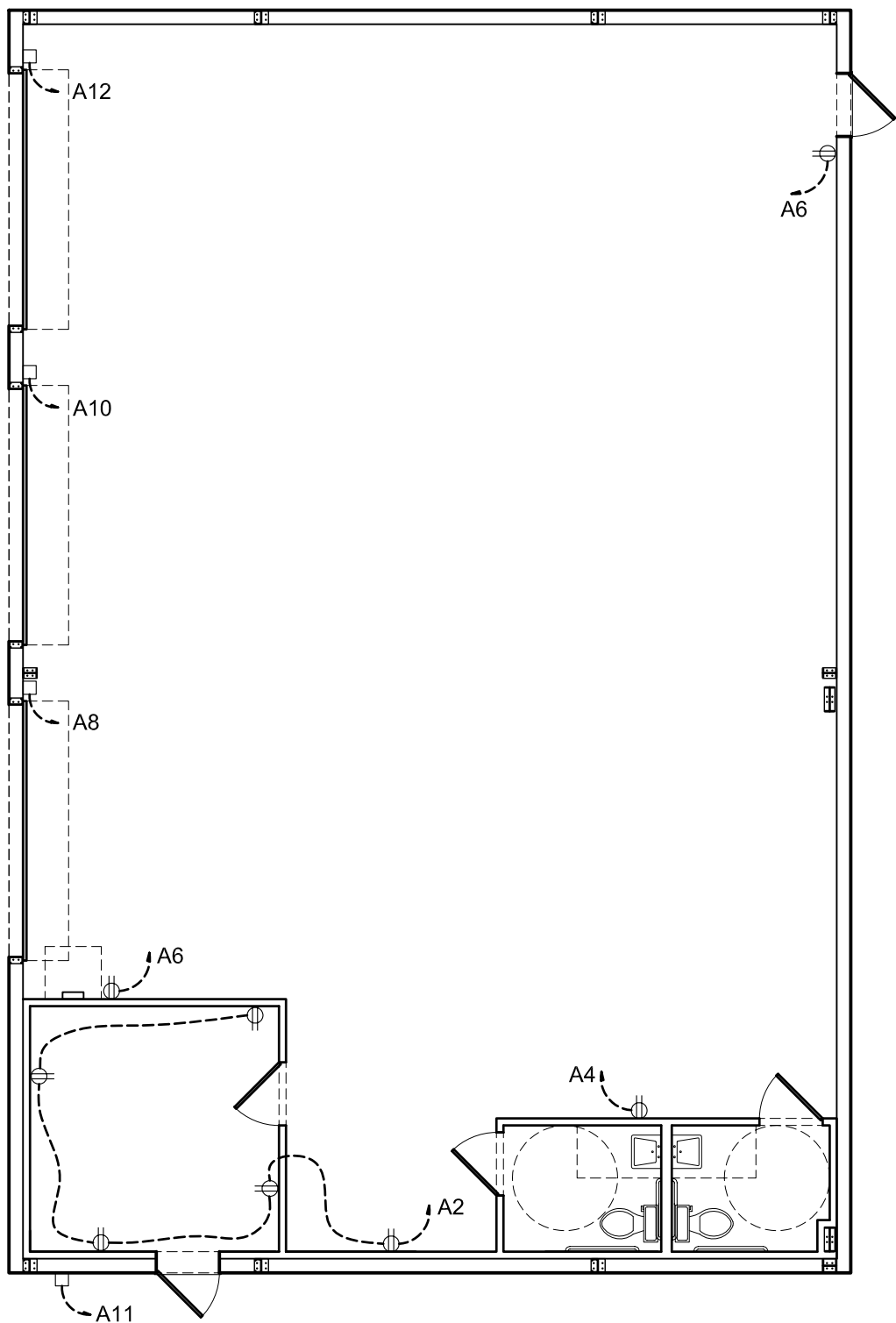
DUPLEX RECEPTACLE

EXTERIOR LIGHT WALL SCONCE

DEDICATED CIRCUIT FOR ROLLUP DOOR



1 LIGHTING PLAN
Scale : 1/8" = 1'-0"



2 POWER PLAN
Scale : 1/8" = 1'-0"