STANDARD LEGEND

WM - WATER METER

CP - CABLE PEDESTAL

TP - TELEPHONE PEDESTAL

OHPL - OVERHEAD POWER LINE

ECSD — EXISTING COTTON SPINDLE DISTURBED

FH - FIRE HYDRANT

EB — ELECTRIC BOX

FO - FIBER OPTIC

UP - UTILITY POLE

AL — AREA LIGHT

EPK - EXISTING PK NAIL

VICINITY MAP

# SURVEY NOTATION

COMPUTED POINT EXISTING PK NAIL EPK EIP

**EXISTING IRON PIPE** EXISTING IRON PIPE DISTURBED EIPD EIS EXISTING IRON STAKE

ECMD EXISTING CONCRETE MONUMENT DISTURBED ECSD EXISTING COTTON SPINDLE DISTURBED

ISS IRON STAKE SET RIGHT-OF-WAY

DEVELOPER INFORMATION

145 PROSPECT CHURCH RD

ERWIN, NC 28339

MAP#2002-569

ZONED: RA-20M

SETBACKS: FRONT - 35' SIDE - 10' REAR - 25'

CORNER - 20'

FLOOD INFORMATION - ZONE X

PUBLIC WATER IS AVAILABLE

FIRM PANEL#3720058900J, DATED X10/03/2006

LOT TO BE SERVED BY INDIVIDUAL SEPTIC SYSTEM

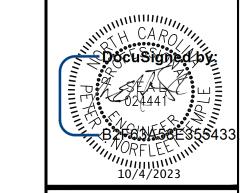
PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN WS-IV WATERSHED DISTRICT

PROPERTY LIES WITHIN ONE MILE OF A VOLUNTARY AGRICULTURAL

LAND USE: CHURCH TOTAL AREA:

PIN#0589-54-5134.000 DEED BOOK 1629, PG 542

MT PISGAH FREE WILL BAPTIST CHURCH





PLE ING PLLC

H FREE WILL BAPTIST ( NEW BUILDING

PIS

**EXISTING CONDITIONS** 

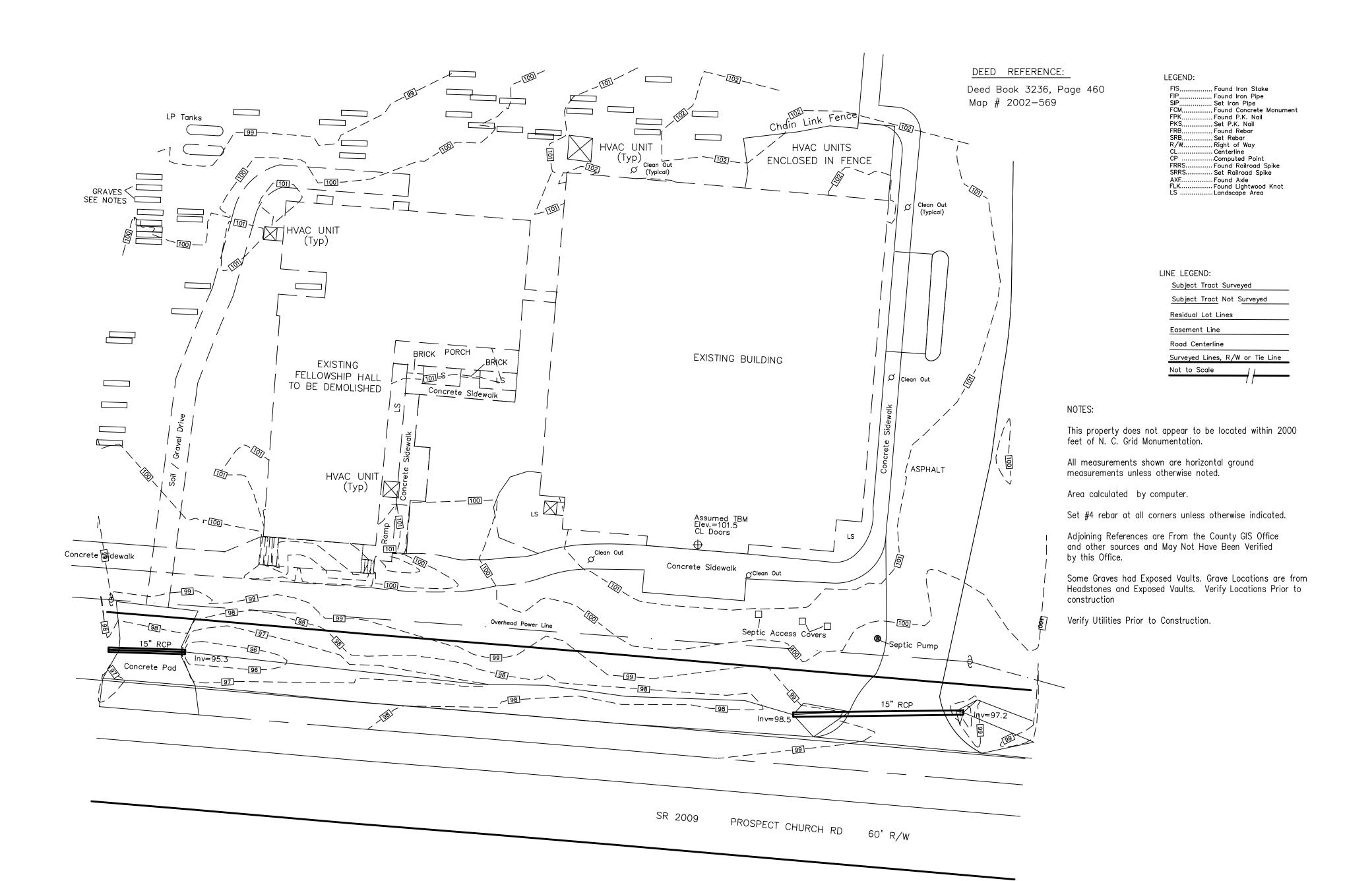
GRAPHIC SCALE ( IN FEET ) 1 inch = 20 ft.

(910) 897-5753

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY FURNISHED BY:

J. SCOTT WALKER, PLS

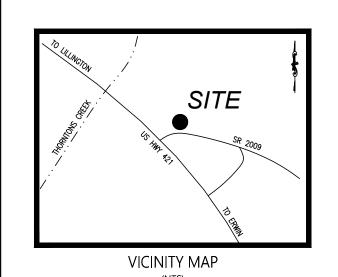
835 ABATTOIR RD, COATS NC 27521



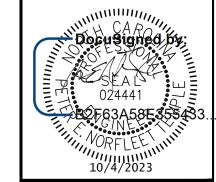
Harnett COUNTY NORTH CAROLINA

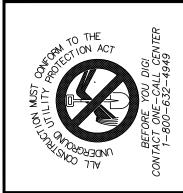
I hereby certify that the Harnett County Development Review Board has approved this Site Plan pursuant to the regulations set forth by E-911 Addressing, Environmental Health, Fire Marshal, Harnett Regional Water. This project is subject to all federal, state, and local government regulations and applicable expiration periods.

12/01/2023



(SHADED AREA)





PLE ING PLLC TEMI VEER

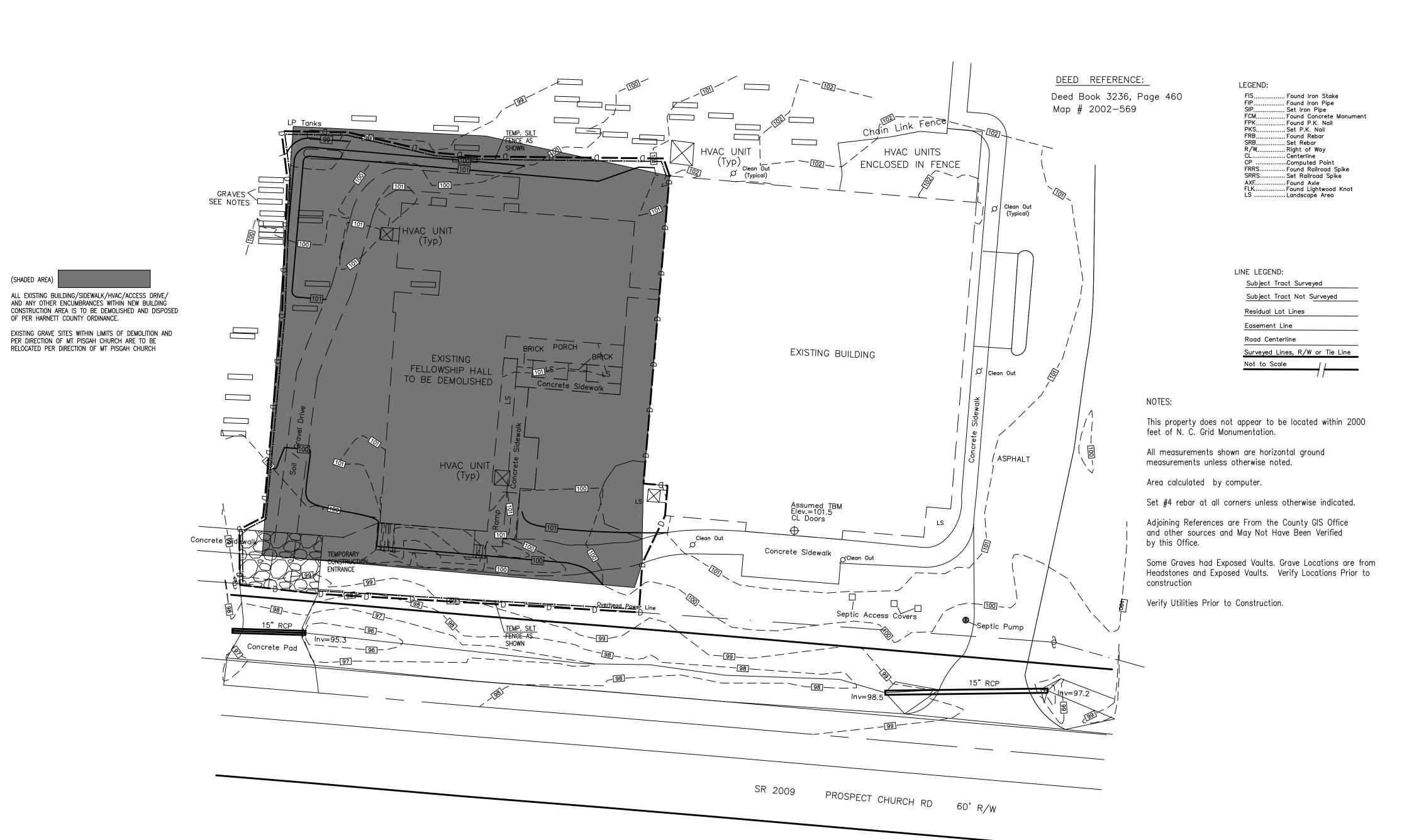
H FREE WILL BAPTIST (
NEW BUILDING

**DEMOLITION PLAN** 

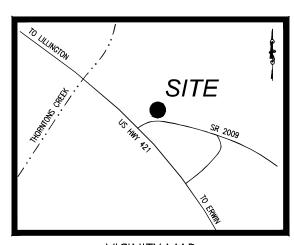
PISG,

GRAPHIC SCALE ( IN FEET )

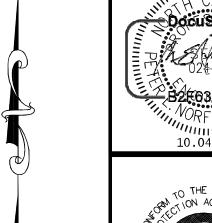
1 inch = 20 ft.



TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY FURNISHED BY: J. SCOTT WALKER, PLS 835 ABATTOIR RD, COATS NC 27521 (910) 897-5753



VICINITY MAP





 $\mathbf{H} \bigcirc \bigcirc$ 

CHURCH

BAPTIST DING

WILL BUIL

FREE NEW S

 $\infty$ SITE 

**GRADING PLAN** 

TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY FURNISHED BY:

J. SCOTT WALKER, PLS 835 ABATTOIR RD, COATS NC 27521

GRAPHIC SCALE ( IN FEET ) 1 inch = 20 ft.

(910) 897-5753

CERTIFICATION OF OWNERSHIP AND DEDICATION

LINES TO THE COUNTY OF HARNETT.

11.30.2023

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY SHOWN AND DESCRIBED HEREON, WHICH IS LOCATED IN THE SUBDIVISION JURISDICTION OF HARNETT COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA AND THAT I HERE ADOPT THIS PLAN OF SUBDIVISION WITH MY FREE CONSENT, ESTABLISH MINIMUM BUILDING SETBACK LINES, AND DEDICATE ALL STREETS, ALLEYS, WALKS, PARKS, AND OTHER SITES AND EASEMENTS TO PUBLIC OR PRIVATE USE AS NOTED. FURTHERMORE, I HEREBY DEDICATE ALL SANITARY SEWER AND WATER

Mr Grady Blu

LEGEND:

LINE LEGEND:

Subject Tract Surveyed

Surveyed Lines, R/W or Tie Line

Residual Lot Lines Easement Line

Road Centerline

Not to Scale

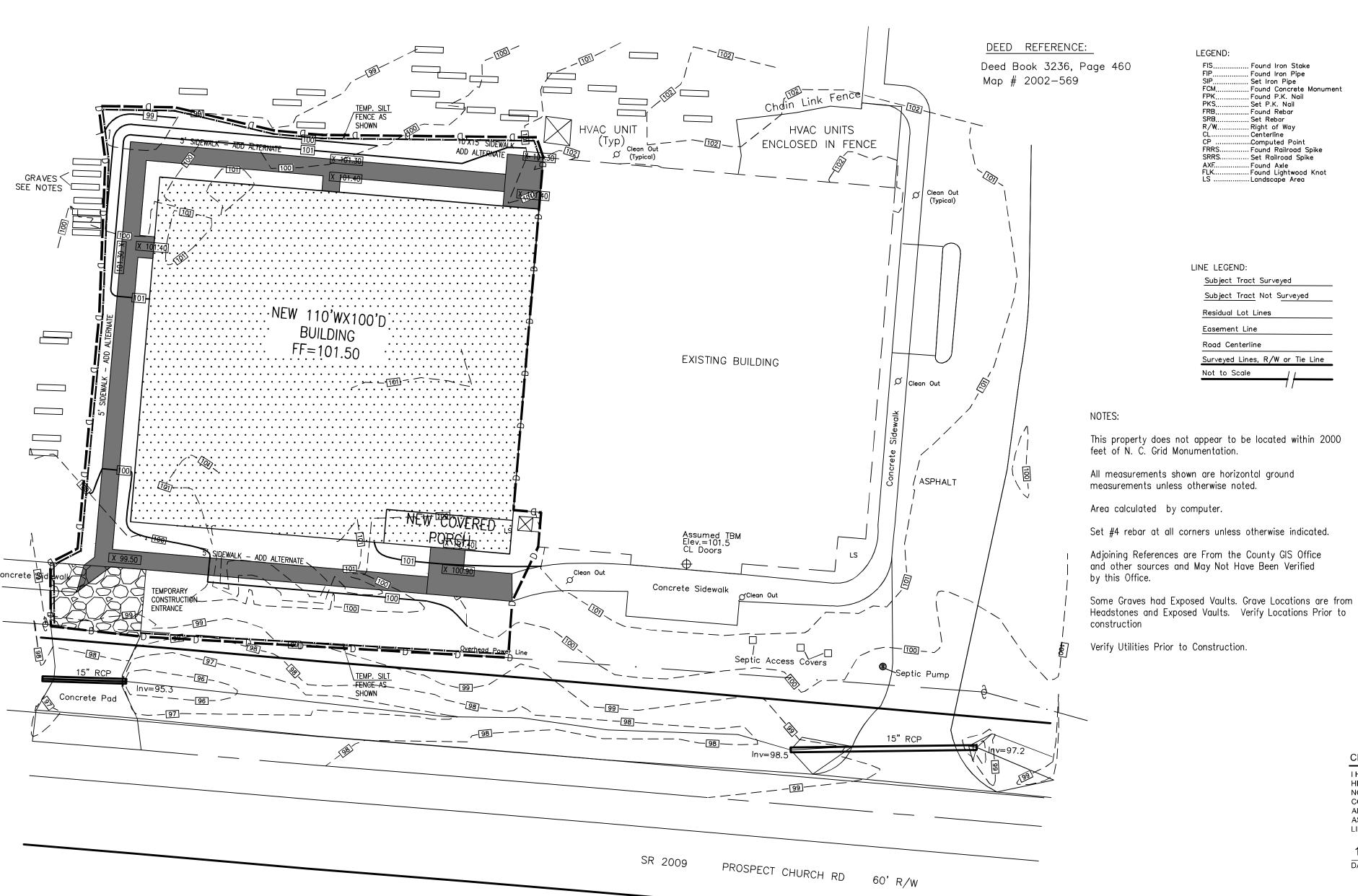
. Found Iron Stake . Found Iron Pipe

...Found P.K. Nail ...Set P.K. Nail Found Rebar

.... Found Repar
.... Set Rebar
.... Right of Way
.... Centerline
....Computed Point
.... Found Railroad Spike

Set Railroad Spike ...Found Axle ...Found Lightwood Knot ...Landscape Area

.. Set Iron Pipe ...Found Concrete Monument



1) INSTALL THE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. 2) INSTALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES AS SHOWN ON 3) COMPLETE INSTALLATION OF SITE DRAINAGE NETWORKS AND SITE SWALES WITH ASSOCIATED EROSION CONTROL PROTECTION BEFORE BEGINNING SITE GRADING. 4) STRIP TOPSOIL.

6) GRASS AREAS THAT WILL NOT BE DISTURBED. 7) INSTALL UTILITIES. 7) PLACE BASE-COURSE. 8) SEED AND MULCH ALL AREAS TO PROVIDE PERMANENT GROUNDCOVER WITHIN 7 OR 14 WORKING DAYS FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF ANY PHASE OF GRADING, AND WITHIN 90 CALENDAR DAYS FOLLOWING COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION

COUNTY DEVELOPMENT SERVICES

----- TEMPORARY SILT FENCE (TSF) \_\_\_\_\_ D \_\_\_\_ D \_\_\_\_ LIMITS OF DISTURBED AREA TOTAL DISTURBED AREA=0.4 ACRES \_\_\_\_\_ EXISTING CONTOUR FINISH GRADE CONTOUR

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE SCHEDULE A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH JCPU PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY WORK.

5) GRADE SITE.

9) MAINTAIN ALL TEMPORARY MEASURES UNTIL
PERMANENT GROUND COVER IS ESTABLISHED.

10) NO SEDIMENT OR EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE
TO BE REMOVED WITHOUT THE APPROVAL OF HARNETT

## GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING PRACTICES FOR COMPLIANCE WITH THE NCG01 CONSTRUCTION GENERAL PERMIT plementing the details and specifications on this plan sheet will result in the construction activity being

considered compliant with the Ground Stabilization and Materials Handling sections of the NCG01 Construction General Permit (Sections E and F, respectively). The permittee shall comply with the Erosion and Sediment Control plan approved by the delegated authority having jurisdiction. All details and specifications shown on this sheet may not apply depending on site conditions and the delegated authority having jurisdiction.

Required Ground Stabilization Timeframes						
Site Area Description		Stabilize within this many calendar days after ceasing land disturbance	Timeframe variations			
(a)	Perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, and perimeter slopes	7	None			
(b)	High Quality Water (HQW Zones	) 7	None			
(c)	Slopes steeper than 3:1	7	If slopes are 10' or less in length and are not steeper than 2:1, 14 days are allowed			
(d)	Slopes 3:1 to 4:1	14	-7 days for slopes greater than 50' in length and with slopes steeper than 4:1 -7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Watershed			
(e)	Areas with slopes flatter than 4:1	14	-7 days for perimeter dikes, swales, ditches, perimeter slopes and HQW Zones -10 days for Falls Lake Watershed unless there is z			

Note: After the permanent cessation of construction activities, any areas with temporary ground stabilization shall be converted to permanent ground stabilization as soon as practicable but in no case longer than 90 calendar days after the last land disturbing activity. Temporary ground stabilization shall be maintained in a manner to render the surface stable against accelerated erosion until permanent ground stabilization is achieved.

## GROUND STABILIZATION SPECIFICATION

than 4:1

Stabilize the ground sufficiently so that rain will not dislodge the soil. Use one of the techniques in the table

Temporary Stabilization	Permanent Stabilization	
Temporary grass seed covered with straw or	Permanent grass seed covered with straw or	
other mulches and tackifiers	other mulches and tackifiers	
Hydroseeding	Geotextile fabrics such as permanent soil	
Rolled erosion control products with or	reinforcement matting	
without temporary grass seed	Hydroseeding	
Appropriately applied straw or other mulch	Shrubs or other permanent plantings covere	
Plastic sheeting	with mulch	
<u> </u>	Uniform and evenly distributed ground cover	

## POLYACRYLAMIDES (PAMS) AND FLOCCULANTS

Select flocculants that are appropriate for the soils being exposed during construction, selecting from the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants

Structural methods such as concrete, asphalt or

Rolled erosion control products with grass seed

- Apply flocculants at or before the inlets to Erosion and Sediment Control Measures. Apply flocculants at the concentrations specified in the NC DWR List of Approved PAMS/Flocculants and in
- accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Provide ponding area for containment of treated Stormwater before discharging offsite.
- Store flocculants in leak-proof containers that are kept under storm-resistant cover or surrounded by
- secondary containment structures.

## QUIPMENT AND VEHICLE MAINTENANCE

- Maintain vehicles and equipment to prevent discharge of fluids.
- Provide drip pans under any stored equipment. Identify leaks and repair as soon as feasible, or remove leaking equipment from the project.
- . Collect all spent fluids, store in separate containers and properly dispose as hazardous waste (recycle
- Remove leaking vehicles and construction equipment from service until the problem has been corrected. . Bring used fuels, lubricants, coolants, hydraulic fluids and other petroleum products to a recycling or disposal center that handles these materials.

## ITTER, BUILDING MATERIAL AND LAND CLEARING WASTE

- Never bury or burn waste. Place litter and debris in approved waste containers
- Provide a sufficient number and size of waste containers (e.g dumpster, trash receptacle) on site to contain construction and domestic waste Locate waste containers at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available
- Locate waste containers on areas that do not receive substantial amounts of runoff from upland areas and does not drain directly to a storm drain, stream or wetland.
- Cover waste containers at the end of each workday and before storm events or provide secondary containment. Repair or replace damaged waste containers.
- Anchor all lightweight items in waste containers during times of high winds. Empty waste containers as needed to prevent overflow. Clean up immediately if containers overflow.
- Dispose waste off-site at an approved disposal facility. On business days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers.

## PAINT AND OTHER LIQUID WASTE

- Do not dump paint and other liquid waste into storm drains, streams or wetlands. Locate paint washouts at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless no other alternatives are reasonably available.
- Contain liquid wastes in a controlled area.
- Containment must be labeled, sized and placed appropriately for the needs of site.

# Prevent the discharge of soaps, solvents, detergents and other liquid wastes from construction sites.

- Install portable toilets on level ground, at least 50 feet away from storm drains, streams or wetlands unless there is no alternative reasonably available. If 50 foot offset is not attainable, provide relocation of portable toilet behind silt fence or place on a gravel pad and surround with sand bags.
- Provide staking or anchoring of portable toilets during periods of high winds or in high foot traffic areas. Monitor portable toilets for leaking and properly dispose of any leaked material. Utilize a licensed sanitar waste hauler to remove leaking portable toilets and replace with properly operating unit.

- Show stockpile locations on plans. Locate earthen-material stockpile areas at least 50 feet away from storm drain inlets, sediment basins, perimeter sediment controls and surface waters unless it can be shown no other alternatives are reasonably available
- Protect stockpile with silt fence installed along toe of slope with a minimum offset of five feet from the toe of stockpile.
- Provide stable stone access point when feasible

NCG01 GROUND STABILIZATION AND MATERIALS HANDLING

Stabilize stockpile within the timeframes provided on this sheet and in accordance with the approved pla and any additional requirements. Soil stabilization is defined as vegetative, physical or chemical coverage techniques that will restrain accelerated erosion on disturbed soils for temporary or permanent control

# CONCRETE NOTING DEVICE (18"X24" MIN.) THE CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED WHEN THE LIQUID AND/OR SOLID REACHES 7: OF THE STRUCTURES CAPACITY. 3.CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE NEEDS TO BE CLEARY MARKED WITH SIGNAGE NOTING DEVICE. 3.CONCRETE WASHOUT STRUCTURE NEEDS TO BE CLEARY MARKED WITH SIGNAGE NOTING DEVICE.

ABOVE GRADE WASHOUT STRUCTURE

BELOW GRADE WASHOUT STRUCTURE

- Do not discharge concrete or cement slurry from the site.
- Dispose of, or recycle settled, hardened concrete residue in accordance with local and state solid waste regulations and at an approved facility.
- Manage washout from mortar mixers in accordance with the above item and in addition place the mixer and associated materials on impervious barrier and within lot perimeter silt fence. Install temporary concrete washouts per local requirements, where applicable. If an alternate method or product is to be used, contact your approval authority for review and approval. If local standard details
- are not available, use one of the two types of temporary concrete washouts provided on this detail. Do not use concrete washouts for dewatering or storing defective curb or sidewalk sections. Stormwate accumulated within the washout may not be pumped into or discharged to the storm drain system or receiving surface waters. Liquid waste must be pumped out and removed from project.
- Locate washouts at least 50 feet from storm drain inlets and surface waters unless it can be shown that no other alternatives are reasonably available. At a minimum, install protection of storm drain inlet(s) closest to the washout which could receive spills or overflow.
- Locate washouts in an easily accessible area, on level ground and install a stone entrance pad in front of the washout. Additional controls may be required by the approving authority. Install at least one sign directing concrete trucks to the washout within the project limits. Post signage on
- the washout itself to identify this location. Remove leavings from the washout when at approximately 75% capacity to limit overflow events. Replace the tarp, sand bags or other temporary structural components when no longer functional. When
- utilizing alternative or proprietary products, follow manufacturer's instructions. 10. At the completion of the concrete work, remove remaining leavings and dispose of in an approved disposal facility. Fill pit, if applicable, and stabilize any disturbance caused by removal of washout.

## IERBICIDES, PESTICIDES AND RODENTICIDES

- Store and apply herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in accordance with label restrictions.
- Store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in their original containers with the label, which lists directions for use, ingredients and first aid steps in case of accidental poisoning.
- Do not store herbicides, pesticides and rodenticides in areas where flooding is possible or where they may spill or leak into wells, stormwater drains, ground water or surface water. If a spill occurs, clean area

SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

(c) Releases of hazardous substances in excess of reportable quantities under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (Ref: 40 CFR 110.3 and 40 CFR 117.3) or Section 102 of CERCLA (Ref: 40 CFR 302.4) or G.S. 143-215.85.

(e) Noncompliance with the conditions of this permit that may endanger health or the environment.

After a permittee becomes aware of an occurrence that must be reported, he shall contact the appropriate Division regional office within the timeframes and in accordance with the other requirements listed below.

Occurrences outside normal business hours may also be reported to the Department's Environmental Emergency

Reporting Timeframes (After Discovery) and Other Requirements

Within 7 calendar days, a report that contains a description of the

sediment and actions taken to address the cause of the deposition

Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a

• If the stream is named on the NC 303(d) list as impaired for sediment-

related causes, the permittee may be required to perform additional

monitoring, inspections or apply more stringent practices if staff determine that additional requirements are needed to assure compliance

Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification. The notification

shall include information about the date, time, nature, volume and

A report at least ten days before the date of the bypass, if possible.

• Within 7 calendar days, a report that includes an evaluation of the

Within 7 calendar days, a report that contains a description of the

including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not

been corrected, the anticipated time noncompliance is expected to

continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce, eliminate, and

prevent reoccurrence of the noncompliance. [40 CFR 122.41(I)(6).

Division staff may waive the requirement for a written report on a

noncompliance, and its causes; the period of noncompliance,

The report shall include an evaluation of the anticipated quality and

with the federal or state impaired-waters conditions.

Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification.

Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification.

## Do not stockpile these materials onsite.

SECTION C: REPORTING

(b) Oil spills if:

1. Occurrences that Must be Reported

They are 25 gallons or more,

Permittees shall report the following occurrences:

(a) Visible sediment deposition in a stream or wetland.

(d) Anticipated bypasses and unanticipated bypasses.

2. Reporting Timeframes and Other Requirements

Center personnel at (800) 858-0368.

deposition in a

stream or wetland

(b) Oil spills and

substances per Item

1(b)-(c) above

(c) Anticipated

122.41(m)(3)]

122.41(m)(3)]

bypasses [40 CFR

(d) Unanticipated

bypasses [40 CFR

(e) Noncompliance

with the conditions

of this permit that

may endanger

environment[40

CFR 122.41(I)(7)]

health or the

release of

hazardous

They are less than 25 gallons but cannot be cleaned up within 24 hours,

(a) Visible sediment • Within 24 hours, an oral or electronic notification.

location of the spill or release.

quality and effect of the bypass.

case-by-case basis.

effect of the bypass

case-by-case basis

They cause sheen on surface waters (regardless of volume), or

• They are within 100 feet of surface waters (regardless of volume).

### HAZARDOUS AND TOXIC WASTE Create designated hazardous waste collection areas on-site.

- Place hazardous waste containers under cover or in secondary containment.
- Do not store hazardous chemicals, drums or bagged materials directly on the ground.

# EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

# SECTION A: SELF-INSPECTION

Self-inspections are required during normal business hours in accordance with the table below. When adverse weather or site conditions would cause the safety of the inspection personnel to be in jeopardy, the inspection I may be delayed until the next business day on which it is safe to perform the inspection. In addition, when a storm event of equal to or greater than 1.0 inch occurs outside of normal business hours, the self-inspection shal be performed upon the commencement of the next business day. Any time when inspections were delayed shall

SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

Inspect	Frequency (during normal business hours)	Inspection records must include:
(1) Rain gauge maintained in good working order	Daily	Daily rainfall amounts.  If no daily rain gauge observations are made during weekend of holiday periods, and no individual-day rainfall information is available, record the cumulative rain measurement for those un attended days (and this will determine if a site inspection in needed). Days on which no rainfall occurred shall be recorded a "zero." The permittee may use another rain-monitoring device approved by the Division.
(2) E&SC Measures	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	Identification of the measures inspected,     Date and time of the inspection,     Name of the person performing the inspection,     Indication of whether the measures were operating properly,     Description of maintenance needs for the measure,     Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken.
(3) Stormwater discharge outfalls (SDOs)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	1. Identification of the discharge outfalls inspected, 2. Date and time of the inspection, 3. Name of the person performing the inspection, 4. Evidence of indicators of stormwater pollution such as oil sheen, floating or suspended solids or discoloration, 5. Indication of visible sediment leaving the site, 6. Description, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken.
(4) Perimeter of site	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	If visible sedimentation is found outside site limits, then a record of the following shall be made:  Actions taken to clean up or stabilize the sediment that has left the site limits,  Sescription, evidence, and date of corrective actions taken, and an explanation as to the actions taken to control future releases.
(5) Streams or wetlands onsite or offsite (where accessible)	At least once per 7 calendar days and within 24 hours of a rain event ≥ 1.0 inch in 24 hours	If the stream or wetland has increased visible sedimentation or a stream has visible increased turbidity from the construction activity, then a record of the following shall be made:  1. Description, evidence and date of corrective actions taken, and  2. Records of the required reports to the appropriate Division Regional Office per Part III, Section C, Item (2)(a) of this permit.
(6) Ground stabilization measures	After each phase of grading	1. The phase of grading (installation of perimeter E&SC measures, clearing and grubbing, installation of storm drainage facilities, completion of all land-disturbing activity, construction or redevelopment, permanent ground cover).  2. Documentation that the required ground stabilization measures have been provided within the required timeframe or an assurance that they will be provided as soon as possible.

NOTE: The rain inspection resets the required 7 calendar day inspection requirement.

# SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

The approved E&SC plan as well as any approved deviation shall be kept on the site. The approved E&SC plan must be kept up-to-date throughout the coverage under this permit. The following items pertaining to the E&SC

Item to Document	Documentation Requirements
(a) Each E&SC measure has been installed and does not significantly deviate from the locations, dimensions and relative elevations shown on the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date each E&SC measure on a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report that lists each E&SC measure shown on the approved E&SC plan. This documentation is required upon th initial installation of the E&SC measures or if the E&SC measures are modified after initial installation.
(b) A phase of grading has been completed.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate completion of the construction phase.
(c) Ground cover is located and installed in accordance with the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate compliance with approved ground cover specifications.
(d) The maintenance and repair requirements for all E&SC measures have been performed.	Complete, date and sign an inspection report.
(e) Corrective actions have been taken to E&SC measures.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate the completion of the corrective action.

copies will be allowed if shown to provide equal access and utility as the hard-copy records.

- (a) The E&SC plan authority has been provided with documentation of the non-surface withdrawal and the specific time periods or conditions in which it will occur. The non-surface withdrawal
- shall not commence until the E&SC plan authority has approved these items,

Item to Document	Documentation Requirements
(a) Each E&SC measure has been installed and does not significantly deviate from the locations, dimensions and relative elevations shown on the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date each E&SC measure on a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report that lists each E&SC measure shown on the approved E&SC plan. This documentation is required upon the initial installation of the E&SC measures or if the E&SC measures are modified after initial installation.
(b) A phase of grading has been completed.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate completion of the construction phase.
(c) Ground cover is located and installed in accordance with the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate compliance with approved ground cover specifications.
(d) The maintenance and repair requirements for all E&SC measures have been performed.	Complete, date and sign an inspection report.
(e) Corrective actions have been taken to E&SC measures.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate the completion of the corrective action.

(b) Records of inspections made during the previous twelve months. The permittee shall record the required observations on the Inspection Record Form provided by the Division or a similar inspection form that includes all the required elements. Use of electronically-available records in lieu of the required paper

All data used to complete the e-NOI and all inspection records shall be maintained for a period

## PART II, SECTION G, ITEM (4) DRAW DOWN OF SEDIMENT BASINS FOR MAINTENANCE OR CLOSE OUT

Sediment basins and traps that receive runoff from drainage areas of one acre or more shall use outlet structures that withdraw water from the surface when these devices need to be drawn down for maintenance or close out unless this is nfeasible. The circumstances in which it is not feasible to withdraw water from the surface shall be rare (for example, times with extended cold weather). Non-surface withdrawals from sediment basins shall be allowed only when all of the

- (b) The non-surface withdrawal has been reported as an anticipated bypass in accordance with Part III, Section C, Item (2)(c) and (d) of this permit,
- (d) Vegetated, upland areas of the sites or a properly designed stone pad is used to the extent feasible at the outlet of the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above,

Velocity dissipation devices such as check dams, sediment traps, and riprap are provided at the discharge points of all dewatering devices, and

Sediment removed from the dewatering treatment devices described in Item (c) above is disposed of in a manner that does not cause deposition of sediment into waters of the United States.

# SECTION B: RECORDKEEPING

Item to Document	Documentation Requirements
(a) Each E&SC measure has been installed and does not significantly deviate from the locations, dimensions and relative elevations shown on the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date each E&SC measure on a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report that lists each E&SC measure shown on the approved E&SC plan. This documentation is required upon the initial installation of the E&SC measures or if the E&SC measures are modified after initial installation.
(b) A phase of grading has been completed.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate completion of the construction phase.
(c) Ground cover is located and installed in accordance with the approved E&SC plan.	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC plan or complete, date and sign an inspection report to indicate compliance with approved ground cover specifications.
(d) The maintenance and repair requirements for all E&SC measures have been performed.	Complete, date and sign an inspection report.
(e) Corrective actions have been taken	Initial and date a copy of the approved E&SC

2. Additional Documentation to be Kept on Site In addition to the E&SC plan documents above, the following items shall be kept on the site and available for inspectors at all times during normal business hours, unless the

Division provides a site-specific exemption based on unique site conditions that make this requirement not practical:

(a) This General Permit as well as the Certificate of Coverage, after it is received.

Documentation to be Retained for Three Years

# of three years after project completion and made available upon request. [40 CFR 122.41]

NCG01 SELF-INSPECTION, RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING

Dewatering discharges are treated with controls to minimize discharges of pollutants from stormwater that is removed from the sediment basin. Examples of appropriate controls include properly sited, designed and maintained dewatering tanks, weir tanks, and filtration systems,

EFFECTIVE: 04/01/19

IMMEDIATELY AFTER SEED AREA SOWN, MULCH THE ENTIRE AREA EVENLY WITH A LAYER OF WHEAT STRAW TO PROTECT AREA FROM EROSION. MULCH TO BE APPLIED AT A RATE OF 75-100 LBS. PER 1000 SQUARE FEET.

THE MULCH SHALL BE HELD IN PLACE BY EMULSIFIED ASPHALT BINDER ON SLOPES 2 TO 1 OR STEEPER, OR AS REQUIRED. APPLY ASPHALT AT 0.10 GALLON PER SQUARE YARD. IN HEAVY TRAFFIC AREAS, USE TYPE "RS" OR "CRS" TO MINIMIZE REMOVAL OF TACK COAT. SYNTHETIC BINDERS MAY BE USED AS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER TO ANCHOR THE MULCH.

TEMPORARY CHANNEL LININGS IF REQUIRED SHALL BE INSTALLED IN AREAS AS

SHOWN ON PLANS, OR AS REQUIRED TO PREVENT EROSION. LININGS AREA TO BE LEFT IN PLACE THROUGHOUT PERMANENT SEEDING PROCEDURE.

# MAINTENANCE I. TEMPORARY SEEDING:

RESEED AND MULCH AREAS WHERE SEEDLING EMERGENCE IS POOR, OR WHERE EROSION OCCURS, AS SOON AS POSSIBLE. DO NOT MOW. PROTECT FROM TRAFFIC AS MUCH AS POSSIBLE.

PERMANENT SEEDING: GENERALLY, A STAND OF VEGETATION CANNOT BE DETERMINED TO BE FULLY ESTABLISHED UNTIL SOIL COVER HAS BEEN MAINTAINED FOR ONE FULL YEAR FROM PLANTING. INSPECT SEEDED AREAS FOR FAILURE AND MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS AND RESEEDINGS WITHIN THE SAME SEASON, IF

RESEEDING--IF A STAND HAS INADEQUATE COVER, RE-EVALUATE CHOICE OF PLANT MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES OF LIME AND FERTILIZER. RE-ESTABLISH THE STAND AFTER SEEDBED PREPARATION OR OVER-SEED THE STAND. CONSIDER SEEDING TEMPORARY, ANNUAL SPECIES IF THE TIME OF YEAR IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR PERMANENT SEEDING.

NOTE: Pursuant to G.S. 113A-57(2), the angle for graded slopes and fills shall be no greater than the angle that can be retained by vegetative cover or other adequate erosion—control devices or structures. In any event, slopes left exposed will, within 14 calendar days of completion of any phase of grading be planted or otherwise provided with temporary or permanent ground cover, devices, or structures sufficient to restrain erosion. Pursuant to G.S. 113A-57(3), provisions for permanent ground cover sufficient to restrain erosion must be accomplished for all disturbed areas within 14 working days or 90 calendar days (whichever is shorter) following completion of construction or development.

IF A STAND HAS INADEQUATE COVER, RE-EVALUATE CHOICE OF PLANT MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES OF LIME AND FERTILIZER. RE-ESTABLISH THE STAND AFTER SEEDBED PREPARATION OR OVER-SEED THE STAND. CONSIDER SEEDING TEMPORARY, ANNUAL SPECIES IF THE TIME OF THE YEAR IS NOT APPROPRIATE FOR PERMANENT SEEDING.

# DESIGN CRITERIA

SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

LAWNS OR FILL SLOPES, PROCEED AS FOLLOWS:

FERTILIZER PER ACRE.

AUG. 15TH-MAR. 1ST

PERMANENT SEEDING

NOV 15 - MARCH 1ST

MARCH 1 - APRIL 1

APRIL 15 - JUNE 30

JUNE 30 - AUG 15

<u>SEASON</u> AUG 15 — NOV 1ST

THOROUGHLY CULTIVATE LAWN AREAS BY DISCING TO A DEPTH OF 6" AND RAKING THE SURFACE SMOOTH TO REQUIRED GRADES. APPLY 4,000 LBS. OF

AGRICULTURAL LIME PER ACRE AND 1,000 LBS. OF 10-10-10 OR EQUIVALENT

TEMPORARY SEEDING
WHERE TEMPORARY SEEDING IS REQUIRED PRIOR TO SEEDING OF PERMANENT

120 LBS. PER ACRE.

OF 40 LBS. PER ACRE.

KOREAN LESPEDEZA

OR KOBE LESPEDEZA

TALL FESCUE

AND ABRUZZI RYE

TALL FESCUE

TALL FESCUE

SOW RYE GRAIN AT THE RATE OF

SOW GRAIN MILLET AT THE RATE

HULLED COMMON BERMUDA

AND BROWNTOP MILLET

AGGREGATE SIZE - USE 2-3 INCH WASHED STONE.

DIMENSIONS OF GRAVEL PAD: THICKNESS: 6 INCHES MINIMUM

12-FEET MINIMUM OR FULL WIDTH AT ALL POINTS OF WIDTH: VEHICULAR ENTRANCE AND EXIT AREA, WHICHEVER IF LENGTH: 50-FEET MINIMUM

LOCATION - LOCATE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCES AND EXITS TO LIMIT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE SITE AND TO PROVIDE FOR MAXIMUM UTILITY BY ALL CONSTRUCTION VEHICLES. AVOID STEEP GRADES, AND ENTRANCES AT CURVES IN PUBLIC ROADS.

WASHING - IF CONDITIONS AT THE SITE ARE SUCH THAT MOST OF THE MUD AND SEDIMENT ARE NOT REMOVED BY VEHICLES TRAVELING OVER THE GRAVEL, THE TIRES SHOULD BE WASHED. WASHING SHOULD BE DONE ON AN AREA STABILIZED WITH CRUSHED STONE THAT DRAINS INTO A SEDIMENT TRAP OR OTHER SUITABLE DISPOSAL AREA. A WASH RACK MAY ALSO BE USED TO MAKE WASHING MORE CONVENIENT AND EFFECTIVE.

## CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

CLEAR THE ENTRANCE AND EXIT AREA OF ALL VEGETATION, ROOTS, AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL AND PROPERLY

PLACE THE GRAVEL TO THE SPECIFIC GRADE AND DIMENSIONS SHOWN ON THE PLANS, AND SMOOTH IT. PROVIDE DRAINAGE TO CARRY WATER TO SEDIMENT TRAP OR OTHER SUITABLE OUTLET. 4. USE GEOTEXTILE FABRICS BECAUSE THEY IMPROVE STABILITY

OF THE FOUNDATION IN LOCATIONS SUBJECT TO SEEPAGE OR HIGH

# MAINTENANCE

PUBLIC ROADWAYS.

WATER TABLE.

MAINTAIN THE GRAVEL PAD IN A CONDITION TO PREVENT MUD OR SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE CONSTRUCTION SITE. THIS MAY REQUIRE PERIODIC TOPDRESSING WITH 2-INCH STONE. AFTER EACH RAINFALL, INSPECT ANY STRUCUTRE USED TO TRAP SEDIMENT AND CLEAN IT OUT AS NECESSARY. IMMEDIATELY REMOVE ALL OBJECTIONABLE MATERIALS SPILLED, WASHED, OR TRACKED ONTO

# Practice Standards and Specifications

TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

AGGREGATE

SLOPE FOR VEHICULAR TRAFFIC

TO PREVENT SEDIMENT LADEN WATER FROM LEAVING SIT

MAINTAIN BERM & VALLEY

BRAKARAKAKA

SILT FENCE DETAIL (NOT TO SCALE)

<u>CONSTRUCTION</u> . CONSTRUCT THE SEDIMENT BARRIER OF STANDARD STRENGTH OR EXTRA TRENGTH SYNTHETIC FILTER FABRICS.

P. ENSURE THAT THE HEIGHT OF THE SEDIMENT FENCE DOES NOT EXCEED 24 INCHES ABOVE THE GROUND SURFACE. (HIGHER FENCES MAY IMPOUND VOLUMES OF WATER SUFFICIENT TO CAUSE FAILURE OF THE STRUCTURE. . CONSTRUCT THE FILTER FABRIC FROM A CONTINUOUS ROLL CUT TO THE LENGTH OF THE BARRIER O AVOID JOINTS. WHEN JOINTS ARE NECESSARY, SECURELY FASTEN THE FILTER CLOTH ONLY AT A SUPPORT POST WITH 4 FEET MINIMUM OVERLAP TO THE NEXT POST.
4. SUPPORT STANDARD STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC BY WIRE MESH FASTENED SECURELY TO THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE POSTS. EXTEND THE WIRE MESH SUPPORT TO THT BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. FASTEN THE WIRE REINFORCEMENT, THEN FABRIC ON THE UPSLOPE SIDE OF THE FENCE POST. WIRE OR PLASTIC ZIP TIES SHOULD HAVE MINIMUM 50 POUND TENSILE STRENGTH. 5. WHEN A WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE IS USED, SPACE POSTS A MAXIMUM OF 8 FEET APART. SUPPORT POSTS SHOULD BE DRIVEN SECURELY INTO THE GROUND A MINIMUM OF 24 INCHES. S. EXTRA STRENGTH FILTER FABRIC WITH 6 FEET POST SPACING DOE NOT REQUIRE WIRE MESH SUPPORT FENCE. SECURELY FASTEN THE FILTER FABRIC DIRECTLY TO POSTS. WIRE OR PLASTIC ZIP TIES SHOULD HAVE MINIMUM 50 POUND TENSILE STRENGTH. 7. EXCAVATE A TRENCH APPROXIMATELY 4 INCHES WIDE AND 8 INCHES DEEP ALONG THE PROPOSED LINE OF POSTS AND UPSLOPE FROM THE BARRIER (FIGURE 6.62a).
8. PLACE 12 INCHES OF THE FABRIC ALONG THE BOTTOM AND SIDE OF THE TRENCH.

11. NO MEASURES ARE TO BE REMOVED UNTIL DENR APPROVAL. NSTALLATION SPECIFICATIONS THE BASE OF BOTH END POSTS SHOULD BE AT LEAST ONE FOOT HIGHER THAN THE MIDDLE OF THE FENCE. CHECK WITH A LEVEL IF NECESSARY. 2. INSTALL POSTS 4 FEET APART IN CRITICAL AREAS AND 6 FEET APART ON STANDARD 3. INSTALL POSTS 2 FEET DEEP ON THE DOWNSTREAM SIDE OF THE SILT FENCE, AND AS CLOSE AS

POSSIBLE TO THE FABRIC, ENABLING POSTS TO SUPPORT THE FABRIC FROM UPSTREAM WATER

9. BACKFILL THE TRENCH WITH SOIL PLACED OVER THE FILTER FABRIC AND COMPACT. THOROUGH

COMPACTION OF THE BACKFILL IS CRITICAL TO SILT FENCE PERFORMANCE.

D. DO NOT ATTACH FILTER FABRIC TO EXISTING TREES

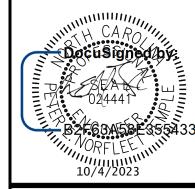
4. INSTALL POSTS WITH THE NIPPLES FACING AWAY FROM THE SILT FABRIC 5. ATTACH THE FABRIC TO EACH POST WITH THREE TIES, ALL SPACED WITHIN THE TOP 8 INCHES OF FABRIC. ATTACH EACH TIE DIAGONALLY 45 DEGREES THROUGH THE FABRIC, WITH EACH PUNCTURE AT LEAST 1 INCH VERTICALLY APART. ALSO, EACH TIE SHOULD BE POSITIONED TO HANG ON A POST NIPPLE WHEN TIGHTENED TO PREVENT SAGGING. . WRAP APPROXIMATELY 6 INCHES OF FABRIC AROUND THE END POSTS AND SECURE WITH 3 TIES. NO MORE THAN 24 INCHES OF A 36 INCH FABRIC IS ALLOWED ABOVE GROUND LEVEL. THE INSTALLATION SHOULD BE CHECKED AND CORRECTED FOR ANY DEVIATIONS BEFORE COMPACTION IS VITALLY IMPORTANT FOR EFFECTIVE RESULTS. COMPACT THE SOIL IMMEDIATELY NEXT TO THE SILT FENCE FABRIC WITH THE FRONT WHEEL OF THE TRACTOR, SKID STEER, OR ROLLER EXERTING AT LEASY 60 POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH. COMPACT THE UPSTREAM SIDE FIRST,

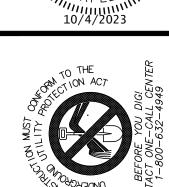
AND THEN EACH SIDE TWICE FOR A TOTAL OF 4 TRIPS. MAINTENANCE
INSPECT SEDIMENT FENCES AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL. MAKE ANY

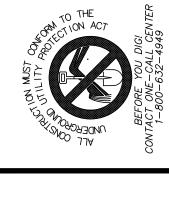
SHOULD THE FABRIC OF A SEDIMENT FENCE COLLAPSE, TEAR, DECOMPOSE, OR BECOME INEFFECTIVE, REMOVE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS AS NECESSARY TO PROVIDE ADEQUATE STORAGE VOLUME FOR THE NEXT RAIN AND TO REDUCE PRESSURE ON THE FENCE. TAKE CARE TO AVOID UNDERMINING THE

REMOVE ALL FENCING MATERIALS AND UNSTABLE SEDIMENT DEPOSITS AND BRING THE AREA TO GRADE AND STABILIZE IT AFTER THE CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA HAS BEEN PROPERLY



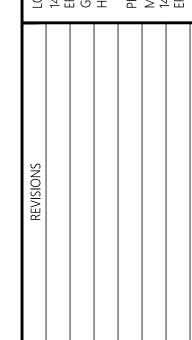












8/ D

WILL BUILI

TAIL