

Trenco 818 Soundside Rd Edenton, NC 27932

Re: MF2300043-01

Senters Assisted Living-Roof-Main Bldg PART A

The truss drawing(s) referenced below have been prepared by Truss Engineering Co. under my direct supervision based on the parameters provided by Carter Components (Sanford, NC)).

Pages or sheets covered by this seal: I62634246 thru I62634248

My license renewal date for the state of North Carolina is December 31, 2023.

North Carolina COA: C-0844



December 20,2023

Gilbert, Eric

IMPORTANT NOTE: The seal on these truss component designs is a certification that the engineer named is licensed in the jurisdiction(s) identified and that the designs comply with ANSI/TPI 1. These designs are based upon parameters shown (e.g., loads, supports, dimensions, shapes and design codes), which were given to MiTek or TRENCO. Any project specific information included is for MiTek's or TRENCO's customers file reference purpose only, and was not taken into account in the preparation of these designs. MiTek or TRENCO has not independently verified the applicability of the design parameters or the designs for any particular building. Before use, the building designer should verify applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate these designs into the overall building design per ANSI/TPI 1, Chapter 2.

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Dec 19 08:01:50

ID:1BW5in_UV1?fptabhenKsZzb1TQ-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f 35-10-4 35-8-8 30-8-14 27-6-8 6-10-5 13-6-15 23-8-9 34-2-6 6-10-5 6-8-9 6-8-9 3-5-1 3-9-15 3-2-6 3-5-8 0 - 1 - 12

REPAIR: BREAK IN WEB 1-20 AT 3-0-0 FROM JOINT 20 REPLACE 1-0-0 OF WEB 2-19 AT JOINT 19
BREAK AT MIDPOINT OF WEB 3-17



ATTACH 1/2" PLYWOOD OR OSB GUSSET (15/32" RATED SHEATHING 32/16 EXP 1) TO EACH FACE OF TRUSS WITH (0.131" X 2.5" MIN.) NAILS PER THE FOLLOWING NAIL SCHEDULE: 2 X 3'S - 2 ROWS, 2 X 4'S - 3 ROWS, 2 X 6'S AND LARGER - 4 ROWS: SPACED @ 4" O.C. NAILS TO BE DRIVEN FROM BOTH FACES. STAGGER SPACING FROM FRONT TO BACK FACE FOR A NET 2" O.C. SPACING IN EACH COVERED TRUSS MEMBER. USE 2" MEMBER END DISTANCE.

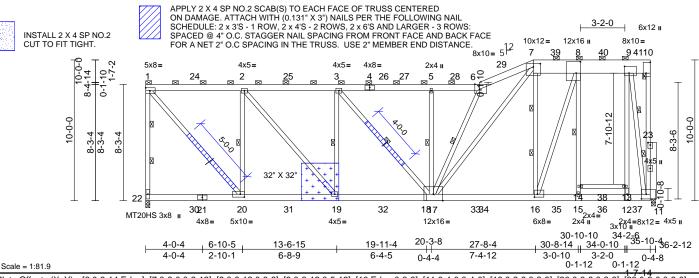


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:0-3-14,Edge], [7:0-6-0,0-2-12], [8:0-9-12,0-3-8], [9:0-3-12,0-5-12], [10:Edge,0-3-8], [11:0-4-0,0-4-0], [16:0-2-8,0-2-8], [20:0-3-8,0-2-8], [23:0-2-0,0-2-0]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	CSI		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.84	Vert(LL)	-0.30	17-19	>999	360	MT20HS	187/143
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.00	BC	1.00	Vert(CT)	-0.52	17-19	>822	240	MT20	244/190
TCDL	20.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.89	Horz(CT)	0.06	11	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IBC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH		Wind(LL)	0.12	17-19	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 397 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 7-10:2x12 SP 2400F

2.0E **BOT CHORD**

2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 14-13:2x4 SP No.3

2x4 SP No.3 *Except* **WEBS**

22-1,16-8,17-7,3-17,20-1,19-2:2x4 SP No.2, 10-11,11-9:2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E, 11-23:2x6 SP

BRACING

WEBS

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 3-5-2 oc purlins, except end

verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-9-9 max.):

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt

2-20, 3-19 WFBS 2 Rows at 1/3 pts 1-22, 7-16, 9-11

REACTIONS (size) 11=0-3-8, 22=0-3-8

Max Horiz 22=180 (LC 11)

Max Uplift 11=-121 (LC 14), 22=-193 (LC 14)

8-15, 5-17, 6-17, 3-17,

Max Grav 11=3144 (LC 37), 22=2709 (LC 37)

FORCES (lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension

TOP CHORD

1-22=-2644/218, 1-2=-1966/211,

2-3=-2950/234, 3-5=-3041/211,

5-6=-3035/211, 6-7=-4024/356,

10-11=-206/2133. 7-8=-1721/162.

8-9=-841/77 9-10=-38/3 BOT CHORD

20-22=-171/127, 19-20=-270/1966,

17-19=-293/2950, 16-17=-170/1838, 15-16=-77/841, 12-15=-76/832, 11-12=-77/828. 13-14=-1/10

WFBS

7-16=-2578/321, 8-16=-283/3072, 14-15=-239/157, 8-14=-85/274, 12-13=-27/616, 9-13=-27/864, 9-11=-5445/505, 5-17=-907/143 7-17=-297/3098, 6-17=-1721/205,

3-17=-28/283, 2-20=-2137/260, 1-20=-210/2995, 2-19=-98/1510,

3-19=-988/147

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) 0-1-12 to 10-1-12, Interior (1) 10-1-12 to 23-8-9, Exterior (2) 23-8-9 to 35-8-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.00 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- 9) All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing

10) Bearing at joint(s) 11 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

Page: 1

- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 193 lb uplift at joint 22 and 121 lb uplift at joint 11.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 40.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.



December 20,2023

Continued on page 2

Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall

building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Senters Assisted Living-Roof-Main Bldg PART A
MF2300043-01	A41	Attic	1	1	l62634246 Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Dec 19 08:01:50 $ID:1BW5 in_UV1? fptabhen KsZzb1TQ-RfC? PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC? for the property of the proper$

Page: 2

- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 16) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Vert: 1-6=-80, 6-7=-80, 15-22=-20, 12-15=-100 (F=-80), 11-12=-20, 13-14=-100 (F=-80), 7-10=-80



Job Truss Truss Type Qtv Ply Senters Assisted Living-Roof-Main Bldg PART A 162634247 MF2300043-01 A49 Attic Job Reference (optional) Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332 Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Dec 19 08:01:52 Page: 1 ID:8K9tbA6KSwxtBp4lTXUSxOzb1UY-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3ulTXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?f REPAIR: BREAK AT MIDPOINT OF WEB 6-18 27-6-8 30-8-14 34-2-6 35-10-4 6-10-5 13-6-15 <u> 20-3-8</u> 25-8-9 1-9-15 3-2-6 3-5-8 1-7-14 6-10-5 6-8-9 6-8-9 5-5-1 APPLY 2 X 4 X 4FT SP NO.2 SCAB(S) TO EACH FACE OF TRUSS CENTERED ON DAMAGE. ATTACH WITH (0.131" X 3") NAILS PER THE FOLLOWING NAIL SCHEDULE: 2 x 3"S - 1 ROW, 2 x 4"S - 2 ROWS, 2 x 6"S AND LARGER - 3 ROWS: 3-2-0 SPACED @ 4" O.C. STAGGER NAIL SPACING FROM FRONT FACE AND BACK FACE 512 12x16 II FOR A NET 2" O.C SPACING IN THE TRUSS. USE 2" MEMBER END DISTANCE. 6x12 II MT18HS 10x12 = 6x8= 8x10= 32 93310 4x5= 4x5= 4x8= 2x4 II 300 6 2 26 5 27 2829 25 9-1-4 × 4-11-12 (7-10-12 4-1-8 19 20 19 36 18 17 16 39 15 40 1241 MT20HS 3x8 II 5x10= 4x5= 4x8= 12x16 II 8x10= 2x4 II 2x4= MT20HS 8x12 = 4x8 II 3x10 II 4x8 35-10-4 4x8= 2x4 =36-3-12 36-2-12 30-10-10 34-2-6 0-2-0 15-11-0 21-11-4 6-10-5 30-8-14 || 34-0-10 || 13-6-15 20-3-8 27-8-4 2-4-1 10 " 3-2-0 0-1-12 0 6-8-6 6-8-9 1-7-12 5-9-0 3-0-10 0-2-0 4-4-8 0-1-0 0-1-12 Scale = 1:90.1 Plate Offsets (X, Y): [6:0-3-14,Edge], [7:0-6-0,0-2-12], [8:0-9-12,0-3-8], [10:Edge,0-3-8], [11:0-5-0,0-4-0], [11:0-1-0,0-2-0], [16:0-3-8,0-3-12], [21:0-3-8,0-2\frac{9}1/23:0-3-0,0-2-0] 2-0-0 CSI DEFL I/defl L/d **PLATES** Loading (psf) Spacing (loc) TCLL (roof) 20.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.00 TC 0.98 Vert(LL) -0.30 18-20 >999 360 MT20HS 187/143 244/190 Snow (Pf) 20.0 Lumber DOL 1.00 BC 0.87 Vert(CT) -0.5218-20 >829 240 MT20 TCDL WB Horz(CT) 244/190 20.0 Rep Stress Incr NO 0.88 0.06 n/a MT18HS **BCLL** 0.0 Code IBC2015/TPI2014 Matrix-MSH Wind(LL) 0.12 >999 240 18-20 Weight: 407 lb BCDL 10.0 FT = 20%LUMBER WEBS 3-18=-33/294, 5-18=-1026/169, 10) Bearing at joint(s) 11 considers parallel to grain value

TOP CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 7-10:2x12 SP 2400F

2.0E

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 14-13:2x4 SP No.3 **WEBS** 2x4 SP No.2 *Except* 22-1:2x4 SP No.1, 5-18,21-2,20-3,6-18:2x4 SP No.3, 11-9:2x4

SP 2400F 2.0E 2x6 SP No.2

OTHERS BRACING

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 2-4-11 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (3-6-1 max.):

1-6, 7-10.

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

WEBS 1 Row at midpt 3-18, 5-18, 8-15, 2-21, 3-20, 6-18 **WEBS**

2 Rows at 1/3 pts 1-22, 7-16, 9-11 REACTIONS (size) 11=0-3-8, 22=0-3-8 Max Horiz 22=311 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 11=-108 (LC 11), 22=-225 (LC 10)

Max Grav 11=3247 (LC 37), 22=2772 (LC 37)

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum Tension **FORCES**

Tension
1-22=-2708/247, 12=-1827/238, / , 2-3=-2761/284, 3-5=-2913/290, / 5-6=-2919/231, 6-7=-87/88/425, / TOP CHORD 769 761 2 J=-80920

9-10=-103/112, 10-11=-156/2125 21-22=-270/219, 20-21=-169/1827, 18-20=-131/2761, 16-18=-111/2037 BOT CHORD

= 16-20=-131/2/67-16-18=-111/2 -15-16=-90/907-12-153-91/897, -11-12=-92/894, 13-14=-1/11

7-16=-2959/237, 8-16=-183/3479, 14-15=-296/147, 8-14=-123/264, 12-13=-171/649, 9-13=-172/828, 9-11=-5543/562. 7-18=-253/2721. 2-21=-2201/297, 1-21=-243/2959, 2-20=-134/1521, 3-20=-1049/177, 6-18=-1460/194

NOTES

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for 1) this design
- Wind: ASCE 7-10: Vult=125mph (3-second aust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) 0-1-12 to 10-1-12, Interior (1) 10-1-12 to 25-8-9, Exterior (2) 25-8-9 to 35-8-8 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.00 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.: Ct=1.10
- Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding. 5) All plates are MT20 plates unless otherwise indicated.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom
- chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.

- using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 225 lb uplift at joint 22 and 108 lb uplift at joint 11.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 13) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 40.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and Bottom Chord, nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.
- 15) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 16) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15

December 20.2023

Continued on page 2 Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE

Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



Edenton, NC 27932

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	Senters Assisted Living-Roof-Main Bldg PART A
MF2300043-01	A49	Attic	1	1	l62634247 Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332,

Vert: 1-6=-80, 6-7=-80, 7-10=-80, 15-22=-20, 12-15=-100 (F=-80), 11-12=-20, 13-14=-100 (F=-80)

Uniform Loads (lb/ft)

Run: 8.63 S Nov 1 2023 Print: 8.630 S Nov 1 2023 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Dec 19 08:01:52 ID: 8K9tbA6KSwxtBp4ITXUSxOzb1UY-RfC?PsB70Hq3NSgPqnL8w3uITXbGKWrCDoi7J4zJC?ff

Page: 2

818 Soundside Road Edenton, NC 27932

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply Senters Assisted Living-Roof-Main Bldg PART A 162634248 MF2300043-01 A04 Attic 14 Job Reference (optional)

Carter Components (Sanford, NC), Sanford, NC - 27332

Run: 8 63 S. Nov. 1 2023 Print: 8 630 S.Nov. 1 2023 MiTek Industries. Inc. Tue Dec 19 08:01:47 1-5-0 7-6-0 7-6-0 7-3-0 3-2-6 3-5-8 1-5-0

REPAIR: BREAK AT MIDPOINT OF WEB 6-16 BREAK IN TOP CHORD AT 4-0-0 LEFT OF JOINT 6

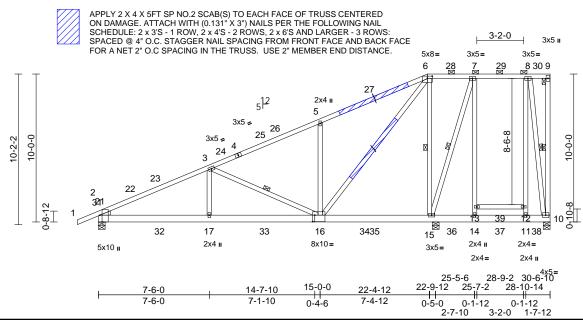


Plate Offsets (X, Y): [2:0-5-8,Edge], [6:0-4-0,0-1-13], [16:0-1-12,0-5-4]

Loading	(psf)	Spacing	2-0-0	csı		DEFL	in	(loc)	l/defl	L/d	PLATES	GRIP
TCLL (roof)	20.0	Plate Grip DOL	1.00	TC	0.94	Vert(LL)	-0.11	16-17	>999	360	MT20	244/190
Snow (Pf)	20.0	Lumber DOL	1.00	BC	0.95	Vert(CT)	-0.19	16-17	>999	240		
TCDL	20.0	Rep Stress Incr	NO	WB	0.89	Horz(CT)	0.04	10	n/a	n/a		
BCLL	0.0*	Code	IBC2015/TPI2014	Matrix-MSH		Wind(LL)	0.04	16-17	>999	240		
BCDL	10.0										Weight: 254 lb	FT = 20%

LUMBER

Scale = 1:77.9

TOP CHORD 2x4 SP 2400F 2.0E *Except* 6-9:2x4 SP

No.2

BOT CHORD 2x6 SP No.2 *Except* 13-12:2x4 SP No.3 2x4 SP No.3 *Except* 16-6:2x4 SP No.2 WEBS WEDGE

Left: 2x4 SP No.3

BRACING

WFRS

TOP CHORD Sheathed or 4-3-4 oc purlins, except end

verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.):

6-9

BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc

bracing, Except:

6-0-0 oc bracing: 15-16. 1 Row at midpt

9-10, 3-16, 6-15, 7-15, 8-10

REACTIONS (size) 2=0-5-8, 10=0-5-8, 15=0-5-8

Max Horiz 2=375 (LC 13)

Max Uplift 2=-119 (LC 14), 10=-55 (LC 11),

15=-169 (LC 14)

Max Grav 2=1633 (LC 35), 10=785 (LC 34), 15=2575 (LC 35)

FORCES

(lb) - Maximum Compression/Maximum

Tension

1-2=0/65, 2-3=-2745/198, 3-5=-1497/146, TOP CHORD

5-6=-1529/277, 6-7=-77/184, 7-8=-176/146, 8-9=-126/138 9-10=-303/111

BOT CHORD 2-17=-238/2408, 15-17=-238/2408,

14-15=-85/134, 11-14=-86/134,

10-11=-89/135, 12-13=0/3 WFBS

3-17=0/406. 3-16=-1317/176 5-16=-1084/254, 6-16=-281/2223

6-15=-1808/261, 7-15=-951/79, 13-14=0/391,

7-13=0/508, 11-12=-84/277, 8-12=-84/394,

8-10=-695/70

- Wind: ASCE 7-10; Vult=125mph (3-second gust) Vasd=99mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp B; Enclosed; MWFRS (envelope) exterior zone and C-C Exterior (2) -1-5-0 to 8-7-0, Interior (1) 8-7-0 to 12-3-0, Exterior (2) 12-3-0 to 30-4-14 zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- TCLL: ASCE 7-10; Pr=20.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.00 Plate DOL=1.00); Pf=20.0 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp B; Partially Exp.: Ct=1.10
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 20.0 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- * This truss has been designed for a live load of 20.0psf on the bottom chord in all areas where a rectangle 3-06-00 tall by 2-00-00 wide will fit between the bottom chord and any other members, with BCDL = 10.0psf.
- All bearings are assumed to be SP No.2 crushing capacity of 565 psi.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 55 lb uplift at joint 10, 119 lb uplift at joint 2 and 169 lb uplift at joint 15.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2015 International Building Code section 2306.1 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) This truss has been designed for a moving concentrated load of 250.0lb live and 40.0lb dead located at all mid panels and at all panel points along the Top Chord and

13) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.

Page: 1

- 14) Attic room checked for L/360 deflection.
- 15) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

- Dead + Snow (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15 Uniform Loads (lb/ft)
 - Vert: 1-6=-80, 6-9=-80, 14-18=-20, 11-14=-100 (F=-80), 10-11=-20, 12-13=-100 (F=-80)



December 20,2023

NOTES

this design warning - Verify design parameters and READ NOTES ON THIS AND INCLUDED MITEK REFERENCE PAGE MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023 BEFORE USE.

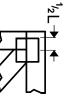
Design valid for use only with MiTek® connectors. This design is based only upon parameters shown, and is for an individual building component, not a truss system. Before use, the building designer must verify the applicability of design parameters and properly incorporate this design into the overall building design. Bracing indicated is to prevent buckling of individual truss web and/or chord members only. Additional temporary and permanent bracing is always required for stability and to prevent collapse with possible personal injury and property damage. For general guidance regarding the fabrication, storage, delivery, erection and bracing of trusses and truss systems, see ANSI/TP11 Quality Criteria and DSB-22 available from Truss Plate Institute (www.tpinst.org) and BCSI Building Component Safety Information available from the Structural Building Component Association (www.sbcacomponents.com)



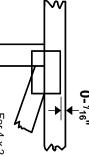
Edenton, NC 27932

Symbols

PLATE LOCATION AND ORIENTATION



offsets are indicated and fully embed teeth Center plate on joint unless x, y Apply plates to both sides of truss Dimensions are in ft-in-sixteenths



edge of truss. plates 0- 1/16" from outside For 4 x 2 orientation, locate

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connector plates. required direction of slots in This symbol indicates the

* Plate location details available in MiTek software or upon request

PLATE SIZE



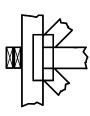
to slots. Second dimension is the length parallel to slots. width measured perpendicular The first dimension is the plate

LATERAL BRACING LOCATION



by text in the bracing section of the output. Use T or I bracing if indicated. ndicated by symbol shown and/or

BEARING



Min size shown is for crushing only number/letter where bearings occur reaction section indicates joint (supports) occur. Icons vary but Indicates location where bearings

Industry Standards:

National Design Specification for Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses Installing, Restraining & Bracing of Metal Guide to Good Practice for Handling, Building Component Safety Information, Design Standard for Bracing. Plate Connected Wood Truss Construction.

DSB-22: ANSI/TPI1:

Numbering System



JOINTS ARE GENERALLY NUMBERED/LETTERED CLOCKWISE AROUND THE TRUSS STARTING AT THE JOINT FARTHEST TO THE LEFT.

CHORDS AND WEBS ARE IDENTIFIED BY END JOINT NUMBERS/LETTERS.

Product Code Approvals

ICC-ES Reports:

ESR-1988, ESR-2362, ESR-2685, ESR-3282 ESR-4722, ESL-1388

Design General Notes

truss unless otherwise shown Trusses are designed for wind loads in the plane of the

established by others section 6.3 These truss designs rely on lumber values Lumber design values are in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1

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MiTek



MiTek Engineering Reference Sheet: MII-7473 rev. 1/2/2023

General Safety Notes

Damage or Personal Injury Failure to Follow Could Cause Property

- Additional stability bracing for truss system, e.g. diagonal or X-bracing, is always required. See BCSI
- Ņ Truss bracing must be designed by an engineer. For wide truss spacing, individual lateral braces themselves may require bracing, or alternative Tor I bracing should be considered.
- Never exceed the design loading shown and never stack materials on inadequately braced trusses.
- Provide copies of this truss design to the building designer, erection supervisor, property owner and all other interested parties.
- Cut members to bear tightly against each other

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- joint and embed fully. Knots and wane at joint locations are regulated by ANSI/TPI 1. Place plates on each face of truss at each
- Design assumes trusses will be suitably protected from the environment in accord with ANSI/TPI 1.
- Unless otherwise noted, moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% at time of fabrication.

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- 9 Unless expressly noted, this design is not applicable for use with fire retardant, preservative treated, or green lumber.
- Camber is a non-structural consideration and is the camber for dead load deflection responsibility of truss fabricator. General practice is to
- 11. Plate type, size, orientation and location dimensions indicated are minimum plating requirements.
- Lumber used shall be of the species and size, and in all respects, equal to or better than that
- Top chords must be sheathed or purlins provided at spacing indicated on design.
- Bottom chords require lateral bracing at 10 ft. spacing, or less, if no ceiling is installed, unless otherwise noted.
- 15. Connections not shown are the responsibility of others
- Do not cut or alter truss member or plate without prior approval of an engineer.
- Install and load vertically unless indicated otherwise.
- Use of green or treated lumber may pose unacceptable project engineer before use. environmental, health or performance risks. Consult with
- 19. Review all portions of this design (front, back, words is not sufficient. and pictures) before use. Reviewing pictures alone
- Design assumes manufacture in accordance with ANSI/TPI 1 Quality Criteria.
- 21. The design does not take into account any dynamic or other loads other than those expressly stated.